# Missouri



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

# On the Cover: Canoeing on the Niangua River Courtesy of Division of Tourism Katy Trail State Park Courtesy of Division of Tourism This report can be viewed on the Internet at http://www.oa.mo.gov/acct/cafrfy2009/index.htm

# STATE OF MISSOURI

# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009



# JEREMIAH W. (JAY) NIXON

Governor

#### **KELVIN L. SIMMONS**

Commissioner
Office of Administration

#### MARK A. KAISER

Director
Division of Accounting

#### **STATE OF MISSOURI**

# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

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The Introductory Section includes material to familiarize the reader with the organizational structure of the State, the nature and scope of services the State provides, and a summary of the financial activities of the State and the factors that influence these activities.

Jeremiah W. (Jay) Nixon Governor



Kelvin L. Simmons Commissioner

# State of Missouri OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATION

Mark A. Kaiser

Director

Division of Accounting 570 Truman Building, 301 West High Street Post Office Box 809 Jefferson City, Missouri 65102 (573) 751-2971

INTERNET: http://www.oa.mo.gov/acct E-MAIL: acctmail@oa.mo.gov

December 31, 2009

The Honorable Jeremiah W. (Jay) Nixon The Honorable Members of the Legislature Citizens of the State of Missouri

In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, I submit to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the State of Missouri for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. This report was prepared by the Office of Administration, Division of Accounting, whose management is responsible for its contents.

The report is prepared to show the financial position and operating results of the State. The State's internal accounting controls provide reasonable assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposal and the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the resulting benefit. We believe the data presented is accurate in all material respects and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain a reasonable understanding of the State's financial activities have been included.

An annual audit of the basic financial statements is completed each year by the State Auditor's Office. The State Auditor conducts the audit in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards, and her opinion has been included in this report. The State Auditor conducts a "Single Audit" of all federal funds in accordance with the Federal Single Audit Act of 1984, and the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, "Audit of State and Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations."

A narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements is presented in the *Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)* section of this report. This letter of transmittal is intended to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

#### PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

Missouri was organized as a territory in 1812 and was the second state (after Louisiana) of the Louisiana Purchase to be admitted to the Union. Statehood was granted on August 12, 1821, making Missouri the 24th state. The State encompasses 68,945 square miles.

The State operates under three branches of government: executive, legislative, and judicial. The executive branch consists of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, State Auditor, State Treasurer, and Attorney General. The legislative branch consists of 34 members of the Senate and 163 members of the House of Representatives. The judicial branch is a three-tier court system: the Supreme Court, the State's highest court, has statewide jurisdiction; a court of appeals that consists of districts established by the General Assembly; and a system of circuit courts that has original jurisdiction over all cases and matters, civil and criminal.

The State provides a range of services in the areas of agriculture, education, health and social services, transportation systems, public safety, judicial systems, economic development, conservation and natural resources, labor relations, and general administration.

The State operates on a legally adopted budget in order to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget passed by the General Assembly and approved by the Governor prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. If appropriations are not sufficient for a fiscal year, supplemental amounts are requested during the next legislative session by the same process that original appropriations are requested. Budgets are established at the department level. Expenditures cannot exceed the individual appropriation amount. Also, the Governor has the authority to reduce the allotments of appropriations in any fund if it appears that the revenue estimate will not be met. Unexpended appropriations lapse at the end of each appropriation year, unless reappropriated to the following appropriation year.

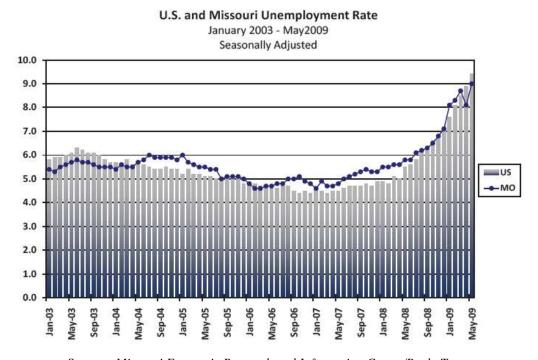
The financial reporting entity of the State includes all of the funds of the primary government as well as component units for which the State is financially accountable. The transmittal letter, MD&A, and the financial statements focus on the primary government and its activities. Although information pertaining to the component units is provided, their separately issued financial statements should be read to obtain a complete overview of their financial position.

#### **ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK**

#### **State Economy**

As a major manufacturing, financial, and agricultural state, Missouri's economic health is tied closely to that of the nation. The national economy has been in recession since December 2007. Struggles began in housing-related sectors, particularly financial services and construction, and progressed to nearly every industry. Missouri was slower to feel the effects of the recession initially but is now facing similar circumstances.

Unemployment rates in Missouri began to rise around the middle of 2008 and have continued upward since, with rapid increases during the first half of 2009. Missouri's rise in unemployment has followed the national trend, with the U.S. rate reaching 9.4% in May 2009, nearly doubling the 5.5% rate in May 2008. The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate for May 2009 in Missouri was 9%, up from 5.8% a year ago. Missouri's unemployment rate has not reached these levels since 1983.



Source: Missouri Economic Research and Information Center/RealtyTrac

Missouri's personal income, which directly impacts individual income tax and sales tax, rose at a 4.3% rate during calendar year 2008. Taxable sales for the second quarter 2009 were \$18.2 billion, which is a decrease of 6.72% in actual dollars compared to the same quarter of 2008. The economy has caused consumers to be cautious with their spending which has resulted in lower taxable sales. Missouri ranked 24th in personal income growth in the second quarter of 2009 and was ranked the 8th lowest in terms of cost of living.

Manufacturing and production are important parts of both the U.S. and Missouri economies and has had a serious adverse affect from the recession. Industrial production has declined in all but one month since January 2008. Manufacturing employment has also dropped rapidly since late 2008. In May 2009, there were 258,900 manufacturing jobs in the State, a decrease of 34,000 or 11.6% from a year ago, matching the national rate of decline. Declines have been spread across manufacturing sectors, but the greatest numeric drop has been in transportation equipment manufacturing, which includes motor vehicles.

Exports by Missouri companies totaled \$4.6 billion in the second quarter of 2009, compared to \$6.5 billion after the second quarter of 2008. This is due to the deepening global recession and falling agriculture and oil prices that caused a decline in Missouri worldwide merchandise exports.

#### **Long-Term Financial Planning**

Missouri funding priorities include education, health care, and economic development. The State will continue to focus on controlling the growth of mandatory programs through various cost-effective alternatives and streamlining government functions.

The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA) was signed by President Barack Obama on February 17, 2009. ARRA provides funding for job preservation and creation, infrastructure investment, energy efficiency and science, assistance to the unemployed, and State and local fiscal stabilization. The ARRA will provide budget stabilization, fiscal relief, and economic stimulus dollars for Missouri in excess of \$4 billion over a 3 year period.

Missouri has a long-range plan to improve highways and bridges using federal stimulus money. The Missouri Highways and Transportation Commission has approved a list of 111 road projects funded with stimulus money, which is expected to directly or indirectly support 22,000 jobs. Two of the biggest projects involve improvements to Interstate 70 in St. Louis and Interstate 55 in New Madrid County. Missouri was the first state in the nation to begin construction on a road project using stimulus money with the replacement of the Osage River Bridge near Tuscumbia.

#### **Relevant Financial Policies**

Article X of the Missouri Constitution imposes a limit on the amount of taxes that may be imposed by the General Assembly in any fiscal year. This limit is tied to total state revenues for each fiscal year and adjusted annually based on a formula which is tied to increases in the personal income of Missouri for certain designated periods. If the revenue limit is exceeded by 1% or more in any fiscal year, the excess revenue will be refunded based on the liability reported on state income tax returns. If the excess revenue collected is less than 1% of the revenue limit, the excess revenue shall be transferred to the General Revenue Fund.

The revenue limit can be exceeded by a constitutional amendment duly adopted by the people or if the General Assembly approves by a two-thirds vote an emergency declaration by the Governor. The State has refunded money to income taxpayers for fiscal years 1995 through 1999, but has not exceeded the revenue limit in fiscal years 2000 through 2009. The State does not expect the limit to be exceeded in fiscal year 2010.

#### **Major Initiatives**

Missouri will continue to focus on controlling the growth of mandatory programs through various cost-effective alternatives and streamlining government functions. Funding priorities are focused in the areas of education, health care, and economic development.

**Education.** Funding for education remains a top priority for Missouri. Even though Missouri is in a recession, funding for higher education was kept at its current level in return for an agreement that public universities would not raise tuition. A revision to the school funding formula was made in 2005. In fiscal year 2010, funding for Missouri Public schools will increase by \$67.4 million from fiscal year 2009 due to a change in the school funding formula.

Healthcare. An agreement with the Missouri Hospital Association to increase hospital taxes and generate an additional \$52.5 million occurred in fiscal year 2009. The new money will help draw \$93 million in matching federal funds, enabling the State to provide health coverage to 34,800 low-income adults in Missouri. The tight budget has prompted cuts to the Medicaid program, but does not affect the eligibility requirements of the program. The changes to Medicaid include increased use of generic drugs and ratcheting down utilization of services and rates paid to hospitals, doctors, nursing homes and in-home care agencies. It is estimated to save \$32 million for the State.

Economic Development. Three executive orders were signed to help stimulate the Missouri economy. The executive orders will ensure that the State of Missouri does everything it can to revitalize the state's economy. The first order, Executive Order 09-01, established the Missouri Jobs Task Force which will identify ways state government can best help Missouri's automotive industry and the industries that are dependent upon it. The second order, Executive Order 09-02, established the 15-member Governor's Economic Stimulus Coordination Council which will examine how the State of Missouri can maximize the money that will come from the federal stimulus program. The third order, Executive Order 09-03, directs the Missouri Department of Economic Development to work with the Missouri Development Finance Board to create a pool of funds designated for lowinterest and no-interest direct loans for small businesses. All three of these executive orders are part of the Show-Me Jobs initiative which also calls for the expansion of the Missouri Quality Jobs Program and creates incentives for worker training and retraining.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

While the Office of Administration, Division of Accounting, is responsible for the contents of this report, no one division could do it alone. Many people were involved in the compilation of materials necessary to complete the report.

We want to issue a special thanks to all the personnel at the State agencies who provided us with information quickly and accurately so that we could issue the CAFR in a timely manner. We also owe thanks to the professionalism and dedication demonstrated by technical and management personnel within the State Auditor's Office, the State Treasurer's Office, Office of Administration, Information Technology Services Division, and the State Printing Center. We appreciate all their efforts.

Sincerely,

Mark A. Kaiser

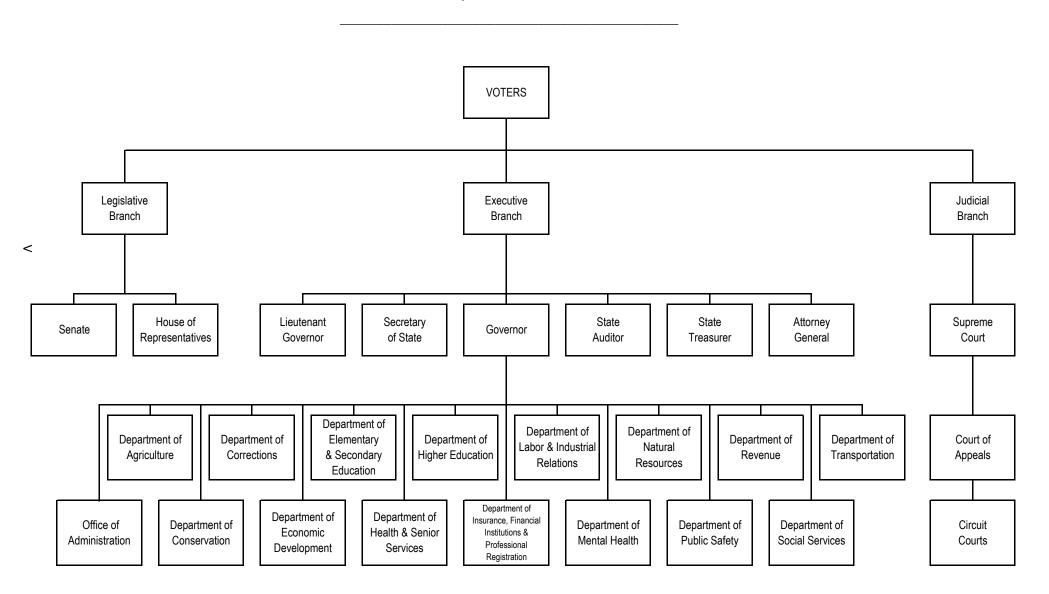
Mark A. Kaiser

Director

# **STATE OF MISSOURI**

#### **ORGANIZATIONAL CHART**

June 30, 2009



# STATE OF MISSOURI PRINCIPAL STATE OFFICIALS

as of June 30, 2009

#### **EXECUTIVE**

Jeremiah W. (Jay) Nixon

Governor

Peter Kinder

Lieutenant Governor

**Robin Carnahan** 

Secretary of State

Susan Montee, JD, CPA

State Auditor

Clint Zweifel

State Treasurer

**Chris Koster** 

Attorney General

## **LEGISLATIVE**

**Charlie Shields** 

President Pro Tem of the Senate

Ron Richard

Speaker of the House of Representatives

## **JUDICIAL**

Laura Denvir Stith

Chief Justice of the Supreme Court



The **Financial Section** includes the Independent Auditor's Report, Management's Discussion and Analysis, Basic Financial Statements, Required Supplementary Information, and Supplementary Information.



# SUSAN MONTEE, JD, CPA

#### **Missouri State Auditor**

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Jeremiah W. (Jay) Nixon, Governor and Members of the General Assembly

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the state of Missouri, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the state's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the state's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We did not audit the financial statements of certain entities that comprise the state of Missouri. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as they relate to these amounts, are based on the reports of the other auditors. Those entities were:

- 1. The Missouri Department of Transportation and blended transportation corporations identified in Note 1A., the Missouri Consolidated Health Care Plan, the Missouri State Employees' Insurance Plan, the Missouri Department of Transportation and Missouri State Highway Patrol Medical and Life Insurance Plan, and the Transportation Self-Insurance Plan, which represent 78 percent and 12 percent of the assets and revenues, respectively, of the governmental activities.
- 2. The State Lottery and the Petroleum Storage Tank Insurance Fund, which represent 43 percent and 50 percent of the assets and revenues, respectively, of the business-type activities.
- 3. The component units.
- 4. The pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds and the Missouri Department of Transportation Local Fund, which represent 94 percent and 98 percent of the assets and additions, respectively, of the fiduciary funds.

Except as discussed in the following paragraph, we conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the Missouri Highway 63 Transportation Corporation, the Highway 179 Transportation Corporation, and the Wentzville Parkway Transportation Corporation, blended component units; the Missouri Consolidated Health Care Plan and the Missouri State Employees' Insurance Plan, internal service funds; the Missouri Development Finance Board and Northwest Missouri State University, discretely presented component units; and the pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the reports of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

We were not allowed access to tax returns and related source documents for income taxes. Access was denied based on the Director of Revenue's interpretation of the decision rendered by the Missouri Supreme Court in the case of <u>Director of Revenue v. State Auditor</u> 511 S.W.2d 779 (Mo. 1974). Approximately 26 percent of governmental activity revenues are from this source. We were unable to satisfy ourselves by appropriate audit tests or other means as to the income tax revenue beyond the amounts recorded.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, and except for the effects of such adjustments, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had we been allowed access to tax returns and related source documents for income taxes, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the state of Missouri, as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 2, the state of Missouri implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 49, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations; Statement No. 52, Land and Other Real Estate Held as Investments by Endowments; Statement No. 55, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments; and Statement No. 56, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in the AICPA Statements on Auditing Standards.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, our report on our consideration of the state of Missouri's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters is issued under separate cover in the Single Audit Report. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the

results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, as listed in the table of contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the state's basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us and the other auditors in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, and except for the effects, if any, of the matters discussed in paragraph four, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information in the introductory section and statistical section, as listed in the table of contents, has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us and the other auditors in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

> Susan Montee, JD, CPA State Auditor

Sur Marker

December 31, 2009



The Management's Discussion and Analysis provides a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the State.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis

The following is a discussion and analysis of the State of Missouri's (State's) financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that is furnished in the letter of transmittal.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS - PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

#### Government-Wide:

- Net Assets. Assets of the State of Missouri exceeded liabilities at the close of fiscal year 2009 by \$28.5 billion.
  Of the \$28.5 billion, "unrestricted net assets" is reported as a negative \$3.3 billion, offset by \$5.8 billion in "restricted net assets". A positive balance in unrestricted net assets would represent the amount available to be used to meet a government's ongoing operations.
- Changes in Net Assets. The State's total net assets decreased by \$903.1 million in fiscal year 2009. Net assets for governmental activities decreased by \$539.1 million.
- Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenses. During fiscal year 2009, the State's total revenues of \$23.6 billion were \$903.1 million less than total expenses (excluding transfers) of \$24.5 billion. Of these expenses, \$13.8 billion were covered by program revenues. General revenues, generated primarily from various taxes, totaled \$9.8 billion.

#### Fund-Level:

- Governmental Funds Fund Balance. At the close of fiscal year 2009, the State's governmental fund assets exceeded liabilities by \$4.2 billion, a decrease of \$1.0 billion or 19.9% from the prior year. The decrease was primarily due to a decline in cash and cash equivalents and investments of \$1.1 billion, because revenues have not been able to keep pace with the increased demand for services.
- General Fund Fund Balance. At the end of the current fiscal year, the State's general fund reported a balance of \$1.3 billion.

Additional information regarding individual funds begins on Page 9.

#### Debt Issued and Outstanding:

• The primary government's total long-term obligations related to bonds payable decreased \$48.1 million or 1.3% over the prior year. The outstanding bonds payable represents 52.7% of financial assets (cash, receivables, and investments) and 10.1% of total assets. The net decrease in bonds payable resulted from decreases of \$189,775,000 due to bond payments and \$1,035,000 due to defeasance, as well as increases of \$142,735,000 due to issuances of State Road Bonds. Additional detail is available in *Note 12*.

#### **Revenue Limit:**

• The State Constitution limits the State's ability to retain revenue collected over an amount set by a constitutional amendment known as Article X. Excess revenue of 1% or more must be refunded to the taxpayers each year. During fiscal year 2009, the State did not exceed the revenue limit.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The State's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the State's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Assets* presents information on all of the State's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net assets*. Increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of the State's financial position.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the State's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of when the cash is received. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements report three activities:

Governmental Activities are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. They include general government, education, natural and economic resources, transportation and law enforcement, and human services.

Business-Type Activities are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. They include constructing or operating state park facilities, fairgrounds, historical properties and office buildings, hospital services, warehousing, merchandising, publishing maps and documents and insurance coverage. Also included are the operations of the State Lottery, Unemployment Compensation, and the Petroleum Storage Tank Insurance funds.

Discretely Presented Component Units are operations for which the State has financial accountability, but are legally separate. They include the college and universities, Missouri Development Finance Board, Missouri Agricultural and Small Business Development Authority, and Missouri Transportation Finance Corporation.

#### **Fund Financial Statements:**

The fund financial statements present more detailed information about the government's operations than the government-wide statements. The State uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with statutory requirements. The funds of the State can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for most of the basic services provided by the State. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on short-term inflows and outflows of current financial resources and utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting. This presentation focuses on when cash will be received and disbursed making the statements useful in evaluating a government's financing requirements in the near future.

Governmental funds include the general, special revenue, capital projects, debt service, and permanent funds. Major funds include general, public education, conservation and environmental protection, transportation and law enforcement, and the Missouri road fund which are presented in separate columns. Data from other governmental funds are combined into a single column for aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in supplementary information.

A user can compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison is provided on the page immediately following each governmental fund financial statement.

Proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are used to account for activities similar to private businesses in which goods and services are sold for specified fees. Generally, the State uses enterprise funds to account for activities that provide goods and services to the general public. These include constructing or operating state park facilities, fairgrounds, historical properties and office buildings, hospital services, warehousing, merchandising and publishing maps and documents. Also included are the operations of the State Lottery, Unemployment Compensation, and the Petroleum Storage Tank Insurance funds. Internal service funds report activities that provide supplies and services for the State's other programs and activities. The State uses internal service funds to account for insurance and health care plans, as well as administrative services for other state agencies, such as fleet management, data processing, and telecommunication services. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds focus on economic resources and utilize the full accrual basis of accounting. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the State Lottery, Unemployment Compensation, and Petroleum Storage Tank Insurance, which are considered major enterprise funds. Non-major enterprise funds are also combined into a single column for aggregated presentation. All internal service funds are combined into a single column in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the non-major enterprise and internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements in supplementary information.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside State government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the State's own programs. The fiduciary funds are presented using the full accrual basis of accounting.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information (RSI) including a budgetary comparison schedule for the general fund and major special revenue funds. Other supplementary information includes the combining statements for the general, non-major governmental, non-major enterprise, internal service, fiduciary, and non-major component unit funds. It also includes the statistical section as well as budgetary comparison schedules for the Missouri road fund, non-major special revenue, debt service, and permanent funds.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

#### Net Assets:

The State's total net assets decreased \$903.1 million or 3.1% during fiscal year 2009. This decrease resulted primarily from a decline in current and other assets of \$1.1 billion. Net assets invested in capital assets net of related debt and restricted net assets, which do not represent resources available to pay day-to-day operating expenses, increased by \$374.5 million or 1.2%.

Invested in capital assets net of related debt, such as bonds payable or capital lease obligations, is the largest component of the State's net assets at \$26.0 billion or 91.2%. These assets include land, infrastructure, buildings, and equipment which are not easily converted to cash or readily available to pay state debts as they come due.

Restricted net assets of the primary government totaled \$5.8 billion or 20.3% of total net assets vs. 20.6% from the prior year. Net assets are restricted for several reasons including constitutional, legal, enabling legislation or external requirements. Examples of restricted net assets include lottery proceeds restricted for public education, funds restricted for debt service and certain sales taxes restricted for the maintenance of highways or state parks and conservation areas. Also, many federal funds are restricted to funding certain programs.

The following table displays the current and prior year government-wide condensed Statement of Net Assets.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS (In Thousands of Dollars)										
	Governmen	tal Activities		Business-Ty	/pe A	ctivities	Total			
	2009	2008*		2009		2008*	2009			2008*
ASSETS:										
Current and Other Assets	\$ 6,751,470	\$ 7,615,555	\$	425,465	\$	615,981	\$	7,176,935	\$	8,231,536
Capital Assets, Net	29,544,831	28,940,732		46,756		42,360		29,591,587	_	28,983,092
Total Assets	36,296,301	36,556,287		472,221		658,341		36,768,522		37,214,628
LIABILITIES:										
Long-Term Liabilities	6,233,762	6,087,631		219,300		223,785		6,453,062		6,311,416
Other Liabilities	1,601,719	1,468,753		200,000		17,569		1,801,719	_	1,486,322
Total Liabilities	7,835,481	7,556,384		419,300		241,354		8,254,781		7,797,738
NET ASSETS:										
Invested in Capital Assets,										
Net of Related Debt	25,950,941	25,324,173		46,546		42,360		25,997,487		25,366,533
Restricted	5,785,396	6,003,212		6,771		45,362		5,792,167		6,048,574
Unrestricted	(3,275,517)	(2,327,482)		(396)		329,265	_	(3,275,913)	_	(1,998,217)
Total Net Assets	\$ 28,460,820	\$ 28,999,903	\$	52,921	\$	416,987	\$	28,513,741	\$	29,416,890
*Fiscal year 2008 amounts h	nave been restated									

#### **Changes in Net Assets:**

The schedule below reflects how the State's net assets changed during the year. The State collected program revenues of \$13.8 billion and general revenues of \$9.8 billion for total revenues of \$23.6 billion during fiscal year 2009. Expenses for the State during fiscal year 2009 were \$24.5 billion. As a result of the deficient revenues to cover expenses, the total net assets of the State decreased \$903.1 million, net of contributions and transfers.

The following table displays the current and prior year government-wide condensed Statement of Activities.

			NT OF ACTIVITIES (Sands of Dollars)						
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	ype Activities	To	Total			
	2009	2008*	2009	2008*	2009	2008*			
REVENUES:									
Program Revenues:									
Charges for Services	\$ 2,066,977	\$ 1,816,496	\$ 1,041,963	\$ 1,106,483	\$ 3,108,940	\$ 2,922,979			
Operating Grants and									
Contributions	8,755,551	7,697,736	967,324	657,534	9,722,875	8,355,270			
Capital Grants and									
Contributions	961,425	971,801			961,425	971,801			
General Revenues:									
Sales and Use Taxes	2,635,114	2,871,465			2,635,114	2,871,465			
Income Taxes	5,547,639	5,911,643			5,547,639	5,911,643			
Unemployment and									
Other Taxes	1,450,748	1,472,829			1,450,748	1,472,829			
Other Revenues	133,846	333,179	10,153	15,424	143,999	348,603			
Total Revenues	21,551,300	21,075,149	2,019,440	1,779,441	23,570,740	22,854,590			
EXPENSES:									
General Government	1,202,908	1,210,044			1,202,908	1,210,044			
Education	6,589,079	6,379,189			6,589,079	6,379,189			
Natural and Economic									
Resources	1,021,208	1,006,560			1,021,208	1,006,560			
Transportation and									
Law Enforcement	2,373,747	2,258,653			2,373,747	2,258,653			
Human Services	10,942,605	9,876,132			10,942,605	9,876,132			
State Lottery			726,086	740,189	726,086	740,189			
Unemployment									
Compensation			1,292,531	498,318	1,292,531	498,318			
Petroleum Storage Tank			17,185	21,516	17,185	21,516			
Veterans' Homes			62,236	57,067	62,236	57,067			
All Other Expenses	218,277	174,011	28,027	16,857	246,304	190,868			
Total Expenses	22,347,824	20,904,589	2,126,065	1,333,947	24,473,889	22,238,536			
Increase (Decrease) in									
Net Assets before									
Contributions & Transfers	(796,524)	170,560	(106,625)	445,494	(903,149)	616,054			
Transfers	257,441	264,416	(257,441)	(264,416)					
Change in Net Assets	(539,083)	434,976	(364,066)	181,078	(903,149)	616,054			
Net Assets - July 1	28,999,903	28,564,927	416,987	235,909	29,416,890	28,800,836			
Net Assets - June 30	\$ 28,460,820	\$ 28,999,903	\$ 52,921	\$ 416,987	\$ 28,513,741	\$ 29,416,890			
*Fiscal year 2008 amounts ha	ave been restated								

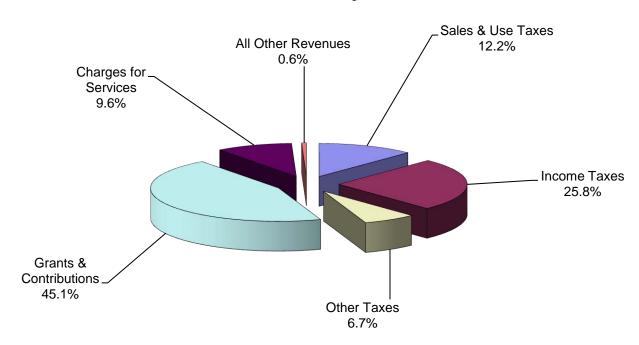
#### **Governmental Activities**

The net assets of governmental activities decreased \$539.1 million in fiscal year 2009. Revenues for the governmental activities totaled \$21.6 billion, while expenses totaled \$22.3 billion in 2009.

General and program revenues of governmental activities increased \$476.2 million during the fiscal year. The increase in revenue was due primarily to an increase of \$1.0 billion in grants and contributions, which is partially due to funding received as part of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.

As shown in the Revenues by Source chart below, approximately 44.7% of revenues from all sources earned came from taxes. Grants and contributions, which represents amounts received from other governments/entities, primarily the federal government, provided 45.1% of total revenue. Charges for services contributed 9.6% and various other revenues provided 0.6% of the remaining governmental activity revenue sources.

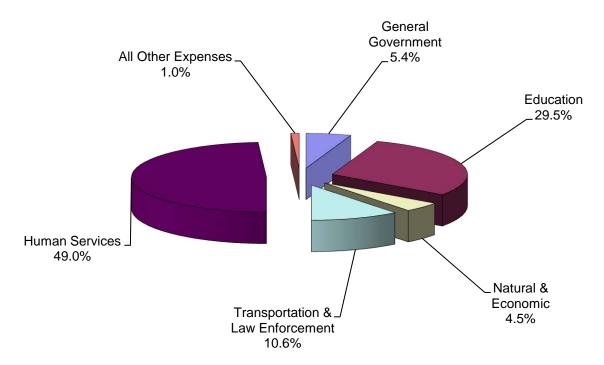
# **Revenues by Source**



The State's governmental activities program expenses increased \$1.4 billion during fiscal year 2009. General Government expenditures decreased \$7.1 million while Education, Natural and Economic Resources, Transportation and Law Enforcement, Human Services, and Other Expenses increased \$1.5 billion.

As shown in the Expenses by Function chart below, expense for Human Services makes up the largest portion - 49.0% - of total governmental expenses.

# **Expenses by Function**

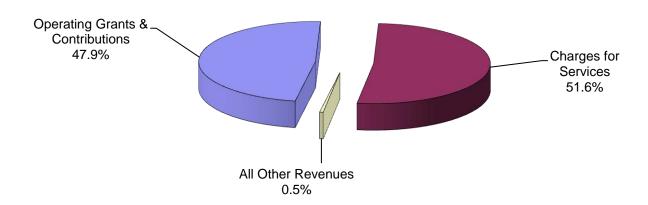


#### **Business-Type Activities**

Net assets of the State's business-type activities decreased \$364.1 million in fiscal year 2009. Business-type revenues increased by \$240.0 million during the current fiscal year. Program expenses of business-type activities increased \$792.1 million from fiscal year 2008 to 2009.

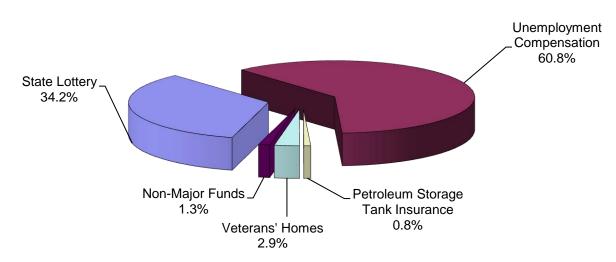
Revenues of business-type activities totaled \$2.0 billion. As shown in the Revenues by Source chart below, 51.6% of the revenues came from charges for services. Operating grants and contributions provided 47.9% of the total revenue and all other revenues provided 0.5%.

# **Revenues by Source**



Expenses of business-type activities totaled \$2.1 billion. As shown in the Expenses by Fund chart below, the Unemployment Compensation makes up the largest portion with 60.8% of total business-type expenses. State Lottery comes in second at 34.2%, followed by veterans' homes at 2.9%, non-major funds at 1.3%, and petroleum storage tank at 0.8%.

# **Expenses by Fund**



#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE STATE'S INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

#### Governmental Funds:

At the end of fiscal year 2009, the State's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4.2 billion. Approximately 57.1% is unreserved and available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed: 1) for budget reserve, 2) to pay debt service, 3) for loans receivable, and 4) for a variety of other purposes.

Fund balances (in thousands) for governmental funds are as follows:

	General Fund	Public Education	Conservation and Environmental Protection	Transportation and Law Enforcement	Missouri Road Fund	Non- Major	Total
Unreserved Reserved	\$ 668,936 589,305	\$ 343,140 41	\$ 343,223 897,646	\$ 220,397 5,894	\$ 488,238 156,102	\$ 335,088 156,315	\$ 2,399,022 1,805,303
Total	\$ 1,258,241	\$ 343,181	\$ 1,240,869	\$ 226,291	\$ 644,340	\$ 491,403	\$ 4,204,325

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the State. At the end of fiscal year 2009, the State's general fund reported a total fund balance of \$1.3 billion. The net decrease in fund balance during fiscal year 2009 was \$636.5 million. Expenditures of the general fund totaled \$14.2 billion in fiscal year 2009, an increase of \$1.2 billion from fiscal year 2008. The major contributing factor to this was an increase in expenditures for human services of \$1.0 billion from fiscal year 2008 to fiscal year 2009. The most significant increase was medical assistance payments which increased \$469.9 million.

The public education fund provides general and special education services to the children of the State and other related functions such as library services and student loans. Total fund balance decreased by \$47.5 million. Revenues of the public education funds totaled \$1.3 billion in fiscal year 2009, a decrease of \$265.7 million from fiscal year 2008. The major factor that contributed to this was a decrease of \$235.3 million in the contributions and intergovernmental revenues. During fiscal year 2008, the public education fund received \$230.0 million in contributions and intergovernmental revenues from the sale of the Missouri Higher Education Loan Authority's assets. The authority is required to pay a total of \$350.0 million to the State through September 30, 2013 with the largest payment occurring in fiscal year 2008.

The conservation and environmental protection fund provides for the preservation of the State's wildlife and environment. The fund balance increased by \$34.7 million while tax revenues declined by \$11.1 million and penalties and unclaimed property declined by \$12.6 million during the fiscal year. Expenditures remained relatively constant and combined with a decrease in revenues caused fund balance to increase at a smaller rate than in previous fiscal years.

The transportation and law enforcement fund provides transportation services, road construction and maintenance, and the enforcement of vehicle laws and traffic safety. The fund balance increased by \$18.5 million in fiscal year 2009. The major contributing factor was a decrease in transfers out of \$42.1 million.

The Missouri road fund accounts for revenues from highway users' fees, federal reimbursements for highway projects, and bond proceeds to be used for costs of constructing and maintaining an adequate state highway system. The fund balance decreased by \$360.3 million in fiscal year 2009. Expenditures of the Missouri road fund increased during fiscal year 2009 by \$219.5 million primarily due to an increase of \$162.7 million in capital outlays and an increase of \$24.0 million in debt service. A decrease in transfers in of \$42.1 million and a decrease in taxes of \$22.0 million were also major contributing factors to the decrease in fund balance.

#### **Proprietary Funds:**

The State has three major proprietary funds: State Lottery, Unemployment Compensation and the Petroleum Storage Tank Insurance Fund. The State Lottery Fund was established in 1986 to account for the sale of lottery tickets and lottery operations. Since 1992, public education has been the sole beneficiary of lottery proceeds. Unemployment Compensation accounts for contributions and payments collected from Missouri employers under the provision of the "Unemployment Compensation Law." This tax finances benefits for workers who become unemployed through no fault of their own. The Petroleum Storage Tank Insurance Fund accounts for moneys collected from transport load fees and participating owners of petroleum storage tanks. The fund pays cleanup expenses for petroleum leaks or spills from underground storage tanks and certain above ground storage tanks as well as third party property damage or bodily injury resulting from such discharges. This fund is one of the largest insurers of storage tanks in the country.

The State Lottery Fund's net assets decreased by \$1.8 million. Operating revenues decreased by \$27.1 million during the fiscal year which was partially offset by a decrease in expenses for prizes paid. The decrease in operating revenues was mainly due to a decline in ticket sales from the record sales level for fiscal year 2008. Contributing factors in the decline in sales included: economic conditions, smaller number of large jackpots in online games, and limited resources for advertising and promoting. The decline in ticket sales contributed to the decline in prizes paid.

The Unemployment Compensation Fund's net assets decreased by \$360.5 million due to the increased number of unemployment claims resulting from the current national economic condition. Missouri borrowed \$185.9 million from the federal government during fiscal year 2009 to continue to pay unemployment benefits.

The Petroleum Storage Tank Insurance Fund's net assets increased by \$0.2 million. Operating expenses decreased by \$4.5 million primarily due to decreased program expenses. However, operating revenues also decreased by \$9.4 million, but total revenues continued to outpace expenses during the fiscal year. Operating revenues decreased due to a reduction in the load fees charged to customers. Load fees were reduced from \$40 to \$20 per 8,000 gallons.

#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The original budget is the appropriated budget that is truly agreed to and finally passed by the legislature, and signed by the Governor at the beginning of the fiscal year. The final budget includes emergency and supplemental appropriations, reverted and increases to estimated appropriations, which occur during the fiscal year.

Budgeted appropriations for fiscal year 2009 from the general fund were \$19.4 billion original budget and \$20.3 billion final budget. Actual spending was \$19.1 billion. Reasons for the final budget variances include:

- Appropriation authority exceeded cash available for expenditures.
- Lapse of various appropriations.
- Multiple year grants are appropriated in one year but the expenditures may occur over several years.

Budgeted revenues/transfers in for fiscal year 2009, for the general fund, was \$19.3 billion original budget and \$18.9 billion final budget. Actual revenue/transfers in was \$18.6 billion. The reduction of budgeted revenues/transfers occurred due to the swift onset of the national recession. Revenues/transfers still did not meet the final projection for the fiscal year.

Refer to the Notes to RSI, Budgetary Reporting, on page 101 for more information on budgetary variances.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

#### Capital Assets:

The State's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2009 was \$29.6 billion (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes construction in progress, infrastructure in progress, land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, equipment, software, and infrastructure.

#### Capital Assets of the State include (in thousands):

	 Governmental Activities	iness–Type Activities	Total
Construction in Progress Infrastructure in Progress Land Land Improvements Buildings and Improvements Equipment Software	\$ 532,385 2,461,041 2,827,765 158,102 2,791,296 1,173,981 14,826	\$ 5,290  8,868 7,446 28,386 44,093 1,653	\$ 537,675 2,461,041 2,836,633 165,548 2,819,682 1,218,074 16,479
Infrastructure	42,600,584	 	 42,600,584
Subtotal	52,559,980	95,736	52,655,716
Less Accumulated Depreciation	 (23,015,149)	 (48,980)	(23,064,129)
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 29,544,831	\$ 46,756	\$ 29,591,587

Additional information on capital assets can be found in Note 5 of this report.

#### **Debt Administration:**

At the end of fiscal year 2009, the primary government had total general obligation and other bonded debt outstanding of \$3.7 billion. Of this amount, \$600.1 million comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government.

Principal amounts retired in fiscal year 2009 were \$66,090,000 for general obligation bonds and \$124,720,000 for other bonds.

The State of Missouri is proud to be one of only seven states to maintain a Triple-A credit rating from all three major credit rating agencies (Moody's Investor Services, Inc., Standard and Poor's, and Fitch Ratings, Inc.) on the State's General Obligation Bonds.

#### Outstanding Bonds Payable of the State include (in thousands):

	 vernmental Activities	 Component Units	Total		
General Obligation Bonds Other Bonds	\$ 600,075 3,102,685	\$  1,394,634	\$	600,075 4,497,319	
Total	\$ 3,702,760	\$ 1,394,634	\$	5,097,394	

Additional information on long-term debt can be found in Notes 11, 12, and 13 of this report.

#### **ECONOMIC OUTLOOK AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET**

The State of Missouri completed fiscal year 2009 with a balanced budget. Net general revenue collections decreased 6.9% from fiscal year 2008 ending with an amount of \$7.5 billion. The fiscal year 2010 budget, as appropriated in May 2009, would require growth of 4.2% from fiscal year 2009 in general revenue collections to support spending. Since revenues have continued to deteriorate, expenditure reductions have occurred to balance the budget including \$385 million in July 2009 and an additional \$204 million in October 2009. The budget cuts and revised negative 4% net general revenue collections will result in a balanced 2010 budget.

As a major manufacturing, financial, and agricultural state, Missouri's economic health is tied closely to that of the nation. The national economy has been in a recession since December 2007; it is not expected to return to growth near average until 2010. Missouri's unemployment rate increased 3.8% in fiscal year 2009. The June 2009 unemployment rate was 9.5% compared to the June 2008 unemployment rate of 5.7%. The national unemployment rate was 9.7% in June 2009. The graph below shows the growth and decline in employment by employment sector.

#### Missouri Employment Change by Sector May 2008 - May 2009 8,500 6,300 5,000 ■ Mining and Logging ■ Construction 0 -300 ■ Manufacturing -1,600 -3,200 -5,000 ■ Trade, Transport & Utilities -4,400 -6,400 **■** Information -10,000 Financial Activities -10,900 ■ Professional & Business Svcs -15,000 -14.100-14,200 ■ Educational & Health Services -20,000 ■ Leisure & Hospitality Other Services -25,000 Government -30,000 -35,000 -34,000

Source: 2009 Missouri Economic Report

Employment change by industry identifies the types of jobs being created and lost in the state. Comparing May 2009 to May 2008, several sectors have had employment declines in Missouri. Manufacturing employment declined by 34,000 while trade, transport, and utilities declined by 14,200 over the period. The education and health service industry had the largest growth over the year with employment increasing by 8,500; the health care and social assistance subsector makes up more than 80% of the industry. The government sector has also increased in employment over the year.

In an environment of shrinking income and spending, and given that growth in Missouri revenue generally lags national economic conditions by six to eighteen months, the growth of general revenue collections for fiscal years beyond 2010 remains guarded. Compounding the matter are the state's tax reductions enacted in recent legislative sessions and changes at the federal level which will have mixed impacts on collections due to complicated tax and spending provisions. Without a substantial rebound in equities markets and a swift employment turnaround, further declines in general revenue are anticipated. This will result in several funding challenges in mandatory programs such as education, health care, and transportation. Conservative fiscal management will assist in meeting these challenges. For example, Missouri has set aside a substantial portion of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 for budget stabilization for future fiscal years.

Missouri will face a significant drop in funding for transportation in 2010 when proceeds from Amendment 3 will end. During fiscal year 2009, Missouri Department of Transportation (MoDOT) awarded 461 projects, the total of which was 9% under budget. That was a savings of more than \$135 million. MoDOT has managed costs by: rebidding projects if they come in too high; closing roads during construction if it saved time and money; designing projects to fit specific needs; and asking contractors to use alternate materials, propose innovative design and construction methods, and work off-hours. MoDOT's Safe and Sound Bridge Improvement Program is well under way, which will repair or replace 802 of Missouri's worst bridges by October 31, 2014. MoDOT is also taking an aggressive approach to selling excess property it owns in an effort to invest more money into road and bridge projects.

Despite funding challenges, the State is working to stimulate the economy, increase efficiency, and decrease costs. In fiscal year 2009, Missouri passed House Bill 191 which enhances Missouri's economic development programs to help businesses create jobs and train the State's workforce for the industries of tomorrow. Senate Bill 376, the Energy Efficient Investment Act, was also passed setting goals for Missouri's investor-owned electric utilities to achieve all cost-effective savings possible from energy efficiency programs. Finally, the process of contracting highway projects should be quicker and more efficient due to the passing of House Bill 359 which grants Missouri Highways and Transportation Commission expanded authority to enter into design-build construction contracts.

#### **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the State's finances for all those with an interest in the State's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of Administration, Division of Accounting, P.O. Box 809, Jefferson City, MO 65102.



The **Basic Financial Statements** include the Government-Wide Financial Statements, the Governmental Fund Financial Statements, the Proprietary Fund Financial Statements, the Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements, the Component Unit Financial Statements, and the accompanying notes to the statements.

#### STATE OF MISSOURI STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

\_\_\_\_\_

	-	Primary Governme	nt	
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Component Units
Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents (Note 3)	\$ 634,737	\$ 87,367	\$ 722,104	\$ 283,517
Investments (Note 3)	2,749,551	130,988	2,880,539	1,136,017
Receivables, Net (Note 14)	3,099,568	167,790	3,267,358	469,746
Internal Balances	19,826	(19,826)		,
Inventories	92,603	1,053	93,656	47,334
Deposits and Prepaid Expenses	133	170	303	29,241
Invested Securities Lending Collateral (Note 3)				111,719
Restricted Assets:				,,,,
Cash and Cash Equivalents (Note 3)	30,462		30,462	189,350
Investments (Note 3)	70,935	57,808	128,743	847,546
Receivables, Net	70,955	J7,000	120,743	14,955
•				
Deferred Costs and Other Assets	53,655		53,655	16,708
Assets Held for Resale		115	115	
Capital Assets (Note 5):	F 021 101	14150	F 02F 240	440.460
Non-Depreciable	5,821,191	14,158	5,835,349	440,468
Depreciable, Net	23,723,640	32,598	23,756,238	3,527,344
Total Assets	36,296,301	472,221	36,768,522	7,113,945
Liabilities				
Bank Overdraft (Notes 3 and 10)	3		3	
Payables (Note 14)	1,324,043	199,444	1,523,487	438,321
Securities Lending Collateral (Note 3)	1,524,045		1,525,407	115,291
Unearned Revenue (Note 1)	172,534	556	173,090	110,374
Escheat/Unclaimed Property	105,139		105,139	110,574
Long-Term Liabilities (Note 11):	105,155		105,159	
Due Within One Year	620 276	70 204	600 660	227 701
	628,276	70,384	698,660	327,701
Due in More Than One Year	5,605,486	148,916	5,754,402	1,216,409
Total Liabilities	7,835,481	419,300	8,254,781	2,208,096
Net Assets				
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	25,950,941	46,546	25,997,487	2,595,814
Restricted for:				
Budget Reserve	560,504		560,504	
Debt Service	2,584,991		2,584,991	
Grants	297,774		297,774	
Enabling Legislation (Note 1)	1,133,465		1,133,465	
Loans Receivable	897,674		897,674	
Permanent Trusts:				
Expendable	124		124	
Non-Expendable	53,615		53,615	
College and Universities:	,		,	
Expendable				398,004
Non-Expendable				643,827
Other Purposes	257,249	6,771	264,020	84,281
Unrestricted	(3,275,517)	(396)	(3,275,913)	1,183,923
Total Net Assets	\$ 28,460,820	\$ 52,921	\$ 28,513,741	\$ 4,905,849
	,.00,020	, ,,,,,,,		,,,,,,,,,,

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### STATE OF MISSOURI STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

					Proc	rogram Revenues Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets							Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets					
			-			,						ary Government		<u></u>				
Functions/Programs	Exp	enses	C	Charges for Services	(	Operating Grants and ontributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	Go	overnmental Activities	Ві	usiness–Type Activities		Total	C	omponent Units		
Primary Government:					-													
Governmental Activities:																		
General Government	\$ 1	,202,908	\$	685,465	\$	94,211	\$	65	\$	(423,167)	\$		\$	(423,167)	\$			
Education	6	5,589,079		57,989		1,095,159				(5,435,931)				(5,435,931)				
Natural and Economic Resources	1	,021,208		213,943		332,631		13		(474,621)				(474,621)				
Transportation and Law Enforcement	2	2,373,747		349,730		322,795		961,156		(740,066)				(740,066)				
Human Services	10	,942,605		695,201		6,910,755		191		(3,336,458)				(3,336,458)				
Interest on Debt (Excluding Direct Expense)	)	218,277		64,649						(153,628)				(153,628)				
Total Governmental Activities	22	2,347,824		2,066,977		8,755,551	_	961,425		(10,563,871)				(10,563,871)				
Business-Type Activities:																		
State Lottery		726,086		981,431								255,345		255,345				
Unemployment Compensation	1	,292,531				925,532						(366,999)		(366,999)				
Petroleum Storage Tank Insurance		17,185		15,274								(1,911)		(1,911)				
Missouri Veterans' Homes		62,236		27,812		36,554						2,130		2,130				
Non-Major Funds		28,027		17,446		5,238						(5,343)		(5,343)				
Total Business-Type Activities	2	2,126,065		1,041,963		967,324	_					(116,778)		(116,778)				
Total Primary Government	\$ 24	1,473,889	\$	3,108,940	\$	9,722,875	\$	961,425		(10,563,871)		(116,778)		(10,680,649)				
Component Units:																		
College and Universities	\$ 3	3,395,147	\$	2,054,071	\$	1,449,254	\$	89,592								197,770		
Non-Major Component Units		9,977		13,041												3,064		
Total Component Units	\$ 3	3,405,124	\$	2,067,112	\$	1,449,254	\$	89,592								200,834		
	Tax	Sales and U	se							2,635,114				2,635,114				
		Individual Ir								5,169,831				5,169,831				
		Corporate Ir								377,808				377,808				
		County Fore	_							177,396				177,396				
		Alcoholic Be	-							27,845				27,845				
		Corporate F	ranch	ise						82,116				82,116				
		Inheritance								2,671				2,671				
		Miscellaneo								1,160,720				1,160,720				
				tions not Restr	icted	to Specific Pro	gram	15		67,278				67,278				
				ent Earnings						66,568		10,153		76,721		(160,532)		
		aordinary Ite	ms													20		
	Trans		_			. –	_			257,441		(257,441)						
	Tot			ues, Extraordi	nary I	tems, and Tra	nsters	S		10,024,788		(247,288)		9,777,500		(160,512)		
		Change in I								(539,083)		(364,066)		(903,149)		40,322		
		Assets – Beg		g						28,999,903		416,987		29,416,890		4,865,527		
	Net A	Assets – End	ing						\$	28,460,820	\$	52,921	\$	28,513,741	\$	4,905,849		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# The Governmental Funds focus on current financial resources.

#### Governmental Fund Financial Statements

#### **Major Funds**

**General Fund** – Accounts for all current financial resources not required by law or administrative action to be accounted for in another fund.

See the General Fund Combining Statements presented as part of Supplementary Information for listings of all funds included in the General Fund.

#### **Major Special Revenue Funds:**

**Public Education** – Provides general and special education needs of the State and other related areas such as library services and student loans.

**Conservation and Environmental Protection** – Provides for the preservation of the State's wildlife and environment.

*Transportation and Law Enforcement* – Provides transportation services, road construction and maintenance, and the enforcement of vehicle laws and traffic safety.

#### **Major Capital Projects Fund:**

Missouri Road Fund – Accounts for revenues from highway users' fees, federal reimbursements for highway projects, and bond proceeds to be used for costs of constructing and maintaining an adequate state highway system. This also includes the following blended component units: Missouri Highway 179 Transportation Corporation, Missouri Highway 63 Transportation Corporation, and the Wentzville Parkway Transportation Corporation.

#### **Non-Major Funds**

Non-Major Governmental Funds are presented in the Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules for non-major funds as part of Supplementary Information.

#### STATE OF MISSOURI BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

	General	Public	Conservation and Environmenta	Transportation		Non Major		Totals June 30,
	Fund	Education	Protection	I and Law Enforcement	Road Fund	Non-Major Funds	Eliminations	2009
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents (Note 3)	\$ 337,279	\$ 24,756	\$ 31,629	\$ 20,676	\$ 97,294	\$ 39,876	\$	\$ 551,510
Investments (Note 3)	1,118,540	213,015	292,163	55,971	449,277	446,338		2,575,304
Accounts Receivable, Net	1,667,684	119,854	41,605	159,537	127,807	21,636		2,138,123
Interest Receivable	6,385	1,230	1,936	265	2,847	1,279		13,942
Due from Other Funds (Note 15)	248	17,142	11	64		1,344	(1,660)	17,149
Due from Component Units (Note 15)			827					827
Inventories	23,560	41	695	3,066	47,693	235		75,290
Advance to Component Units (Note 1	5)		5,014					5,014
Loans Receivable			894,561	2,828		285		897,674
Restricted Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents (Note 3)					28,051			28,051
Investments (Note 3)					70,635			70,635
Total Assets	\$ 3,153,696	\$ 376,038	\$ 1,268,441	\$ 242,407	\$ 823,604	\$ 510,993	\$ (1,660)	\$ 6,373,519
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$ 1,012,234	\$ 4,743	\$ 4,780	\$ 3,449	\$ 115,778	\$ 9,101	\$	\$ 1,150,085
Accrued Payroll	61,807	251	4,952	5,831	18,734	3,589		95,164
Due to Other Funds (Note 15)	23,459	319	363	722	507	512	(1,660)	24,222
Deferred Revenue (Note 1)	692,816	27,544	17,477	6,114	43,945	6,388		794,284
Escheat/Unclaimed Property	105,139							105,139
Advance from Component								
Units (Note 15)					300			300
Total Liabilities	1,895,455	32,857	27,572	16,116	179,264	19,590	(1,660)	2,169,194
Fund Balances:								
Reserved for:								
Budget Reserve	560,504							560,504
Inventories	23,560	41	695	3,066	47,693	235		75,290
Forfeited Assets	801		2,390					3,191
Taxes	4,440							4,440
Debt Service					108,409	102,180		210,589
Loans Receivable			894,561	2,828		285		897,674
Trust Principal						53,615		53,615
Unreserved, Reported In:								
General Fund	668,936							668,936
Special Revenue Funds		343,140	343,223	220,397		282,649		1,189,409
Capital Projects Funds					488,238	52,315		540,553
Permanent Funds						124		124
Total Fund Balances	1,258,241	343,181	1,240,869	226,291	644,340	491,403		4,204,325
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 3,153,696	\$ 376,038	\$ 1,268,441	\$ 242,407	\$ 823,604	\$ 510,993	\$ (1,660)	\$ 6,373,519

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# STATE OF MISSOURI RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

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Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:  Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and they are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of (Note 5):  Construction in Progress 42,30,73	Total Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	\$	4,204,325
Construction in Progress 423,073 Infrastructure in Progress 2,461,041 Land 2,819,392 Land Improvements 154,950 Buildings and Improvements 2,321,857 Equipment 1,084,874 Software 14,811 Infrastructure 42,600,584 Accumulated Depreciation (22,781,497)  Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds (Note 1).  Bonds issued by the State have associated costs that are paid from current available financial resources in the funds. However, these costs are deferred on the Statement of Net Assets.  Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of (Notes 11 and 12):  Due to Other Entities (26,941) General Obligation and Other Bonds Payable (3,702,760) Unamortized Bond Premium (138,351) Accrued Interest on Bonds (43,753) Obligation under Lease Purchases (237,475) Pollution Remediation (10,049) Compensated Absences (180,170) Claims Liability (65,644) Contingent Liabilities (1,399,474) Net Other Postemployment Benefit Obligation (218,044) Net Pension Obligation (111,517) Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets.	·		
Infrastructure in Progress 2,461,041 Land 2,819,392 Land Improvements 154,950 Buildings and Improvements 2,321,857 Equipment 1,084,874 Software 14,811 Infrastructure 42,600,584 Accumulated Depreciation (22,781,497)  Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds (Note 1).  Bonds issued by the State have associated costs that are paid from current available financial resources in the funds. However, these costs are deferred on the Statement of Net Assets.  Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of (Notes 11 and 12):  Due to Other Entities (26,941) General Obligation and Other Bonds Payable (3,702,760) Unamortized Bond Premium (138,351) Accrued Interest on Bonds (43,753) Obligation under Lease Purchases (237,475) Pollution Remediation (10,049) Compensated Absences (180,170) Claims Liability (65,644) Contingent Liabilities (1,399,474) Net Other Postemployment Benefit Obligation (218,044) Net Pension Obligation (111,517)  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets.			
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds (Note 1).  Bonds issued by the State have associated costs that are paid from current available financial resources in the funds. However, these costs are deferred on the Statement of Net Assets.  Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of (Notes 11 and 12):  Due to Other Entities  General Obligation and Other Bonds Payable  (3,702,760)  Unamortized Bond Premium  (138,351)  Accrued Interest on Bonds  (43,753)  Obligation under Lease Purchases  (237,475)  Pollution Remediation  (10,049)  Compensated Absences  (180,170)  Claims Liability  (65,644)  Contingent Liabilities  (1,399,474)  Net Other Postemployment Benefit Obligation  (218,044)  Net Pension Obligation  (111,517)  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets.	Infrastructure in Progress 2,461,0 Land 2,819,3 Land Improvements 154,9 Buildings and Improvements 2,321,8 Equipment 1,084,8 Software 14,8 Infrastructure 42,600,5	41 92 50 57 74 11 84	
Bonds issued by the State have associated costs that are paid from current available financial resources in the funds. However, these costs are deferred on the Statement of Net Assets.  Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of (Notes 11 and 12):  Due to Other Entities (26,941) General Obligation and Other Bonds Payable (3,702,760) Unamortized Bond Premium (138,351) Accrued Interest on Bonds (43,753) Obligation under Lease Purchases (237,475) Pollution Remediation (10,049) Compensated Absences (180,170) Claims Liability (65,644) Contingent Liabilities (1,399,474) Net Other Postemployment Benefit Obligation (111,517) Net Other Postemployment Benefit Obligation (111,517) Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets.			29,099,085
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of (Notes 11 and 12):  Due to Other Entities (26,941) General Obligation and Other Bonds Payable (3,702,760) Unamortized Bond Premium (138,351) Accrued Interest on Bonds (43,753) Obligation under Lease Purchases (237,475) Pollution Remediation (10,049) Compensated Absences (180,170) Claims Liability (65,644) Contingent Liabilities (13,99,474) Net Other Postemployment Benefit Obligation (218,044) Net Pension Obligation (111,517) Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets.	are deferred in the funds (Note 1).  Bonds issued by the State have associated costs that are paid from current available financial	е	·
General Obligation and Other Bonds Payable (3,702,760) Unamortized Bond Premium (138,351) Accrued Interest on Bonds (43,753) Obligation under Lease Purchases (237,475) Pollution Remediation (10,049) Compensated Absences (180,170) Claims Liability (65,644) Contingent Liabilities (1,399,474) Net Other Postemployment Benefit Obligation (218,044) Net Pension Obligation (111,517)  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets.	Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported		33,033
insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets.  595,064	General Obligation and Other Bonds Payable Unamortized Bond Premium (138,3 Accrued Interest on Bonds (43,7 Obligation under Lease Purchases (237,4 Pollution Remediation (10,0 Compensated Absences (180,1 Claims Liability (65,6 Contingent Liabilities (1,399,4 Net Other Postemployment Benefit Obligation (218,0 Net Pension Obligation (111,5	60) 51) 53) 75) 49) 70) 44) 74) 44) 17)	(6,134,178)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities \$ 28,460,820	insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities are included		595,064
	Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$	28,460,820

# STATE OF MISSOURI STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

\_\_\_\_\_

			Conservation					Totals
			and	Transportation	Missouri			
	General Fund	Public Education	Environmental Protection	and Law Enforcement	Road Fund	Non-Major Funds	Eliminations	June 30, 2009
Revenues:	Tullu	Luucation	Frotection	Linorcement	Tuna	Tulius	Lillilliations	2009
Taxes	7.151.812	\$ 1,115,738	\$ 172,733	\$ 737,656	\$ 185,656	\$ 141,472	\$	\$ 9,505,067
Licenses, Fees, and Permits	79,446	2,364	80,124	212,686	101,238	180,064		655,922
Sales	541		8,193	28		1,539		10,301
Leases and Rentals	6		210	8		224		448
Services	244,442					115		244,557
Contributions and	,							,
Intergovernmental	8,767,728	74,389	62.166	80	833,785	26,568		9,764,716
Investment Earnings:	, ,	,	,		,	ŕ		
Net Increase (Decrease) in the								
Fair Value of Investments	(233)	87	289	74	1,477	(13,474)		(11,780)
Interest	51,004	8,750	11,293	2,019	20,161	9,887		103,114
Penalties and Unclaimed Properties	,	1,919	78	431		21,727		48,766
Cost Reimbursement/	,-	,-				,		,
Miscellaneous	313,316	63,560	3,869	802	152,181	205,675		739,403
Total Revenues	16,632,673	1,266,807	338,955	953,784	1,294,498	573,797		21,060,514
<del>-</del>	, ,							
Expenditures: Current:								
	704 102	1 027	17.053	200 040		F2 F01		077 222
General Government	704,103	1,927	17,853 76	200,848		52,591		977,322
Education Natural and Economic Resources	2,021,193	4,552,165		7 2		9,457		6,582,898
	318,569	13,882	276,510	2		264,132		873,095
Transportation and Law	425.000	1.00	0.00	100 671	022.000	FC 400		1 515 001
Enforcement	435,886	182	863	198,671	823,909	56,480		1,515,991
Human Services	10,641,848	14,482	683	40		218,412		10,875,465
Capital Outlay:								
Transportation and Law					1 206 102	2.027		1 200 220
Enforcement					1,306,192	2,037		1,308,229
Human Services						306		306
Debt Service:	FF F30		F2F	100	07.569	65.756		210 406
Principal	55,539		525	108	97,568	65,756		219,496
Interest	46,759			41	114,363	30,521		191,684
Bond Issuance Costs					1,278			1,278
Arbitrage	583 14,224,480	4,582,638	296,510	399,717	2,343,310	699,692		583 22,546,347
Total Expenditures	14,224,460	4,362,036	290,310	399,717	2,343,310	699,692		22,340,347
Excess Revenues								
(Expenditures)	2,408,193	(3,315,831)	42,445	554,067	(1,048,812)	(125,895)		(1,485,833)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Proceeds from Capital Leases	25,638				581	98		26,317
Debt Issuance					142,735			142,735
Bond Premium					2,835			2,835
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset	350		35	3,879	6,804	19		11,087
Transfers In (Note 16)	81,929	3,283,925	690		535,588	182,322	(3,825,886)	258,568
Transfers Out (Note 16)	(3,155,928)	(15,596)	(8,641)	(535,815)		(110,808)	3,825,886	(902)
Total Other Financing			.'			.'		
Sources (Uses)	(3,048,011)	3,268,329	(7,916)	(531,936)	688,543	71,631		440,640
_			.'			.'		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(639,818)	(47,502)	34,529	22,131	(360,269)	(54,264)		(1,045,193)
Fund Balances - Beginning (Note 17)	1,894,755	390,681	1,206,165	207,759	1,004,609	545,654		5,249,623
Increase (Decrease) in Reserve								
for Inventory	3,304	2	175	(3,599)		13		(105)
·	-,	·	·			·		, /
Fund Balances – Ending	1,258,241	\$ 343,181	\$ 1,240,869	\$ 226,291	\$ 644,340	\$ 491,403	\$	\$ 4,204,325

# STATE OF MISSOURI RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES IN GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

(In Thousands of Dollars)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:  Inventories, which are recorded under the purchases method for governmental fund reporting, are reported under the consumption approach on the Statement of Activities. As a result of this change, the Increase in Reserve for Inventories on the fund statement has been reclassified as a functional expense on the government-wide statement.  Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the Statement of Activities, however, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount that capital outlays of \$1,430,086 exceeds depreciation of \$872,035 in the current period.  The net effect of the donation of capital assets increased net assets.  1,433  Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  Proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. In governmental funds, repayment of principal is an expenditure, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Combined Statement of Net Assets (Notes 11 and 12):  Bonds Issued  Bond Principal Payments  190,810  Capital Leases Issued  2(26,317)  Capital Leases Issued (26,317)  Capital Lease Payments  Amortization of Bond Premiums, Issuance, and Refunding Costs  13,171  Increase in Accrued Interest  Amortization of Bond Premiums, Issuance, and Refunding Costs  13,171  Increase in Compensated Absences  (8,842)  Increase in Net Other Postemployment Benefit Obligation  (105,400)  Increase in Net Other Postemployment Benefit Obligation  (201,981)  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such	Net Change in Fund Balances – Total Governmental Funds	\$	(1,045,193)
reported under the consumption approach on the Statement of Activities. As a result of this change, the Increase in Reserve for Inventories on the fund statement.  (105)  Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the Statement of Activities, however, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation of \$872,035 in the current period.  The net effect of the donation of capital assets increased net assets.  1,433  Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  152,975  Proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. In governmental funds, repayment of principal is an expenditure, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Combined Statement of Net Assets (Notes 11 and 12):  Bonds Issued  (142,735) Bond Premiums, Issuance, and Refunding Costs (1,734) Bond Principal Payments (26,317) Capital Lease Issued (26,317) Capital Lease Payments (26,317) Capital Lease Payments (36,631) Capital Lease Payments (36,654) Decrease in Due to Other Entities Increase in Accrued Interest Amortization of Bond Premiums, Issuance, and Refunding Costs Increase in Accrued Interest (6,654) Decrease in Due to Other Entities (1,397) Increase in Compensated Absences (8,842) Increase in Compensated Absences (111,374) Decrease in Claims Liability (20,389) Increase in Net Other Postemployment Benefit Obligation (105,400) Increase in Net Other Postemployment Benefit Obligation Increase in Net Other Postemployment Benefit Ob	·		
however, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount that capital outlays of \$1,430,086 exceeds depreciation of \$872,035 in the current period.  The net effect of the donation of capital assets increased net assets.  1,433  Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  Proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. In governmental funds, repayment of principal is an expenditure, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Combined Statement of Net Assets (Notes 11 and 12):  Bonds Issued Bond Premiums, Issuance, and Refunding Costs (1,734) Bond Principal Payments (26,317) Capital Leases Issued (26,317) Capital Lease Payments (26,317) Capital Lease Payments Amortization of Bond Premiums, Issuance, and Refunding Costs (31,171) Increase in Accrued Interest Decrease in Due to Other Entities Increase in Pollution Remediation (2,192) Increase in Compensated Absences (8,842) Increase in Compensated Absences (8,842) Increase in Compensated Absences (8,842) Increase in Colimic Liabilities (111,374) Decrease in Claims Liabilities (20,389) Increase in Net Other Postemployment Benefit Obligation (105,400) Increase in Net Other Postemployment Benefit Obligation (2,476) Increase in Net Other Postemployment Benefit Obligation (105,400) Increase in Net Pension O	reported under the consumption approach on the Statement of Activities. As a result of this change, the Increase in Reserve for Inventories on the fund statement has been reclassified as a functional		(105)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  Proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. In governmental funds, repayment of principal is an expenditure, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Combined Statement of Net Assets (Notes 11 and 12):  Bonds Issued Bonds Issued Bond Premiums, Issuance, and Refunding Costs Capital Leases Issued Amortization of Bond Premiums, Issuance, and Refunding Costs Increase in Accrued Interest Decrease in Dute to Other Entities Decrease in Pollution Remediation Increase in Compensated Absences Increase in Compensated Absences Increase in Compensated Absences Increase in Net Other Postemployment Benefit Obligation Increase in Net Pension Obligation Increase in Net Pension Obligation Increase of Increase in Net Pension Obligation Increase of Increase Incompension Increase Incompension Increase In	however, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount that capital outlays of \$1,430,086 exceeds		
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  Proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. In governmental funds, repayment of principal is an expenditure, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Combined Statement of Net Assets (Notes 11 and 12):  Bonds Issued Bond Premiums, Issuance, and Refunding Costs (1,734) Bond Principal Payments 190,810 Capital Leases Issued (26,317) Capital Lease Payments 28,685  Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds (Notes 11 and 12):  Amortization of Bond Premiums, Issuance, and Refunding Costs 13,171 Increase in Accrued Interest (6,654) Decrease in Due to Other Entities 1,397 Increase in Pollution Remediation (2,192) Increase in Contingent Liabilities (111,374) Decrease in Contingent Liabilities (111,374) Decrease in Claims Liability 20,389 Increase in Net Pension Obligation (105,400) Increase in Net Pension Obligation (201,981)  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue and expense of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. (52,972)	depreciation of \$872,035 in the current period.		558,051
Proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. In governmental funds, repayment of principal is an expenditure, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Combined Statement of Net Assets (Notes 11 and 12):  Bonds Issued (1,734) Bond Premiums, Issuance, and Refunding Costs (1,734) Bond Principal Payments 190,810 Capital Leases Issued (26,317) Capital Leases Issued 28,685  As,709  Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds (Notes 11 and 12):  Amortization of Bond Premiums, Issuance, and Refunding Costs 13,171 Increase in Accrued Interest (6,654) Decrease in Due to Other Entities 1,397 Increase in Pollution Remediation (2,192) Increase in Compensated Absences (8,842) Increase in Contingent Liabilities (111,374) Decrease in Colims Liability 20,389 Increase in Net Other Postemployment Benefit Obligation (105,400) Increase in Net Other Postemployment Benefit Obligation (105,400) Increase in Net Other Postemployment Benefit Obligation (2,476) Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue and expense of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.	The net effect of the donation of capital assets increased net assets.		1,433
long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. In governmental funds, repayment of principal is an expenditure, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Combined Statement of Net Assets (Notes 11 and 12):    Bonds Issued	·		152,975
Bond Premiums, Issuance, and Refunding Costs Bond Principal Payments Bond Principal Payments Capital Leases Issued Capital Lease Issued Capital Lease Payments Capital Lease Payments Capital Lease Payments  Z8,685  48,709  Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds (Notes 11 and 12):  Amortization of Bond Premiums, Issuance, and Refunding Costs Increase in Accrued Interest Increase in Accrued Interest Increase in Dellution Remediation Increase in Pollution Remediation Increase in Pollution Remediation Increase in Compensated Absences Increase in Contingent Liabilities Increase in Contingent Liabilities Increase in Net Other Postemployment Benefit Obligation Increase in Net Other Postemployment Benefit Obligation Increase in Net Pension Obligation Increase in Net Pension Obligation Increase in Net Other Postemployment Benefit Obligation Increase in State Parameter Stat	long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. In governmental funds, repayment of principal is an expenditure, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Combined Statement of		
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds (Notes 11 and 12):  Amortization of Bond Premiums, Issuance, and Refunding Costs 13,171 Increase in Accrued Interest (6,654) Decrease in Due to Other Entities 1,397 Increase in Pollution Remediation (2,192) Increase in Compensated Absences (8,842) Increase in Contingent Liabilities (111,374) Decrease in Claims Liability 20,389 Increase in Net Other Postemployment Benefit Obligation (105,400) Increase in Net Pension Obligation (2,476)  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue and expense of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. (52,972)	Bond Premiums, Issuance, and Refunding Costs (1, Bond Principal Payments 190, Capital Leases Issued (26,	,734) ,810 ,317)	48 709
Increase in Accrued Interest Decrease in Due to Other Entities Increase in Pollution Remediation Increase in Compensated Absences Increase in Contingent Liabilities Increase in Contingent Liabilities Increase in Claims Liability Decrease in Claims Liability Decrease in Net Other Postemployment Benefit Obligation Increase in Net Pension Obligation Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue and expense of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.  (52,972)			.5,7.55
Increase in Net Pension Obligation (2,476)  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue and expense of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. (52,972)	Increase in Accrued Interest (6, Decrease in Due to Other Entities 1, Increase in Pollution Remediation (2, Increase in Compensated Absences (8, Increase in Contingent Liabilities (111, Decrease in Claims Liability 20,	654) 397 192) 842) 374) 389	
insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue and expense of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. (52,972)	· · ·		(201,981)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities \$ (539,083)	insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue and expense of		(52,972)
	Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$	(539,083)



The **Proprietary Funds** focus on economic resources and are operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises.

## Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

### **Major Funds**

**State Lottery** – Accounts for proceeds from the sale of lottery tickets and all other moneys credited or transferred to this fund. A minimum of 45% of the moneys are used for prizes.

**Unemployment Compensation** – Accounts for contributions and payments collected under the provisions of the "Unemployment Compensation Law" to pay benefits.

**Petroleum Storage Tank Insurance** – Accounts for moneys collected from transport load fees and participating owners of petroleum storage tanks for cleanup of contamination caused by releases from petroleum storage tanks.

## **Non-Major Funds**

Non-major enterprise funds and all internal service funds are presented in our combining non-major fund financial statements as part of Supplementary Information.

#### STATE OF MISSOURI STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

\_\_\_\_\_

		Business-Ty	/pe Activities – Ent	erprise Funds		
	Major Funds					Covernmental
	State Lottery	Unemployment Compensation	Petroleum Storage Tank Insurance	Non-Major Funds	Totals June 30, 2009	Governmental Activities – Internal Service Funds
ASSETS						
Current Assets:				4 162		¢ 03.337
Cash and Cash Equivalents (Note 3)	\$ 22,838	\$ 52,597 	\$ 7,770	\$ 4,162	\$ 87,367	\$ 83,227
Investments (Note 3)	11,583		76,654	42,751 567	130,988	129,730
Accounts Receivable, Net Interest Receivable	38,157 90	125,666	2,421 306	63	166,811 459	43,512 476
Due from Other Funds (Note 15)	90		500	103	103	24,749
Inventories				1,053	1,053	17,313
Prepaid Items	148			22	170	133
Loans Receivable				520	520	
Non-Current Assets:						
Investments						44,517
Restricted:						77,517
Cash and Cash Equivalents (Note 3)						2,411
Investments (Note 3)	57,808				57,808	300
Assets Held for Resale				115	115	
Capital Assets (Note 5):						
Construction in Progress				5,290	5,290	109,312
Land	353			8,515	8,868	8,373
Land Improvements				7,446	7,446	3,152
Buildings	4,807			23,579	28,386	469,439
Equipment	6,721		211	37,161	44,093	89,107
Software	1,653				1,653	15
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(10,056)		(192)	(38,732)	(48,980)	(233,652)
Total Capital Assets (Net of						
Accumulated Depreciation)	3,478	170 262	19	43,259	46,756	445,746
Total Assets	134,102	178,263	87,170	92,615	492,150	792,114
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Bank Overdraft (Note 3)						3
Accounts Payable	2,729	193,749	15	757	197,250	32,800
Accrued Payroll	288		23	1,883	2,194	1,941
Due to Other Funds (Note 15)	17,177		2	95	17,274	505
Unearned Revenue (Note 1)			515	41	556	21,119
Claims Liability (Note 11)			15,000		15,000	77,169
Grand Prize Winner Liability (Note 11)	52,200			 94	52,200	2.550
Obligations under Lease Purchase (Note 11) Compensated Absences (Note 11)	642		 57	2,391	94 3,090	2,550 4,285
•	042		37	2,391	3,090	4,263
Non-Current Liabilities:			07.600		07.600	E1 4E1
Claims Liability (Note 11)			97,688		97,688	51,451
Grand Prize Winner Liability (Note 11)	51,026				51,026	
Obligations under Lease Purchase (Note 11)				116	116	7,027
Compensated Absences (Note 11)  Total Liabilities	124,069	193,749	113,300	<u>79</u> 5,456	436,574	855 199,705
	124,005	133,743	113,300	3,430	430,374	133,703
NET ASSETS						
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	3,478		19	43,049	46,546	436,169
Restricted for:						1 202
Revenue Bonds	 6 771				 6 771	1,283
Other Purposes	6,771				6,771	1,428
Unrestricted	(216)	(15,486)	(26,149)	\$ 87.150	2,259 \$ 55,576	153,529 \$ 592,409
Total Net Assets	\$ 10,033	\$ (15,486)	\$ (26,130)	\$ 87,159	\$ 55,576	\$ 592,409
			Total Net Assets	Reported Above	\$ 55,576	
Consolidation	on Adjustment of	Internal Service Ac	ctivities Related to	•	(2,655)	
		Net	t Assets of Busines	s-Type Activities	\$ 52,921	
					_	

# STATE OF MISSOURI STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

#### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
		Major Funds						
	State Lottery	Unemployment Compensation	Petroleum Storage Tank Insurance	Non-Major Funds	Totals  June 30, 2009	Governmental Activities – Internal Service Funds		
Operating Revenues:								
Employer Contributions	\$	\$ 559,802	\$	\$	\$ 559,802	\$ 384,858		
Employee Contributions						204,393		
Medicare Part D Subsidy						3,296		
Licenses, Fees, and Permits			15,270	7,609	22,879	27,060		
Sales	968,452			7,130	975,582	39,106		
Leases and Rentals				3,245	3,245	94,845		
Charges for Services				27,193	27,193	105,341		
Cost Reimbursement/Miscellaneous	596		4	715	1,315	26,049		
Total Operating Revenues	969,048	559,802	15,274	45,892	1,590,016	884,948		
Operating Expenses:								
Cost of Goods Sold	16,078			1,462	17,540	27,069		
Personal Service	9,857		1,281	67,336	78,474	70,741		
Operations	61,346		4,029	14,205	79,580	176,031		
Prizes Expense	629,276				629,276			
Inventories				3,009	3,009	5,742		
Specific Programs			11,739	726	12,465	23,600		
Insurance Benefits						651,722		
Unemployment Benefits		1,292,531			1,292,531			
Depreciation	996	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	13	3,266	4,275	18,669		
Other Charges	8,377			499	8,876	3,178		
Total Operating Expenses	725,930	1,292,531	17,062	90,503	2,126,026	976,752		
Operating Income (Loss)	243,118	(732,729)	(1,788)	(44,611)	(536,010)	(91,804)		
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):								
Contributions and Intergovernmental		365,730	(121)	41,792	407,401	17		
Interest Expense				(9)	(9)	(317)		
Investment Earnings:				, ,	, ,	, ,		
Net Increase (Decrease) in the Fair Value								
of Investments	504		81	38	623	965		
Interest	657	6,492	2,015	366	9,530	6,359		
Penalties and Unclaimed Properties				1	1			
Disposal of Capital Assets	(27)			373	346	(4)		
Miscellaneous Revenues	12,383				12,383			
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	13,517	372,222	1,975	42,561	430,275	7,020		
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	256,635	(360,507)	187	(2,050)	(105,735)	(84,784)		
Capital Contributions (Note 16)	60			143	203	31,097		
Transfers In (Note 16)	21			873	894	31		
Transfers Out (Note 16)	(258,508)			(30)	(258,538)	(206)		
Change in Net Assets	(1,792)	(360,507)	187	(1,064)	(363,176)	(53,862)		
Total Net Assets - Beginning (Note 17)	11,825	345,021	(26,317)	88,223	418,752	646,271		
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$ 10,033	\$ (15,486)	\$ (26,130)	\$ 87,159	\$ 55,576	\$ 592,409		

Total Net Change in Net Assets Reported Above
Consolidation Adjustment of Internal Services Activities Related to Enterprise Funds
Change in Net Assets of Business-Type Activities
\$ (363,176)
(890)
\$ (364,066)

#### STATE OF MISSOURI STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

#### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

\_\_\_\_\_

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds											
			N	1ajor Funds								
		<b>6</b>				Petroleum Storage				Totals	C	overnmental Activities –
		State Lottery		employment mpensation		Tank Insurance	N	on-Major Funds		June 30, 2009		Internal ervice Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Receipts from Internal Customers and Users	¢		\$	4,697	\$		\$	559	\$	F 2F6	¢	600 575
Receipts from External Customers and Users	\$	970,054	Þ	572,240	Þ	16,648	Þ	44,439	Þ	5,256 1,603,381	\$	608,575 234,365
Payments to Suppliers		(77,550)				(4,058)		(18,249)		(99,857)		(202,783)
Payments to Employees		(9,837)		(1 100 856)		(1,357)		(66,619)		(77,813)		(70,176)
Payments Made for Program Expense Other Receipts (Payments)		(630,169) (7,781)		(1,109,856)		(15,784) 4		(726) 216		(1,756,535) (7,561)		(663,631) 26,167
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		244,717		(532,919)	_	(4,547)		(40,380)		(333,129)		(67,483)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:												
Loans Made to Outside Entities								14		14		
Due to/from Other Funds Contributions and Intergovernmental		(497)		 365,730		(121)		54 39,806		(443) 405,415		(7,266) 1 <i>7</i>
Transfers to/from Other Funds		(258,508)		303,730		(121)		843		(257,665)		(177)
Other Receipts (Expenses)		12,383			_					12,383		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities		(246 622)		265 720		(121)		40 717		150 704		(7.426)
, ,		(246,622)		365,730	_	(121)		40,717	_	159,704	_	(7,426)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:												
Interest Expense								(9)		(9)		(317)
Purchases and Construction of Capital Assets		(496)				(6)		(5,525)		(6,027)		(31,043)
Bonds and Notes Payable Capital Lease Downpayment/Obligations								(122)		(122)		(3,747) (2,804)
Disposal of Capital Assets								1		1		1
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related												
Financing Activities		(496)	_		_	(6)		(5,655)		(6,157)		(37,910)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Proceeds from Investment Maturities		4 440				3,127		0.002		15 570		749 202
Purchase of Investments		4,449 				3,127		8,003 (2,868)		15,579 (2,868)		748,302 (734,255)
Interest and Dividends Received		731		6,492		2,311		405		9,939		6,679
Investment Fees												(26)
Other Receipts  Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		5,180		6,492	_	5,438		<u> </u>	_	22,651	_	20,700
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash		2,779		(160,697)	_	764		223	_	(156,931)	_	(92,119)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		20,059		213,294		7,006		3,939		244,298		177,754
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	22,838	\$	52,597	\$	7,770	\$	4,162	\$	87,367	\$	85,635
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash	. —											
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	-											
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	243,118	\$	(732,729)	\$	(1,788)	\$	(44,611)	\$	(536,010)	\$	(91,804)
Depreciation Expense Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		996				13		3,266		4,275		18,669
Accounts Receivable		1,602		17,135		1,385		(117)		20,005		(9,754)
Inventories								677		677		4,164
Prepaid Items Accounts Payable		(56) (70)		 182,675		(29)		(250)		(56) 182,326		(34) 1,929
Accrued Payroll		4				(38)		208		174		76
Unearned Revenue						(7)		(62)		(69)		(2,909)
Grand Prize Winner Liability Claims Liability		(893)				(4,045)				(893) (4,045)		11,691
Compensated Absences		16				(38)		509		487		489
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	244,717	\$	(532,919)	\$	(4,547)	\$	(40,380)	\$	(333,129)	\$	(67,483)
Non-Cash Financing and Investing Activities:												
Capital Asset Donations	\$	 01	\$		\$		\$	88 2.120	\$	88	\$	1,149
Capital Asset Donations Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments		81 504				81		2,129 38		2,210 623		256 965
Net Non-Cash Financing and Investing Activities	\$	585	\$		\$	81	\$	2,255	\$	2,921	\$	2,370
	_				_							



The **Fiduciary Funds** account for assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to support the government's own programs.

Individual fund financial statements for pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds are presented as part of Supplementary Information.

#### STATE OF MISSOURI STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

	Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust Funds	Private- Purpose Trust Funds	 Agency Funds
ASSETS	_		 _
Cash and Cash Equivalents (Note 3)	\$ 642,298	\$ 489	\$ 72,468
Investments at Fair Value (Note 3):	•		
U.S. Government Securities	922,649	555	43,207
U.S. Agency Sponsored Securities		4,793	1,924
Repurchase			344,875
Stocks	1,013,521	48	125
Bonds	212,100		163
International Equities	839,628		
Mutual and Index Funds	1,256,913		67
Venture Capital Limited Partnership	3,061,142		
Other Investments	844,833	2,715	2,050
Receivables:			
Accounts Receivable	75,054		237,960
Interest Receivable	2,256	16	37
Invested Securities Lending Collateral (Note 3	3) 438,780		
Prepaid Expenses	95		
Capital Assets:			
Land	351		
Buildings	4,132		
Equipment	3,082	95	
Software		9	
Accumulated Depreciation	(2,593)	(39)	 
Total Capital Assets, Net	4,972	65	 
Total Assets	9,314,241	8,681	\$ 702,876
LIABILITIES			
Bank Overdraft	38		\$ 
Accounts Payable	46,044	847	29
Accrued Payroll		22	
Securities Lending Collateral (Note 3)	496,180		
Due to Other Entities			666,819
Due to Individuals			36,028
Unearned Revenue	3,456		
Claims Liability	11,278		
Compensated Absences	620		 
Total Liabilities	557,616	869	\$ 702,876
Net Assets Held in Trust for			
Benefits and Other Purposes	\$ 8,756,625	\$ 7,812	

#### STATE OF MISSOURI STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

Private-Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Purpose Trust Funds **Trust Funds** Additions: Contributions: \$ 516,739 **Employer** Plan Member 111,224 Other 28,834 Investment Earnings: Increase (Decrease) in Appreciation of Assets (2,152,379)(10)Interest and Dividends 117,606 107 Securities Lending Income 14,046 Total Investment Earnings (2,020,727) 97 Less Investment Expenses: (69,900)Investment Activity Expense Securities Lending Expense (7,823)Total Investment Expense (77,723)Net Investment Earnings (2,098,450) 97 **Unclaimed Property** 23,044 Cost Reimbursement/Miscellaneous 659 11,989 **Total Additions** (1,440,994)35,130 **Deductions: Benefits** 860,968 ---3,060 Administrative Expenses 19,486 **Program Distributions** 76,877 37,118 Depreciation 361 13 **Total Deductions** 957,692 40,191 Change in Net Assets (2,398,686)(5,061)Net Assets held in Trust - Beginning of Year 11,155,311 12,873 Net Assets held in Trust - End of Year 8,756,625 7,812



The Component Units account for all transactions relating to legally separate entities which, for reporting purposes, are a part of the State.

## Component Unit Financial Statements

### **Major**

**College and Universities** 

## Non-Major

Non-Major proprietary component unit statements are found in the combining fund financial statements as part of Supplementary Information.

#### STATE OF MISSOURI STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS COMPONENT UNITS June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

			Totals
	College and		June 30,
	Universities	Non-Major	2009
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents (Note 3)	\$ 245,721	\$ 37,796	\$ 283,517
Investments (Note 3)	292,643	15,669	308,312
Receivables, Net	329,674	6,932	336,606
Invested Securities Lending Collateral (Note 3)	111,719		111,719
Inventories	47,334		47,334
Restricted Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents (Note 3)	165,080	5,138	170,218
Investments (Note 3)	44,622	23,185	67,807
Receivables, Net	13,113		13,113
Deposits and Prepaid Expenses	24,539	263	24,802
Deferred Costs and Other Assets	349		349
Non-Current Assets:			
Investments (Note 3)	827,705		827,705
Receivables, Net	92,739	40,101	132,840
Advance to Primary Government (Note 15)		300	300
Restricted Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents (Note 3)	9,623	9,509	19,132
Investments (Note 3)	754,501	25,238	779,739
Receivables, Net	1,842		1,842
Deposits and Prepaid Expenses	4,439		4,439
Deferred Costs and Other Assets	16,359		16,359
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation (Note 5)	3,916,892	50,920	3,967,812
Total Assets	6,898,894	215,051	7,113,945
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	311,222	2,055	313,277
Due to Primary Government (Note 15)		827	827
Securities Lending Collateral (Note 3)	115,291		115,291
Unearned Revenue (Note 1)	108,528		108,528
Deposits	67,891		67,891
Claims Liability (Note 21)	36,289		36,289
Compensated Absences	18,192		18,192
Other Postemployment Obligations, Net	79		79
Capital Lease Obligations (Note 6)	1,798		1,798
Bonds and Notes Payable (Note 12)	271,103	240	271,343
Non-Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	43,380		43,380
Advance from Primary Government (Note 15)		5,014	5,014
Unearned Revenue (Note 1)	1,846		1,846
Deposits and Reserves	302	7,630	7,932
Claims Liability (Note 21)	38,212		38,212
Compensated Absences	9,587		9,587
Other Postemployment Obligations, Net	1,792		1,792
Capital Lease Obligations (Note 6)	22,786		22,786
Bonds and Notes Payable (Note 12)	1,113,422	30,610	1,144,032
Total Liabilities	2,161,720	46,376	2,208,096
NET ASSETS	, , , ,	-,-	,,
Invested in Capital Assets, Net	2,575,744	20,070	2,595,814
Restricted for:	2,313,177	20,070	2,333,017
Expendable	398,004		398,004
Non-Expendable	643,827		643,827
Other Purposes		84,281	84,281
Unrestricted	1,119,599	64,324	1,183,923
Total Net Assets	\$ 4,737,174	\$ 168,675	\$ 4,905,849
Total Net Assets	ψ ¬,/ J/, 1/4	¥ 100,073	Ψ ¬,303,073

# STATE OF MISSOURI STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES COMPONENT UNITS

#### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

College and

Totals

June 30,

Statement of

Universities 2009 Activities Non-Major Adjustments Revenues: Operating Revenues: Licenses, Fees, and Permits \$ 2,812 \$ 2,812 \$ 2,812 Student Tuition and Fees (Net of Scholarship Allow.) 746,732 746,732 746,732 Sales and Services of Educational Departments 48,665 ---48,665 48,665 **Auxiliary Enterprises** 1,163,870 1,163,870 1,163,870 Leases and Rentals 3,106 3,106 3,106 Cost Reimbursement/Miscellaneous 89,699 7,123 96,822 5,105 101,927 **Total Charges for Services** 2,067,112 Federal Appropriations, Grants, and Contracts 248,973 248,973 91,203 340,176 State Grants and Contracts 82,685 \_\_\_ 82,685 845,788 928,473 148,491 Private Gifts, Grants, and Contracts 77,516 ---77,516 70.975 Additions to Endowments 32,114 32,114 **Total Operating Grants and Contributions** 1,449,254 Interest Revenue 1,057 1,005 2,062 (2,062)**Total Operating Revenues** 2,459,197 14,046 2,473,243 1,043,123 Expenses: Operating Expenses: 2,105,705 2,105,705 Personal Service 2,104,542 1,163 Operations 1,884 1,884 1,884 Specific Programs 2.861 2.861 2.861 102,796 Scholarships and Fellowships 102,796 102,796 Utilities 28,816 28,816 28,816 Supplies and Other Services 854,040 \_\_\_ 854,040 \_\_\_ 854,040 **Contracted Services** 23,737 23,737 23,737 Interest Expense 49,638 49,638 Depreciation and Amortization 204,078 1,280 205,358 205,358 **Bad Debt Expense** 80 80 80 28,039 82 28,121 2,088 30,209 Miscellaneous **Total Operating Expenses** 3,346,048 7,350 3,353,398 51,726 3,405,124 Operating Income (Loss) (886,851) 6,696 (880, 155)991,397 Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): Federal Appropriations, Grants, and Contracts 91,203 91,203 (91,203)

<u> </u>					
Investment Earnings:					
Increase (Decrease) in the Fair Value of Investments		(118)	(118)		(118)
Investment and Endowment Income (Loss)	(166,056)		(166,056)		(166,056)
Interest		3,580	3,580	2,062	5,642
Interest and Bond Related Expenses	(48,675)	(963)	(49,638)	49,638	
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets	(424)		(424)	424	
Miscellaneous Revenues	5,105		5,105	(5,105)	
Miscellaneous Expenses		(64)	(64)	64	
Total General Revenues					(160,532)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	797,916	835	798,751	(959,283)	
Income Before Other Revenues (Expenses)					
Or Gains (Losses)	(88,935)	7,531	(81,404)	32,114	
State Capital Appropriations	89,592		89,592		89,592
Total Capital Grants and Contributions					89,592
Additions to Endowments	32,114		32,114	(32,114)	
Extraordinary Items (Note 5)	20		20		20
Change in Net Assets	32,791	7,531	40,322		40,322
Net Assets – Beginning of Year (Note 17)	4,704,383	161,144	4,865,527		4,865,527
Net Assets – End of Year \$	4,737,174	\$ 168,675	\$ 4,905,849	\$	\$ 4,905,849

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(1,600)

845,788

70,975

(1,600)

(845.788)

(70,975)

1,600

845,788

70,975

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

State Appropriations, Grants, and Contracts

Private Gifts, Grants, and Contracts

Contributions and Intergovernmental



The Notes to the Financial Statements provide a summary of significant accounting policies and other disclosures required for a fair presentation of the basic financial statements.

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#### Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies

#### A. Financial Statements and Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements of the State of Missouri (primary government) and its component units have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The State has elected not to follow the Financial Accounting Standards Board's pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989 for proprietary activities.

The financial statements include the departments, agencies, boards, commissions, and other organizational units over which the State has financial accountability. GASB set forth the following criteria in Statement No. 14 – *The Financial Reporting Entity* for determining financial accountability: appointment of a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either: 1) the ability to impose the State's will on the organization; or 2) the organization's ability to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific burdens on, the primary government. Where the State does not appoint a voting majority of the governing body, the entity would still be included if it is fiscally dependent on the State. Statement No. 39 – *Determining Whether Certain Entities are Component Units* added a requirement to include all entities whose relationship with the State would make it misleading to exclude it.

In addition to the legislative, executive and judicial branches, the following organizations are included in these financial statements:

#### Component Units (Blended):

Blended component units are legally separate entities from the State, but are so intertwined with the State that they are, for all practical purposes, the same as the State. They are reported as part of the primary government and blended into the appropriate funds. The following component units are blended because they provide services entirely or almost entirely to the primary government:

<u>Board of Fund Commissioners</u> - The Board was created by state law and is comprised of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, State Auditor, State Treasurer, and the Commissioner of Administration. The Board's purpose is to issue, redeem, and cancel state general obligation bonds, and perform other administrative activities related to state general obligation debt as assigned by law. Separate financial statements are not required or issued for the Board.

<u>Board of Private Investigator Examiners</u> – The Board was created by state law and is charged with the licensure and regulation of the practice of private investigators in Missouri. The five member board shall consist of three private investigators and two public members, appointed by the Governor. Separate financial statements are not required for the Board.

<u>Board of Unemployment Fund Financing</u> - The Board was created by state law to provide a method of providing funds for the payment of unemployment benefits and maintaining an adequate fund balance in the Unemployment Compensation Fund. The Board is comprised of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, the Director of the Department of Labor and Industrial Relations, and the Commissioner of Administration. Separate financial statements are not required for the Board.

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#### Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

<u>Coordinating Board for Early Childhood</u> – The Board was created by state law within the Missouri Children's Services Commission. The Board's purpose is to develop a comprehensive statewide long-range strategic plan for a cohesive early childhood system, and to work with public and private entities for the purpose of promoting and improving the development of Missouri's children from birth through age five. The 17 member Board is composed of representatives from the Governor's office; the following departments: Health and Senior Services, Mental Health, Social Services, and Elementary and Secondary Education; the judiciary; the Family and Community Trust Board; the Head Start Program; and nine members appointed by the Governor. Separate financial statements are not required for the Board.

<u>Missouri Dental Board</u> – The Board was created by state law to protect and serve the public's interests in dentistry and to preserve the integrity of the dental profession. The Board adopts, publishes, and enforces rules and regulations which regulate and define the acts and areas of practice which may be performed by dentists and dental hygienists. The seven member board consists of five dentists, one dental hygienist, and one public member, all of whom are appointed by the Governor. Separate financial statements are not required for the Board.

<u>Missouri Investment Trust-Board of Trustees</u> - The Board is responsible for establishing investment policies, strategies, and goals for the Missouri Investment Trust, and has the fiduciary duty to manage the policy and investment decisions necessary for the success of the Missouri Investment Trust. The seven member board of trustees consists of the State Treasurer, the Commissioner of Administration, one member appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives, one member appointed by the president pro-tem of the Senate, and three members selected by the Governor. Separate financial statements are not required for the Board.

<u>Missouri Propane Gas Commission</u> - The Commission is responsible for developing comprehensive plans and programs for the prevention, control, and abatement of propane-related accidents in Missouri. The Commission is authorized to regulate the inspection of and provide specifications for propane. The nine member commission is appointed by the Governor with members from various propane-related industries, the Departments of Agriculture and Natural Resources, and one public member.

<u>Missouri State Penitentiary Redevelopment Commission</u> - The Commission was established to coordinate the planning and redevelopment of the old Jefferson City Correctional Center. The ten member commission consists of three members appointed by the Jefferson City mayor, three members appointed by the Cole County Commission, and four members appointed by the Governor. Separate financial statements are not required for the Commission.

<u>Missouri Wine and Grape Board</u> – The Board was created by state law to further growth and development of the grape growing industry in Missouri and foster the expansion of the grape market for Missouri grapes. The eleven member board consists of seven members representing the grape and wine industry, food service industry, or media marketing industry. The four other members include the director of the Department of Agriculture, and the presidents of the Missouri Grape Growers Association, the Missouri Vintners Association, and the Missouri Wine Marketing and Research Council. Copies of the Board's annual report may be requested from:

Missouri Wine and Grape Board P.O. Box 630 1616 Missouri Boulevard Jefferson City, Missouri 65102

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#### Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

#### Capital Projects Funds:

Missouri Highway 179 Transportation Corporation, Missouri Highway 63 Transportation Corporation, and Wentzville Parkway Transportation Corporation - These are reported as a part of the Missouri road fund. These transportation corporations are not-for-profit corporations organized under the Missouri Transportation Corporation Act. The corporations were formed to facilitate the construction of highway projects. When the purpose for which each corporation was formed has been complied with and all obligations of the corporation have been paid, the Board of the corporation shall, with the approval of the Missouri Highways and Transportation Commission, dissolve the corporation. Additional information may be requested from:

Missouri Department of Transportation Resource Management P.O. Box 270 Jefferson City, Missouri 65102

#### **Internal Service Funds**:

<u>Board of Public Buildings</u> – This is reported with the State Facility Maintenance and Operation Fund. The Board was created by state law and its governing body is made up of the Governor, the Lieutenant Governor, and the Attorney General. Its purpose is to provide state buildings by issuing revenue bonds and to supervise the operations of these facilities. All construction contracts must be approved by the Division of Facilities Management, Design and Construction, and its projects must be approved by the General Assembly. The Board can require state agencies to occupy its projects. The General Assembly appropriates to the Board, on behalf of the state agencies, amounts sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the bonds, maintain certain required reserves, and pay the costs of operations. Copies of the Board of Public Buildings' financial statements may be requested from:

Office of Administration Division of Accounting P.O. Box 809 Jefferson City, Missouri 65102

<u>Conservation Employees' Insurance Plan</u> – The Plan provides health and life insurance coverage to eligible employees and retirees of the Missouri Department of Conservation. The Plan is administered by a five member board of trustees made up of two members of the Plan appointed by the Conservation Commission, the Chief Financial Officer, the Human Resources Division Chief, and the Internal Auditor. Copies of the Plan's financial statements may be requested from:

Missouri Department of Conservation P.O. Box 180 Jefferson City, Missouri 65102

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#### Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

<u>Transportation Self-Insurance Plan</u> - The Plan provides fleet vehicle liability, workers' compensation, and general liability insurance. The Plan is administered by the Missouri Department of Transportation. Additional information may be requested from:

Missouri Department of Transportation Controller's Division P.O. Box 270 Jefferson City, Missouri 65102

<u>Missouri Consolidated Health Care Plan (MCHCP)</u> – The Plan was created by state law to provide medical benefits to its members and is administered by a board of trustees. The Board consists of two members of the Senate, two members of the House, six members appointed by the Governor; the Director of the Department of Health and Senior Services; the Director of the Department of Insurance, Financial Institutions and Professional Registration; and the Commissioner of Administration. The management of MCHCP is the responsibility of the Executive Director who is appointed by the Board. Copies of the Plan's financial statements may be requested from:

Missouri Consolidated Health Care Plan P.O. Box 104355 832 Weathered Rock Court Jefferson City, Missouri 65110-4355

MoDOT and MSHP Medical and Life Insurance Plan - The Plan provides health and life insurance coverage to eligible employees, retirees, and their dependents of the Missouri Department of Transportation (MoDOT) and the Missouri State Highway Patrol (MSHP). The Plan is administered by a board of trustees consisting of four active MoDOT employees, one retired MoDOT employee appointed by the Director of MoDOT, two active MSHP employees, and one retired MSHP employee appointed by the Superintendent of MSHP. Additional information may be requested from:

Missouri Department of Transportation Controller's Division P.O. Box 270 Jefferson City, Missouri 65102

#### Pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds:

<u>Missouri State Employees' Retirement System (MOSERS)</u> - The System was created by state law and provides retirement, survivor, disability, and life insurance to its members and is administered by a board of trustees. The Board consists of two members of the Senate, two members of the House, two members appointed by the Governor, three members elected by the System's members, the State Treasurer, and the Commissioner of Administration. The management of MOSERS is the responsibility of the Executive Director who is appointed by the Board. Copies of the System's financial statements may be requested from:

Missouri State Employees' Retirement System P.O. Box 209 907 Wildwood Jefferson City, Missouri 65102-0209

#### Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

<u>Missouri Department of Transportation and Highway Patrol Employees' Retirement System</u> – The System provides retirement, death, and disability benefits to qualified employees of the Missouri Highways and Transportation Commission (includes employees of the Department of Transportation), and both uniformed and non-uniformed members of the State Highway Patrol. The System is administered by a board of trustees consisting of three members of the Missouri Highways and Transportation Commission, the Director of the Missouri Department of Transportation, the Superintendent of the State Highway Patrol, one member of the Senate, one member of the House, one member elected by MoDOT employees, one member elected by Highway Patrol employees, one retired member elected by retired State Highway Patrol employees. Copies of the System's financial statements may be requested from:

Missouri Department of Transportation and Highway Patrol Employees' Retirement System P.O. Box 1930 Jefferson City, Missouri 65102–1930

Missouri Consolidated Health Care Plan (MCHCP) State Retiree Welfare Benefit Trust – The Trust was established on June 27, 2008, to provide health and welfare benefits for the exclusive benefit of current and future retired employees of the State and their dependents who meet eligibility requirements, except those covered by other State sponsored postemployment benefit plans. The Trust is administered by the MCHCP board of trustees, which also administers the benefits for the active participants of the Plan. The net assets and activity related to active participants are reported in an internal service fund. Copies of the Plan's financial statements may be requested from:

Missouri Consolidated Health Care Plan P.O. Box 104355 832 Weathered Rock Road Jefferson City, Missouri 65110-4355

Missouri State Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Plan – The Missouri State Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Plan was administered by CitiStreet through June 30, 2008. Starting July 1, 2008, the Plan is administered by ING which purchased CitiStreet as of that date. Oversight of the Plan is provided by the MOSERS board of trustees. Under this Plan, employees are permitted to defer a portion of their current salary until future years. In addition, eligible employees have the opportunity to participate in the Missouri State Employees' Deferred Compensation Incentive Plan. Under this Plan, the State contributes \$25, \$30, or \$35 per month on behalf of any employee who contributes at least that amount to the Missouri State Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Plan and who has been an employee of the State for at least one year. Copies of financial statements for both Plans may be requested from:

ING One Heritage Drive Quincy, Massachusetts 02171

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#### Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

#### **Component Units (Discretely Presented):**

Discretely presented component units are legally separate entities for which the State is financially accountable. The financial data for these entities is reported separately from the financial data of the primary government.

#### Major

<u>College and Universities</u> – The Coordinating Board for Higher Education has certain responsibilities for these institutions and they receive State support. Following are the public college and universities included in the financial statements:

Harris-Stowe State University 3026 Laclede Avenue St. Louis, Missouri 63103

**Lincoln University** 207 Young Hall Jefferson City, Missouri 65101

Linn State Technical College 1 Technology Drive Linn, Missouri 65051

Missouri Southern State University 3950 East Newman Road Joplin, Missouri 64801-1595

Missouri State University 901 South National, Room 119 Springfield, Missouri 65897

**Missouri Western State University** 4525 Downs Drive St. Joseph, Missouri 64507 Northwest Missouri State University

105 Administration Building 800 University Drive Maryville, Missouri 64468-6001

Southeast Missouri State University One University Plaza, Mail Stop 3000 Cape Girardeau, Missouri 63701

Truman State University 100 East Normal McClain Hall, Room 105 Kirksville, Missouri 63501

**University of Central Missouri** 316 Administration Building Warrensburg, Missouri 64093

**University of Missouri System** 118 University Hall Columbia, Missouri 65211

#### Non-Major

Missouri Development Finance Board – The Board was created by state law as an independent, self-supporting, body corporate and politic to promote economic development of the State and was created within the Department of Economic Development. The Board is empowered to issue taxable and tax-exempt industrial revenue bonds or notes; provide loans or loan guarantees to eligible businesses; provide loans and grants to political subdivisions to fund public infrastructure improvements; and issue tax credits against certain state income taxes in exchange for contributions made to the Board. The twelve member board is made up of the Lieutenant Governor and the Directors of the Department of Economic Development, the Department of Natural Resources, and the Department of Agriculture, who serve as ex-officio voting members, and eight members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate. Copies of the Board's financial statements may be requested from:

Missouri Development Finance Board Governor Office Building 200 Madison Street, Suite 1000 Jefferson City, Missouri 65101

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#### Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

Missouri Agricultural and Small Business Development Authority — The Authority was created by state law and is authorized to issue bonds to finance agricultural and small business development loans for property acquisitions/renovations and pollution control facilities throughout the State. If for any reason, the Authority ceases to exist, all rights and properties of the Authority will pass to the State. Its governing body consists of seven members appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. Copies of the Authority's financial statements may be requested from:

Missouri Agricultural and Small Business Development Authority P.O. Box 630 1616 Missouri Boulevard Jefferson City, Missouri 65102

<u>Missouri Transportation Finance Corporation</u> – The Corporation is a not-for-profit corporation organized under the Missouri Nonprofit Corporation Law. The Corporation is financed by federal highway and transit dollars, plus state and local matching funds. It is authorized to issue revenue bonds. The Corporation provides loans to assist public and private entities fund highway and transportation projects throughout the State. The Missouri Highways and Transportation Commission determines which applicants are extended loans from the Missouri Transportation Finance Corporation. Copies of the Corporation's financial statements may be requested from:

Missouri Department of Transportation Highway Building, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor 105 West Capitol Avenue Jefferson City, Missouri 65101

#### **Related Organizations**

Related organizations are excluded from the financial reporting entity because the State's accountability does not extend beyond appointing a voting majority of the organization's board members. Related organizations of the State of Missouri include:

<u>Missouri Health and Educational Facilities Authority</u> - finances health and educational facilities.

<u>Missouri Higher Education Loan Authority</u> – provides a secondary market for loans made under the Federal Family Education Loan Program.

<u>Missouri Housing Development Commission</u> - makes, purchases, and insures mortgage loans which are used to develop new or rehabilitate low and moderate income housing.

<u>Missouri Technology Corporation</u> – promotes the modernization of businesses through the development of science and technology applications.

<u>Missouri Public Entity Risk Management Fund</u> - provides liability protection to participating public entities, their officials, and employees.

<u>State Environmental Improvement and Energy Resources Authority</u> – finances, acquires, constructs, and equips projects to reduce, prevent, and control pollution and develop the energy resources of the State.

#### Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

<u>Jackson County Sports Complex Authority</u> - responsible for construction, operation, and financing of the Jackson County Sports Complex.

<u>Kansas City Regional Sports Complex Authority</u> - responsible for the study and review of all current major sports leagues, clubs, or franchises in Kansas City.

<u>St. Charles County Convention and Sports Facility Authority</u> - responsible for planning, constructing, and managing convention and sports facilities in the St. Charles area.

Missouri Cotton Growers Organization - organized for boll weevil eradication.

<u>KCT Intermodal Transportation Corporation</u> - organized to pay for a railroad bridge in the Blue Valley Industrial District in Kansas City.

<u>Lake of the Ozarks Community Bridge Corporation</u> - organized to pay for the acquisition and construction of a toll bridge across the Lake of the Ozarks.

<u>Westside Intermodal Transportation Corporation</u> - organized to pay for rail additions and improvements of the Kansas City Terminal Railway.

<u>Universal Service Board</u> – organized to ensure just, reasonable, and affordable rates for comparable essential local telecommunication services throughout the State.

<u>Interstate Commission for Adult Offender Supervision</u> – responsible for promoting public safety and protecting the rights of victims through the control and regulation of the interstate movement of adults placed under community supervision.

<u>Missouri Access to Higher Education Trust Board</u> - responsible for administering the funds of the Higher Education Trust.

<u>Missouri Health Insurance Pool</u> - organized to provide health care coverage for residents who are unable to obtain individual health coverage.

#### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements focus on the government as a whole. The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Primary government activities are distinguished between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Governmental activities include governmental type funds and internal service funds. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services and consist of enterprise funds.

The **Statement of Net Assets** presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets.

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#### Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

The **Statement of Activities** demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable within a specific function. Indirect costs, such as depreciation expense, are included in the direct expenses reported for individual functions. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not meeting the definition of program revenues are instead reported as general revenues.

The government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Fiduciary funds have been excluded from the government-wide financial statements because, by definition, the resources of these funds cannot be used to support government operations. Generally, interfund transactions have also been eliminated. Some interfund transactions, such as the exchange of services, were not eliminated because doing so would mistakenly understate both expenses of the buyer and revenues of the seller.

The difference between fund assets and liabilities is reported as "Net Assets" on the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund statements, and "Fund Balance" on the governmental fund financial statements.

#### Fund Financial Statements:

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide statements. For governmental and proprietary fund financial statements, the emphasis is on major individual governmental and enterprise funds, with each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds. Internal service funds are also aggregated and reported in a separate column on the proprietary fund financial statements.

The governmental fund financial statements are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. With the current financial resources measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the balance sheet. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to pay current period liabilities. Operating statements of governmental funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balance. Material revenues susceptible to accrual include federal grants and sales and income taxes. Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred except for the following:

- Principal and interest on general long-term debt is recorded as an expenditure when due.
- Compensated absences (accumulated vacation and compensatory time) and sick pay are recorded as expenditures when paid.
- Inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased, except for the Missouri road fund, which updates inventory perpetually under the consumption method.

#### Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

The proprietary, pension (and other employee benefit) trust, and private-purpose trust fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. With the economic resources measurement focus, assets and liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Statement of Net Assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period earned and expenses are recognized in the period incurred. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present revenues and expenses in total net assets. Operating revenues and expenses in proprietary funds are classified as those activities that make up the primary ongoing operations associated with those funds. Non-operating revenues and expenses in proprietary funds are classified as those activities that are deemed incidental or unusual for those funds.

Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. The agency fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

The discretely presented component unit financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting with the following exception in regard to college and universities. Revenues and related expenditures in connection with the summer sessions in progress at June 30 are deferred at that date.

The State reports the following major funds categories:

<u>General Fund</u> - accounts for all current financial resources not required by law or administrative action to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Public Education</u> – provides general and special education needs of the State and other related areas such as library services and student loans.

<u>Conservation and Environmental Protection</u> - provides for the preservation of the State's wildlife and environment.

<u>Transportation and Law Enforcement</u> - provides transportation services, road construction and maintenance, and the enforcement of vehicle laws and traffic safety.

<u>Missouri Road Fund</u> - accounts for revenues from highway users' fees, federal reimbursements for highway projects, and bond proceeds to be used for costs of constructing and maintaining an adequate state highway system.

<u>State Lottery</u> - accounts for proceeds from the sale of lottery tickets and all other moneys credited to this fund. A minimum of 45% of the moneys are used for prizes.

<u>Unemployment Compensation</u> - accounts for contributions, payments, and federal loans collected under the provisions of the Unemployment Compensation Law to pay benefits.

<u>Petroleum Storage Tank Insurance</u> – accounts for moneys collected from transport load fees and participating owners of petroleum storage tanks for cleanup of contamination caused by releases from petroleum storage tanks.

#### Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

#### C. Basis of Presentation

The State's financial practices are based upon fund accounting concepts. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and fund balances, and changes therein, that are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

The accompanying financial statements are structured into three categories of funds and discretely presented component units:

#### **Primary Government:**

Governmental Funds include the General Fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital projects funds, and permanent funds. These funds account for the revenues and expenditures, capital outlay, and certain debt service of the State.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> include enterprise funds and internal service funds. These funds account for the cost of certain services provided by the State.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> include pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. These funds account for assets held by the State in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, other governments, and other entities.

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units:**

#### <u>Major</u>

<u>College and Universities</u> account for moneys from federal and state grants, debt proceeds, gifts and contributions, state appropriations, investments, and endowments. Assets and liabilities are accounted for on the Statement of Net Assets. Revenues, expenses, gains, and losses are reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets.

#### Non-Major

Non-Major Component Units account for moneys from bond proceeds, loans, contributions, gifts, and grants. Assets and liabilities are accounted for on the Statement of Net Assets. Revenues, expenses, gains, and losses are reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets.

#### D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For funds held by the State Treasurer, cash and cash equivalents include bank accounts, petty cash, repurchase agreements and commercial paper. These investment classes are viewed as cash equivalents due to their short-term, highly liquid nature in which there is little to no risk of change in value because of changes in interest rates. For funds held outside the State Treasury, cash and cash equivalents generally includes bank accounts, petty cash and short-term, highly liquid investments with a maturity date of three months or less when purchased. Cash balances of most state funds are pooled and invested by the State Treasurer (see *Note 3*).

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#### Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

#### E. Investments

These are long-term investments which are expected to be held to maturity and redeemed at face value. The majority of investments are reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, however, investments are held in all fund types. All investments are reported at fair value (see *Note 3*).

There are multiple funds that have income from investments which are directed to the General Fund. These funds consist of special revenue, enterprise, internal service, private-purpose, and agency funds.

#### F. Interfund Receivables/Payables

The State makes various transactions between funds or between the primary government and component units to distribute interest earnings, finance operations, provide services, service debt, and acquire capital assets. These receivables at June 30 are classified as "due from other funds" or "due from primary government/component units" on the Balance Sheet and Statement of Net Assets. Payables are classified as "due to other funds" or "due to primary government" on the Balance Sheet and Statement of Net Assets (see *Note 15*). These receivables/payables are due within one year. Any receivables/payables that are due to and due from a governmental fund are eliminated on the face of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. If any receivables/payables that remain after this elimination are both in the same activity (Business–Type or Governmental), they are eliminated at the Government–Wide Statement of Net Assets. Any remaining interfund receivables/payables are reported as internal balances on the Government–Wide Statement of Net Assets.

#### G. Advances to/from Other Funds

Long-term interfund receivables are classified as "advances to other funds" or "advances to primary government/component units" on the Balance Sheet and Statement of Net Assets. Long-term interfund payables are classified as "advances from primary government/component units" on the Balance Sheet and Statement of Net Assets (see *Note 15*). These receivables/payables are eliminated if both the receivable and payable are in the same activity (Business-Type or Governmental). Any remaining long-term interfund receivables/payables are reported as internal balances on the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets.

#### H. Inventories

Inventories in the governmental funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption, the cost of which is recorded as an expenditure at the time of purchase, except for the Missouri road fund, which updates inventory perpetually under the consumption method. Reserves of fund balance have been established for the inventory balances in governmental funds. Inventories in the proprietary funds consist of both expendable supplies held for consumption and the cost of goods held for resale, the cost of which is recorded as an expense as they are used. Inventories are valued at cost using various methods such as moving average; weighted average; and first-in, first-out.

#### I. Restricted Assets

These moneys are restricted by donors and applicable bond indentures:

<u>Reserved for Budget Reserve</u> – An account used to meet the cash flow requirements and program funding requirements of the State.

<u>Reserved for Inventories</u> – An account used to segregate a portion of fund balance to indicate that inventories do not represent available, spendable resources.

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#### Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

<u>Reserved for Forfeited Assets</u> - An account used to segregate a portion of fund balance to pay postclosure costs for landfill owners that have defaulted on their obligation to pay postclosure care costs (see *Note 22*) and mining reclamation costs.

<u>Reserved for Taxes</u> – An account used to segregate a portion of fund balance for taxes received for which payment was made under protest and for bonds filed by license holders for security against default of payment of tax liabilities.

<u>Reserved for Debt Service</u> – An account used to segregate a portion of fund balance for debt service resources legally restricted to the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest amounts maturing in future years.

<u>Reserved for Loans Receivable</u> – An account used to segregate a portion of fund balance to indicate that loans receivable do not represent available, spendable resources.

<u>Reserved for Trust Principal</u> – An account used to segregate a portion of fund balance to indicate the principal amount of permanent funds that is legally restricted for a specific future purpose.

#### J. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include construction in progress, infrastructure in progress, land, land improvements, buildings, equipment, software, and infrastructure assets, are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. The estimate of historical cost was based on current appraised value indexed to the date of acquisition. Donated capital assets are reported at estimated fair value at the time received. Capital assets acquired through lease agreements are capitalized at the inception of the agreement (see *Notes 5 and 6*).

Infrastructure assets (including highways, bridges, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, lighting systems, and similar items) are capitalized. Interest costs incurred during construction of capital assets are not capitalized.

The capitalization threshold for all capital assets is as follows: land improvements - \$15,000, buildings and improvements - \$15,000, software - \$5,000, and equipment - \$1,000. No dollar threshold is set for land or infrastructure.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over the following useful lives: buildings - 40 to 50 years, land improvements and building improvements - 15 to 20 years, equipment - 5 years, software - 3 to 5 years, and infrastructure - 12 to 50 years. Construction in progress, infrastructure in progress, and land are not depreciated.

Most works of art and historical treasures are not capitalized or depreciated. The State's non-capitalized collections include the historical artifacts at the various state museums and historical sites, monuments, and other art throughout the capitol grounds. Assets that were previously capitalized continue to be reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Component unit capital assets are stated at cost and are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over the following useful lives: buildings - 40 years, land improvements and building improvements - 20 years, and equipment - 5 years.

#### Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

#### K. Deferred/Unearned Revenues

#### **Governmental Funds**

Deferred revenues are those for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met for governmental funds, which use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Therefore, such amounts are reported within the governmental fund financial statements as receivables and offset by a deferred revenue account. These amounts include \$548,112,000 within the General Fund, \$50,291,000 within the major special revenue funds, \$38,945,000 within the State Road Fund, and \$5,521,000 within non-major governmental funds which totals \$642,869,000 for governmental funds. Such amounts have been deemed to be measurable but not available. All major sources of revenue, including taxes; licenses, fees, and permits; and governmental contributions; are susceptible to accrual when available within 60 days.

Deferred revenues also include amounts collected in advance of the year in which earned. The State has reported as such deferred revenues the amount of \$144,704,000 within the General Fund, \$844,000 within major special revenue funds, \$5,000,000 within the State Road Fund, and \$867,000 within non-major governmental funds which totals \$151,415,000 for governmental funds.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

Unearned revenue amounts collected in advance of the year in which earned are reported in the amount of \$21,119,000 within the internal service funds included in governmental activities. Total unearned revenue for enterprise funds is \$556,000 which includes \$515,000 within the Petroleum Storage Tank Insurance Fund, and \$41,000 within the non-major enterprise funds.

#### **Component Units**

Unearned revenue amounts collected in advance of the year in which earned are reported in the amount of \$110,374,000 within the college and universities, which is the total unearned revenue amount for component units.

#### L. Long-Term Debt

Long-term liabilities that will be financed from governmental funds are not reported on the fund financial statements. However, the long-term liabilities are reported on the government-wide financial statements. The reconciliation between fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements includes a line item for the long-term liabilities of governmental funds. These long-term liabilities include the following:

- 1. Due to Other Entities includes outstanding principal on advances from other governments and contractual obligations to other governments. The expenditures are recorded in the appropriate governmental funds when the liability is paid (see *Note 11*).
- 2. Outstanding principal for general obligation debt. The expenditure for payment of principal and interest for general obligation debt is recorded in the debt service funds when paid (see *Note 12*).
- 3. Outstanding principal for bonds issued by the Board of Public Buildings, State Road Bonds issued by the Missouri Highways and Transportation Commission, and bonds issued by the Health and Educational Facilities Authority and the Regional Convention and Sports Complex Authority. The expenditure for payment of principal and interest for these bonds is recorded in the appropriate governmental funds when paid (see *Note 12*).

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#### Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

4. Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest rate method in the government-wide financial statements. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums during the current period. Premiums on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources (see *Note 11*).

- 5. Obligations under lease/purchases reported include the present value of net minimum future lease payments, which will be paid from the General Fund, various special revenue funds, and the Missouri road fund (see *Notes 6 and 11*).
- 6. Compensated absences include accumulated unpaid vacation and compensatory time accruals and related employer payroll taxes. These amounts are not accrued in the governmental funds but are recorded as expenditures when paid (see *Note 11*).

Vacation leave is accumulated at a rate of 10 to 14 hours per month depending on the number of years of employment. Accumulated vacation leave cannot exceed twice the number of vacation hours earned annually. Compensatory time is accumulated as earned by an individual employee.

Sick leave is accumulated at a rate of 10 hours per month with no limit to the amount which can be accumulated. Accumulated sick leave is not paid upon employee termination and does not represent a liability of the State.

- 7. Claims and contingent liabilities include estimates of the risk of loss related to tort liability, general liability, motor vehicle liability, contractor liability, and injuries to employees. These liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported. Expenditures are recorded in the fund from which the liability is paid (see *Notes 11, 21, and 23*).
- 8. Pollution remediation liabilities are measured based on the pollution remediation outlays expected to be incurred to settle those liabilities. These liabilities include all remediation work that the State expects to perform, including work expected to be performed for other responsible parties or potentially responsible parties, whether or not the State is required to do that work. For goods or services used for pollution remediation activities, amounts that are normally expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are recognized as liabilities upon receipt of those goods and services (see *Note 22*).

Long-term liabilities of all proprietary, pension (and other employee benefit) trust, and private-purpose trust funds are accounted for in the respective funds.

#### M. Net Assets

Net Assets are reported in three categories:

Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt - An account used to segregate the portion of net assets attributable to capital assets and related debt. It consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt that are attributed to acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

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#### Note 1 - <u>Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)</u>

<u>Restricted Net Assets</u> - An account used to segregate the portion of net assets that have constraints on their use, which are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, and the like, or imposed by law through enabling legislation.

Enabling legislation authorizes the State to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. At June 30, 2009, net assets restricted by enabling legislation equaled \$1,133,465,000 for governmental activities.

<u>Unrestricted Net Assets</u> – An account used to segregate the portion of net assets that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally the State uses restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. However, there may be instances in which restricted funds may only be spent in proportion to unrestricted funds spent.

#### N. Revenues

The revenues of the General Fund include federal grants and contributions of \$8,751,676,000. Revenues for all funds are reported net of refunds of \$1,934,050,000.

#### O. Interfund Transactions

During the fiscal year the State incurs various transactions between funds, including expenditures and transfers of resources to distribute interest earnings, finance operations, provide services, construct assets, and service debt. Interfund transactions basically consist of these three types:

- Transactions that would be treated as revenues or expenditures/expenses if they involved
  organizations external to the State are similarly treated when involving other funds of the
  State. Major transactions that fall into this category include payments to internal service
  funds from other funds for services rendered and to agency funds for contributions for
  employee benefits.
- 2. Transactions that reimburse another fund for an expense. These transactions reduce the expenses of the fund that is being reimbursed and increase the expenses for the fund doing the reimbursement. Therefore, they are not shown on the face of the statements.
- 3. Operating subsidies and transfers from funds receiving revenues to funds through which the resources are to be expended are classified as transfers (see *Note 16*). These transactions are eliminated on the face of the financial statements if the transfer in and transfer out are either both in governmental funds or both in enterprise funds. Of the remaining transfers, any transfers in and transfers out that are within the same activity (Business-Type and Governmental) are eliminated at the Government-Wide Statement of Activities.

#### P. Expenditures and Expenses

Expenditures and expenses are reported net of revenue over collections of \$1,620,578,000 and \$210,000, respectively. Expenditures and expenses are reported net of overpayments to vendors, individuals, school districts, and for cost reimbursements of \$312,147,000 and \$1,115,000, respectively.

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#### Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

#### Q. Property Taxes

Presently there is a state property tax of three cents on each hundred dollars assessed valuation on all real estate and personal property. The tax collected is deposited into the Blind Pension Fund, which is a component unit of social assistance.

The property taxes in Missouri are levied by October 31 of each year on assessed valuation as of January 1 of that year. Property taxes are due and payable by December 31 and penalties on unpaid taxes are imposed after that date. Assessed values are established by each county assessor's office and are calculated as a percent of market value except for agricultural land which is calculated on productive capability. The percentage for real property varies according to use: residential at 19%, commercial at 32%, and agricultural at 12%. Personal property is assessed according to type with the majority at 33 1/3% of market value.

#### Note 2 - Reporting Changes and Classifications

The State of Missouri implemented the following new accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009:

- GASB Statement No. 49, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations, gives guidance on the treatment of pollution remediation obligations. It clarifies whether to capitalize or accrue the outlays as a liability, depending upon certain characteristics. This Statement also requires new note disclosures relating to pollution remediation. These disclosures may be found in Note 22 Pollution Remediation and Landfill Closure and Postclosure.
- GASB Statement No. 52, *Land and Other Real Estate Held as Investments by Endowments,* more closely aligns the reporting of land and other real estate held as investments by endowments with other investments.
- GASB Statement No. 55, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments,* identifies the sources of accounting principles for state and local governmental entities to use in presenting financial information in conformity with GAAP. This Statement does not change the presentation in the State's CAFR.
- GASB Statement No. 56, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in the AICPA Statements on Auditing Standards, incorporates certain accounting and financial reporting guidance from Statements on Auditing Standards of the AICPA into state and local governmental accounting and financial reporting standards. Included in this guidance are standards for related party transactions, subsequent events, and going concern considerations. This Statement does not change the presentation in the State's CAFR.

#### Note 3 - Deposits, Investments, and Securities Lending Program

The State Treasurer maintains a cash and short-term investment pool that is used by substantially all state funds. These funds do not include accrued interest. Certain organizational units are authorized to administer assets designated to their organization in a manner similar to the deposit and investment activities of the State as a whole. Summarized on the following page is the portfolio that represents the "Cash and Cash Equivalents," "Investments," "Restricted Assets - Cash and Cash Equivalents," and "Restricted Assets - Investments" as reported at June 30, 2009.

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#### Note 3 - Deposits, Investments, and Securities Lending Program (cont.)

#### A. Deposits

The State minimizes custodial credit risk by restrictions set forth in state law. Custodial credit risk is risk associated with the failure of a depository financial institution. In the event of a depository financial institution's failure, the State would not be able to recover its deposits or collateralized securities that are in the possession of the outside parties. Statutes restrict the State Treasurer to deposit funds in financial institutions that are physically located in Missouri which are selected based on financial stability and community involvement. The financial institution's loan to deposit ratio must exceed 50% at the time of deposit and deposits must be collateralized at least 100% with approved securities. Deposits must have a maturity of five years or less and earn interest at a rate equal to that paid on U.S. Treasury securities with equivalent maturities.

#### **Primary Government**

At June 30, 2009, the bank balance of the primary government's deposits was \$1,015,875,000. Of the bank amount, \$65,600,000 was exposed to custodial credit risk by being uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, and \$1,344,000 was exposed to custodial credit risk by being uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent, but not in the name of the State.

#### **Fiduciary**

At June 30, 2009, the bank balance of the deposits of the fiduciary funds was \$101,823,000. None of these deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### Component Units

At June 30, 2009, the bank balance of the deposits of the component units was \$390,022,000. Of the bank amount, \$48,764,000 was exposed to custodial credit risk, \$1,246,000 was uninsured and uncollateralized, and \$47,518,000 was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution.

#### B. <u>Investments</u>

Statutes authorize the State Treasurer to invest in U.S. Treasury or Agency securities maturing within five years, commercial paper and banker's acceptances maturing within 180 days, or in repurchase agreements maturing within 90 days secured by U.S. Treasury or Agency securities of any maturity. The internal service funds, the agency and pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, and the component units, in accordance with statutory authority, invest primarily in U.S. government securities, repurchase agreements, preferred and common stocks, bonds, real estate, and fixed income securities. There have been no violations of these investment restrictions during fiscal year 2009.

The State Treasurer minimizes credit risk, the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by establishing a pre-approved list of financial institutions and companies that will be used to purchase commercial paper. The State Treasurer also conducts regular credit monitoring, pre-qualifies the financial institutions and brokers/dealers with which the Treasurer's Office will do business for broker services and repurchase agreements, and diversifies the portfolio to reduce potential losses on individual securities.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the State will not be able to recover the value of their investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The State Treasurer minimizes custodial credit risk by requiring that all securities be held in the State's name at the State's custodial bank, Bank of New York.

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#### Note 3 - Deposits, Investments, and Securities Lending Program (cont.)

#### **Primary Government**

At June 30, 2009, the reported amount of the primary government's investments was \$2,969,641,000. Of this amount, \$116,267,000 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and unregistered with securities held by the State's counterparty.

#### **Fiduciary**

At June 30, 2009, the reported amount of the fiduciary funds investments was \$9,179,363,000. None of these investments were exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### **Component Units**

At June 30, 2009, the reported amount of the component units investments was \$2,100,309,000. Of this amount, \$44,430,000 was exposed to custodial credit risk, \$132,000 was uninsured and unregistered with securities held by the counterparty while \$44,298,000 was insured and unregistered with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the name of the investor.

The following table (in thousands of dollars) provides information about the interest rate risks associated with the State's investments. The investments include certain short-term cash equivalents, various long-term items, and restricted assets by maturity in years. The State Treasurer minimizes the risk of the market value of securities falling due to changes in interest rates by maintaining an effective duration of less than 1.5 years, and holding at least 40% of the portfolio's total market value in securities with a maturity of 12 months or less.

	Maturities in Years										
	Less			More	No	Total Fair					
	than 1	1-5	6-10	than 10	Maturity	Value					
All Fund Types except Fiduciary Funds and Component Units: U.S. Government											
Securities	\$ 752	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 752					
U.S. Treasury											
Securities U.S. Agency	256,201	85,642	14,608	12,396		368,847					
Securities	1,149	21,228				22,377					
U.S. Government Guaranteed											
Mortgages U.S. Government Mortgage– Backed	8,096					8,096					
Securities Repurchase	912,644	988,343	3,108	258	295	1,904,648					
Agreements	456,384					456,384					
Stocks					2,680	2,680					
Bonds		616				616					
Mutual Funds	17,254				1,726	18,980					
Commercial Paper	182,479					182,479					
Short-Term											
Securities	3,187					3,187					
Other		175	343		77	595					
Subtotal	1,838,146	1,096,004	18,059	12,654	4,778	2,969,641					

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Note 3 - <u>Deposits, Investments, and Securities Lending Program (cont.)</u>

<u>Beposits, investments</u>	, and securities	Maturities in Years						
	Less			More	No	Total Fair		
	than 1	1-5	6-10	than 10	Maturity	Value		
Fiduciary Funds:								
U.S. Government Securities	4,023	24,332	16,958	23,078		68,391		
U.S. Treasury Securities	75,108	445,756	264,275	35,674		820,813		
U.S. Agency Securities U.S. Government	25,615	39,805	7,563			72,983		
Mortgage- Backed								
Securities Repurchase	3,217	3,501	539	24,900		32,157		
Agreements Stocks	368,390				 1,013,694	368,390 1,013,694		
Bonds	176,509	14,394	13,950	11,634		216,487		
Commercial Paper International	584					584		
Equities Mortgages /					839,628	839,628		
Real Estate Asset-Backed	108,752	1,213	10,839	54,721	117,778	293,303		
Securities Short-Term		261		1,282		1,543		
Securities Foreign	697,655					697,655		
Securities Mutual Funds					6,184 1,256,980	6,184 1,256,980		
Venture Capital Limited					, ,	, ,		
Partnership Absolute Return					3,061,143 198,823	3,061,143 198,823		
Tactical Fixed Income					62,166	62,166		
Other	168,439					168,439		
Subtotal	1,628,292	529,262	314,124	151,289	6,556,396	9,179,363		
Component Units: U.S. Government								
Securities U.S. Treasury	500					500		
Securities U.S. Agency	33,708	70,658	83,057	127,692	1,450	316,565		
Securities U.S. Government Mortgage-	125,749	121,902	40,119	155,021		442,791		
Backed Securities	28,327	23,790	100			52,217		
Repurchase Agreements	28,616					28,616		
Stocks Bonds	33,680	140,623	60,709	20,249	497,734	497,734 255,261		
Money Market	3,430				110,182	113,612		
Mutual Funds Commercial Paper	14 404				17,938 90,568	17,952 90,972		
Other	1,325	13,283	42,051	15,153	212,277	284,089		
Subtotal	255,753	370,256	226,036	318,115	930,149	2,100,309		
Total Investments	\$ 3,722,191	\$ 1,995,522	\$ 558,219	\$ 482,058	\$ 7,491,323	\$ 14,249,313		

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#### Note 3 - Deposits, Investments, and Securities Lending Program (cont.)

The State minimizes concentration of credit risk, the risk attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. State statute prohibits the State Treasurer from investing more than 5% of the total investment portfolio into any single financial institution or issuer, excluding U.S. securities and repurchase agreements. There are no restrictions in the amount that can be invested in U.S. securities, however, there can be no more than 15% of the total portfolio invested in repurchase agreements. During fiscal year 2009, the State did not have more than 5% of total investments in a single issuer.

The State Treasurer requires investments in commercial paper and bankers' acceptances to have the highest letter and numerical ranking (A1/P1) as rated by Moody's Investor Service, Inc. (Moody's) and Standard & Poor's Corporation (S & P). The Treasurer does not have any additional policies regarding credit ratings of investments. The following table (in thousands of dollars) provides information on the credit ratings associated with the State's investments in debt securities.

	Moody's	S & P	Fair Value
Primary Government/Fiduciary: U.S. Government Securities		AAA Treasury	\$ 20,299 3,992
U.S. Treasury	Aaa Aaa	AAA	270,322 215
U.S. Agencies	Aaa Aaa	AAA A+ Agency	27,276 2,500 164 20,400
U.S. Government Mortgage- Backed Securities		Agency Not Rated	25,070 369
Bonds		AAA AA+ AA AA-	9,128 859 28,955 1,930
	AA3	A+ A+	8 1,622
	A1 A2	A A A	5,301 25 281,231
	A2 A3	A- A- A-	24 17 3,183
	A- Baa2	Not Rated A	11 1 <i>7</i>
	Baa2	BBB+ BBB+ BBB	42 1,649 48,287
	Baa2 Bal	BBB- BBB- BBB- BB+	8 3 3,504 617
	Ba2	BB+ BB B CCC CC CC D Not Rated	61,465 53,775 31,756 2,679 492 9,084 2,091
Repurchase Agreements	P1 Unrated	A1+	345,516 21,211
U.S. Agency–Sponsored Securities	Aaa Aaa Unrated	AAA AAA	1,829,776 70,226 10,070 9,589
Short-Term Securities	Unrated		2,913

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# Note 3 - <u>Deposits, Investments, and Securities Lending Program (cont.)</u>

	Moody's	S & P	Fair Value
Commerical Paper	P1 P1	A1+ A1	69,946
Asset-Backed Securities	r i	AAA	113,118 56,286
		Α	4,957
		BBB BB	22,932 15,418
		B Not Rated	4,460 423
Money Market Mutual Funds	Not Rated	Not Rated	77
Mutual Funds	Aaa		11,068
	AA A		4,331 619
Pooled Investments	A	Not Rated	568,038
Other	Aaa	AAA	10,839
	-	AAA	33,592
		AA+ AA	1,992 13,817
		AA-	590
		A+ A	959 13,653
		A-	440
		BBB+ BBB	432 13,608
		BBB-	482
		BB B	85,740 121,811
		CCC	53,504
		CC D	4,985 2,238
		Agency	14,647
Subtotal		Not Rated	13,786 4,466,466
			1,100,100
Component Units: U.S. Treasury Obligations	Treasury		289,428
U.S. Agency Obligations	Aaa	AAA	343,636
	Aaa Unrated		11,696 2,426
	omateu	AAA	24,198
	Agency	AAA	1,664 54,858
U.S. Agency-Sponsored	Agency		44,298
Securities	, idd	AAA	6,782
Bonds and Notes	Aaa	AAA AAA	38,888 2,014
	Aa	AAA	57,775
	A Baa	A BBB	142,612
	Ва	BB	8,001 412
	B Caa	B	806
	Unrated	CCC	391 4,270
Mutual Funds		Unrated	22
Other	Aaa	AAA	47,914
	Aa A	AA A	20,602 2,193
	Ваа	BBB	1,103
Subtotal			1,105,989
Total Rated Investments			\$ 5,572,455

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## Note 3 - Deposits, Investments, and Securities Lending Program (cont.)

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. The State Treasurer's Office does not have any deposits or investments in foreign currency and therefore does not have a policy regarding foreign currency risk. The Missouri State Employees' Retirement System and the Missouri Department of Transportation and Highway Patrol Employees' Retirement System do have foreign currency deposits and investments which may be used for hedging purposes. In addition to the amounts provided in the table, the college and universities had \$71,707,000 in government obligations, \$33,972,000 in bonds and notes, \$143,684,000 in corporate stocks, and \$6,858,000 in cash and cash equivalents held in foreign currencies as of June 30, 2009. The following table (in thousands of dollars) provides information on deposits and investments held in various foreign currencies, which are stated in U.S. dollars.

	Investment Type										
Currency		Cash		Equities	Fixe	ed Income	Alt	ternatives	Rea	al Estate	 Total
Australian Dollar	\$	753	\$	4,252	\$		\$		\$		\$ 5,005
Brazilian Real		23		16,192							16,215
Canadian Dollar		148		7,571							7,719
Czech Koruna		(10)		846							836
Danish Krone				2,424							2,424
Egyptian Pound				1,622							1,622
Euro		645		160,456		12,028		78,486		5,241	256,856
Hong Kong Dollar		16		59,166							59,182
Hungarian Forint		4		42							46
Indian Rupee		212		7,079							7,291
Indonesion Rupiah				1,917							1,917
Israeli New Shekel		(4)		650							646
Japenese Yen		5,198		368,895							374,093
Malaysian Ringgit		24		3,504							3,528
Maltese Lira				170							170
Mexican Peso		15		7,996							8,011
Moroccan Dirham		6		421							427
Norweign Krone				5,402							5,402
Pakisani Rupee		13									13
Peruvian Nuevo Sol				32							32
Philippine Peso		(2)		645							643
Polish Zloty				2,645							2,645
Russian Ruble				35							35
Singapore Dollar		59		42,244							42,303
South African Rand		80		3,823							3,903
South Korean Won		1		47,353		458					47,812
Sri Lanka Rupee				1							1
Swedish Krona		39		5,064							5,103
Swiss Franc				60,948							60,948
Taiwan Dollar		9		23,274							23,283
Thai Baht		(6)		14,123							14,117
Turkish Lira		(7)		8,931							8,924
United Kingdom		` ,		-,							-,-
Pound Sterling		442		93,579		2,598					96,619
Venezuelan Bolivar		107									 107
Total	\$	7,765	\$	951,302	\$	15,084	\$	78,486	\$	5,241	\$ 1,057,878

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#### Note 3 - Deposits, Investments, and Securities Lending Program (cont.)

#### C. <u>Securities Lending Program</u>

State Treasurer's Office:

The Missouri State Treasurer's Office participates in a securities lending program to augment investment income. Authority to participate rests in Section 30.260.5, RSMo. As of October 2004, Bank of New York began acting as the State Treasurer's custodial bank and securities lending agent. For securities which are received as collateral under a bonds borrowed program, at least 75% of the collateral received must match the maturities of the securities lent with a maximum duration gap between loans and investments of 15 days. The maximum life of term loans shall be 90 days.

Collateral may be in the form of cash, securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or its agencies, or bank letters of credit or equivalent obligation if pre-approved by the State Treasurer's Office. Collateral must be provided in the amount of 102% of the then market value of the loaned securities and accrued interest, if any. The Custodian provides for full indemnification to the State Treasurer's Office for any losses that might occur in the program due to borrower default, insolvency, or failure to return loaned securities.

At June 30, 2009, the State Treasurer's Office had an aggregate fair value of securities lent of \$54,895,000 and an aggregate fair value of collateral received of \$55,927,000.

Missouri State Employees' Retirement System:

The Missouri State Employees' Retirement System's (MOSERS) board of trustees' investment policies permit the pension trust funds to participate in a securities lending program. Certain securities of the pension trust funds are loaned to participating brokers who provide collateral in the form of cash, U.S. Treasury or government agency securities, or letters of credit issued by approved banks. Collateral must be provided in the amount of 102% of market value for domestic loans and 105% of market value for international loans. MOSERS does not have the authority to pledge or sell collateral securities without borrower default. On June 30, 2009, MOSERS had no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the collateral amounts received exceeded amounts out on loan.

Credit Suisse, New York Branch (CSNY) served as the agent for the fixed income domestic equity, and international equity securities lending programs. MOSERS reduces credit risk by allowing CSNY to lend these securities to a diverse group of dealers on behalf of MOSERS. CSNY provides indemnification against dealer default.

Daily monitoring of securities that are on loan ensure proper collateralization levels and mitigate counterparty risk. The majority of the security loans are open loans and can be terminated on demand by either MOSERS or the borrower. Cash collateral is invested in short-term investment funds, managed by CSNY. On June 30, 2009, the cash collateral fund had a market value of \$385,277,000 and a weighted average maturity of 26 days. At June 30, 2009 and 2008, MOSERS earned \$5,830,000 and \$8,442,000, respectively, on the securities lending program.

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#### Note 3 - Deposits, Investments, and Securities Lending Program (cont.)

Missouri Department of Transportation and Highway Patrol Employees' Retirement System:

In accordance with the investment policies set by the board of trustees, the Missouri Department of Transportation and Highway Patrol Employees' Retirement System (the System), lends its securities to broker-dealers and banks pursuant to a form of loan agreement. The System's custodial bank is authorized to lend available securities to approved broker-dealers and banks subject to the receipt of acceptable collateral.

During the fiscal year, the System lent securities and received cash, securities insured or guaranteed by the U.S. government or its agencies, and irrevocable bank letters of credit as collateral. The System cannot pledge or sell non-cash collateral unless a borrower defaults. Borrowers were required to deliver collateral for each loan equal to: 1) in the case of loaned securities denominated in dollars or whose primary trading market was located in the United States, 102% of the market value of the loaned securities plus any accrued interest; and 2) in the case of loaned securities not denominated in U.S. dollars or whose primary trading market was not located in the United States, 105% of the market value of the loaned securities plus any accrued interest.

The System did not impose any restrictions during the fiscal year on the amount of the loans that the custodial bank made on its behalf. There were no known failures by any borrowers to return loaned securities or pay distributions thereon during the year.

The System and borrowers maintained the right to terminate all securities lending transactions on demand. At June 30, 2009, the cash collateral fund had a market value of \$53,503,000.

At June 30, 2009 and 2008, the System earned \$393,000 and \$413,000, respectively, on the securities lending program.

University of Missouri System:

The University participates in a securities lending program to augment income. The program is administered by the University's custodial agent bank, which lends certain securities for a predetermined period of time, to an independent broker/dealer (borrower) in exchange for collateral. Collateral may be cash, U.S. government securities, defined letters of credit, or other collateral approved by the University. Loans of domestic securities are initially collateralized at 102% of the fair value of securities lent. Loans of international securities are initially collateralized at 105% of the fair value of securities lent. The University has minimized its exposure to credit risk from borrower default by having the custodial agent bank determine daily that required collateral meets a minimum of 100% of the market value of securities on loan for domestic securities lent and 105% for international securities lent.

The University continues to receive interest and dividends during the loan period as well as a fee from the borrower. The maturities of the investments made with the cash collateral generally match the maturities of the securities lent. At June 30, 2009, the University has no credit risk exposure since the collateral held exceeds the value of the securities lent. The University is fully indemnified by its custodial bank against any losses incurred as a result of borrower default. The University can pledge or sell cash and securities received as collateral absent a borrower default.

At June 30, 2009, there was a total of \$114,610,000 of securities out on loan to borrowers, which had a market value of \$111,719,000. The value of collateral received from the borrower for these securities consisted of \$115,291,000 cash and \$2,212,000 noncash collateral. The noncash collateral received for securities lending activities is not recorded as an asset because the University does not have the ability to pledge or sell such collateral unless the borrower defaults.

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## Note 3 - Deposits, Investments, and Securities Lending Program (cont.)

#### D. **Derivatives**

Missouri State Employees' Retirement System (MOSERS), through its external investment managers, has an investment policy which holds investments in futures contracts, swap contracts, and forward foreign currency exchange contracts. MOSERS does not anticipate additional significant market risk from the swap arrangements. The forward foreign currency exchange contracts are used primarily to hedge against changes in exchange rates related to foreign equities. MOSERS could be exposed to risk if the counterparties to the contracts are unable to meet the terms of the contracts. MOSERS anticipates that the counterparties will be able to satisfy their obligation as credit evaluations and credit limits are monitored by the investment managers. MOSERS also invests in mortgage-backed securities to diversify the portfolio and increase the return while minimizing the extent of risk. At June 30, 2009, MOSERS Foreign Currency Forward Contracts had a pending receivable of \$121,913,000 and a pending payable of \$122,469,000 resulting in a final liability of \$556,000.

The following table (in thousands of dollars) summarizes the various contracts in MOSERS portfolio as of June 30, 2009. The investments are reported at fair value and are included on the Statement of Net Assets of the pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds.

#### **Futures Contracts:**

Notional Amount	Exposure
\$697,702	\$(3,536)
Swaps:	
·	Counterparty
Notional Amount	Exposure
\$673,836	\$(8,628)

#### Note 4 - Federal Surplus Commodities Inventory

The federal surplus commodities inventory for the Department of Social Services was \$39,000 as of June 30, 2009. This inventory is not considered to be an asset of the State and is not included in the financial statements.

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## Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2009, was as follows (in thousands of dollars):

	J	*Balance uly 1, 2008		Increases		Decreases	Jı	Balance une 30, 2009
Governmental Activities:								
Capital Assets not being Depreciated:								
Construction in Progress	\$	678,827	\$	177,081	\$	(323,523)	\$	532,385
Infrastructure in Progress		2,672,052		1,169,499		(1,380,510)		2,461,041
Land		2,772,285	_	62,356	_	(6,876)	_	2,827,765
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated		6,123,164		1,408,936		(1,710,909)		5,821,191
Capital Assets being Depreciated:								
Land Improvements		152,384		6,013		(295)		158,102
Buildings and Improvements		2,484,114		319,505		(12,323)		2,791,296
Equipment		1,180,534		104,835		(111,388)		1,173,981
Software		10,645		4,181				14,826
Infrastructure		41,257,723		1,380,510		(37,649)		42,600,584
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated		45,085,400		1,815,044		(161,655)		46,738,789
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Land Improvements		(75,470)		(4,649)		295		(79,824)
Buildings and Improvements		(979,377)		(82,065)		4,306		(1,057,136)
Equipment		(812,624)		(97,943)		101,137		(809,430)
Software		(6,579)		(2,498)				(9,077)
Infrastructure		(20,393,782)		(703,549)		37,649		(21,059,682)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(22,267,832)		(890,704)		143,387		(23,015,149)
						(1.0.00)		
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net		22,817,568		924,340		(18,268)		23,723,640
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	28,940,732	\$	2,333,276	\$	(1,729,177)	\$	29,544,831
Business-Type Activities:								
Capital Assets not being Depreciated:								
Construction in Progress	\$	3,110	\$	3,063	\$	(883)	\$	5,290
Land		7,686		1,182				8,868
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated		10,796		4,245		(883)		14,158
Capital Assets being Depreciated:		7.446						7 446
Land Improvements		7,446						7,446
Buildings and Improvements		27,912		474				28,386
Equipment		46,246		4,997		(7,150)		44,093
Software		1,473	_	180	_			1,653
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated		83,077		5,651		(7,150)		81,578
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Land Improvements		(3,589)		(254)				(3,843)
Buildings and Improvements		(13,966)		(749)				(14,715)
Equipment		(33,042)		(3,123)		6,808		(29,357)
Software		(916)		(149)				(1,065)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(51,513)		(4,275)		6,808		(48,980)
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net		31,564	_	1,376		(342)		32,598
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	42,360	\$	5,621	\$	(1,225)	\$	46,756

<sup>\*</sup>Beginning balances as of July 1, 2008 have been restated (see *Note 17*).

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## Note 5 - Capital Assets (cont.)

Depreciation expense of governmental activities was charged to functions as follows (in thousands of dollars):

General Government	\$ 34,060 3,267
Natural and Economic Resources	,
Transportation and Law Enforcement	772,232
Human Services	 59,279
Total	\$ 890,704

## **Discretely Presented Component Units**

The following table summarizes net capital assets reported by the discretely presented component units (in thousands of dollars):

	College and Universities	Non-Major Component Units	Total
Capital Assets not being Depreciated:	¢ 272.700	<b>#</b>	¢ 272.760
Construction in Progress	\$ 273,768	\$	\$ 273,768
Land	139,146	7,220	146,366
Other Non-Depreciable Assets	20,334		20,334
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	433,248	7,220	440,468
Capital Assets being Depreciated:			
Land Improvements	22,153		22,153
Buildings and Improvements	4,291,024	49,614	4,340,638
Equipment, Fixtures, and Books	1,194,592	168	1,194,760
Infrastructure	391,017		391,017
initastructure	331,017		331,017
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	5,898,786	49,782	5,948,568
Less Total Accumulated Depreciation	(2,415,142)	(6,082)	(2,421,224)
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net	3,483,644	43,700	3,527,344
Discretely Presented Component Units - Capital Assets, Net	\$ 3,916,892	\$ 50,920	\$ 3,967,812

#### **Capital Asset Impairments**

The net gain after insurance recovery of \$20,000 would be reported as an extraordinary item in the statement of net activities, due to the restoration of Lincoln University's Caruthersville Extension facility from tornado damage.

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#### Note 6 - Leases

#### Capital

The State has entered into various agreements to lease land, buildings, and equipment. FASB Statement No. 13, *Accounting for Leases,* requires a lease that transfers substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee to be accounted for as the acquisition of a capital asset and the incurrence of an obligation by the lessee (a capital lease).

Capital leases for the internal service funds and college and universities are reported as a long-term obligation in those funds along with the related assets. Capital leases and the related assets are not reported on the fund financial statements of governmental type funds. However, the capital leases and related assets of governmental funds are included on the government-wide financial statements and they are shown on the reconciliation between fund financial statements and government-wide statements.

Following is a summary of the future minimum lease payments for capital leases (in thousands of dollars):

			Internal				College
Fiscal Year	Go	vernmental	Service	E	Enterprise		and
Ending June 30		Funds	 Funds	Funds		Universities	
2010	\$	19,204	\$ 2,731	\$	100	\$	4,071
2011		30,378	2,467		53		6,026
2012		10,468	816		39		6,121
2013		9,685	670		24		5,943
2014		8,810	622		5		2,635
2015-2019		39,559	1,059				12,243
2020-2024		20,937	410				2,448
Total Minimum Lease Payments		139,041	8,775		221		39,487
Less Amount Representing Interest		(32,218)	 (736)		(11)		(14,903)
Present Value of Net		_	_				
Minimum Lease Payments	\$	106,823	\$ 8,039	\$	210	\$	24,584

The State has entered into a lease with the Missouri Development Finance Board. The State's obligation under the lease does not constitute a general obligation or other indebtedness of the State. Payments under the lease agreement have been structured in amounts sufficient to pay principal and interest on the Leasehold Revenue Bonds issued by the Board. In November 2005, the Board issued \$28,995,000 of Leasehold Revenue Bonds Series 2005 for the purpose of purchasing a building in Florissant, St. Louis, and Jennings. In May 2006, the Board issued \$9,865,000 of Leasehold Revenue Bonds Series 2006 for the purpose of purchasing one building in St. Louis. The payments on this lease are subject to annual appropriation by the State legislature.

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#### Note 6 - Leases (cont.)

Following is a summary of the future minimum lease payments to pay interest and principal of the Leasehold Revenue Bonds (in thousands of dollars):

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Governmental Funds		Inte	ernal Service Funds
2010	\$	2,502	\$	112
2011		2,489		111
2012		2,488		111
2013		2,491		111
2014		2,482		111
2015-2019		12,365		552
2020-2024		12,311		550
2025-2029		12,023		549
2030-2034		5,181		220
Total Minimum Lease Payments		54,332		2,427
Less Amount Representing Interest		(19,915)		(889)
Present Value of Net				
Minimum Lease Payments	\$	34,417	\$	1,538

The State issued Refunding Certificates of Participation Series A 2005 dated March 1, 2005, in the amount of \$120,490,000. The Refunding Certificates of Participation refunded \$13,945,000 of Missouri Public Facilities Corporation Certificates of Participation (Acute Care Psychiatric Hospital Project) Series A 1994, \$13,400,000 of Missouri PRC Corporation Certificates of Participation (Psychiatric Rehabilitation Center Project) Series A 1995, \$9,915,000 of Northwest Missouri Public Facilities Corporation Certificates of Participation (Northwest Missouri Psychiatric Rehabilitation Center Project) Series B 1995, and \$83,480,000 of Missouri Public Facilities Corporation II Certificates of Participation (Bonne Terre Prison Project) Series A 1999. The State also issued Certificates of Participation Series 2002 dated December 15, 2002, in the amount of \$4,700,000 for the Conservation Commission of the State of Missouri Project.

The State's obligation under these leases does not constitute a general obligation or other indebtedness of the State. The certificates of participation represent proportionate ownership interests of the certificate holders in the lease agreement. The certificates do not constitute a pledge of the full faith and credit of the State. Payments under the lease agreement have been structured in amounts sufficient to pay principal and interest on the certificate, and are subject to annual appropriation by the State legislature.

Following is a summary of the future minimum lease payments for the Certificates of Participation (in thousands of dollars):

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Go	vernmental Funds
2010	\$	13,771
2011		13,778
2012		13,833
2013		13,185
2014		13,179
2015-2019		49,919
Total Minimum Lease Payments		117,665
Less Amount Representing Interest		(21,430)
Present Value of Net		
Minimum Lease Payments	\$	96,235

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## Note 6 - Leases (cont.)

Assets acquired through these capital lease agreements are recorded as capital assets at the lower of the present value of the minimum lease payments or the fair value at the time of acquisition. The following is the value of the property under capital lease by asset category as of June 30, 2009 (in thousands of dollars):

	Go	Governmental Funds		nal Service Funds	Enterprise Funds		llege and iversities
Buildings Equipment	\$	270,627 47,305	\$	7,377 6,341	\$	 584_	\$ 21,080 6,278
	\$	317,932	\$	13,718	\$	584	\$ 27,358

## Operating

The State has entered into various operating leases for land, buildings, and equipment. Most of these leases are classified as operating because the lease period is one year with multiple renewal options. Future minimum commitments due under operating leases as of June 30, 2009, were as follows (in thousands of dollars):

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Governmental Funds		Enterprise Funds		C	omponent Units
2010	\$	55,517	\$	1,728	\$	3,708
2011		1,278		1,728		2,584
2012		621		1,728		1,781
2013		589		229		1,306
2014		588		174		1,173
2015-2019		2,521				1,667
2020-2024		514				
2025-2029		524				
2030-2034		534				
2035-2039		543				
2040-2044		553				
2045-2049		563				
2050-2054		573				
						_
<b>Total Minimum Commitments</b>	\$	64,918	\$	5,587	\$	12,219

Expenditures for rent under operating leases for the years ended June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008 were \$51,734,000 and \$56,711,000, respectively.

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#### Note 6 - Leases (cont.)

#### **Rental Revenue**

The State leases certain state owned facilities to entities outside the State. These lessor arrangements are generally long-term commitments which either generate revenue from otherwise idle property or better serve Missouri's citizens by providing convenient access to products and services. The total asset value of the leased facilities is \$6.2 million for primary government and \$60.0 million for component units. Future minimum receivables, payable from lessor arrangements as of June 30, 2009, were as follows (in thousands of dollars):

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Primary Government		mponent Units
2010	\$ 184	\$	1,627
2011	149		1,745
2012	149		1,674
2013	149		1,604
2014	149		1,590
2015-2019	746		7,844
2020-2024	712		4,685
2025-2029	145		4,166
2030-2034	23		3,334
2035-2039			3,334
2040-2044			3,334
2045-2048			2,267
Total Minimum Receivables	\$ 2,406	\$	37,204

#### Note 7 - Retirement Systems

The State has two major retirement systems which cover substantially all state employees. These systems are Missouri State Employees' Retirement System (MOSERS) and Missouri Department of Transportation and Highway Patrol Employees' Retirement System (MPERS). The University of Missouri's Retirement Plan is included because the University is a component unit of the State. The Public School Retirement System of Missouri is included in this note disclosure as the State contributes to it.

#### Plan Descriptions

The Missouri State Employees' Plan (MSEP) and the Judicial Plan are single-employer defined benefit public employees' retirement plans administered by MOSERS. The Plans are administered in accordance with Sections 104.010 and 104.312–104.1215, and 476.445–476.690, respectively, of the Revised Statutes of Missouri (RSMo).

The MSEP has two benefit structures known as MSEP (closed plan) and MSEP 2000 (new plan). The MSEP covers all full-time employees hired before July 1, 2000, who are not covered under another state-sponsored retirement plan. MSEP 2000 covers all full-time employees hired on or after July 1, 2000. Members in the closed plan have the option at retirement to choose between the benefit structure of the closed plan or new plan. Retirement benefits for members of the Judicial Plan are administered and paid by MOSERS.

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#### Note 7 - Retirement Systems (cont.)

MOSERS provides retirement, survivor, and disability benefits to its members. MOSERS employees are fully vested after 5 years of creditable service (4 years for elected officials and 6 years for legislators). The retirement eligibility requirements are as follows:

#### **MSEP**

Age 65 and active with 4 years of service Age 65 with 5 years of service Age 60 with 15 years of service Age 48 with age and service equaling 80 or more (Rule of 80)

Employees may retire early at age 55 with at least 10 years of service with reduced benefits.

#### Judicial Plan

Age 62 with 12 years of service
Age 60 with 15 years of service
Age 55 with 20 years of service
Employees may retire early at age 62 with less
than 12 years of service or age 60 with less
than 15 years of service with a reduced benefit
that is based upon years of service relative to
12 or 15 years.

#### **MSEP 2000**

Age 62 with 5 years of service
Age 48 with age and service equaling 80
or more (Rule of 80)
Employees may retire early at age 57 with at
least 5 years of service with reduced benefits.

For members hired prior to August 28, 1997, cost of living adjustments (COLAs) are provided annually based on 80% of the change in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) with a minimum rate of 4% and a maximum rate of 5%, until the cumulative amount of COLAs equals 65% of the original benefit, thereafter the 4% minimum rate is eliminated. For members hired on or after August 28, 1997, COLAs are provided annually based on 80% of the change in the CPI up to a maximum rate of 5%. Qualified, terminated-vested members of MSEP and the Judicial Plan may make a one-time election to receive the present value of their benefit in a lump sum payment. To qualify, a member must have terminated with at least 5, but less than 10 years of service, be less than age 60, and have a benefit present value of less than \$10,000.

The Missouri Department of Transportation and Highway Patrol Employees' Retirement System (MPERS) is a single-employer defined benefit public employees' retirement system administered in accordance with Sections 104.010–104.1093, RSMo.

MPERS membership is composed of qualified employees of the Missouri Department of Transportation, uniformed and non-uniformed members of the Missouri State Highway Patrol, and MPERS staff.

MPERS provides retirement, survivor, and disability benefits to its members. Employees are fully vested after 5 years of creditable service. The MPERS has two benefit structures known as the Closed Plan and the Year 2000 Plan. Generally, the Closed Plan covers employees hired before July 1, 2000. The Year 2000 Plan generally covers employees hired on or after July 1, 2000.

## Note 7 - Retirement Systems (cont.)

The retirement eligibility requirements are as follows:

#### **Closed Plan**

## MoDOT and non-uniformed patrol members:

Age 65 and active with 4 or more years of service
Age 65 with 5 or more years of service
Age 60 with 15 or more years of service
Age 48 with sum of age and service
equaling 80 or more (Rule of 80)

#### Uniformed patrol members:

Age 55 and active with 4 or more years of service
Age 55 with 5 or more years of service
Age 48 with sum of age and service equaling 80 or more (Rule of 80)
Mandatory retirement at age 60

All non-uniformed members may retire early with reduced benefits at age 55 with at least 10 years of service.

For members employed prior to August 28, 1997, cost of living adjustments (COLAs) are provided annually based on 80% of the change in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) with a minimum rate of 4% and a maximum rate of 5%, until the cumulative amount of COLAs equals 65% of the original benefit, thereafter the 4% minimum rate is eliminated. For members employed on or after August 28, 1997, COLAs are provided annually based on 80% of the increase in the CPI up to a maximum rate of 5%.

#### Year 2000 Plan

## MoDOT and non-uniformed patrol members:

Age 62 with 5 or more years of service Age 48 with sum of age and service equaling 80 or more (Rule of 80)

## Uniformed patrol members:

Age 48 with sum of age and service equaling 80 or more (Rule of 80) Mandatory retirement at age 60 with 5 or more years of service

All members may retire early with reduced benefits at age 57 with at least 5 years of service. COLAs are provided annually based on 80% of the change in the CPI up to a maximum rate of 5%.

Copies of financial reports issued by MOSERS and MPERS may be requested from:

Missouri State Employees' Retirement System P.O. Box 209 907 Wildwood Jefferson City, Missouri 65102-0209

Missouri Department of Transportation and Highway Patrol Employees' Retirement System P.O. Box 1930 Jefferson City, Missouri 65102–1930

## **Funding Policy**

MOSERS administers plans which cover substantially all State of Missouri employees. The State of Missouri is obligated by state law to make all required contributions to the System. The actuarially determined contributions are expressed as a level percentage of covered payroll. Current year actuarially determined contribution rates for the MSEP and the Judicial Plan are 12.53% and 60.07%, respectively. Actual contribution rates are the same as the actuarially determined rates.

The State of Missouri makes all required contributions to MPERS. Current year calculated contribution rates are 40.22% for uniformed members of the Highway Patrol and 30.72% for non-uniformed members of the Highway Patrol and employees of the Missouri Department of Transportation. Actual contribution rates are the same as the actuarially determined rates.

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## Note 7 - Retirement Systems (cont.)

## Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

The annual pension cost and net pension obligation for the current year were as follows (in thousands of dollars):

	 MSEP	Judicial Plan		 MPERS
Annual required contribution	\$ 252,105	\$	27,726	\$ 122,599
Interest on net pension obligation Actuarial adjustment to annual	5,488		3,780	
required contribution	(4,022)		(2,770)	
Annual pension cost	 253,571		28,736	122,599
Contributions made	 (252,105)		(27,726)	 (122,599)
Increase in net pension obligation Net pension obligation, beginning	1,466		1,010	
of year	 64,570		44,471	 
Net pension obligation, end of year	\$ 66,036	\$	45,481	\$ 

The annual pension cost, the percentage of annual pension cost contributed to the Plan, and the net pension obligation for three years are as follows (in thousands of dollars):

	MSEP					Judicial Plan						
		Fi	scal	Year Endir	ng		Fiscal Year Ending					
	06	5/30/09	06	5/30/08	0	6/30/07	06	5/30/09	06	5/30/08	06	5/30/07
Annual Pension Cost (APC)	\$	253,571	\$	251,343	\$	241,022	\$	28,736	\$	27,298	\$	24,803
Percentage of APC Contributed		99.42%		99.37%		99.36%		96.49%		96.03%		95.73%
Net Pension Obligation	\$	66,036	\$	64,570	\$	62,997	\$	45,481	\$	44,471	\$	43,388
				MPERS								
		Fi	scal	Year Endir	ng							
	06	5/30/09	06	5/30/08	0	6/30/07						
Annual Pension Cost (APC)	\$	122,599	\$	123,335	\$	121,264						
Percentage of APC Contributed		100%		100%		100%						
Net Pension Obligation	\$		\$		\$							

#### **Funded Status and Funding Progress**

The funded status of the Plans as of June 30, 2009, are as follows (in thousands of dollars):

		MSEP	Ju	dicial Plan	 MPERS
Actuarial Value of Assets	\$	7,876,079	\$	81,338	\$ 1,471,497
Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age	\$	9,494,806	\$	369,107	\$ 3,113,394
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	\$	1,618,727	\$	287,769	\$ 1,641,897
Funded Ratio		82.95%		22.04%	47.26%
Covered Payroll	\$	2,002,402	\$	45,506	\$ 379,590
UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	I	80.84%		632.38%	432.54%

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#### Note 7 - Retirement Systems (cont.)

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

The annual required contribution for MOSERS for the current year was determined as part of an actuarial valuation of the Systems as of June 30, 2007, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation for MOSERS include: a) rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 8.5% per year compounded annually, b) projected salary increases of 4.0% per year annually, attributable to inflation, c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0% to 2.7% per year for MSEP and 0% to 1.6% for the Judicial Plan, depending on age, attributable to seniority and/or merit, and d) the assumption that benefits will increase 4.0% per year after retirement.

The actuarial valuation of the System dated June 30, 2009, will set the required contribution rates for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2011. The actuarial value of assets is based on a method that fully recognizes expected investment return and averages unanticipated market return over a five-year period. The unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities are amortized on an open basis as a level percentage of payroll over 30 years.

The annual required contribution for MPERS for the current fiscal year was determined as part of an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2007, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation for MPERS include: a) rate of return on the investment of 8.25% per year compounded annually, and b) projected wage inflation rate of 3.75%.

The actuarial valuation of MPERS dated June 30, 2009, will be used to determine the contribution rate for the Plan year ending June 30, 2011. The actuarial value of assets is based on a three-year smoothed market value method. The total contribution is based on a 15-year amortization period for unfunded retiree liabilities and a 30-year amortization period for other unfunded liabilities.

## **Public School Retirement System of Missouri:**

The State of Missouri also made employer contributions to the Public School Retirement System of Missouri which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit public employees' retirement system. The System includes all public school districts within the State except for the two districts covering the major metropolitan areas. It also includes certain public college and universities and some state employees.

The benefit provisions include retirement annuities, death benefits, and disability benefits. A member is vested after acquiring five years of membership credit for Missouri service.

The System was created and is governed by Chapter 169 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri. State employees who elect to remain with the Public School Retirement System under Section 104.342, RSMo, are covered by the System.

Employees of the State are not required to contribute. The State, as employer, contributed \$3,286,000, \$2,662,000, and \$2,984,000 for the years ending June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007, respectively, to the System, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Copies of the System's June 30, 2009, Comprehensive Annual Financial Report may be requested from:

Public School Retirement System of Missouri P.O. Box 268 3210 West Truman Boulevard Jefferson City, Missouri 65102-0268

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## Note 7 - Retirement Systems (cont.)

#### College and Universities:

#### **University of Missouri Retirement System**

#### Plan Description

The University of Missouri Retirement, Disability, and Death Benefit Plan is a single-employer, defined benefit plan for all qualified employees. The University's Board of Curators establishes the terms of the Plan and administers it as authorized by State statute.

Full-time employees vest in the Retirement Plan after five years of credited service and become eligible for benefits based on age and years of service. A vested employee who retires at age 65 or older is eligible for a lifetime annuity calculated at 2.2% times the credited service years times the compensation base. Vested employees who are at least age 55 and have ten years or more of credited service, or age 60 with at least five years of credited service may choose early retirement with a reduced benefit. However, if the employee retires at age 62 and has at least 25 years of credited service, the benefit is not reduced. At retirement, up to 30% of the retirement annuity can be taken in a lump sum payment; also the standard annuity can be exchanged for an actuarially-equivalent annuity.

Separate financial statements are not prepared for the Plan.

Detailed information concerning the Plan is presented in the University's 2009 financial report, which is publicly available. Copies of this report may be requested from:

University of Missouri System Office of the Controller 118 University Hall Columbia, Missouri 65211

#### **Funding Policy**

The University's contributions to the Retirement Plan are equal to the actuarially determined contribution requirement, which averaged 5.9% of payroll for the year ended June 30, 2009. The Plan is funded 100% by University contributions and does not require employee contributions. The contribution rate is updated annually on July 1 at the beginning of the University's fiscal year, to the actuarially determined amount from the most recent valuation on the preceding October 1. This actuarial valuation reflects the adoption of any Retirement Plan amendments during the previous fiscal year.

## Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

The annual pension cost and net pension obligation for the current year were as follows (in thousands of dollars):

	University of Missouri System			
Annual required contribution	\$	56,663		
Interest on net pension obligation				
Actuarial adjustment to annual				
required contribution				
Annual pension cost		56,663		
Contributions made		(56,663)		
Change in net pension obligation				
Net pension obligation, beginning of year				
Net pension obligation, end of year	\$			

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#### Note 7 - Retirement Systems (cont.)

The annual pension cost, the percentage of annual pension cost contributed to the Plan, and the net pension obligation for three years are as follows (in thousands of dollars):

	Fiscal Year Ending							
	06	5/30/09	06	5/30/08	06	5/30/07		
Annual Pension Cost (APC)	\$	56,663	\$	72,284	\$	74,736		
Percentage of APC Contributed		100%		100%		100%		
Net Pension Obligation	\$		\$		\$			

## **Funded Status and Funding Progress**

The funded status of the Plan as of June 30, 2009, is as follows (in thousands of dollars):

	Actuarial Valuation October 1, 2008				
Actuarial Value of Assets	\$	2,808,126			
Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age	\$	2,733,032			
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	\$	(75,094)			
Funded Ratio		102.75%			
Covered Payroll	\$	954,430			
UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		(7.87%)			

## **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

The annual required contribution for the University for the current fiscal year was determined as part of an actuarial valuation of the System as of October 1, 2007, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation include: a) assumed rate of return on investments of 8.0% per year, b) projected salary increases for academic and administrative employees averaging 5.2% per year, c) projected salary increases for clerical and service employees averaging 4.5% per year, and d) assumed no future retiree ad-hoc increases or cost of living adjustments.

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## Note 8 - Other Postemployment Benefits

In addition to the retirement benefits described in Note 7, the State provides postemployment health care and life insurance benefits, in accordance with State statutes, to the majority of employees who either retire from the State or receive long-term disability benefits. These benefits are administered by the Missouri Consolidated Health Care Plan (MCHCP), the Missouri State Employees' Retirement System (MOSERS), the MoDOT and MSHP Medical and Life Insurance Plan (MHPML), and the Conservation Employees' Insurance Plan (CEIP). The eligible number of retirees/long-term disability claimants for MCHCP, MHPML, and CEIP for health care benefits are approximately 17,864, 5,577, and 574, respectively. The eligible number of retirees/long-term disability claimants for MOSERS, MHPML, and CEIP for life insurance benefits are 17,935, 3,522, and 388, respectively. Health care benefits and MOSERS life insurance benefits are funded through both employer and employee contributions. MHPML and CEIP life insurance benefits are funded through employee contributions. Employer contribution rates are set in accordance with Section 103.100, RSMo. Retiree contribution rates are established based on projected claims experience and funding provided by employer contributions. Insurance policies are purchased for life insurance benefits and are the liability of the insurance carrier. For fiscal year 2009, the State's contributions were 62.79% of the total (employer/employee) contributions made for other postemployment benefits.

During fiscal year 2009, the State contributed the following amounts (in thousands of dollars):

	He	ealth Care	Life	Insurance
MCHCP	\$	91,447	\$	
MOSERS				1,977
MHPML		15,332		
CEIP		1,403		
Total	\$	108,182	\$	1,977

During fiscal year 2009, the expenditures recognized by the State for (employer/employee) other postemployment benefits were as follows (in thousands of dollars):

	He	ealth Care	Life I	nsurance
MCHCP	\$	105,946	\$	
MHPML		33,109		2,609
CEIP		3,011		244
Total	\$	142,066	\$	2,853

### **Funding Policy**

The contribution requirements of MCHCP, MHPML, and CEIP are established and may be amended by the State legislature, Missouri Highways and Transportation Commission, and the Conservation Department Board of Trustees, respectively. The State has partially funded the annual required contribution (ARC) of MCHCP in addition to the pay-as-you-go amount. In fiscal year 2009, the State contributed \$31.6 million in addition to pay-as-you-go, and any additional amount paid for fiscal year 2010 will be based on the funds available. The required contribution for MHPML and CEIP is based on an actuarial study and is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. For fiscal year 2009, MCHCP, MHPML, and CEIP contributed \$91.4, \$25.2, and \$2.5 million, respectively.

## Note 8 - Other Postemployment Benefits (cont.)

#### Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The MCHCP, MHPML, and CEIP annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of MCHCP, MHPML, and CEIP annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the Plan, and changes in the net OPEB obligation (in thousands of dollars):

	 MCHCP	 MHPML	_	(	CEIP
Annual required contribution	\$ 124,511	\$ 91,722	\$		8,289
Interest on net OPEB obligation	2,673	3,554			267
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 (1,843)	 (4,403)	_		(218)
Annual OPEB Cost	125,341	90,873			8,338
Contributions made	(91,447)	(25,241)			(2,464)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	 33,894	 65,632			5,874
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	 35,644	 71,067	_		5,933
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 69,538	\$ 136,699	\$	;	11,807

The annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation for fiscal year 2009 are as follows (in thousands of dollars):

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2009					
		MCHCP		MHPML		CEIP
Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$	124,511	\$	91,722	\$	8,289
Percentage of ARC Contributed		73.44%		27.52%		29.73%
Net OPEB Obligation	\$	69,538	\$	136,699	\$	11,807

#### Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the Plans as of June 30, 2009, are as follows (in thousands of dollars):

	MCHCP	MHPML	CEIP
Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ 1,629,868 48,652	\$ 935,678 	\$ 109,436 
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	\$ 1,581,216	\$ 935,678	\$ 109,436
Funded Ratio Covered Payroll	2.99% \$ 1,638,100	0.00% \$ 379,543	0.00% \$ 67,141
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	96.53%	246.53%	162.99%

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#### Note 8 - Other Postemployment Benefits (cont.)

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the actuarial valuation for fiscal year ending June 30, 2009, MCHCP used the entry-age method. The August 24, 2007, MHPML and the January 23, 2008, CEIP actuarial valuation used the projected unit credit method. The actuarial assumptions for MCHCP, MHPML, and CEIP include a 7.5%, 5%, and 4.5% discount rate, respectively. The projected annual health care cost trend rate is 9% initially, then decreasing by 2/3% per year to an ultimate rate of 5%. The UAAL is being amortized at a level dollar amount over an open basis, over a 30-year period.

#### College and Universities:

#### University of Missouri System

In addition to the retirement benefits described in *Note 7*, the University provides postemployment medical care, dental care, and life insurance benefits to eligible employees who retire from the University and to employees receiving long-term disability benefits. Currently, 5,981 retirees/long-term disability claimants meet the eligibility requirements. These postemployment benefits are funded through both employer and employee contributions. For fiscal year 2009, the University's contributions were 66.93% of the total (employer/employee) contributions made for other postemployment benefits.

Currently, the number of retirees/long-term disability claimants participating in medical care, dental care, and life insurance are 4,932, 4,795, and 2,665, respectively. During fiscal year 2009, the University contributed \$23,789,000 for other postemployment benefits. The expenditures recognized by the University for (employer/employee) other postemployment benefits were \$35,387,000.

#### **Funding Policy**

In June 2008, the University established its OPEB Trust Fund, the assets of which are irrevocable and legally protected from creditors and dedicated to providing postemployment benefits in accordance with terms of the Plan. Previously, postemployment benefit costs other than long-term disability were funded on a current basis, and expenses were recorded on a pay-as-you-go basis. Long-term disability costs were recognized during the period in which the employee became eligible to receive disability benefits.

The University's OPEB Trust Fund does not issue a separate financial report, but is included in the University's financial report using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. The University currently plans to contribute to the trust fund an amount that, in addition to the current year premium contributions, is sufficient to fund 50% of the annual required contribution (ARC).

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#### Note 8 - Other Postemployment Benefits (cont.)

#### Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The University's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the University's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the Plan, and changes in the University's net OPEB obligation for fiscal year 2009 (in thousands of dollars):

	University of Missouri System			
Annual required contribution	\$	47,578		
Interest on net OPEB obligation		(10)		
Adjustment to annual OPEB obligation		8		
Annual OPEB cost		47,576		
Contributions made		(23,789)		
Increase in net OPEB obligation		23,787		
Net OPEB obligation (asset), beginning of year		(150)		
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$	23,637		

The annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation for fiscal year 2009 was as follows (in thousands of dollars):

	versity of ouri System
Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$ 47,578
Percentage of ARC Contributed	50.00%
Net OPEB Obligation	\$ 23,637

#### Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the Plan as of June 30, 2009, was as follows (in thousands of dollars):

	iversity of ouri System
Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ 488,140
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	\$ 488,140
Funded Ratio Covered Payroll	\$ 0.00% 930,365
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	52.47%

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

In the July 1, 2007, actuarial valuation, University of Missouri System used the projected unit credit cost method. The actuarial assumptions for University of Missouri System included a 6.75% rate of return, net of administrative expenses. The projected annual health care cost trend rate is 7.0% to 11.5% initially, reduced by 0.5% decrements to an ultimate rate of 4.5%. The UAAL is being amortized at a level dollar amount over an open basis, level percent of pay, over a 30-year period.

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## Note 9 - Deferred Compensation

#### Missouri State Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Plan:

In accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457, the State offers all employees the opportunity to participate in the Missouri State Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Plan. Under the Plan, employees are permitted to defer a portion of their current salary until future years.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the Plan must be held in a trust, custodial account or annuity contract for the exclusive benefit of Plan participants and their beneficiaries. Investments are managed by the Plan's trustee under one of several investment options, or a combination thereof. The choice between the investment option(s) available by the Plan is made by the participants.

Copies of the Plan's financial statements may be requested from:

ING One Heritage Drive North Quincy, Massachusetts 02171

#### Missouri State Employees' Deferred Compensation Incentive Plan:

The Plan was established by the Missouri State Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Commission in July 1995 pursuant to Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. As of July 1, 2008, it is administered by ING.

Under the Plan provisions, any employee of the State is eligible to participate in the Plan if he/she has been an employee of the State for at least 12 consecutive months preceding any employer contributions to the Plan, and is making continuous monthly deferrals of at least \$25 to the Missouri State Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Plan. The State, subject to appropriation, contributes \$25, \$30, or \$35 per month for each employee that meets these requirements based on employee contribution. Participating employees are 100% vested. The contribution rates for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009, is presented below:

Employee Contribution (per month)	State Incentive (per month)
\$25 to \$29.50	\$25
\$30 to \$34.50	\$30
\$35 or more	\$35

The first employer contributions to the Plan were made in January 1996. The Plan receives contributions from employees as well as rollovers from other qualified plans. During fiscal year 2009, employer contributions to ING were \$14,767,000 and rollover contributions were \$28,206,000.

Copies of the Plan's financial statements may be requested from:

ING One Heritage Drive North Quincy, Massachusetts 02171

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## Note 10 - Changes in Short-Term Liabilities

The State uses a bank overdraft line of credit to compensate for timing in cash payments and receipts.

The following is a summary of the changes in short-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2009 (in thousands of dollars):

	 lance I, 2008	Ir	ıcreases	D	ecreases	 nce 0, 2009
<b>Governmental Activities:</b> Bank Overdraft	\$ 	\$	42,710	\$	(42,707)	\$ 3

## Note 11 - Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2009 (in thousands of dollars):

(iii tiiousanus oi uonais).		*Balance ly 1, 2008	 ncreases		Decreases	<u>Ju</u>	Balance ne 30, 2009	_(	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:									
Due to Other Entities	\$	32,085	\$ 1,556	\$	(6,700)	\$	26,941	\$	1,655
General Obligation Bonds									
Payable		666,165			(66,090)		600,075		71,165
Other Bonds Payable	3	3,084,670	142,735		(124,720)		3,102,685		126,830
Unamortized Bond									
Premium		157,053	2,835		(21,537)		138,351		
Obligations under Lease/									
Purchases		251,075	27,466		(31,489)		247,052		29,059
Pollution Remediation		7,857	2,727		(535)		10,049		1,282
Compensated Absences		175,979	194,019		(184,688)		185,310		184,688
Claims Liabilities		202,962	429,320		(438,018)		194,264		119,734
Contingent Liabilities		40,087			(13,090)		26,997		26,997
2 <sup>nd</sup> Injury Fund									
Contingent Liabilities		1,248,013	191,330		(66,866)		1,372,477		66,866
Net Other Postemployment									
Benefit Obligation		112,644	224,552		(119,152)		218,044		
Net Pension Obligation		109,041	404,906		(402,430)		111,517		
Total Governmental									
Activities	\$ (	5,087,631	\$ 1,621,446	\$	(1,475,315)	\$	6,233,762	\$	628,276
Business-Type Activities:									
Obligations under Lease/ Purchases	\$	244	\$ 88	\$	(122)	\$	210	\$	94
Claims Liabilities		116,733	11,739		(15,784)		112,688		15,000
Grand Prize Winner									
Liability		104,119	47,860		(48,753)		103,226		52,200
Compensated Absences		2,689	 3,577	_	(3,090)		3,176		3,090
Total Business-Type									
Activities	\$	223,785	\$ 63,264	\$	(67,749)	\$	219,300	\$	70,384

<sup>\*</sup>Beginning balances as of July 1, 2008 have been restated (see Note 17).

## Note 12 - Bonds Payable

Bonds are long-term liabilities and are reconciling items from governmental fund financial statements to government-wide financial statements. On the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets, the long-term liabilities are shown as the amounts due within one year from the date of the statement and the amounts due in more than one year from the date of the statement.

## General Obligation Bonds:

The Board of Fund Commissioners of the State of Missouri, upon voter approval and subsequent authorization of the General Assembly, issues general obligation bonds that are secured by a pledge of the full faith, credit, and resources of the State. The principal and interest amounts are transferred one year in advance from the General Fund or other funds to the debt service funds from which principal and interest payments are made. Four types of general obligation bonds are currently outstanding. Proceeds from the Water Pollution Control Bonds were used to provide funds for the protection of the environment through the control of water pollution. Proceeds from the Third State Building Bonds were used to provide funds for improvements of state buildings and property. Proceeds from the Fourth State Building Bonds were used to provide funds for improvements of buildings and property of higher education institutions, Department of Corrections, and the Division of Youth Services. Proceeds from the Stormwater Control Bonds were used to provide funds to protect the environment through the control of stormwater.

To take advantage of lower interest rates, the Board of Fund Commissioners has issued bonds to refund various outstanding bond issues. The following indicates the refunding bonds issued by the Board (in thousands of dollars):

	Date Issued	Amount Issued	Series Refunded	Amount efunded
Water Pollution Control Bonds:				
Series A 1987 Refunding	8/1/87	\$ 49,715	A 1981	\$ 16,940
			B 1983	9,625
			A 1985	19,575
Series B 1991 Refunding	11/1/91	17,435	A 1983	16,415
Series C 1991 Refunding	11/1/91	33,575	B 1987	30,695
Series B 1992 Refunding	8/15/92	50,435	A 1986	46,400
Series B 1993 Refunding	8/1/93	109,415	A 1987 Refunding	33,240
			A 1989	27,280
			A 1991	27,350
			B 1991 Refunding	11,355
Series B 2002 Refunding	10/15/02	147,710	C 1991 Refunding	21,875
			A 1992	26,560
			B 1992 Refunding	33,595
			A 1993	22,350
			A 1995	22,520
			A 1996	25,900
Series A 2003 Refunding	10/29/03	74,655	B 1993 Refunding	76,540
Series A 2005 Refunding	6/29/05	95,100	A 1996	2,160
			A 1998	28,680
			A 1999	17,595
			A 2003 Refunding	51,535

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## Note 12 - Bonds Payable (cont.)

	Date	Amount	Series	Amount
	Issued	Issued	Refunded	Refunded
Third State Building Bonds:				
Series A 1987 Refunding	8/1/87	170,115	B 1983	33,675
			A 1984	48,130
			A 1985	73,375
Series A 1991 Refunding	11/1/91	34,870	A 1983	32,835
Series B 1991 Refunding	11/1/91	71,955	B 1987	65,780
Series A 1992 Refunding	8/15/92	273,205	A 1986	251,355
Series A 1993 Refunding	8/1/93	148,480	A 1987 Refunding	113,725
			A 1991 Refunding	22,935
Series A 2002 Refunding	10/15/02	211,630	B 1991 Refunding	47,320
			A 1992 Refunding	181,170
Series A 2003 Refunding	10/29/03	75,650	A 1993 Refunding	79,380
Fourth State Building Bonds:				
Series A 2002 Refunding	10/15/02	154,840	A 1995	56,300
Series A 2002 Returning	10/13/02	134,040	A 1996	92,485
Series A 2005 Refunding	6/29/05	45.330	A 1996	7,715
Series / 2003 Returning	0/23/03	15,550	A 1998	40,970
Stormwater Control Bonds:			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	10,570
Series A 2005 Refunding	6/29/05	17,175	A 1999	17,595
Secretary Relating	0,23,03	,	555	,555

The additional principal amount of the refunding bonds does not decrease the amount of the authorization.

As of June 30, 2009, \$594,494,240 of the Water Pollution Control Bonds; \$600,000,000 of the Third State Building Bonds; \$250,000,000 of the Fourth State Building Bonds; and \$45,000,000 of the Stormwater Control Bonds have been issued. The remaining authorization for the Water Pollution Control Bonds is \$130,505,760 and for Stormwater Control Bonds is \$155,000,000. There is no remaining authorization for the Third State Building Bonds or the Fourth State Buildings Bonds.

General obligation bonds issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2009, were as follows (in thousands of dollars):

				Final			
	Interest	Payment	Issue	Maturity			
	Rates	Dates	Date	Date	 Issued	Οι	ıtstanding
Water Pollution Control Bonds:							
Series A 2001	4.0 - 7.0%	12/1; 6/1	6/01	6/1/26	\$ 20,000	\$	15,660
Series A 2002	3.0 - 5.25%	2/1; 8/1	8/02	8/1/27	30,000		25,325
Series B 2002 – Refunding	3.375 - 5.0%	4/1; 10/1	10/02	10/1/21	147,710		97,695
Series A 2003 – Refunding	3.25 - 6.0%	2/1; 8/1	10/03	8/1/16	74,655		20,405
Series A 2005 – Refunding	5.0%	10/1; 4/1	6/05	10/1/16	95,100		95,100
Series A 2007	4.0 - 5.0%	6/1; 12/1	11/07	12/1/32	50,000		48,895
Third State Building Bonds:							
Series A 2002 – Refunding	4.0 - 5.0%	4/1; 10/1	10/02	10/1/12	211,630		68,675
Series A 2003 – Refunding	3.25 - 6.0%	2/1; 8/1	10/03	8/1/12	75,650		10,730
Fourth State Building Bonds:							
Series A 2002 - Refunding	3.375 - 5.0%	4/1; 10/1	10/02	10/1/21	154,840		137,460
Series A 2005 – Refunding	5.0%	10/1; 4/1	6/05	10/1/16	45,330		44,295
Stormwater Control Bonds:				0 / 2 / 2 0			
Series A 2001	4.0 - 7.0%	12/1; 6/1	6/01	6/1/26	10,000		7,635
Series A 2002	3.0 – 5.25%	2/1; 8/1	8/02	8/1/27	15,000		11,025
Series A 2005 – Refunding	5.0%	10/1; 4/1	6/05	10/1/15	 17,175		17,175
Total General							
Obligation Bonds					\$ 947,090	\$	600,075
Less: Amount in Sinking							
Fund for payment of							
Principal							(71,165)
						\$	528,910

## Note 12 - Bonds Payable (cont.)

As of June 30, 2009, general obligation debt service requirements for principal and interest in future years were as follows (in thousands of dollars):

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Principal	Interest	Totals
2010	\$ 71,165	\$ 26,898	\$ 98,063
2011	68,615	23,417	92,032
2012	58,040	20,295	78,335
2013	51,790	17,647	69,437
2014	46,445	15,456	61,901
2015-2019	196,940	45,099	242,039
2020-2024	69,505	15,031	84,536
2025-2029	25,375	5,464	30,839
2030-2033	12,200	1,153	13,353
Totals	\$ 600,075	\$ 170,460	\$ 770,535

#### Other Bonds:

The Board of Public Buildings of the State of Missouri, upon the approval of the General Assembly, issues revenue bonds for building projects and commits state agencies to lease space in these buildings. The General Assembly appropriates to the Board, on behalf of the state agencies, amounts sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the bonds, maintain certain required reserves, and to pay the costs of operations. The total amount authorized for the Board equals \$945,000,000.

To take advantage of lower interest rates, the Board of Public Buildings has issued bonds to refund various outstanding bond issues. The following indicates the refunding bonds issued by the Board (in thousands of dollars):

	Date Issued	Amount Issued		Series Refunded	Amount efunded
Board of Public Buildings:					
Series A 1983 Refunding	10/1/83	\$ 43,	445	A 1981	\$ 43,445
Series A 1985 Refunding	12/1/85	150,	560	1966	2,160
				1967	825
				A 1978	11,745
				A 1979	2,260
				A 1980	3,795
				A 1983 Refunding	39,875
				A 1984	89,900
Series A 1991 Refunding	12/1/91	148,	500	A 1985 Refunding	107,700
				A 1988	19,165
				В 1988	2,550
				C 1988	2,145
Series B 2001 Refunding	10/10/01	83,	465	A 1991 Refunding	86,810

The additional principal amount of the refunding bonds does not decrease the amount of the authorization.

As of June 30, 2009, the Board of Public Buildings Bonds had issued \$871,205,000 of the bond authorization. The remaining authorization is \$73,795,000.

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## Note 12 - Bonds Payable (cont.)

The Board of Public Buildings Bonds issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2009, were as follows (in thousands of dollars):

				Final				
	Interest	Payment	Issue	Maturity				
	Rates	Dates	Date	Date		Issued	Οι	ıtstanding
Board of Public Buildings:		_						_
Series A 2001	4.25 - 5.75%	5/1; 11/1	5/01	5/1/26	\$	173,870	\$	137,980
Series B 2001 – Refunding	3.5 - 5.5%	6/1; 12/1	10/01	12/1/12		83,465		17,165
Series A 2003	4.0 - 6.0%	4/15;10/15	4/03	10/15/28		387,425		353,610
Series A 2006	4.0 - 5.0%	4/1; 10/1	10/06	10/1/31		120,000		114,575
Total Board of Public								
Buildings Bonds					\$	764,760	\$	623,330
					_		_	

As of June 30, 2009, the debt service requirements for principal and interest in future years for the Board of Public Buildings Bonds were as follows (in thousands of dollars):

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Totals
2010	\$ 31,175	\$ 30,127	\$ 61,302
2011	22,950	28,702	51,652
2012	23,815	27,551	51,366
2013	24,675	26,267	50,942
2014	23,520	24,982	48,502
2015-2019	133,750	105,697	239,447
2020-2024	167,550	69,206	236,756
2025-2029	173,445	25,757	199,202
2030-2032	22,450	1,583	24,033
Totals	\$ 623,330	\$ 339,872	\$ 963,202

The Health and Educational Facilities Authority issued \$35,000,000 of Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds (University of Missouri-Columbia Arena Project), Series 2001, dated November 1, 2001, to fund the design, acquisition, construction, furnishing, and equipping of a sports arena facility and related facilities on the University of Missouri-Columbia campus. These bonds are limited obligations of the Authority and do not constitute a pledge of the full faith and credit of the State. However, under a financing agreement dated November 1, 2001, the Office of Administration will request that the Governor's annual budget request to the General Assembly include the State's financing amount for principal and interest each year.

The Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2009, were as follows (in thousands of dollars):

	Interest Rates	Payment Dates	Issue Date	Final Maturity Date	Issued	Outstanding
Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds: Series 2001	3.0 - 5.0%	5/1; 11/1	11/01	11/1/21	\$ 35,000	\$ 27,825

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#### Note 12 - Bonds Payable (cont.)

As of June 30, 2009, the debt service requirement of the State for principal and interest in future years for the Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds (based on the financing agreement between the State and the Authority) were as follows (in thousands of dollars):

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Totals	
2010	\$ 1,610	\$ 1,281	\$ 2,891	
2011	1,685	1,199	2,884	
2012	1,760	1,112	2,872	
2013	1,835	1,031	2,866	
2014	1,915	953	2,868	
2015-2019	11,005	3,339	14,344	
2020-2022	8,015	587	8,602	
Totals	\$ 27,825	\$ 9,502	\$ 37,327	

The Regional Convention and Sports Complex Authority issued \$132,910,000 of Convention and Sports Facility Project Bonds, Series A 1991, dated August 15, 1991, to finance the costs of acquiring land and constructing a multi-purpose convention and indoor sports facility in downtown St. Louis, Missouri. On December 15, 1993, the Authority issued \$121,705,000 of Convention and Sports Facility Project Refunding Bonds, Series A 1993 for the purpose of refunding the callable portions of the outstanding bonds issued in August 1991 and to pay the costs of additions and enhancements to the project. The outstanding principal amount refunded was \$101,410,000. On August 1, 2003, the Authority issued \$116,030,000 of Convention and Sports Facility Project Refunding Bonds, Series A 2003 for the purpose of refunding Convention and Sports Facility Project Bonds, Series A 1991 and Series A 1993 refunding bonds and to pay the costs of additions and enhancements to the project. The outstanding principal amount refunded was \$2,845,000 for the Series A 1991 bonds and \$113,170,000 for the Series A 1993 refunding bonds. These bonds are limited obligations of the Authority and do not constitute a pledge of the full faith and credit of the State.

The Convention and Sports Facility Project Bonds issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2009, were as follows (in thousands of dollars):

	Interest Rates	Payment Dates	Issue Date	Maturity Date	 Issued	Out	standin <u>g</u>
Convention and Sports Facility Project Bonds: Series A 2003 – Refunding	1.42-5.375%	2/15; 8/15	8/03	8/15/21	\$ 116,030	\$	93,215

As of June 30, 2009, the debt service requirements for these bonds are as follows (in thousands of dollars):

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	<u> Principal</u>	<u> Interest</u>	Totals	
2010	\$ 5,225	\$ 4,654	\$ 9,879	
2011	5,465	4,392	9,857	
2012	5,745	4,104	9,849	
2013	6,040	3,799	9,839	
2014	6,355	3,478	9,833	
2015-2019	37,125	11,892	49,017	
2020-2022	27,260	2,045	29,305	
Totals	\$ 93,215	\$ 34,364	\$ 127,579	

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## Note 12 - Bonds Payable (cont.)

Under a financing agreement dated August 1, 1991, the Office of Administration will request that the Governor's annual budget request to the General Assembly include the State's financing amount of \$10,000,000 for principal and interest and \$2,000,000 for maintenance each year. Future payments to the Authority related to the bond repayment are as follows (in thousands of dollars):

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	State Debt Service Payments
2010	\$ 10,000
2011	10,000
2012	10,000
2013	10,000
2014	10,000
2015-2019	50,000
2020-2022	25,000
Total	<u>\$ 125,000</u>

#### State Road Bonds:

The Missouri Highways and Transportation Commission authorized by Article IV, Section 29–34 of the Missouri Constitution and Section 226.133 of the State Highway Act, issues bonds for highway construction and repairs. Under the Missouri Constitution, the principal and interest of the State Road Bonds are payable solely from the revenues of the Missouri road fund. State Road Bonds have the following levels of priority: Senior Bonds, First Lien Bonds, Second Lien Bonds, and Third Lien Bonds. Proceeds from State Road Bonds are used for the purpose of constructing and maintaining the State's highways. As of June 30, 2009, the Missouri Highways and Transportation Commission had issued \$2,727,195,000.

To take advantage of lower interest rates, the Missouri Highways and Transportation Commission has issued Bonds to refund various outstanding bond issues. The following indicates the refunding bonds issued by the Commission (in thousands of dollars):

	Date Issued	Amount Issued	Series Refunded	Amount Refunded
Senior Lien State Road Bonds: Series 2006 Refunding	12/12/06	\$ 394,870	A 2000	\$ 135,980
			A 2001	105,075
			A 2002	109,165
			A 2003	57,390

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## Note 12 - Bonds Payable (cont.)

The State Road Bonds issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2009, were as follows (in thousands of dollars):

	Interest Rates	Payment Dates	Issue Date	Final Maturity Date	Issued	Outstanding
Missouri Highways and						
Transportation Commission:						
State Road Bonds						
Series A 2000	4.30-5.625%	2/1; 8/1	12/00	2/1/13	\$ 250,000	\$ 38,310
Series A 2001	2.25-5.125%	2/1; 8/1	10/01	2/1/15	200,000	40,115
Series A 2002	3.00-5.25%	2/1; 8/1	6/02	2/1/15	203,000	46,185
Series A 2003	2.00-5.00%	2/1; 8/1	11/03	2/1/23	254,000	146,555
Series A 2005-First Lien	2.50-5.00%	5/1;11/1	7/05	5/1/15	278,660	181,210
Series B 2005-Third Lien	Variable	Variable	7/05	5/1/15	72,000	58,920
Series A 2006-First Lien	3.75-5.00%	5/1;11/1	8/06	5/1/21	296,670	286,670
Series B 2006-First Lien	4.50-5.00%	5/1;11/1	8/06	5/1/26	503,330	503,330
Series 2006-Refunding	4.00-5.00%	2/1; 8/1	12/06	2/1/22	394,870	394,870
Series 2007-Second Lien	4.00-5.25%	5/1;11/1	9/07	5/1/27	526,800	517,025
Series 2008-Second Lien	3.00-5.00%	5/1;11/1	12/08	5/1/25	142,735	142,735
Total Missouri Highways	5					
and Transportation						
Commission					\$ 3,122,065	\$ 2,355,925

As of June 30, 2009, debt service requirements for principal and interest in future years for the Missouri Highways and Transportation Commission were as follows (in thousands of dollars):

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Principal	Interest (1)	Totals	
2010	\$ 88,285	\$ 112,782	\$ 201,067	
2011	99,885	108,646	208,531	
2012	121,135	103,916	225,051	
2013	129,910	98,983	228,893	
2014	135,920	93,459	229,379	
2015-2019	747,920	372,153	1,120,073	
2020-2024	750,920	178,197	929,117	
2025-2027	281,950	22,096	304,046	
Totals	\$ 2,355,925	\$ 1,090,232	\$ 3,446,157	

<sup>(1)</sup> The annual debt service schedule assumes an interest rate of 0.22%, representing the interest rate at June 30, 2009, for the Series B 2005 bonds. During the year, interest rates ranged from 0.16% to 8.41%.

In addition, one of the blended component units of the Missouri road fund had revenue bonds issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2009.

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## Note 12 - Bonds Payable (cont.)

The Wentzville Parkway Transportation Corporation, a blended component unit of the Missouri road fund, issued \$12,935,000 of Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series 2001 dated May 1, 2001, to finance the expansion and reconstruction of the interchange at Interstate Highway 70 and Wentzville Parkway in St. Charles County. These bonds are not an obligation of the Commission and do not constitute a pledge of the full faith and credit of the State.

The revenue bonds issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2009, were as follows (in thousands of dollars):

,	Interest Rates	Payment Dates	Issue Date	Final Maturity Date	Issued	Outstanding
Wentzville Parkway Transportation Corporation:						
Transportation Revenue Bonds Series 2001	3.4 - 4.9%	2/1; 8/1	5/01	8/1/10	\$ 12,935	\$ 2,390

As of June 30, 2009, debt service requirements for principal and interest in future years for the bonds of the blended component units of the Missouri road fund were as follows (in thousands of dollars):

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Principal	Interest	Totals
2010 2011	\$ 535 1,855	\$ 104 45	\$ 639 1,900
Totals	\$ 2,390	\$ 149	\$ 2,539

Under a funding agreement dated April 6, 2001, the City of Wentzville will make payments to the Wentzville Parkway Transportation Corporation in the amount of \$4,119,000 to pay a portion of the principal of the bonds. The future payments to the Corporation are as follows (in thousands of dollars):

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Principal	Interest	City's Total Payments	
2010	\$ 535	\$ 104	\$ 639	
2011	1,855	<u>45</u>	1,900	
Totals	\$ 2,390	\$ 149	\$ 2,539	

## Note 12 - Bonds Payable (cont.)

<u>Component Units' Long-Term Debt</u> - The following bonds are included in the balance sheet of the college and universities and the non-major component units.

#### **Major**

#### College and Universities:

The college and universities of the State issue revenue bonds for various projects on each respective campus. Bonds are payable, both principal and interest, only out of net income and revenues arising from operations of facilities funded by the bonds. As of June 30, 2009, debt service requirements for principal and interest for the college and universities were as follows (in thousands of dollars):

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	<u> Principal</u>	Interest	Totals
2010	¢ 42.002	¢ 52.722	¢ 00.014
2010	\$ 43,882	\$ 52,732	\$ 96,614
2011	45,987	50,808	96,795
2012	44,724	49,000	93,724
2013	46,859	47,203	94,062
2014	47,940	45,522	93,462
2015-2019	254,670	196,513	451,183
2020-2024	276,081	142,804	418,885
2025-2029	312,261	83,729	395,990
2030-2034	195,670	36,926	232,596
2035-2039	95,710	8,347	104,057
Totals (1)	<u>\$ 1,363,784</u>	<u>\$ 713,584</u>	\$ 2,077,368

<sup>(1)</sup> The bond schedule does not include notes payable, therefore, it differs from the bonds and notes payable amount reported in the statements.

#### Non-Major

Missouri Development Finance Board:

In December 2000, the Board issued \$6,500,000 in taxable and \$14,600,000 in tax-exempt infrastructure Facilities Revenue Bonds Series 2000B and 2000C, respectively for the purpose of paying the costs of acquiring land and constructing a parking garage. Bonds are payable, both principal and interest, out of revenues derived from the operation of the parking garage.

In October 2004, the Board issued \$9,500,000 in Ninth Street Garage Series 2004A, taxable infrastructure facilities revenue bonds; and \$7,000,000 Ninth Street Garage Series 2004B, tax exempt infrastructure facilities revenue bonds.

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## Note 12 - Bonds Payable (cont.)

The Missouri Development Finance Board Revenue Bonds issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2009, were as follows (in thousands of dollars):

	Interest Rates	Payment Dates	Issue Date	Final Maturity Date	Issued	Ou	tstanding
Missouri Development							
Finance Board:							
Revenue Bonds							
Series 2000B	up to 10%	12/1	12/00	12/1/20	\$ 6,500	\$	3,910
Series 2000C	up to 10%	12/1	12/00	12/1/20	14,600		11,440
Series 2004A	up to 10%	10/1	10/04	10/1/34	9,500		8,500
Series 2004B	up to 10%	10/1	10/04	10/1/34	7,000		7,000
Total Missouri							
Development Finance							
Board Revenue Bonds					\$ 37,600	\$	30,850

As of June 30, 2009, the debt service requirements for principal and interest in future years for the Missouri Development Finance Board Revenue Bonds were as follows (in thousands of dollars):

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	_ Principal	Interest	Totals
2010	\$ 240	\$ 155	\$ 395
2011	255	154	409
2012	270	152	422
2013	290	151	441
2014	305	149	454
2015-2019	1,875	720	2,595
2020-2024	17,940	428	18,368
2025-2029	3,565	194	3,759
2030-2034	4,905	84	4,989
2035	1,205		1,205
Totals	\$ 30,850	\$ 2,187	\$ 33,037

The annual debt service schedule assumes an interest rate of 0.502%, representing the interest rate at June 30, 2009, for the Series 2000B and Series 2000C bonds. The annual debt service schedule also assumes an interest rate of 0.511%, representing the interest rate as of June 30, 2009, for the Ninth Street Garage Series 2004A and 2004B bonds.

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## Note 12 - Bonds Payable (cont.)

<u>Bond Transactions of the State of Missouri</u> – The following schedule is a summary of bond activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 (in thousands of dollars):

	Governm	ental Funds	Component Units	
	General Obligation Bonds	Other Bonds	Revenue Bonds	Totals
Bonds Payable at July 1, 2008 Bond Issuance Bonds Retired	\$ 666,165  (66,090)	\$ 3,084,670 142,735 (124,720)	\$ 	\$ 3,750,835 142,735 (190,810)
Subtotal	600,075	3,102,685		3,702,760
College and Universities (1) Missouri Development Finance Board			1,363,784 30,850	1,363,784 30,850
Bonds Payable at June 30, 2009	\$ 600,075	\$ 3,102,685	\$ 1,394,634	\$ 5,097,394

<sup>(1)</sup> Detailed information for college and universities are not shown.

## Note 13 - Defeased Debt

#### A. Current Year Debt Defeasance

On September 25, 2008, the State defeased \$1,035,000 of Fourth State Building Bonds, Series A 2005. The defeasance is an extinguishment of the debt, as the State was legally released from its obligation. Accordingly, the amount defeased is excluded from the Statement of Net Assets.

#### B. Cumulative Debt Defeasances

Various bond issues have been defeased by creating separate irrevocable trust funds.

Either new debt has been issued and the proceeds have been used to purchase U.S. government securities that were placed in the trust funds or sufficient funds have been deposited in an irrevocable escrow to pay principal and interest as they become due.

For financial reporting purposes, the following debt has been defeased and therefore removed as a liability from the governmental activities and college and universities Statement of Net Assets.

Governmental Activities - As of June 30, 2009, bonds outstanding of \$320,731,000 are defeased.

<u>College and Universities</u> - As of June 30, 2009, bonds outstanding of \$143,225,000 are defeased.

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# Note 14 - Payables and Receivables

A summary of accounts payable and accounts receivable at June 30, 2009, is shown below (in thousands of dollars):

	Governmental Activities			iness-Type Activities	Balance June 30, 2009		
Accounts Payable:							
Taxpayers	\$	118,247	\$	15	\$	118,262	
Other Governments		125,350		43		125,393	
Vendors		892,303		196,828		1,089,131	
Employees		113,470		2,558		116,028	
Other		74,673				74,673	
Total Accounts Payable	\$	1,324,043	\$	199,444	\$	1,523,487	
Accounts Receivable with expected date of receipt within one year:							
Taxpayers	\$	1,579,949	\$	2,421	\$	1,582,370	
Other Governments		607,861		164		608,025	
Vendors		1,182,929				1,182,929	
Customers		80,385		164,235		244,620	
Other		1,075,518		980		1,076,498	
		4,526,642		167,800		4,694,442	
Accounts Receivable with expected							
date of receipt greater than one year:		_				_	
Other Governments		8				8	
Customers			-	27		27	
		8		27		35	
Accounts Receivable		4,526,650		167,827		4,694,477	
Amounts not expected to be collected		(1,427,082)		(37)		(1,427,119)	
Accounts Receivable, net	\$	3,099,568	\$	167,790	\$	3,267,358	

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# Note 15 - Interfund Assets and Liabilities

A summary of interfund assets and liabilities at June 30, 2009, is shown below (in thousands of dollars):

	Due From Other Funds, Component Units, and Primary Government							
	General Fund		Public Education		Envi	servation and ronmental otection	Transportation and Law Enforcement	
Due to Other Funds and		_		<u> </u>				
Primary Government General Fund Public Education	\$	 237	\$		\$	3	\$	49 
Conservation and Environmental Protection								
Transportation and Law Enforcement								
Missouri Road Fund Non-Major Governmental						7		8
Funds		11						5
State Lottery Petroleum Storage Tank				17,142				
Insurance Non-Major Enterprise								
Funds								
Internal Service Funds Non-Major Component						1		2
Units			_			827		
Totals	\$	248	\$	17,142	\$	838	\$	64

## **Continues Below**

	Non–Major Governmental Funds		Non–Major Enterprise Funds		Internal Service Funds		Totals
Due to Other Funds and		_			_		
Primary Government							
General Fund	\$	1,255	\$ 41	\$	22,111	\$	23,459
Public Education		6			76		319
Conservation and							
Environmental							
Protection		34	59		270		363
Transportation and		43			600		722
Law Enforcement		42			680		722
Missouri Road Fund			ļ		491		507
Non-Major Governmental Funds		3	2		491		512
State Lottery		3	2		35		17,177
Petroleum Storage Tank					33		17,177
Insurance					2		2
Non-Major Enterprise					-		-
Funds					95		95
Internal Service Funds		4			498		505
Non-Major Component							
Units							827
Totals	\$	1,344	\$ 103	\$	24,749	\$	44,488

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#### Note 15 - Interfund Assets and Liabilities (cont.)

	Adv	ance From Comp	vernment			
		Missouri Road Fund	Non-Major Component Units	Totals		
Advance To Component Units and Primary Government						
Conservation and Environmental Protection Non-Major Component	\$		\$ 5,014	\$	5,014	
Units		300	 		300	
Totals	\$	300	\$ 5,014	\$	5,314	

The loans from the component units were for the construction of additional state highways and for animal waste treatment systems.

During the consolidation process for the Government-Wide Combined Statement of Net Assets, interfund payables and receivables were eliminated as follows: \$1,660,000 on the face of the Governmental Funds balance sheet and governmental activities in the amount of \$24,624,000.

The amount reported as Due to Other Funds by the General Fund and Due From Other Funds by the internal service funds for fiscal year 2009 were significantly higher than what was reported in fiscal year 2008. This is due to increased leasing costs of state office buildings. In fiscal year 2008, internal service funds started billing state agencies for occupying state office buildings in order to support the maintenance of the buildings.

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#### Note 16 - Interfund Transfers

All transfers must be legally authorized by the legislature through transfer appropriations. Interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, were as follows (in thousands of dollars):

	Tra	insfers In:									
		General Public Fund Education			Conservation and Environmental Protection			Missouri Road Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds		
<b>Transfers Out</b> : General Fund	\$		\$	2,990,468	\$	690	\$		\$	163,868	
Public Education		15,596									
Conservation and											
Environmental		=									
Protection		735								7,906	
Transportation and Law Enforcement		227						535,588			
Non-Major Governmenta	al	221						333,366			
Funds	41	65,336		34,949						10,523	
State Lottery				258,508						, ———	
Non-Major Enterprise											
Funds		30									
Internal Service Funds		5_	_							25	
Totals	\$	81,929	\$	3,283,925	\$	690	\$	535,588	\$	182,322	

**Continues Below** 

		Lottery	Non-Major Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds	Totals
Transfers Out:					
General Fund	\$		\$ 873	\$ 29	\$ 3,155,928
Public Education					15,596
Conservation and					
Environmental					
Protection					8,641
Transportation and					
Law Enforcement					535,815
Non-Major Governmenta	l				
Funds					110,808
State Lottery					258,508
Non-Major Enterprise					
Funds					30
Internal Service Funds		21	 	2	53
Totals	\$	21	\$ 873	\$ 31	\$ 4,085,379

Principal reasons for interfund transfers include:

- moving general revenue funds to support elementary and secondary education
- moving State Lottery funds to support elementary and secondary education
- moving general revenue funds to support social assistance programs reported in non-major governmental funds
- moving funds related to the construction of capital assets

During fiscal year 2009, there were transfers of \$153,000 from internal service funds to the General Fund and non-major governmental funds. These were transfers of capital assets and are therefore not reported on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances or on the reconciliation above. This is because governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting and therefore do not report capital assets on their financial statements. There were also transfers of capital assets for \$31,097,000 from the General Fund to internal service funds, \$60,000 from the General Fund to Lottery, and \$143,000 from Conservation and Environmental Protection Fund to non-major enterprise funds. These are reported as contributed capital in the internal service funds and enterprise funds and excluded from the General Fund; therefore, these transfers are also not included in this reconciliation.

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#### Note 17 - Restatements

During fiscal year 2009, additional information became available which required the restatement of fund equity amounts. The following table presents a summary of these restatements by fund (in thousands of dollars):

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	Fu	ne 30, 2008 nd Balance/ Net Assets Previously Reported	ior Period justments	June 30, 2008 Fund Balance/ Net Assets Restated			
Major Governmental Funds General Fund	\$	1,920,440	\$	(25,685)	\$	1,894,755	
Conservation and Environmental Protection	Þ	1,205,389	Þ	(23,083) 776	Þ	1,894,733	
Transportation and Law Enforcement		207,772		(13)		207,759	
Non-Major Governmental Funds		207,772		(13)		201,133	
Special Revenue		287,932		24,170		312,102	
PROPRIETARY FUNDS							
Major Enterprise Funds							
State Lottery		11,268		557		11,825	
Non-Major Proprietary Funds							
Enterprise		88,419		(196)		88,223	
Internal Service		648,479		(2,208)		646,271	
DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS							
College and Universities		4,691,227		13,156		4,704,383	
Non-Major Funds		161,150		(6)		161,144	

#### Breakdown of restatements by type:

- General Fund, the restatement was a decrease in accounts receivable of \$138,000, an increase in inventories of \$75,000, and an increase in accounts payable of \$25,622,000.
- Conservation and Environmental Protection, the restatement was a decrease in accounts receivable of \$667,000, an increase in inventories of \$5,000, and a decrease in accounts payable of \$1,438,000.
- Transportation and Law Enforcement, the restatement was a decrease in accounts receivable of \$13,000.
- Non-major special revenue funds, the restatement was a decrease in accounts receivable of \$14,000 and a decrease in accounts payable of \$24,184,000.
- Major enterprise fund State Lottery, the restatement was an increase in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) of \$557,000.
- Non-major enterprise funds, the restatement was an increase in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) of \$48,000, and an increase in obligation under lease purchase of \$244,000.
- Non-major internal service funds, the restatement was a decrease in accounts receivable of \$15,175,000, an increase in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) of \$1,908,000, an increase in accounts payable of \$802,000, and a decrease in obligations under lease purchase of \$11,861,000.
- Discretely presented component units college and universities, the restatement was an increase in other postemployment benefits, net of \$178,000, and an increase of 13,334,000 for the increase in fair value of the land holdings over historic cost as an effect of the University of Missouri adopting GASB Statement No. 52, *Land and Other Real Estate Held as Investment by Endowments*, which was effective at the beginning of fiscal year 2009.
- Discretely presented component units non-major funds, the restatement was an increase in interest payable of \$6,000.

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#### Note 17 - Restatements (cont.)

#### Purpose for restatements:

The items on the schedule were restated as a result of additional information received this year related to prior year corrections.

On the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, net assets for the governmental activities were restated by the amounts shown on the restatement schedule for governmental funds and internal service funds. In addition, capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) decreased by \$21,938,000, the Internal Balance increased by \$2,000, deferred costs and other assets decreased by \$6,400,000, unamortized bond premium decreased by \$7,684,000, and capital lease obligation increased by \$11,495,000.

On the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, net assets for the business-type activities were restated by the amounts shown on the restatement schedule for enterprise funds and by a decrease in the Internal Balance of \$2,000.

#### Note 18 - Fund Deficit

The following fund had a deficit balance:

Enterprise Fund - Petroleum Storage Tank Insurance - At June 30, 2009, this fund had a net asset deficit of \$26,130,000. The deficit at June 30, 2008 was \$26,317,000. The deficit occurred when transport load fees collected were not sufficient to cover the estimated claims liability for clean up of petroleum storage tank leaks. This liability amount is the cumulative result of numerous years of petroleum storage tank leaks. Per Section 319.129, RSMo, this fund will not accept new claim liabilities after December 31, 2020, or upon revocation of federal regulation 40 CFR, whichever occurs first, unless extended by action of the General Assembly. Various alternatives are being considered to pay off the claims liability amount of this fund. Per Section 319.131, RSMo, the liability of the Petroleum Storage Tank Insurance Fund is not the liability of the State. Upon dissolution of this fund, the liability would be liquidated.

Enterprise Fund – Unemployment Compensation Insurance – At June 30, 2009, this fund had a net asset deficit of \$15,486,000. The reason for this deficit is the high unemployment rate associated with the current national economic climate. It has made it necessary for the State of Missouri, along with other states, to borrow from the federal government to pay unemployment benefits. The United States Department of Labor projects that the unemployment rate for Missouri will peak in 2010. Unless new legislation is passed to increase employer contributions into the fund from state unemployment taxes, it will be necessary for Missouri to continue to borrow from the federal government. If the State has two consecutive years with a loan balance, the federal government will begin to increase federal taxes on employers by reducing the Federal Unemployment Tax Act (FUTA) tax credit that Missouri employers are allowed to claim on their taxes. These additional taxes will be used to begin paying down Missouri's loan balance.

Internal Service Fund - Transportation Self-Insurance Plan Fund - At June 30, 2009, this fund had a net asset deficit of \$506,000. The deficit occurred due to funding being based on annual actuarial studies and budget availability. Increases in appropriations and claims management will eliminate the deficit over time.

#### Note 19 - Related Party Transactions

The Missouri State Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Plan was administered by ING Institutional Plan Services. ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company provides affixed earnings investments for plan participants while ING Institutional Plan Services provides variable earnings investments. At June 30, 2009, total investments of the Plan were \$949,988,000 and investments in ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company were \$410,509,000.

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#### Note 20 - Commitments

#### **Contracts**

The Department of Conservation had contracts outstanding of \$7,661,000 for construction contracts at June 30, 2009. These contracts are funded through the special revenue funds from specific sales tax, fees, and permits.

The Department of Transportation had long-term contracts of \$1,702,811,000 outstanding at June 30, 2009 These contracts are paid from capital projects funds with approximately 78% federal reimbursement expected.

The Office of Administration, Division of Facilities Management, Design and Construction, had construction contracts outstanding at June 30, 2009 of \$34,317,000. Approximately 88% will be paid from the General Fund, 10% from special revenue funds, 1% from enterprise funds, and 1% from capital projects funds.

The Department of Elementary and Secondary Education had desegregation payments outstanding of \$9,000,000 at June 30, 2009, which were paid July 1, 2009. These payments were due to the St. Louis Public School District based upon Court Order L(266)99 approving the 1999 settlement agreement requiring annual payments.

On March 10, 1988, the State of Missouri entered into a contract with the United States Army Corps of Engineers confirming an assurance agreement of April 8, 1965. The State obtained rights to a portion of the water supply storage from the Clarence Cannon Dam and Mark Twain Lake Project. The State agreed to pay up to \$10.8 million plus interest for the investment costs allocated to the water supply storage, the amount of such payments to be determined by the portion of the water storage space put in use by the State for that purpose. The contract provided a ten year interest free period running from 1984 to 1994. In fiscal year 1995, the State began making interest payments. The interest payment amount for fiscal year 2009 was \$364,000. Payment of principal and interest must be completed by March 2038.

The Department of Natural Resources – State Parks had contracts outstanding of \$558,000 for land acquisition and \$88,000 for construction contracts at June 30, 2009. The land acquisition contracts are funded through enterprise funds, and the construction contracts are funded through enterprise and special revenue funds.

The Missouri Department of Transportation and Highway Patrol Employees' Retirement System (MPERS) purchased a new pension administration software system during fiscal year 2007. Total software and related consulting services are estimated to be approximately \$3,000,000, with \$1,630,000 outstanding at June 30, 2009.

As of June 30, 2009, the University of Missouri had outstanding commitments for the acquisition, usage, and ongoing support of certain software for its patient clinical systems totaling \$4,652,000. The payments are as follows:

2010 \$ 3,708,000 2011 \$ 944,000

Truman State University had approximately \$18,449,000 in outstanding commitments for various construction contracts at June 30, 2009.

The University of Central Missouri had outstanding commitments of approximately \$53,425,000 related to construction contracts at June 30, 2009.

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#### Note 21 - Risk Management and Insurance

The State is exposed to various risks of loss related to tort, general, motor vehicle, and contractor liability and injuries to employees. The State assumes its own liability for risks except for the purchase of surety bond, aircraft, and boiler coverage. The State's Office of Administration (OA), Risk Management Unit, self-insures its workers' compensation program for all state employees, with the exception of the Missouri Department of Transportation (MoDOT) and the State Highway Patrol. Liability insurance is also provided by OA-Risk Management, pursuant to State statute, through the State's legal expense fund, which is a component of the General Fund in this report. This insurance covers all State employees.

The workers' compensation and legal expense fund claims liability is based upon actual claims that have been submitted to OA-Risk Management. IBNR (incurred but not reported) liability is not included since workers' compensation and liability insurance claims are reported timely, and therefore any potential IBNR liability amount would be considered immaterial. The State has not had any insurance settlements exceed the coverage during the past three fiscal years. OA-Risk Management also procures property insurance for 3% of the total value of the State's property with the remainder uninsured. The buildings that are insured are mainly the buildings backed with bonded debt through the Board of Public Buildings.

The Transportation Self-Insurance Plan covers workers' compensation for employees of MoDOT and the State Highway Patrol, and covers vehicle liability and general liability insurance for the employees of MoDOT. The Transportation Self-Insurance Plan is presented as an internal service fund. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Estimated claims payable is based on known claims pending as well as an estimate of IBNR claims from data provided by an actuary. Liabilities are reported at their discounted value, assuming an investment yield of 4%.

The Missouri Consolidated Health Care Plan (MCHCP) provides health care insurance to all State employees, except for MoDOT, the State Highway Patrol, and the Department of Conservation. The Plan is presented as an internal service fund. Estimated claims payable is based on known medical claims pending as well as an estimate of IBNR claims from data provided by an actuary.

The MoDOT and MSHP Medical and Life Insurance Plan (MHPML) accounts for the medical coverage provided on a self-insured basis and life insurance benefits, underwritten by a commercial insurance company, for employees of MoDOT and the State Highway Patrol. The Plan is presented as an internal service fund. Estimated claims payable is based on known insurance claims pending as well as an estimate of IBNR claims from data provided by an actuary.

The Conservation Employees' Insurance Plan (CEIP) provides health care and life insurance to employees of the Department of Conservation. The Plan is presented as an internal service fund. Estimated claims payable is based on known claims pending as well as an estimate of IBNR claims.

Southwestern Bell Telephone Company vs. Director of Revenue (Case No. SC83859 and follow up Case No. SC86441): the Supreme Court ruled that Southwestern Bell Telephone Company was entitled to a refund of use tax paid on machinery and equipment used to create its digital phone service product. Manufacturing was found to include producing taxable services as well as tangible personal property products.

The Petroleum Storage Tank Insurance Fund (PSTIF) has claims liability for the cost of contamination cleanup for policyholders and other eligible site owners who have submitted notice of a contamination. The PSTIF is presented as a major enterprise fund.

#### Note 21 - Risk Management and Insurance (cont.)

The University of Missouri System provides workers' compensation, liability, and medical insurance for its employees. The University funds this through a combination of self-insurance and commercially purchased insurance. The amount of coverage is based upon analysis of historical information and actuarial estimates. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The claims liability is the present value of the claims, using discounted rates ranging between 3.7% and 4.5% based on future investment yields. The University of Missouri System is included with college and universities as a major component unit of the State.

Missouri State University is exposed to various risks of loss. These include loss related to torts; business interruption; employee injuries and illnesses; employee health, dental and accidental benefits; natural disasters; damage to and destruction of assets; and errors and omissions. Commercial insurance coverage is purchased for claims arising from such matters other than those related to natural disasters and employee health benefits, general liability, and workers' compensation. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the three preceding years. Additional coverage is provided through the State Self Insurance Program, through the Risk Management Unit of the Office of Administration. The State of Missouri self-insures the workers' compensation benefits for all State employees, including University employees.

Changes in the balances of claims liability (in thousands of dollars) during the current and prior fiscal years are as follows:

Governmental Activities	Type of Insurance Claims	Cla	Fiscal Year ims Liability 5/30/2008	_	Current Year Claims and Estimated Changes		Claim Payments	Cla	Fiscal Year aims Liability 5/30/2009
OA Workers Compensation	Workers Comp.	\$	19,018	\$	32,257	\$	(26,355)	\$	24,920
OA Legal Expense Fund	Liability		1,108		2,557		(2,314)		1,351
MoDOT Self-Insurance Plan	Workers Comp. and								
	Liability		65,171		18,462		(14,857)		68,776
MCHCP	Health Care		38,094		262,059		(254,117)		46,036
MHPML	Health Care and								
	Life Insurance		12,400		95,638		(96,038)		12,000
CEIP	Health Care and								
	Life Insurance		1,264		14,943		(14,399)		1,808
DOR	Southwestern Bell								
	Lawsuit		65,907		3,404		(29,938)		39,373
Total Governmental Activities		\$	202,962	\$	429,320	\$	(438,018)	\$	194,264
Business-Type Activities									
PSTIF	Contamination								
F3111	Cleanup	¢	116,733	\$	11,739	\$	(15,784)	\$	112,688
	Cicanup	<u> </u>	110,733	<u> </u>	11,733	<u> </u>	(13,764)	<u> </u>	112,000
Component Units									
University of Missouri System	Workers Comp. and								
oniversity of Missouri System	Liability	\$	67,238	\$	177,386	\$	(171,358)	\$	73,266
Missouri State University	Health Care, Workers	Ţ	07,230	Ţ	177,500	J	(171,330)	J	73,200
wissouri state offiversity	Comp. and								
	Liability		1,051		13,479		(13,295)		1,235
	_iasiiic;		1,031		13,173		(13,233)		1,233
Total Component Units		\$	68,289	\$	190,865	\$	(184,653)	\$	74,501

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#### Note 21 - Risk Management and Insurance (cont.)

Governmental Activities	Type of Insurance Claims	Clai	iscal Year ms Liability /30/2007	C	irrent Year laims and stimated Changes		Claim Payments	Fiscal Year Claims Liability 6/30/2008	
OA Workers Compensation	Workers Comp.	\$	18,179	\$	24,709	\$	(23,870)	\$	19,018
OA Legal Expense Fund	Liability		864		708		(464)		1,108
MoDOT Self-Insurance Plan	Workers Comp. and								
	Liability		51,315		31,448		(17,592)		65,171
MCHCP	Health Care		43,054		219,142		(224,102)		38,094
MHPML	Health Care and								
	Life Insurance		11,000		94,445		(93,045)		12,400
CEIP	Health Care and								
	Life Insurance		1,262		11,287		(11,285)		1,264
DOR	Southwestern Bell								
	Lawsuit		66,500		23,985		(24,578)		65,907
Total Governmental Activities		\$	192,174	\$	405,724	\$	(394,936)	\$	202,962
Business-Type Activities									
PSTIF	Contamination								
	Cleanup	\$	116,056	\$	16,324	\$	(15,647)	\$	116,733
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	,	<u> </u>	(12)2117	<u> </u>	
Component Units									
University of Missouri System	Workers Comp. and								
omversity or impseum system	Liability	\$	79,799	\$	136,343	\$	(148,904)	\$	67,238
Missouri State University	Health Care, Workers Comp. and	•	. 5,. 55	•	. 50,5 .5	•	(1.10,50.1)	•	0.,200
	Liability		1,175		13,068		(13,192)		1,051
			.,		12,000		(13,132)		.,051
Total Component Units		\$	80,974	\$	149,411	\$	(162,096)	\$	68,289

#### Risk Management Pool:

The State of Missouri participates in the property program of the Midwestern Higher Education Compact (MHEC) as defined in Section 173.700, RSMo. This program was formed to expand coverage, reduce costs, and stabilize property insurance rates over extended time periods at higher education institutions in all member states. The program offers loss limit coverage tailored to individual institutions as well as self-insured retention by institution. The MHEC Risk Management Oversight Committee directs the major operations of the program overseeing the development of program policies, premium allocations, new program memberships, and selection of program administrators and insurance underwriters.

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#### Note 22 - Pollution Remediation and Landfill Closure and Postclosure

The State has an obligation to address current or potential detrimental effects of existing pollution by participating in pollution remediation activities.

The Missouri Department of Natural Resources was compelled to assess and oversee the cleanup of contaminated sites subject to federal law under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), also known as the Superfund Law, administered by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). Under this law, the State is required to pay or ensure payment of 10% of the costs of remediation action and 100% of the costs of operations and maintenance at sites where the party responsible for the contamination is unknown, uncooperative, or insolvent. Similarly, Missouri law 260.371.7 states that the public should bear a portion of the cost to pay for the State's share of Superfund cleanup to be appropriated from general revenue. At the end of fiscal year 2009, the State was participating in the cleanup of 11 Superfund sites. Total pollution remediation obligation for these sites totaled approximately \$9.9 million. The basis for these costs are State Superfund contracts that list the estimated cost of cleanup, or actual costs if cleanup is complete, less any payments that have been made to the EPA. Estimated costs will change as actual costs become available.

The Missouri Department of Transportation (MoDOT) contracted for site assessment of a chemical contamination and a leaking underground storage tank for the amount of \$154,000 to determine any pollution remediation activities and future costs. MoDOT is currently performing control and prevention activities in three instances related to building and grounds caused by chemical contamination and moisture intrusion. The potential for pollution remediation exists; however, any future remediation obligations are not yet estimable.

Changes in the balances of pollution remediation liability (in thousands of dollars) during the current and prior fiscal years are as follows:

Governmental Activities	Type of Pollution Remediation	Rer	scal Year nediation iability 30/2008	Ass Es	rrent Year sessments and stimated Changes	<u> P</u>	ayments	Fiscal Year Remediation Liability 6/30/2009		Due Within One Year	
DNR - Hazardous Waste Fund MoDOT - Missouri Road Fund	Superfund Sites Chemical Contamination	\$	7,857	\$	2,573 154	\$	(535)	\$	9,895 154	\$	1,128 154
Total Governmental Activities		\$	7,857	\$	2,727	\$	(535)	\$	10,049	\$	1,282

The State does not own any municipal solid waste landfills (MSWLF), however in the event the owner/operator refuses or is unable to properly maintain the landfill, the owner/operator forfeits the required financial assurance instrument(s) to fund closure and/or post-closure maintenance activities.

Each landfill owner/operator is required to obtain a financial assurance instrument, which is held by the State as security in the case of a default or forfeiture. Financial assurance instruments can include financial guarantee or performance bonds, letters of credit, insurance policies, corporate guarantees, contracts of obligations, trust funds, and escrow accounts. At June 30, 2009, the Missouri Department of Natural Resources, Solid Waste Program tracked the value of the secured financial assurance instruments held by the State to be \$289,269,000. This amount is disclosed, but not reported in the financial statements, because the State does not perform the investment function and does not have significant administrative involvement. While the State maintains possession of the financial assurance instruments, it does not meet criteria to be reported in a fiduciary fund.

#### Note 22 - Pollution Remediation and Landfill Closure and Postclosure (cont.)

At June 30, 2009, nine MSWLFs and two waste tire facilities have defaulted. The owners/operators failed to properly close or maintain post-closure care for these facilities; therefore, the State took possession of the forfeited financial assurance instruments to initiate the closure or post-closure activities as required by Section 260.228, RSMo. The State will monitor and pay post-closure care costs of these facilities for the next 30 years in accordance with Missouri Department of Natural Resources Solid Waste Management Law and Regulations. At June 30, 2009, it is expected that \$801,000 will be paid over the remaining monitoring periods. This is the amount of fund balance that has been reserved on the general fund balance sheet for forfeited assets.

#### Note 23 - Contingencies

Contingent claims liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported including the effects of specific, incremental claim adjustment expenditures/expenses, salvage, subrogation, and other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenditures/expenses. Liabilities of governmental funds are reported as a reconciling item to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets. Expenditures are recognized as payments are made.

At June 30, 2009, the amount of the contingent liabilities was \$27.0 million. Changes in the reported liability since June 30, 2008, resulted from the following (in thousands of dollars):

	Curr Beginning of Cla Fiscal Year Cha Liability Est					Claim ayments	Balance scal Year End
2008-2009 2007-2008 2006-2007	\$	40,087 82,922 111,402	\$	(11,150) (35,267) (18,643)	\$	(1,940) (7,568) (9,837)	\$ 26,997 40,087 82,922

Section 287.220.6, RSMo requires that an actuarial study of the Second Injury Fund be made every three years to determine the solvency of the Fund. Figures presented below for current year claims and changes in estimates are based on the 2009 actuarial study. At June 30, 2009, the amount of liabilities for the Second Injury Fund was \$1.4 billion. Changes in the reported liability since June 30, 2008, resulted from the following (in thousands of dollars):

	eginning of Fiscal Year Liability	C	Irrent Year laims and hanges in Estimates	P	Claim ayments	Balance Fiscal Year End		
2008-2009 2007-2008 2006-2007	\$ 1,248,013 1,112,023 982,328	\$	191,330 204,100 195,773	\$	(66,866) (68,110) (66,078)	\$	1,372,477 1,248,013 1,112,023	

The State receives federal grants which are subject to review and audit by federal grantor agencies. This could result in requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures which are disallowed under grant terms. The State believes that such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial in the next fiscal year.

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#### Note 23 - Contingencies (cont.)

#### Loan Guarantees:

In the past, the State appropriated money to the Missouri Development Finance Board for the purpose of making loan guarantees. Upon default of a guaranteed loan, the Board makes the payment for default from Board funds. At the end of fiscal year 2009, there were no guaranteed loans outstanding and no loans defaulted.

The State appropriates money to the Agricultural and Small Business Development Authority for the purpose of making loan guarantees. Upon default of a guaranteed loan, the Authority makes the payment for default from State appropriations. The Authority administers the Single-Purpose Animal Facilities Loan Program and the Value Added Loan Guarantee Program, which provides a 50% first-loss guarantee on loans up to \$250,000. The total of loans outstanding at June 30, 2009, for which the Authority has guaranteed payment is \$1,781,000 and \$11,005,000, respectively. During 2009, no loans defaulted.

#### Sales and Use Tax Lawsuits:

Southwestern Bell Telephone Company vs. Director of Revenue (Case No. SC83859 and follow up Case No. SC86441): the Supreme Court ruled that Southwestern Bell Telephone Company was entitled to a refund of use tax paid on machinery and equipment used to create its digital phone service product. Manufacturing was found to include producing taxable services as well as tangible personal property products. A settlement was reached regarding some claims, filed by multiple taxpayers, related to the Southwestern Bell cases. A \$39.4 million liability remains as of June 30, 2009, and is referenced in *Note 21 - Risk Management and Insurance*. Refund claims related to these cases that were filed by other companies that are still pending verification and exclusive of interest (which could be substantial) could negatively affect the State by \$34.1 million, of which \$19.8 million is related to the General Revenue Fund.

The State is also involved in tax litigation not included in the fiscal year 2009 liability amount, where it is reasonably possible that an adverse court decision may incur an estimated loss of \$7.2 million.

#### **Education Lawsuits:**

Five education lawsuits are pending: Committee for Educational Equality, et al vs. the State of Missouri, et al (Case No. 04CV323022), filed in the Circuit Court of Cole County; Jenkins, et al vs. School District of Kansas City, Missouri, et al (Case No. 77–0420–CV–DW), filed in the U.S. District Court, Western Division; Kansas City Missouri Public Schools vs. Missouri Board of Fund Commissioners (Case No. 05AC–CC00389), filed in the Circuit Court of Cole County; the School District of Kansas City, Missouri vs. State of Missouri, Missouri Board of Education, DESE, and D. Kent King filed in the Circuit Court of Cole County; and Committee for Educational Equality, et al vs. the State of Missouri, et al (Case No. SC 89010), filed with the Missouri Supreme Court. Arguments are being heard, and decisions in these cases may require additional state money or a revision to the current school aid formula.

#### **Tobacco Master Settlement Agreement:**

National arbitration against the tobacco manufacturers that participated in the Master Settlement Agreement (MSA) is expected to begin in early 2010. The State's total exposure would be repayment of the entire amount of its 2003 annual payments that were received as part of the MSA, which totaled \$162 million, plus interest. Instead of making payments back to the tobacco manufacturers, most of any award would likely be repaid by reducing future settlement payments to the State.

#### Note 24 - Joint Ventures

The Regional Convention and Sports Complex Authority was created by state law for the purpose of financing, constructing, operating, and maintaining a multipurpose convention and sports facility to be located in the City of St. Louis. The Authority operates under a board of commissioners of whom five are appointed by the Governor of the State, three by the County Executive of St. Louis County, and three by the Mayor of the City of St. Louis. The Authority is granted all rights and powers necessary to plan, finance, construct, equip, and maintain the facility.

The Authority is considered a joint venture of the State, County, and City because it constitutes a contractual agreement for public benefit in which the State, County, and City retain an ongoing financial responsibility for the Convention and Sports Facility Project Bonds. In August 1991, the Authority issued \$258,670,000 of Convention and Sports Facility Project Bonds. The bonds were sponsored in the amount of \$132,910,000 by the State (Series A), \$65,685,000 by the County (Series B), and \$60,075,000 by the City (Series C). In December 1993, the Authority issued \$181,885,000 in Convention and Sports Facility Project and Refunding Bonds to advance refund \$101,410,000 and \$50,275,000 of the outstanding 1991 Series A and Series B bonds, respectively, and for additional construction costs. The bonds were sponsored in the amount of \$121,705,000 by the State (Series A) and \$60,180,000 by the County (Series B). In February 1997, the Authority issued \$61,285,000 in Series C refunding bonds to advance refund \$47,155,000 of the outstanding 1991 Series C bonds. In August 2003, the Authority issued \$116,030,000 of Convention and Sports Facility Project and Refunding Bonds, Series A 2003 to refund \$2,845,000 and \$113,170,000 of Series A 1991 and Series A 1993 refunding bonds, respectively, and for additional construction costs. In May 2007, the Authority issued \$49,585,000 in Series C 2007 refunding bonds to refund \$61,285,000 of original principal of the Series C 1997 refunding bonds.

Pursuant to a financing agreement entered into in August 1991, and terminating in August 2021, the Authority leased the facility to the sponsors who subleased the facility back to the Authority. The payments made by the State, County, and City under the financing agreement are sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the bonds. In addition, the sponsors provide annual appropriations intended to keep the facility in good repair and competitive with the top 25% of NFL facilities. See *Note 12* for the specific debt service requirements that make up the State's ongoing financial responsibility for this joint venture.

Summary financial information for the Authority as of and for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008, is presented below (in thousands of dollars):

Total Assets	\$	295,003
Total Liabilities	\$	186,913
Total Net Assets		108,090
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	295,003
	·	
Total Revenues	\$	26,633
Total Expenses		22,596
Net Increase in Net Assets	\$	4,037

Copies of the Authority's financial statements may be requested from:

St. Louis Regional Convention and Sports Complex Authority 901 North Broadway St. Louis, Missouri 63101

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#### Note 25 - Endowments

Donor-restricted endowments for Missouri reside primarily within the higher education institutions, which are reported as a discretely presented component unit of the State. For the college and universities, except the University of Missouri, the net appreciation of the endowments available for expenditure is \$2,389,000, and of this amount, \$915,000 is reported as restricted non-expendable net assets, \$1,254,000 is reported as restricted expendable net assets, and \$220,000 is reported as unrestricted net assets. The University of Missouri reported a net depreciation of restricted non-expendable net assets in the amount of \$130,577,000, which consisted of both realized and unrealized losses on investment. The Revised Statutes of Missouri authorize the acceptance of donations at State agencies or public institutions. The governing boards of these institutions and the donor agreements determine whether net appreciation can be spent and the acceptable spending rate as detailed in Section 402.035, RSMo. These policies are entity specific and vary with each institution.

#### Note 26 - Conduit Debt

As of June 30, 2009, the Missouri Development Finance Board issued \$1,237,242,000 in Single Issue Industrial Revenue Bonds, \$57,810,000 in Private Activity Composite Industrial Revenue Bonds, and \$1,667,600,000 in Public Purpose Capital Improvement and Refunding Leasehold Revenue Bonds. The outstanding balances on these bonds and notes as of June 30, 2009, were approximately \$560,590,000, \$0, and \$814,896,000, respectively.

The Missouri Development Finance Board and the State have no liability for repayment of these revenue bonds and funding notes aside from reserve fund deposits and, accordingly, these bonds and notes have not been recorded as a liability on the financial statements for the Missouri Development Finance Board. The debtor pays all debt service requirements. Security for the bondholders consists of insurance, letters of credit, annual appropriation pledges, and certain funds held through trustees under the various indentures.

#### Note 27- Subsequent Events

Missouri Department of Transportation:

The Series B 2005 State Road Bonds were issued as variable rate instruments with weekly rate changes. Since June 30, the rates varied from 0.14% to 0.31%.

On September 30, 2009, the Department issued \$195,625,000 of federal reimbursement State Road Bonds, Series A 2009. These bonds will bear interest from 2.00% to 5.00%, due in semiannual installments beginning May 1, 2011. Proceeds will be used to finance the costs of the "Safe and Sound" bridge improvement project.

On September 30, 2009, the Department issued \$404,375,000 of federal reimbursement State Road Bonds (Build America Bonds), Series B 2009. These bonds will bear interest from 4.80% to 5.25%, due in semiannual installments beginning May 1, 2022. Proceeds will be used to finance the costs of the "Safe and Sound" bridge improvement project.

On November 12, 2009, the Department issued \$300,000,000 of Third Lien State Road Bonds (Build America Bonds), Series C 2009. These bonds bear interest from 4.31% to 5.21%, due in semiannual installments beginning May 1, 2017. Proceeds will be used to finance certain construction and reconstruction costs of the State highway system, pursuant to the "Smoother, Safer, Sooner" road and bridge construction program.

#### Note 27- Subsequent Events (cont.)

University of Central Missouri:

On July 14, 2009, the University issued \$9,715,000 of bonds to refund the Student Housing System Refunding Revenue Series 2002 Bonds. The bonds bear interest, payable semiannually, at rates of 0.9% to 3.5%, beginning September 1, 2009.

University of Missouri:

On July 1, 2009, the University sold \$125,000,000 of capital project notes at an effective interest rate of 0.4%. The notes will be repaid in full by June 30, 2010.

On July 23, 2009, the University issued \$332,060,000 of System Facilities Revenue Bonds, consisting of \$256,300,000 in taxable Series 2009A bonds designated as Build America Bonds, and \$75,760,000 in traditional tax exempt Series 2009B bonds. The Series 2009A bonds bear interest at a stated rate of 5.96%, and the Series 2009B bonds bear interest at rates of 3.0% and 5.0%.

**Unemployment Compensation:** 

Due to high unemployment rates, Missouri is borrowing from the federal government in order to pay unemployment insurance benefits. Since June 30, 2009, \$215,818,000 has been borrowed. American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) legislation granted a waiver on interest due on these loans through December 31, 2010.



**Required Supplementary Information** (**RSI**) includes the Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds, as well as the Budget to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) reconciliation, and the Notes to RSI on Budgetary Reporting.

# STATE OF MISSOURI REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND, MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

(In Thousands of Dollars)

		Ger	neral			Public I	Education		Cons	servation and Envir	onmental Protecti	on		Transportation and Law Enforcement			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance	\$ 1,942,622	\$ 1,942,622	\$ 1,942,622	\$	\$ 312,675	\$ 312,675	\$ 312,675	s	\$ 394,080 \$	394,080	\$ 394,080	\$	\$ 61,790	\$ 61,790 \$	61,790	s	
Resources (Inflows): Taxes:																	
Sales and Use	1,978,545	1,894,919	1,883,719	(11,200)	759,364	759,364	728,406	(30,958)	175,046	175,046	173,438	(1,608)	53,677	53,677	51,400	(2,277)	
Individual Income	6,233,871	5,970,387	5,935,098	(35,289)	4,353	4,353	4,176	(177)									
Corporate Income	455,888	436,619	434,038	(2,581)													
County Foreign Insurance	214,058	205,011	203,799	(1,212)													
Beer	8,932	8,554	8,504	(50)													
Liquor Cigarette	23,273	22,290	22,158	(132)	75,574	75,574	72,493	(3,081)									
Fuel	12	12	12		75,574	73,574	72,433	(3,001)					751,391	751,391	719,522	(31,869)	
Corporation Franchise	99,086	94,898	94,338	(560)													
Inheritance	3,223	3,087	3,068	(19)													
Reimbursement/Miscellaneou	us 1,151,814	1,103,131	1,096,611	(6,520)	329,557	329,557	316,121	(13,436)									
Total Taxes	10,168,702	9,738,908	9,681,345	(57,563)	1,168,848	1,168,848	1,121,196	(47,652)	175,046	175,046	173,438	(1,608)	805,068	805,068	770,922	(34,146)	
Licenses, Fees, and Permits	82,858	79,382	78,904	(478)	2,357	2,357	2,261	(96)	81,109	81,109	80,363	(746)	208,615	208,615	199,766	(8,849)	
Sales	593 6	569 6	565	(4)					8,523	8,523	8,445	(78)	4,041 8	4,041 8	3,870 8	(171)	
Leases and Rentals Services	253,014	248,835	245,303	(3,532)					202	202	200	(2)					
Contributions and	233,014	240,033	245,505	(3,332)													
Intergovernmental	7,945,300	7,881,252	7,748,711	(132,541)	89,342	89,342	85,699	(3,643)	63,503	63,503	62,919	(584)	866	866	829	(37)	
Interest	59,654	57,180	56,827	(353)	10,173	10,173	9,759	(414)	12,275	12,275	12,162	(113)	2,253	2,253	2,157	(96)	
Penalties and Unclaimed Propert Cost Reimbursement/		514	512	(2)	2,024	2,024	1,941	(83)	81	81	80	(1)	450	450	431	(19)	
Miscellaneous	638,870	631,688	621,685	(10,003)	69,415	69,415	66,586	(2,829)	54,540	54,540	54,039	(501)	1,388	1,388	1,329	(59)	
Transfers In	182,473	213,740	132,447	(81,293)	3,278,507	3,294,839	3,285,268	(9,571)	712	768	725	(43)	274	1,396	1,146	(250)	
Total Resources (Inflows)	19,332,007	18,852,074	18,566,305	(285,769)	4,620,666	4,636,998	4,572,710	(64,288)	395,991	396,047	392,371	(3,676)	1,022,963	1,024,085	980,458	(43,627)	
Amount Available for Appropriatio	n 21,274,629	20,794,696	20,508,927	(285,769)	4,933,341	4,949,673	4,885,385	(64,288)	790,071	790,127	786,451	(3,676)	1,084,753	1,085,875	1,042,248	(43,627)	
Charges to Appropriations (Outflow Current:	ws):																
General Government	2,030,852	2,094,513	2,037,450	57,063	3,623	3,651	1,735	1,916	2,143	2,442	2,156	286	216,423	217,152	209,216	7,936	
Education	2,068,984	2,048,657	1,949,450	99,207	4,866,821	4,776,498	4,596,560	179,938									
Natural and Economic																	
Resources	311,340	388,526	257,520	131,006	27,264	42,264	14,275	27,989	387,615	571,049	407,374	163,675					
Transportation and Law Enforcement	509,261	657,528	399,956	257,572	155	204	178	26	993	993	794	199	250,671	261,020	217,900	43,120	
Human Services	10,525,657	10,992,709	10,479,518	513,191	22,463	21,809	18,295	3,514	341	341	208	133	230,071	201,020	217,500	43,120	
Debt Service	97,115	100,147	98,562	1,585					82	120		120	115	120	100	20	
Transfers Out	3,865,232	4,001,706	3,838,750	162,956	6,445	20,511	19,678	833	62,759	64,224	54,304	9,920	512,380	549,424	547,304	2,120	
Total Charges to Appropriations	19,408,441	20,283,786	19,061,206	1,222,580	4,926,771	4,864,937	4,650,721	214,216	453,933	639,169	464,836	174,333	979,589	1,027,716	974,520	53,196	
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$ 1,866,188	\$ 510,910	\$ 1,447,721	\$ 936,811	\$ 6,570	\$ 84,736	\$ 234,664	\$ 149,928	\$ 336,138 \$	150,958	\$ 321,615	\$ 170,657	\$ 105,164	\$ 58,159 \$	67,728	\$ 9,569	
Reconciling Items:					_			_				_			_	_	
Reclassifying Cash Equivalents as I	Investments		(1,110,442)				(209,908)				(289,986)				(47,052)		
Investments at Fair Value			1,118,540				213,015				292,163				55,971		
Receivables			1,674,069				121,084				938,102				162,630		
Due from Other Funds Due from Component Units			248				17,142				11 827				64		
Inventory			23,560				41				695				3,066		
Advance to Component Units			23,300								5,014				3,000		
Accounts Payable			(1,012,234)				(4,743)				(4,780)				(3,449)		
Accrued Payroll			(61,807)				(251)				(4,952)				(5,831)		
Due to Other Funds			(23,459)				(319)				(363)				(722)		
Deferred Revenue			(692,816)				(27,544)				(17,477)				(6,114)		
Escheat/Unclaimed Property			(105,139)							_				_			
Fund Balance - GAAP Basis			\$ 1,258,241				\$ 343,181				1,240,869			•	226,291		
. and balance Gron basis			7 1,230,241				5 575,101	-99-	-100-	È	, 1,270,009				220,231		
								-99-	-100-								

## STATE OF MISSOURI NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY REPORTING June 30, 2009

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#### **Budgetary Presentation:**

A Budgetary Comparison Schedule is presented for the State's Major governmental funds, as well as Major Capital Project Funds. Revenues and expenditures are reported on a budgetary basis where "actual" revenues are recognized when cash is received, and "actual" expenditures are recognized for cash disbursements. The accounting principles applied for reporting on a budgetary basis differ from those used to present the financial statements in accordance with GAAP. A reconciliation of the two for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, has been presented at the bottom of the Budgetary Comparison Schedule.

The budgetary expenditures are included in the current year's Appropriation Activity Report, which demonstrates legal compliance with the current year's budget. This report can be viewed at <a href="http://oa.mo.gov/acct/AAR2009/index.htm">http://oa.mo.gov/acct/AAR2009/index.htm</a>. The "original budget" expenditures and transfers are for what was originally appropriated for each fund. The "final budget" expenditures and transfers takes into account any increases and decreases to appropriations during the fiscal year less the Governor's amounts reverted (withheld) for each fund less any re-appropriations to the next fiscal year.

On the Budgetary Comparison Schedule, "original" and "final" budget revenues are equal for all funds except the State's General Revenue Fund. Once a year the Office of Administration-Division of Budget and Planning receives budgeted revenues from state agencies for each of their funds as well as a revised revenue estimate in the spring for the State's General Revenue Fund. The revised revenue estimate is used in the "final budget" column for the General Fund and is very comparable to actual revenue resulting in a small positive variance on this Schedule.

In accordance with state statute, all state funds must have an appropriation before amounts can be expended or transferred to another state fund; therefore, variances between "budgeted" and "actual" expenditures and transfers on the budgetary schedule will always be positive.

#### **Budgetary Control**:

Budgetary control is maintained at the departmental level; each Department of the Missouri government formulates a budget to be submitted for approval by the General Assembly prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. These budgets are prepared essentially on the cash basis. The legislature reviews, revises, and legally adopts these budgets. The Governor then has the authority to approve or veto each budget, subject to legislative override.

Budgeted expenditures cannot exceed estimated revenues and other sources of funding, including beginning fund balances. In the event that actual revenues are insufficient to cover budgeted expenditures, the Governor must order budget reductions or call a special session of the legislature to address the issue.

Unexpended appropriations lapse at the end of each appropriation year, unless re-appropriated to the following appropriation year.



Supplementary Information includes the Budgetary Comparison Schedule and Reconciliation for the Major Capital Projects Fund (Missouri Road Fund), as well as the Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules for the General Fund and all Non-Major Funds.

#### STATE OF MISSOURI SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

#### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

\_\_\_\_\_

			Missouri	Road I	Fund	
		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance	\$	1,015,566	\$ 1,015,566	\$	1,015,566	\$ 
Resources (Inflows):						
Taxes:						
Vehicle Sales and Use		246,613	246,613		189,954	(56,659)
Fuel		113	 113		104	(9)
Total Taxes		246,726	246,726		190,058	(56,668)
Licenses, Fees, and Permits Contributions and		126,988	126,988		98,239	(28,749)
Intergovernmental		886,249	886,249		829,882	(56,367)
Interest		30,786	30,786		23,221	(7,565)
Cost Reimbursment/Miscellaneous		76,279	76,279		118,660	42,381
Bond Sales Proceeds		148,401	148,401		144,469	(3,932)
Transfers In		518,669	 679,669		572,223	 (107,446)
Total Resources (Inflows)	_	2,034,098	 2,195,098		1,976,752	 (218,346)
Amount Available for Appropriation		3,049,664	 3,210,664		2,992,318	 (218,346)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):						
Current:						
Transportation and Law						
Enforcement		853,112	946,108		898,852	47,256
Capital Outlay		,	,			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Transportation and Law						
Enforcement		1,177,391	1,305,738		1,240,518	65,220
Debt Service		335,178	 335,178		216,435	 118,743
Total Charges to Appropriations		2,365,681	2,587,024		2,355,805	231,219
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$	683,983	\$ 623,640	\$	636,513	\$ 12,873
	_					
Reconciling Items:						
Reclassifying Cash Equivalents as Invest	ment	:S			(511,168)	
Investments at Fair Value					519,912	
Receivables					130,654	
Inventories					47,693	
Accounts Payable					(115,778)	
Accrued Payroll					(18,734)	
Due to Other Funds					(507)	
Deferred Revenue					(43,945)	
Advance from Component Units					(300)	
Fund Balance - GAAP Basis				\$	644,340	



### The Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

#### **Major Funds**

**General Fund** – Accounts for all current financial resources not required by law or administrative action to be accounted for in another fund.

#### **Non-Major Funds**

This includes all non-major governmental and enterprise funds, as well as the non-major component units. It also includes all internal service and fiduciary funds because the "major fund" classification, created under GASB Statement 34, does not apply to these funds.

A budgetary comparison schedule is provided for all non-major governmental funds with the exception of capital projects funds.

#### STATE OF MISSOURI BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

	 Genera	al Fund	l				Totals	
	General		Federal	Elim	inations	June 30, 2009		
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 118,808	\$	218,471	\$		\$	337,279	
Investments	944,559		173,981				1,118,540	
Accounts Receivable, Net	1,004,363		663,321				1,667,684	
Interest Receivable	6,275		110				6,385	
Due from Other Funds	2		248		(2)		248	
Inventories	 22,911		649				23,560	
Total Assets	\$ 2,096,918	\$	1,056,780	\$	(2)	\$	3,153,696	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$ 424,902	\$	587,332	\$		\$	1,012,234	
Accrued Payroll	46,082		15,725				61,807	
Due to Other Funds	19,714		3,747		(2)		23,459	
Deferred Revenue	543,139		149,677				692,816	
Escheat/Unclaimed Property	 105,139						105,139	
Total Liabilities	 1,138,976		756,481		(2)		1,895,455	
Fund Balances:								
Reserved for:								
Budget Reserve	560,504						560,504	
Inventories	22,911		649				23,560	
Forfeited Assets	801						801	
Taxes	4,440						4,440	
Unreserved	 369,286		299,650				668,936	
Total Fund Balances	 957,942		300,299				1,258,241	
Total Liabilities								
and Fund Balances	\$ 2,096,918	\$	1,056,780	\$	(2)	\$	3,153,696	

## STATE OF MISSOURI STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GENERAL FUND

#### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

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	Gener	al Fund		Totals
	General	Federal	Eliminations	June 30, 2009
Revenues: Taxes Licenses, Fees, and Permits Sales Leases and Rentals Services Contributions and Intergovernmental Investment Earnings: Net Increase (Decrease) in the Fair Value of Investments	\$ 7,151,800 78,844 533 6 98,125 1,441,692	\$ 12 602 8  146,317 7,326,036	\$   	\$ 7,151,812 79,446 541 6 244,442 8,767,728
Interest Penalties and Unclaimed Properties Cost Reimbursement/Miscellaneous	50,002 24,603 139,000	1,002 8 174,316		51,004 24,611 313,316
Total Revenues	8,984,207	7,648,466		16,632,673
Expenditures: Current: General Government Education Natural and Economic Resources Transportation and Law Enforcement Human Services Debt Service: Principal	625,136 1,076,983 61,858 124,067 4,984,249 53,550	78,967 944,210 256,711 311,819 5,657,599	   	704,103 2,021,193 318,569 435,886 10,641,848
Interest Arbitrage	46,161 583	598		46,759 583
Total Expenditures	6,972,587	7,251,893		14,224,480
Excess Revenues (Expenditures)	2,011,620	396,573		2,408,193
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from Capital Leases Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets Transfers In Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	24,701 232 364,278 (3,155,301) (2,766,090)	937 118 4,837 (287,813) (281,921)	 (287,186) 287,186	25,638 350 81,929 (3,155,928) (3,048,011)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(754,470)	114,652		(639,818)
Fund Balances – Beginning	1,708,699	186,056		1,894,755
Increase (Decrease) in Reserve for Inventory	3,713	(409)		3,304
Fund Balances – Ending	\$ 957,942	\$ 300,299	\$	\$ 1,258,241

# STATE OF MISSOURI COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BY FUND TYPE June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

										Totals
	Special Revenue			Debt Service		Capital Projects	Pe	ermanent	June 30, 2009	
ASSETS										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	24,006	\$	10,535	\$	5,138	\$	197	\$	39,876
Investments		254,134		91,479		47,185		53,540		446,338
Accounts Receivable, Net		21,636								21,636
Interest Receivable		517		512		248		2		1,279
Due from Other Funds		1,344								1,344
Inventories		235								235
Loans Receivable		285								285
Total Assets	\$	302,157	\$	102,526	\$	52,571	\$	53,739	\$	510,993
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:										
Accounts Payable	\$	9,071	\$		\$	30	\$		\$	9,101
Accrued Payroll		3,536				53				3,589
Due to Other Funds		507				5				512
Deferred Revenue		5,874		346		168				6,388
Total Liabilities		18,988		346		256				19,590
Fund Balances:										
Reserved for Inventories		235								235
Reserved for Debt Service				102,180						102,180
Reserved for Loans Receivable		285								285
Reserved for Trust Principal								53,615		53,615
Unreserved		282,649				52,315		124		335,088
Total Fund Balances	_	283,169		102,180		52,315		53,739		491,403
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	302,157	\$	102,526	\$	52,571	\$	53,739	\$	510,993
a I dila balances	_	502,157	<u> </u>	. 02,320	_	32,371	<u> </u>	33,733	_	5.0,555

#### STATE OF MISSOURI

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAIOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BY FUND TYPE

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BY FUND TYPE
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009
(In Thousands of Dollars)

									 Totals
		Special Revenue		Debt Service		Capital Projects	Pe	rmanent	June 30, 2009
Revenues:									
Taxes	\$	141,472	\$		\$		\$		\$ 141,472
Licenses, Fees, and Permits		180,064							180,064
Sales		1,539							1,539
Leases and Rentals		224							224
Services		115							115
Contributions and Intergovernmental Investment Earnings:		25,396				1,172			26,568
Net Increase (Decrease) in the Fair									
Value of Investments		(1,439)		242		36		(12,313)	(13,474)
Interest		4,222		2,945		1,703		1,017	9,887
Penalties and Unclaimed Properties		19,742						1,985	21,727
Cost Reimbursement/Miscellaneous		205,595		60				20	205,675
Total Revenues		576,930		3,247		2,911		(9,291)	 573,797
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General Government		52,548				43			52,591
Education		9,457							9,457
Natural and Economic Resources		245,592				18,540			264,132
Transportation and Law Enforcement		53,094				3,386			56,480
Human Services		218,407						5	218,412
Capital Outlay:						2.027			2.027
Transportation and Law Enforcement						2,037			2,037
Human Services						306			306
Debt Service:		701		65.055					65.756
Principal		701 226		65,055					65,756
Interest	_			30,295 95,350	_	24 212		5	 30,521
Total Expenditures		580,025	_	95,550	_	24,312			 699,692
Excess Revenues (Expenditures)		(3,095)		(92,103)		(21,401)		(9,296)	 (125,895)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Proceeds from Capital Leases		98							98
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		17				2			19
Transfers In		83,727		92,595		6,000			182,322
Transfers Out		(109,693)				(1,115)			(110,808)
Total Other Financing									
Sources (Uses)		(25,851)		92,595		4,887			 71,631
Net Change in Fund Balances		(28,946)		492		(16,514)		(9,296)	(54,264)
Fund Balances - Beginning		312,102		101,688		68,829		63,035	545,654
Increase (Decrease) in Reserve									
for Inventory		13							13
Fund Balances – Ending	\$	283,169	\$	102,180	\$	52,315	\$	53,739	\$ 491,403
-	_				_				



The **Special Revenue Funds** account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The State has numerous individual Special Revenue Funds. Therefore, the funds have been combined into specific functional areas.

#### **Non-Major Special Revenue Funds:**

**Professional Registration** – Provides for the control and regulation of various professions. Each profession has its own fund to account for its operation.

**Judicial Protection and Assistance** – Provides for protection of public employees by the Attorney General's Office, conviction of criminal offenders by prosecuting attorneys and assistance to victims of criminal offenses.

**Agriculture and State Fair** – Provides for inspections of products, market development, and awards for competition at the State Fair.

**Social Assistance** – Provides financial, health, and other services to qualifying individuals.

**Unemployment and Workers' Compensation** – Provides for the administration of these laws and benefits to workers who qualify for workers' compensation.

**Reimbursements and Other** – Provides various reimbursements of costs to other governments and various regulatory commissions not included in other functional areas.

#### STATE OF MISSOURI COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

				Judicial										Totals
	Professional Registration				Agriculture and State Fair		Social Assistance		Unemployment and Workers' Compensation		Reimbursements and Other		June 30, 2009	
ASSETS														
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,123	\$	2,261	\$	525	\$	7,167	\$	4,239	\$	5,691	\$	24,006
Investments		42,498		23,297		6,711		79,471		43,968		58,189		254,134
Accounts Receivable, Net				2,485		54		5,462		11,564		2,071		21,636
Interest Receivable				48		15		179		131		144		517
Due from Other Funds				93		39		262		246		704		1,344
Inventories		27		16		2						190		235
Loans Receivable						285								285
Total Assets	\$	46,648	\$	28,200	\$	7,631	\$	92,541	\$	60,148	\$	66,989	\$	302,157
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES														
Liabilities:														
Accounts Payable	\$	233	\$	1,915	\$	73	\$	2,768	\$	300	\$	3,782	\$	9,071
Accrued Payroll		213		377		89		309		459		2,089		3,536
Due to Other Funds		60		137		11		48		88		163		507
Deferred Revenue			_	644		5		3,295		1,599		331	_	5,874
Total Liabilities		506		3,073		178		6,420		2,446		6,365		18,988
Fund Balances:														
Reserved for:														
Inventories		27		16		2						190		235
Loans Receivable						285								285
Unreserved		46,115		25,111		7,166		86,121		57,702		60,434		282,649
Total Fund Balances		46,142		25,127		7,453		86,121		57,702		60,624		283,169
Total Liabilities														
and Fund Balances	\$	46,648	\$	28,200	\$	7,631	\$	92,541	\$	60,148	\$	66,989	\$	302,157

#### STATE OF MISSOURI

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

	Prof	Professional		Judicial Protection and		Agriculture and State		Social		Unemployment and Workers'		bursements		Totals June 30,
		istration	As	ssistance		Fair	A	Assistance		pensation		nd Other		2009
Revenues:														
Taxes	\$	141	\$	1	\$	1,327	\$	65,608	\$	74,373	\$	22	\$	141,472
Licenses, Fees, and Permits		18,811		33,888		3,866		20,122				103,377		180,064
Sales						15		924				600		1,539
Leases and Rentals								224						224
Services				108				7						115
Contributions and														
Intergovernmental				669		8		24,007		21		691		25,396
Investment Earnings:														
Net Increase (Decrease) in the Fair	r													
Value of Investments		52		25		86		(1,701)		31		68		(1,439)
Interest				166		24		1,763		1,060		1,209		4,222
Penalties and Unclaimed Properties		368		9,324				42		3,913		6,095		19,742
Cost Reimbursement/Miscellaneous	<u> </u>	187		1,694		229		173,491		243		29,751		205,595
Total Revenues		19,559		45,875		5,555		284,487		79,641		141,813	_	576,930
Expenditures:														
Current:														
General Government		6,394		26,669		89		2,578		6,114		10,704		52,548
Education		106		1		2		9,131		5		212		9,457
Natural and Economic Resources		10,219		2,479		37,089		27,053		83,563		85,189		245,592
Transportation and Law														
Enforcement				24,583		3		6,334		2		22,172		53,094
Human Services				6		9		204,536		25		13,831		218,407
Debt Service:														
Principal				21				2		85		593		701
Interest				5				3		57		161		226
Total Expenditures		16,719		53,764		37,192		249,637		89,851		132,862	_	580,025
Excess Revenues (Expenditures)		2,840	_	(7,889)		(31,637)		34,850		(10,210)		8,951	_	(3,095)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):														
Proceeds from Capital Leases				45						31		22		98
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset	S			8								9		17
Transfers In		25		6,842		34,131		5,069				37,660		83,727
Transfers Out		(712)						(63,018)		(50)		(45,913)		(109,693)
Total Other Financing														
Sources (Uses)		(687)		6,895		34,131		(57,949)		(19)		(8,222)		(25,851)
Net Change in Fund Balances		2,153		(994)		2,494		(23,099)		(10,229)		729		(28,946)
Fund Balances - Beginning		43,989		26,135		4,958		109,224		67,931		59,865		312,102
Increase (Decrease) in Reserve														
for Inventory				(14)		1_		(4)				30	_	13
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	46,142	\$	25,127	\$	7,453	\$	86,121	\$	57,702	\$	60,624	\$	283,169

#### STATE OF MISSOURI

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

_	Pro	fessional Registra	tion	Judicial	Protection and As	ssistance		Agriculture and Stat	e Fair		Social Assistance	
_	Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues:									_			
Taxes:												
Cigarette \$		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	•	\$ 34,315	\$ 35,371	\$ 1,056
Liquor							1,624	1,32	7 (297)	===		
Reimbursement/Miscellaneous	137	141	4							29,138	30,034	896
Total Taxes	137	141	4				1,624	1,32		63,453	65,405	1,952
Licenses, Fees, and Permits	18,338	18,826	488	32,578	33,806	1,228	4,818	3,93		19,556	20,157	601
Leases and Rentals										217	224	7
Sales							18	1!		896	924	28
Services				104	108	4				6	7	1
Contributions and	2	2		2.001	2.077	7.0			. (2)	20.767	21 712	0.46
Intergovernmental	2	2		2,001	2,077	76 7	11			30,767	31,713	946
Interest				197	204	335	76 	6:		1,652	1,703	51 1
Penalties and Unclaimed Property	358	368	10	8,869	9,204	333				39	40	
Cost Reimbursement/ Miscellaneous	181	186	5	1,634	1,695	61	491	40	I (90)	170,673	175 022	E 250
Miscenarieous											175,923	5,250
Total Revenues	19,016	19,523	507	45,383	47,094	1,711	7,038	5,752	(1,286)	287,259	296,096	8,837
Expenditures:												
Current:												
General Government	18	7	11	29,245	24,323	4,922	113	9:	7 16	6,581	4,743	1,838
Education	117	108	9					==		11,860	8,881	2,979
Natural and Economic Resources	10,262	8,209	2,053	2,640	2,471	169	54,369	39,20	15,161	30,830	27,265	3,565
Transportation and Law												
Enforcement				31,108	25,388	5,720	5	;	2 3	6,909	5,929	980
Human Services				1		1				230,034	208,960	21,074
Debt Service										6	5	1
Total Expenditures	10,397	8,324	2,073	62,994	52,182	10,812	54,487	39,30	7 15,180	286,220	255,783	30,437
Excess Revenues												
(Expenditures)	8,619	11,199	2,580	(17,611)	(5,088)	12,523	(47,449)	(33,55	5) 13,894	1,039	40,313	39,274
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									_			
Transfers In	25	25		6,961	6,849	(112)	35,642	34,13	(1,511)	8,695	5,070	(3,625)
Transfers Out	(11,500)	(9,124)	2,376	(2,595)	(2,313)	282	(2,644)	(79		(146,791)	(68,501)	78,290
Total Other Financing	(11,500)	(3,124)	2,370	(2,333)	(2,313)		(2,044)		1,033	(140,731)	(00,301)	70,230
Sources (Uses)	(11,475)	(9,099)	2,376	4,366	4,536	170	32,998	33,340	342	(138,096)	(63,431)	74,665
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,856)	2,100	4,956	(13,245)	(552)	12,693	(14,451)	(21	5) 14,236	(137,057)	(23,118)	113,939
Fund Balances – Beginning	44,374	44,374		26,028	26,028		3,777	3,77	7	101,885	101,885	
Fund Balances – Ending	41,518	\$ 46,474	\$ 4,956	\$ 12,783	\$ 25,476	\$ 12,693	\$ (10,674)	\$ 3,562	\$ 14,236	\$ (35,172)	\$ 78,767	\$ 113,939
Reconciling Items:												
Reclassifying Cash Equivalents as Inve	stments	(42,351)			(23,215)			(3,03)	7)		(71,600)	
Investments at Fair Value	5	42,498			23,297			6,71			79,471	
Receivables					2,533			354			5,641	
Due from Other Funds					93			39			262	
Inventories		27			16							
Accounts Payable		(233)			(1,915)			(7:			(2,768)	
Accrued Payroll		(213)			(377)			(89			(309)	
Due to Other Funds		(60)			(137)			(1			(48)	
Deferred Revenue					(644)				5)		(3,295)	
Fund Balance per GAAP		\$ 46,142			\$ 25,127			\$ 7,45	_		\$ 86,121	
Tunu balance per GAAF		7 40,142			¥ 23,127			7,43	, <del>=</del>		J 00,121	

This schedule is continued on pages 111-112.

	Unemployme	ent and Workers' C	ompensation	sation Reimbursements and Other Totals					
_	Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues:									
Taxes:									
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 34,315	\$ 35,371	\$ 1,056
Liquor							1,624	1,327	(297)
Reimbursement/Miscellaneous	84,653	78,772	(5,881)	3	3		113,931	108,950	(4,981)
Total Taxes	84,653	78,772	(5,881)	3	3		149,870	145,648	(4,222)
Licenses, Fees and Permits				111,276	105,268	(6,008)	186,566	181,995	(4,571)
Leases and Rentals							217	224	7
Sales				633	598	(35)	1,547	1,537	(10)
Services				7	7		117	122	5
Contributions and									
Intergovernmental	1,142	1,062	(80)	920	870	(50)	34,843	35,733	890
Interest	1,306	1,216	(90)	1,389	1,314	(75)	4,620	4,499	(121)
Penalties and Unclaimed Property	4,206	3,913	(293)	6,432	6,085	(347)	19,904	19,610	(294)
Cost Reimbursement/									
Miscellaneous	380	354	(26)	32,185	30,447	(1,738)	205,544	209,006	3,462
Total Revenues	91,687	85,317	(6,370)	152,845	144,592	(8,253)	603,228	598,374	(4,854)
=	31,007		(0,370)	132,013	111,552	(0,233)	003,220	330,371	(1,051)
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General Government	18,749	7,666	11,083	11,973	8,680	3,293	66,679	45,516	21,163
Education				400	199	201	12,377	9,188	3,189
Natural and Economic Resources	91,350	79,168	12,182	89,628	74,248	15,380	279,079	230,569	48,510
Transportation and Law									
Enforcement				23,459	19,810	3,649	61,481	51,129	10,352
Human Services				19,889	14,332	5,557	249,924	223,292	26,632
Debt Service				129	100	29	135	105	30
Total Expenditures	110,099	86,834	23,265	145,478	117,369	28,109	669,675	559,799	109,876
Excess Revenues									
(Expenditures)	(18,412)	(1,517)	16,895	7,367	27,223	19,856	(66,447)	38,575	105,022
· -	(10,112)	(1,317)	.0,033	-,,507		15,050	(00,117)	30,373	.03,022
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers In				44,279	37,669	(6,610)	95,602	83,744	(11,858)
Transfers Out	(7,781)	(6,877)	904	(68,985)	(63,720)	5,265	(240,296)	(151,326)	88,970
Total Other Financing									
Sources (Uses)	(7,781)	(6,877)	904	(24,706)	(26,051)	(1,345)	(144,694)	(67,582)	77,112
Net Change in Fund Balances	(26,193)	(8,394)	17,799	(17,339)	1,172	18,511	(211,141)	(29,007)	182,134
Fund Balances - Beginning	56,449	56,449		62,485	62,485		294,998	294,998	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 30,256	\$ 48,055	\$ 17,799	\$ 45,146	\$ 63,657	\$ 18,511	\$ 83,857	\$ 265,991	\$ 182,134
Reconciling Items:									
Reclassifying Cash Equivalents as Inve	stmonts	(43,816)			(57,966)			(241.985)	
Investments at Fair Value	estillellts	43,968			58,189			254,134	
								· ·	
Receivables		11,695			2,215			22,438	
Due from Other Funds		246			704			1,344	
Inventories		(200)			190			235	
Accounts Payable		(300)			(3,782)			(9,071)	
Accrued Payroll		(459)			(2,089)			(3,536)	
Due to Other Funds		(88)			(163)			(507)	
Deferred Revenue		(1,599)			(331)			(5,874)	
Fund Balance per GAAP		\$ 57,702			\$ 60,624			\$ 283,169	

This schedule is continued from pages 109-110.



The **Debt Service Funds** account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

#### **Debt Service Funds:**

Water Pollution Control Bond and Interest – Accounts for moneys used to pay the principal of the Water Pollution Control Bonds and the interest thereon.

**Third State Building Bond Interest and Sinking** – Accounts for moneys used to pay the principal of the Third State Building Bonds and the interest thereon.

**Fourth State Building Bond and Interest** – Accounts for moneys used to pay the principal of the Fourth State Building Bonds and the interest thereon.

**Stormwater Control Bond and Interest** – Accounts for moneys used to pay the principal of the Stormwater Control Bonds and the interest thereon.

#### STATE OF MISSOURI COMBINING BALANCE SHEET DEBT SERVICE FUNDS June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

	Water Third State								Totals		
	Pollution Control Bond and Interest		Int	ding Bond erest and Sinking	Buil	orth State ding Bond d Interest	Con	rmwater trol Bond I Interest	June 30, 2009		
ASSETS											
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Interest Receivable	\$	3,917 34,014 190	\$	4,263 37,016 208	\$	2,022 17,561 98	\$	333 2,888 16	\$	10,535 91,479 512	
Total Assets	\$	38,121	\$	41,487	\$	19,681	\$	3,237	\$	102,526	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:											
Deferred Revenue	\$	128	\$	141	\$	66	\$	11	\$	346	
Total Liabilities		128		141		66		11		346	
Fund Balances:											
Reserved for Debt Service		37,993		41,346		19,615		3,226		102,180	
Total Fund Balances		37,993		41,346		19,615		3,226		102,180	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	38,121	\$	41,487	\$	19,681	\$	3,237	\$	102,526	

## STATE OF MISSOURI COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES DEBT SERVICE FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

	Water	Third State		_	Totals
	Pollution Control Bond and Interest	Building Bond Interest and Sinking	Fourth State Building Bond and Interest	Stormwater Control Bond and Interest	June 30, 2009
Revenues: Investment Earnings: Net Increase (Decrease) in the					
Fair Value of Investments	\$ 115	\$ 66	\$ 52	\$ 9	\$ 242
Interest Cost Reimbursement/	1,017	1,272	568	88	2,945
Miscellaneous	60				60
Total Revenues	1,192	1,338	620	97	3,247
Expenditures: Debt Service:					
Principal	14,270	41,925	8,130	730	65,055
Interest	14,664	4,980	8,896	1,755	30,295
Total Expenditures	28,934	46,905	17,026	2,485	95,350
Excess Revenues (Expenditures)	(27,742)	(45,567)	(16,406)	(2,388)	(92,103)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers In	34,881	37,018	17,899	2,797	92,595
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	34,881	37,018	17,899	2,797	92,595
Net Change in Fund Balances	7,139	(8,549)	1,493	409	492
Fund Balances - Beginning	30,854	49,895	18,122	2,817	101,688
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 37,993	\$ 41,346	\$ 19,615	\$ 3,226	\$ 102,180

## STATE OF MISSOURI COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

\_\_\_\_\_

	Water Polluti	on Control Bond	l and Interest	Third State Building Bond st Interest and Sinking				urth State Build ond and Interes	9	Stormwater	Control Bond	and Interest	Totals			
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance	
<b>Revenues:</b> Interest Reimbursement/Miscellaneous	\$ 1,429 81	\$ 1,075 61	\$ (354) (20)	\$ 2,441	\$ 1,401 	\$ (1,040)	\$ 885 2	\$ 607 1	\$ (278) (1)	\$ 137 2	\$ 94 1	\$ (43) (1)	\$ 4,892 85	\$ 3,177 63	\$ (1,715) (22)	
Total Revenues	1,510	1,136	(374)	2,441	1,401	(1,040)	887	608	(279)	139	95	(44)	4,977	3,240	(1,737)	
<b>Expenditures:</b> Debt Service	28,938	28,934	4	46,905	46,905		17,078	17,026	52	2,579	2,485	94	95,500	95,350	150	
Total Expenditures	28,938	28,934	4	46,905	46,905		17,078	17,026	52	2,579	2,485	94	95,500	95,350	150	
Excess Revenues (Expenditures)	(27,428)	(27,798)	(370)	(44,464)	(45,504)	(1,040)	(16,191)	(16,418)	(227)	(2,440)	(2,390)	50	(90,523)	(92,110)	(1,587)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	35,328 35,328	34,881	(447)	37,018	37,018		17,899	17,899		2,797	2,797		93,042	92,595	(447)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	7,900	7,083	(817)	(7,446)	(8,486)	(1,040)	1,708	1,481	(227)	357	407	50	2,519	485	(2,034)	
Fund Balances - Beginning	30,622	30,622		49,519	49,519		17,985	17,985		2,796	2,796		100,922	100,922		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 38,522	\$ 37,705	\$ (817)	\$ 42,073	\$ 41,033	\$ (1,040)	\$ 19,693	\$ 19,466	\$ (227)	\$ 3,153	\$ 3,203	\$ 50	\$ 103,441	\$ 101,407	\$ (2,034)	
Reconciling Items: Reclassifying Cash Equivalents as I Investments at Fair Value Interest Receivable Deferred Revenues Fund Balances – GAAP Basis	nvestments	(33,788) 34,014 190 (128) \$ 37,993			(36,770) 37,016 208 (141) \$ 41,346	-115-	-116-	(17,444) 17,561 98 (66) \$ 19,615			(2,870) 2,888 16 (11) \$ 3,226			(90,872) 91,479 512 (346) \$ 102,180		



The Capital Projects Funds account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

#### **Non-Major Capital Projects Funds:**

**Veterans' Homes Capital Improvement** – Accounts for fees collected from the sale of bingo cards to be used for the construction or renovation of veterans' homes and cemeteries in the State.

Water Pollution Control – Accounts for bond sale proceeds to be used for the protection of the environment through the control of water pollution.

**Fourth State Building** – Accounts for bond sale proceeds to be used for capital improvements of institutions of higher education, the Department of Corrections, and the Division of Youth Services.

**Board of Public Building Revenue Bond** – Accounts for bond sale proceeds to be used for renovating state buildings and structures.

#### STATE OF MISSOURI COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

\_\_\_\_\_

	٧	'eterans'						Totals
		Homes Capital provement	-	Water follution Control	Publ	oard of ic Building enue Bond		June 30, 2009
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Interest Receivable	\$	1,579 16,277 59	\$	3,341 29,016 179	\$	218 1,892 10	\$	5,138 47,185 248
Total Assets	\$	17,915	\$	32,536	\$	2,120	\$	52,571
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	30	\$		\$		\$	30
Accrued Payroll	•	53	•		•		•	53
Due to Other Funds		5						5
Deferred Revenue		40		121		7		168
Total Liabilities		128		121		7		256
Fund Balances:								
Unreserved		17,787		32,415		2,113		52,315
Total Fund Balances		17,787		32,415		2,113		52,315
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	17,915	\$	32,536	\$	2,120	\$	52,571

NOTE: The Fourth State Building is not included in the Capital Projects Funds Combining Balance Sheet because there were no assets, liabilities, or fund equity at June 30, 2009.

### STATE OF MISSOURI COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

\_\_\_\_\_

Davana	Veterans' Homes Capital Improvement	Water Pollution Control	Fourth State Building	Board of Public Building Revenue Bond	Totals June 30, 2009
Revenues:  Contributions and					
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,172	\$	\$	\$	\$ 1,172
Investment Earnings:	·,	•	•	•	• .,
Net Increase (Decrease) in the					
Fair Value of Investments	23	13	(4)	4	36
Interest	386	1,253		64	1,703
Total Revenues	1,581	1,266	(4)	68	2,911
Expenditures:					
Current: General Government	43				42
Natural and Economic Resources	43	18,540			43 18,540
Transportation and		10,340			10,340
Law Enforcement	3,386				3,386
Capital Outlay:	3,300				3,300
Transportation and					
Law Enforcement	2,037				2,037
Human Services				306	306
Total Expenditures	5,466	18,540		306	24,312
Excess Revenues (Expenditures)	(3,885)	(17,274)	(4)	(238)	(21,401)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	2				2
Transfers In	6,000				6,000
Transfers Out			(1,115)		(1,115)
Total Other Financing			( ·		
Sources (Uses)	6,002		(1,115)		4,887
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,117	(17,274)	(1,119)	(238)	(16,514)
Fund Balances – Beginning	15,670	49,689	1,119	2,351	68,829
Fund Balances – Ending	\$ 17,787	\$ 32,415	\$	\$ 2,113	\$ 52,315



The **Permanent Funds** account for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the government's programs.

#### **Permanent Funds:**

**Arrow Rock State Historic Site Endowment** – Accounts for moneys transferred from the State Parks Earnings Fund, as well as other moneys or property received by grant, gift, donation, or bequest specified for the enhancement of the Arrow Rock State Historic Site.

**Confederate Memorial Park** – Accounts for the income from investments acquired by gifts, donations, and bequests to be used for the maintenance of the Confederate Memorial Park.

**State Public School** – Accounts for all moneys, bonds, lands, and other properties belonging to or donated to the State for public school use in establishing and maintaining free public schools.

**Smith Memorial Endowment Trust** – Accounts for moneys bequeathed for the use and benefit of the Crippled Children's Service.

**Missouri Investment Trust** – Accounts for moneys transferred from the Missouri Arts Council Trust Fund, the Missouri Humanities Council Trust Fund, the Johnson-Travis Memorial Trust Fund, and the Secretary of State Wolfner Library Fund to be invested by the Missouri Investment Trust's Board of Trustees.

#### STATE OF MISSOURI COMBINING BALANCE SHEET PERMANENT FUNDS June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

	State	w Rock Historic dowment	Me	federate morial Park	 ate Public School	Me End	mith morial owment Trust	Missouri vestment Trust	 Totals une 30, 2009
ASSETS					 _			_	_
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Interest Receivable	\$	2 25 	\$	15 154 1	\$ 146 35,747 	\$	34 359 1	\$ 17,255 	\$ 197 53,540 2
Total Assets	\$	27	\$	170	\$ 35,893	\$	394	\$ 17,255	\$ 53,739
FUND BALANCES									
Reserved for Trust Principal Unreserved	\$	27 	\$	75 95	\$ 35,893	\$	365 29	\$ 17,255	\$ 53,615 124
Total Fund Balances	\$	27	\$	170	\$ 35,893	\$	394	\$ 17,255	\$ 53,739

NOTE: There were no liabilities at June 30, 2009.

## STATE OF MISSOURI COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES PERMANENT FUNDS

#### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

					9	Smith			 Totals
	State	w Rock Historic dowment	 nfederate Iemorial Park	ate Public School	End	emorial owment Trust	-	Missouri vestment Trust	June 30, 2009
Revenues: Investment Earnings:									
Net Increase (Decrease) in the	2								
Fair Value of Investments Interest	\$		\$ 1 4	\$ (946) 1,004	\$	 9	\$	(11,368)	\$ (12,313) 1,017
Penalties and Unclaimed									
Properties				1,985					1,985
Miscellaneous			 	 20					 20
Total Revenues	1		 5	 2,063		9		(11,368)	 (9,291)
Expenditures:									
Human Services						5			5
Total Expenditures						5			5
Excess Revenues									
(Expenditures)			 5	 2,063		4		(11,368)	(9,296)
Net Change in Fund Balances	5		5	2,063		4		(11,368)	(9,296)
Fund Balances – Beginning		27	165	33,830		390		28,623	 63,035
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	27	\$ 170	\$ 35,893	\$	394	\$	17,255	\$ 53,739

#### STATE OF MISSOURI

### COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ALL APPROPRIATED PERMANENT FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

	Arrow	Rock S	tate Hi	storic Sit	e Endow	ment	C	onfedera	ate Memori	al Park		_		State F	Public School			Smith	n Memoria	l Endowmer	nt Trust	
	Budg	get	Ac	tual	Varia	ance	Budget		Actual	Var	riance		Budget		Actual	 ariance	Ві	udget	A	ctual	Va	ariance
<b>Revenues:</b> Interest Penalties and Unclaimed Property	\$	1	\$		\$	(1)		5 \$	4	\$	(1)	\$		\$	1,005 366	\$ 1,005 366	\$	18	\$	10	\$	(8)
Reimbursement/Miscellaneous								<u> </u>							19	 19						
Total Revenues		1				(1)		5	4		(1)	_			1,390	 1,390		18		10		(8)
Expenditures: Current: Human Services								- <u> </u>								 		35		5		30
Total Expenditures								<u> </u>								 		35		5		30
Excess Revenues (Expenditures)		1_				(1)		5	4		(1)				1,390	 1,390		(17)		5		22
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In Total Other Financing								<u> </u>					1,619		1,619	 						
Sources (Uses)			-										1,619		1,619	 						
Net Change in Fund Balances		1				(1)		5	4		(1)		1,619		3,009	1,390		(17)		5		22
Fund Balances - Beginning		27		27			10		164			_	2,469		16,591	 14,122		387		387		
Fund Balances – Ending	\$	28	\$	27	\$	(1)	\$ 10	9 \$	168	\$	(1)	\$	4,088	\$	19,600	\$ 15,512	\$	370	\$	392	\$	22
Reconciling Items: Reclassifying Cash Equivalents as I Investments at Fair Value Interest Receivable Fund Balance - GAAP Basis	nvestme	nts	\$	(25) 25  27				\$	(153) 154 1					\$	(19,454) 35,747  35,893				\$	(358) 359 1 394		

NOTE: The Missouri Investment Trust Fund is not presented on the budgetary comparison schedule because it is a non-appropriated fund and does not have a legally adopted budget.

		Totals	
	Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues:			
Interest	\$ 24	\$ 1,019	\$ 995
Penalties and Unclaimed Property		366	366
Reimbursement/Miscellaneous		19	19
Remisursement, iniscendineous			
Total Revenues	24	1,404	1,380
Expenditures:			
Current:		_	
Human Services	35	5	30
Total Expenditures	35	5	30
Excess Revenues			
(Expenditures)	(11)	1,399	1,410
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers In	1,619	1,619	
Total Other Financing	1.610	1.610	
Sources (Uses)	1,619	1,619	
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,608	3,018	1,410
Fund Balances – Beginning	3,047	17,169	14,122
Fund Balances – Ending	\$ 4,655	\$ 20,187	\$ 15,532
Reconciling Items:		<u></u>	
Reclassifying Cash Equivalents as I	nvestments	(19,990)	
Investments at Fair Value		36,285	
Interest Receivable		2	
Fund Balance - GAAP Basis		\$ 36,484	

NOTE: The Missouri Investment Trust Fund is not presented on the budgetary comparison schedule because it is a non-appropriated fund and does not have a legally adopted budget.

This schedule is continued from page 122.



The **Enterprise Funds** account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises.

#### **Non-Major Enterprise Funds:**

**State Fair Fees** – Accounts for the fairground admission fees used to improve the grounds and to pay the operating costs of the State Fair.

State Parks – Accounts for park concessions and contributions which are used to acquire and operate state parks.

**Natural Resources Revolving Services** – Accounts for moneys received from the delivery of services and the sale or resale of maps, plats, reports, studies, records, and other publications and documents.

**Historic Preservation Revolving** – Accounts for gifts, grants, and contributions used to acquire, preserve, restore, maintain, or operate any historical properties.

Missouri Veterans' Homes – Accounts for fees to provide services for persons confined to one of the veterans' homes.

State Agency for Surplus Property – Accounts for the surplus property operation.

**Department of Revenue Information** – Accounts for fees received by the Department of Revenue for publications and used to pay the costs of providing this information.

# STATE OF MISSOURI COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

(In I	nousanas	OT	Dollars)	

	State Fair Fees	State Parks	Natural Resources Revolving Services	Historic Preservation Revolving	Missouri Veterans' Homes	State Agency for Surplus Property	Department of Revenue Information	Totals June 30, 2009
ASSETS								
Current Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 29	\$ 2,739	\$ 51	\$ 230	\$ 787	\$ 239	\$ 87	\$ 4,162
Investments	296	28,034	522	2,365	8,126	2,467	941	42,751
Accounts Receivable, Net		47	4		193	117	206	567
Interest Receivable	1			10	41	11		63
Due from Other Funds	4	2	90			7		103
Inventories	1	392	497		163			1,053
Prepaid Items			22					22
Loans Receivable				520				520
Noncurrent Assets:								
Assets Held for Resale				115				115
Capital Assets:								
Construction in Progress		3,578			13	1,699		5,290
Land		8,515						8,515
Land Improvements	76	7,159			42	169		7,446
Buildings	3	22,771		480	164	161		23,579
Equipment	421	12,391	17,738	34	5,437	972	168	37,161
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(404)	(22,163)	(11,039)	(165)	(3,756)	(1,049)	(156)	(38,732)
Total Capital Assets (Net of			·					
Accumulated Depreciation)	96	32,251	6,699	349	1,900	1,952	12	43,259
Total Assets	427	63,465	7,885	3,589	11,210	4,793	1,246	92,615
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	9	166	28	14	362	172	6	757
Accrued Payroll	50	59	4	7	1,717	26	20	1,883
Due to Other Funds	42	8	16		14	7	8	95
Unearned Revenue			41					41
Obligations Under Lease Purchase			94					94
Compensated Absences	29	76	4	14	2,189	44	35	2,391
Noncurrent Liabilities:								
Obligations Under Lease Purchase			116					116
Compensated Absences	65		6	7			1	79
Total Liabilities	195	309	309	42	4,282	249	70	5,456
NET ASSETS								
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	96	32,251	6,489	349	1,900	1,952	12	43,049
Unrestricted	136	30,905	1,087	3,198	5,028	2,592	1,164	44,110
Total Net Assets	\$ 232	\$ 63,156	\$ 7,576	\$ 3,547	\$ 6,928	\$ 4,544	\$ 1,176	\$ 87,159

### STATE OF MISSOURI COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

	State F			State Parks	Res Rev	atural sources volving ervices	Pres	listoric servation evolving	Ve	ssouri terans' omes	for	e Agency Surplus coperty	of R	artment evenue rmation	Ju	Totals une 30, 2009
Operating Revenues:	4			4.001		114										7.600
Licenses, Fees, and Permits	\$ 2	2,604	\$	4,891	\$	114	\$		\$	457	\$	2.677	\$	2.207	\$	7,609
Sales				657		132				457		2,677		3,207		7,130
Leases and Rentals		,036		2,209												3,245
Charges for Services										27,193		124				27,193
Cost Reimbursement/Miscellaneous				419						162		134				715
Total Operating Revenues		3,640		8,176		246				27,812		2,811		3,207		45,892
Operating Expenses:																
Cost of Goods Sold						759						703				1,462
Personal Service	1	,394		8,033		93		245		55,962		907		702		67,336
Operations	2	2,646		3,592		281		72		2,974		233		4,407		14,205
Inventories		21		234				2		2,628		5		119		3,009
Specific Programs		22		18		4		382		300						726
Depreciation		24		1,795		1,003		10		347		75		12		3,266
Other Charges		189		212		4		3		25		9		57		499
Total Operating Expenses		1,296		13,884		2,144		714		62,236		1,932		5,297		90,503
Operating Income (Loss)		(656)		(5,708)		(1,898)		(714)		(34,424)		879		(2,090)		(44,611)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):																
Contributions and Intergovernmental		136		1,245		3,632				36,554		181		44		41,792
Interest Expense						(9)										(9)
Investment Earnings:																
Net Increase (Decrease) in the																
Fair Value of Investments		1		20				3		16		2		(4)		38
Interest		7						68		215		76				366
Penalties and Unclaimed Properties				1												1
Disposal of Capital Assets				2		204				(10)		177				373
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		144		1,268		3,827		71		36,775		436		40		42,561
Income (Loss) Before Transfers		(512)		(4,440)		1,929		(643)		2,351		1,315		(2,050)		(2,050)
Capital Contributions						143										143
Transfers In								873								873
Transfers Out												(30)				(30)
Change in Net Assets		(512)		(4,440)	-	2,072		230		2,351		1,285		(2,050)		(1,064)
Total Net Assets - Beginning		744		67,596		5,504		3,317		4,577		3,259		3,226		88,223
Total Net Assets – Ending	\$	232	\$	63,156	\$	7,576	\$	3,547	\$	6,928	\$	4,544	\$	1,176	\$	87,159
. Star Net / BSetS Enamy	-		-	33,130		7,570		3,317	-	3,320	-	1,511	-	.,	-	37,133

# STATE OF MISSOURI COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

					1	Natural										Totals
		ate Fair Fees		State Parks	R	esources evolving Services	Pres	istoric servation volving	V	Missouri 'eterans' Homes	for	e Agency Surplus roperty	of	oartment Revenue ormation	J	une 30, 2009
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:															_	_
Receipts from Internal Customers and Users	\$	54	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	505	\$		\$	559
Receipts from External Customers and Users		3,586		7,650		246				27,594		2,306		3,057		44,439
Payments to Suppliers		(2,681)		(3,638)		(1,187)		(64)		(5,354)		(799)		(4,526)		(18,249)
Payments to Employees		(1,280)		(7,983)		(89)		(239)		(55,425)		(915)		(688)		(66,619)
Payments Made for Program Expense		(22)		(18)		(4)		(382)		(300)						(726)
Other Receipts (Payments)		(189)		207		(4)		(3)		137		125		(57)		216
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(532)		(3,782)		(1,038)		(688)		(33,348)		1,222		(2,214)		(40,380)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:																
Loans Made to Outside Entities								14								14
Due to/from Other Funds		14		7		36				1		(6)		2		54
Contributions and Intergovernmental		136		621		2,451				36,554				44		39,806
Transfers to/from Other Funds								873				(30)				843
Net Cash Provided (Used) by					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·											
Non-Capital Financing Activities		150		628		2,487		887		36,555		(36)		46		40,717
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:																
Interest Expense						(9)										(9)
Purchases and Construction of Capital Assets				(2,145)		(1,393)		(1)		(454)		(1,532)				(5,525)
Capital Lease Downpayment/Obligations						(122)										(122)
Disposal of Capital Assets														11		1
Net Cash Provided (Used) by																
Capital and Related Financing Activities				(2,145)		(1,524)		(1)		(454)		(1,532)		11		(5,655)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:																
Proceeds from Investment Maturities		349		5,291		77						274		2,012		8,003
Purchase of Investments								(218)		(2,650)						(2,868)
Interest and Dividends Received		9						74		236		86				405
Penalties and Other Receipts				1												1
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		358		5,292		77		(144)		(2,414)		360		2,012		5,541
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash		(24)		(7)		2		54		339		14		(155)		223
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		53		2,746		49		176		448		225		242		3,939
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	29	\$	2,739	\$	51	\$	230	\$	787	\$	239	\$	87	\$	4,162
	-	<del></del>	-				-	<del></del> :	_		-					
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:																
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(656)	\$	(5,708)	\$	(1,898)	\$	(714)	\$	(34,424)	\$	879	\$	(2,090)	\$	(44,611)
Depreciation Expense	3	24	J	1,795	J	1,003	,	10	¥	347	3	75	J	12	J	3,266
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:				1,733		1,005		10		317		, ,				3,200
Accounts Receivable				(47)						(54)		134		(150)		(117)
Inventories		(1)		205		(83)				548		1		7		677
Accounts Payable		(13)		(17)		(64)		10		(300)		141		(7)		(250)
Accrued Payroll		23		14		1		1		166		(1)		4		208
Unearned Revenue				(60)						(2)						(62)
Compensated Absences		91		36		3		5		371		(7)		10		509
•			_						_						_	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(532)	\$	(3,782)	\$	(1,038)	\$	(688)	\$	(33,348)	\$	1,222	\$	(2,214)	\$	(40,380)
Non-Cash Financing and Investing Activities:																
Capital Lease Issuance	\$		\$		\$	88	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	88
Capital Asset Donations				624		1,324						181				2,129
Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments		1		20				3		16		2		(4)		38
Net Non-Cash Financing and Investing Activities	\$	1	\$	644	\$	1,412	\$	3	\$	16	\$	183	\$	(4)	\$	2,255
			_		===				_		_				_	



The Internal Service Funds account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the State on a cost-reimbursement basis.

#### **Internal Service Funds:**

Natural Resources Cost Allocation – Accounts for the administrative costs of the Department of Natural Resources.

**Mental Health Interagency Payments** – Accounts for moneys received through interagency agreements for services provided by other agencies.

**State Facility Maintenance and Operation** – Accounts for moneys collected from tenants for rent to cover the costs of operations in state-owned office buildings and institutions, charges to tenants in leased space to cover costs of real estate administrative services, and charges to capital improvement projects to cover the costs of project management services.

**Office of Administration Revolving** – Accounts for the following operations: printing services, flight operations, vehicle management, garage services, data processing and telecommunication services, building and grounds, insurance services, postage, and personnel administration.

**Working Capital Revolving** – Accounts for the operation of correctional industry programs and correctional farm programs.

**General Government Revolving** – Accounts for various service operations of the House of Representatives, Supreme Court, Adjutant General, Senate, Treasurer, and Department of Corrections.

**Social Services Administrative Trust** – Accounts for moneys transferred or paid to the Department of Social Services from any governmental entity or the public for goods and services provided.

**Economic Development Administrative** – Accounts for moneys collected for goods and services provided to other divisions and used to pay the cost of providing such services.

**Professional Registration Fees** – Accounts for moneys received from the professional boards for administrative services.

**Conservation Employees' Insurance Plan** – Accounts for health insurance coverage on a self-insured basis and life insurance coverage by a third party provider for Department of Conservation employees.

**Transportation Self-Insurance Plan** – Accounts for highway and highway patrol moneys used to pay workers' compensation claims. Moneys are also used to pay auto claims against the Department of Transportation.

**Missouri State Employees' Insurance Plan** – Accounts for long-term disability and death benefits provided on a self-insured basis for state employees.

**Missouri Consolidated Health Care Plan** – Accounts for medical care benefits provided on a self-insured basis for active state employees.

**MoDOT and MSHP Medical and Life Insurance Plan** – Accounts for the medical coverage provided on a self-insured basis and death benefits provided on an insured basis to Department of Transportation employees and members of the Missouri State Highway Patrol.

# STATE OF MISSOURI COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

(III I III Gasana	3 OI DOMAIS,	

	Natural Resources Cost Allocation	Mental Health Interagency Payments	State Facility Maintenance and Operation	Office of Administration Revolving	Working Capital Revolving	General Government Revolving	Social Services Administrative Trust	Economic Development Administrative	Professional Registration Fees	Conservation Employees' Insurance Plan	Transportation Self-Insurance Plan	Missouri State Employees' Insurance Plan	Missouri Consolidated Health Care Plan	MoDOT & MSHP Medical and Life Insurance Plan	Totals June 30, 2009
ASSETS															
Current Assets:															
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 126	\$ 118	\$ 360	\$ 907	\$ 1,053	\$ 1,967	\$ 38	\$ 17	\$ 23	\$ 1,057	\$ 10,358	\$	\$ 57,632	\$ 9,571	\$ 83,227
Investments	1,296	1,215	4,605	12,502	10,852	20,271	391	177	243	4,022	27,417	2,642	31,532	12,565	129,730
Accounts Receivable, Net				539	551	31,146				417		1,158	7,931	1,770	43,512
Interest Receivable			2							35	320			119	476
Due from Other Funds		135	17,552	4,606	1,890	26	531	9							24,749
Inventories	9	16	5,608	928	10,632		106	2	12						17,313
Prepaid Items													133		133
Non-Current Assets:															
Investments											30,174			14,343	44,517
Restricted Assets:															
Cash and Cash Equivalents			1,283	1,128											2,411
Investments											200			100	300
Capital Assets:															
Construction in Progress			108,268	1,020	24										109,312
Land			8,332		41										8,373
Land Improvements			3,090		62										3,152
Buildings	4,228		446,128	9,972	6,811				2,300						469,439
Equipment	6,014	2,720	12,036	36,181	24,697	2,077	141	493	1,807				2,941		89,107
Software			12					3							15
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(4,142)	(2,400)	(169,844)	(25,972)	(25,614)	(421)	(128)	(400)	(2,381)				(2,350)		(233,652)
Total Capital Assets (Net of															
Accumulated Depreciation)	6,100	320	408,022	21,201	6,021	1,656	13	96	1,726				591		445,746
Total Assets	7,531	1,804	437,432	41,811	30,999	55,066	1,079	301	2,004	5,531	68,469	3,800	97,819	38,468	792,114
LIABILITIES															
Current Liabilities:															
Bank Overdraft												3			3
Accounts Payable	113	22	1,191	3,784	59	1,625	28	29	77	82	199	3,265	19,335	2,991	32,800
Accrued Payroll	279		789	363	276	44		50	140						1,941
Due to Other Funds	64		65	55	122	138	29	6	26						505
Unearned Revenue				1,970									11,396	7,753	21,119
Claims Liability										1,808	17,325		46,036	12,000	77,169
Obligations under Lease Purchase	361		196	1,993											2,550
Compensated Absences	579		2,027	665	589	82		79	242				22		4,285
Non-Current Liabilities:															
Claims Liability											51,451				51,451
Obligations under Lease Purchase	3,278		1,735	2,014											7,027
Compensated Absences	226		9	240	87			12	46				235		855
Total Liabilities	4,900	22	6,012	11,084	1,133	1,889	57	176	531	1,890	68,975	3,268	77,024	22,744	199,705
NET ASSETS															
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	2,461	320	406,091	17,194	6,021	1,656	13	96	1,726				591		436,169
Restricted for:															
Revenue Bonds			1,283												1,283
Other Purposes				1,128							200			100	1,428
Unrestricted	170	1,462	24,046	12,405	23,845	51,521	1,009	29	(253)	3,641	(706)	532	20,204	15,624	153,529
Total Net Assets	\$ 2,631	\$ 1,782	\$ 431,420	\$ 30,727	\$ 29,866	\$ 53,177	\$ 1,022	\$ 125	\$ 1,473	\$ 3,641	\$ (506)	\$ 532	\$ 20,795	\$ 15,724	\$ 592,409

## STATE OF MISSOURI COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

Occupies Province	Natural Resources Cost Allocation	Mental Health Interagency Payments	State Facility Maintenance and Operation	Office of Administration Revolving	Working Capital Revolving	General Government Revolving	Social Services Administrative Trust	Economic Development Administrative	Professional Registration Fees	Conservation Employees' Insurance Plan	Transportation Self-Insurance Plan	Missouri State Employees' Insurance Plan	Missouri Consolidated Health Care Plan	MoDOT & MSHP Medical and Life Insurance Plan	Totals June 30, 2009
Operating Revenues: Employer Contributions	s	\$	\$	\$	s	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 7,770	\$ 14,700	\$	\$ 284,860	\$ 77,528	\$ 384,858
Employee Contributions	<b>.</b>	•	•	•	•	•	<b>.</b>	<b>3</b>	\$	5,347	\$ 14,700	104,651	65,348	29,047	204,393
Medicare Part D Subsidy										3,347			03,340	3,259	3,296
Licenses, Fees, and Permits			2			20,769		1	6,288						27,060
Sales					39,092	12	2								39,106
Leases and Rentals			94.714		121	10									94,845
Charges for Services	16,885	6,350	5,717	68,253		714	5,771	1,651							105,341
Cost Reimbursement/Miscellaneous	43		27	21,157	1	21		140	4	430	375	1,027		2,824	26,049
Total Operating Revenues	16,928	6,350	100,460	89,410	39,214	21,526	5,773	1,792	6,292	13,584	15,075	105,678	350,208	112,658	884,948
Operating Expenses:															
Cost of Goods Sold				8,814	18,255										27,069
Personal Service	9,942		27,218	12,132	9,812	1,530		1,419	4,457			625	3,606		70,741
Operations	4,361	275	54,943	61,958	4,940	10,920	5,470	382	1,328	1,018	749	216	22,661	6,810	176,031
Inventories	145	3	1,909	708	2,847	54		11	65						5,742
Specific Programs	16	9,978	9,704		19	3,875		2	6						23,600
Insurance Benefits										15,026	18,462	104,652	411,593	101,989	651,722
Depreciation	842	286	8,894	6,571	1,033	371	28	50	310				284		18,669
Other Charges	174	8	185	856	1,686	94		22	126	13				14	3,178
Total Operating Expenses	15,480	10,550	102,853	91,039	38,592	16,844	5,498	1,886	6,292	16,057	19,211	105,493	438,144	108,813	976,752
Operating Income (Loss)	1,448	(4,200)	(2,393)	(1,629)	622	4,682	275	(94)		(2,473)	(4,136)	185	(87,936)	3,845	(91,804)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):															
Contributions and Intergovernmental			8			9									17
Interest Expense	(158)		(2)	(157)											(317)
Investment Earnings:															
Net Increase (Decrease) in the Fair Value	2	(7)		15	20	10	ī			70	670			151	0.55
of Investments	2	(7)	6 168	15	20	18	1		1	79	679			151	965
Interest	 2	(20)	168	 7			(1)	(1)		225	2,439	21	2,505	1,001	6,359
Disposal of Capital Assets	(154)	(20)	182	(135)	24	27	(1)	(1)	4	304	3,118	21	2,505	1,152	7,020
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) Income (Loss) Before Transfers	1,294	(4,227)	(2,211)	(1,764)	646	4.709	275	(95)	4	(2,169)	(1,018)	206	(85.431)	4.997	(84,784)
Capital Contributions	1,294	(4,227)	31,097	(1,764)	646	4,709	2/5	(95)		(2,169)	(1,018)	206	(85,431)	4,997	(84,784)
Transfers In			29						2						31,097
Transfers Out			(6)	(159)			(5)		(36)						(206)
Change in Net Assets	1,294	(4,227)	28,909	(1,923)	646	4,709	270	(95)	(30)	(2,169)	(1,018)	206	(85,431)	4,997	(53,862)
Total Net Assets - Beginning	1,337	6.009	402.511	32,650	29,220	48,468	752	220	1,503	5,810	512	326	106,226	10,727	646,271
Total Net Assets – Beginning  Total Net Assets – Ending	\$ 2,631	\$ 1,782	\$ 431,420	\$ 30.727	\$ 29,866	\$ 53,177	\$ 1,022	\$ 125	\$ 1.473	\$ 3,641	\$ (506)	\$ 532	\$ 20.795	\$ 15,724	\$ 592,409
Total Net Assets - Liluling	¥ 2,031	J 1,70Z	→ ¬JI,¬∠U	¥ 30,727	¥ 29,000	<i>→</i>	¥ 1,022	¥ 123	¥ 1, <del>1</del> 73	→ J,U⊤I	<del>y</del> (300)	* JJZ	¥ £0,733	y 13,727	¥ 332,703

#### STATE OF MISSOURI COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

	Natural Resources Cost Allocation	Mental Health Interagency Payments	State Facility Maintenance and Operation	Office of Administration Revolving	Working Capital Revolving	General Government Revolving	Social Services Administrative Trust	Economic Development Administrative	Professional Registration Fees	Conservation Employees' Insurance Plan	Transportation Self-Insurance Plan	Missouri State Employees' Insurance Plan	Missouri Consolidated Health Care Plan	MoDOT & MSHP Medical and Life Insurance Plan	Totals June 30, 2009
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	f 16.005	f 6 124	f 100 433	¢ 66.513	£ 20.661	£ 142	£ 5.771	f 1.635	£ 6.300	f 7.076	£ 14.700		£ 376.008	£ 77.530	6 600 575
Receipts from Internal Customers and Users Receipts from External Customers and Users	\$ 16,885 	\$ 6,134 216	\$ 100,433 	\$ 66,513 4,283	\$ 28,661 10,735	\$ 143 14,823	\$ 5,771 2	\$ 1,635 17	\$ 6,288	\$ 7,876 5,347	\$ 14,700 	\$ 104,527	\$ 276,008 65,348	\$ 77,528 29,067	\$ 608,575 234,365
Payments to Suppliers	(4,561)	(478)	(57,404)	(71,206)	(23,449)	(9,827)	(5,512)	(381)	(1,411)	(1,079)	(560)	(3)	(21,682)	(5,230)	(202,783)
Payments to Employees	(9,833)		(27,105)	(11,979)	(9,711)	(1,507)		(1,398)	(4,417)			(625)	(3,601)		(70,176)
Payments Made for Program Expense Other Receipts (Payments)	(16) (131)	(9,978) (8)	(9,704) (158)	20,301	(19) (1,685)	(3,875) (73)		(2) 118	(6) (122)	(14,482) 454	(14,857) 375	(104,652) 1,027	(403,651)	(102,389) 6,069	(663,631) 26,167
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	2,344	(4,114)	6,062	7,912	4,532	(316)	261	(11)	332	(1,884)	(342)	274	(87,578)	5,045	(67,483)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:															
Due to/from Other Funds	(15)	(122)	(5,282)	(1,737)	(101)	135	(153)	8	1						(7,266)
Contibutions and Intergovernmental			8			9									17
Transfers to/from Other Funds  Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital			23	(159)			(5)		(36)						(177)
Financing Activities	(15)	(122)	(5,251)	(1,896)	(101)	144	(158)	8	(35)						(7,426)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:															
Interest Expense	(158)		(2)	(157)											(317)
Purchase or Construction of Capital Assets Bonds and Notes Payable	(1,528)	(17)	(22,661) (3,747)	(3,336)	(1,056)	(1,992)		(71)	(112)				(270)		(31,043) (3,747)
Capital Lease Downpayment/Obligations	(347)		(665)	(1,791)	(1)										(2,804)
Disposal of Capital Assets							1								1_
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(2,033)	(17)	(27,075)	(5,284)	(1,057)	(1,992)	1	(71)	(112)				(270)		(37,910)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:															
Proceeds from Sales and Investment Maturities Purchase of Investments	(255)	3,947	910	(201)	(2,965)	2,284	(90)	71 	(168)	2,039	95,357 (87,596)	598,909 (599,207)	(616)	44,785 (43,157)	748,302 (734,255)
Interest and Dividends Received	(233)		166	(201)	(2,963)		(90)		(108)	220	2,709	(599,207)	2,505	1,058	6,679
Investment Fees														(26)	(26)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	(255)	3,947	1,076	(201)	(2,965)	2,284	(90)	71	(168)	2,259	10,470	(277)	1,889	2,660	20,700
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash	41	(306)	(25,188)	531	409	120	14	(3)	17	375	10,128	(3)	(85,959)	7,705	(92,119)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	85	424	26,831	1,504	644	1,847	24	20	6	682	230		143,591	1,866	177,754
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 126	\$ 118	\$ 1,643	\$ 2,035	\$ 1,053	\$ 1,967	\$ 38	\$ 17	\$ 23	\$ 1,057	\$ 10,358	\$ (3)	\$ 57,632	\$ 9,571	\$ 85,635
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) of Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:															
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 1,448	\$ (4,200)	\$ (2,393)	\$ (1,629)	\$ 622	\$ 4,682				\$ (2,473)	\$ (4,136)	\$ 185	- (,,	\$ 3,845	\$ (91,804)
Depreciation Expense	842	286	8,894	6,571	1,033	371	28	50	310				284		18,669
Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Accounts Receivable				992	183	(6,539)				106		(124)	(3,847)	(525)	(9,754)
Inventories			1,793	(258)	2,655	(0,339)	(26)					(124)	(3,847)	(323)	4,164
Prepaid Items													(34)		(34)
Accounts Payable	(55)	(200)	(2,345)	532	(62)	1,147	(16)	12	(18)	(61)	189	213	1,013	1,580	1,929
Accrued Payroll Unearned Revenue	(16)		30	1 <i>7</i> 1,551	12	4		10	19				(5,005)	 545	76 (2,909)
Claims Liability										544	3,605		7,942	(400)	11,691
Compensated Absences	125		83	136	89	19		11	21				5		489
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 2,344	\$ (4,114)	\$ 6,062	\$ 7,912	\$ 4,532	\$ (316)	\$ 261	\$ (11)	\$ 332	\$ (1,884)	\$ (342)	\$ 274	\$ (87,578)	\$ 5,045	\$ (67,483)
Non-Cash Financing and Investing Activities:															
Capital Lease Issuance	\$	\$	\$	\$ 1,149	\$	\$	s	s	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	s	\$ 1,149
Capital Asset Donations			228	26					2						256
Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments	2	(7)	6	15	20	18	1		1	79	679			151	965
Net Non-Cash Financing and Investing Activities	\$ 2	\$ (7)	\$ 234	\$ 1,190	\$ 20	\$ 18	\$ 1	\$	\$ 3	\$ 79	\$ 679	\$	\$	\$ 151	\$ 2,370



The Fiduciary Funds account for assets held by the State in a trustee or agent capacity.

#### **Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust Funds:**

#### Missouri State Employees' Retirement System:

**Missouri State Employees' Plan** – Accounts for retirement, survivor, and disability benefits paid to employees of the State who are not covered under another state-sponsored retirement plan.

Judicial Plan – Accounts for retirement, survivor, and disability benefits to judges in the State of Missouri.

Missouri Department of Transportation and Highway Patrol Employees' Retirement System – Accounts for retirement, survivor, and disability benefits paid to Department of Transportation employees and members of the Missouri State Highway Patrol.

Missouri Consolidated Health Care Plan State Retiree Welfare Benefit Trust – Accounts for health and welfare benefits paid for the exclusive benefit of current and future retired employees of the State who are not covered under another state-sponsored other post-employment benefit plan.

Missouri State Employees' Deferred Compensation Incentive (IRC 401a) Plan – Accounts for retirement benefits paid to employees of the State.

Missouri State Public Employees' Deferred Compensation (IRC 457) Plan – Accounts for deposits from State employees, which are invested for the benefit of the employees until properly authorized to distribute.

#### **Private-Purpose Trust Funds:**

**Alternative Care Trust** – Accounts for all moneys received and spent by the Division of Family Services on behalf of children in their custody.

**Johnson-Travis Memorial Trust** – Accounts for all moneys, stocks, and securities given to the State by Miss Pansy Johnson or for the benefit of the Pansy Johnson-Travis Memorial State Gardens. Moneys will be used solely to establish, develop, and maintain the gardens.

**Unclaimed Property** – Accounts for moneys unpaid or unclaimed within one year after final settlement of any executor or administrator, assignee, sheriff or receiver and all unclaimed deposits, dividends, and interest of banks unable to locate the owners.

#### **Agency Funds:**

**Social Security Contributions** – Accounts for the receipt of contributions from various state funds for the State's share of social security contributions, which are due to the Federal Social Security Administration.

**Missouri State Employees' Voluntary Life Insurance** – Accounts for moneys withheld from employees' compensation for the contracts entered into with life insurance companies.

**Program** – Accounts for the receipt of various taxes, refundable deposits, and other moneys to be held until the State has the right or obligation to distribute them to various entities or individuals.

**Institution** – Accounts for deposits to various institutional accounts and other receipts held by the State until there is proper authorization to disburse them directly to others.

#### STATE OF MISSOURI COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS PENSION (AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT) TRUST FUNDS

June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

	Missouri State Employees' Retirement System		Missouri Department of Transportation		Missouri Consolidated												
	Missouri		_	a	nd Highway	Hea	lth Care Plan		Deferred Co	ompe	nsation		Totals				
	State Employee Plan	s'	Judicial Plan		rol Employees' Retirement System		ate Retiree Ifare Benefit Trust		401 (a) Plan						457 Plan		June 30, 2009
ASSETS																	
Cash and Cash																	
Equivalents	\$ 617,8	99	\$ 6,492	\$		\$	17,706	\$	48	\$	153	\$	642,298				
Investments at Fair Value	5,586,1	22	58,689		1,219,197		29,865		306,925		949,988		8,150,786				
Receivables:																	
Accounts Receivable	48,8	55	1,682		7,723		15,932		183		679		75,054				
Interest Receivable	=				2,256								2,256				
Invested Securities																	
Lending Collateral	381,2	71	4,006		53,503								438,780				
Prepaid Expenses		85	1		9								95				
Capital Assets:																	
Land	2	65	2		84								351				
Buildings	3,5	13	37		582								4,132				
Equipment	1,7	46	18		1,318								3,082				
Accumulated Depreciation	n (2,2	45)	(23)		(325)								(2,593)				
Total Capital																	
Assets, Net	3,2	79	34		1,659								4,972				
Total Assets	6,637,5	11_	70,904		1,284,347		63,503	_	307,156		950,820		9,314,241				
LIABILITIES																	
Bank Overdraft	_				38								38				
Accounts Payable	36,9	14	388		8,394		117		55		176		46,044				
Securities Lending																	
Collateral	436,8	97	4,590		54,693								496,180				
Unearned Revenue	-						3,456						3,456				
Claims Liability	-						11,278						11,278				
Compensated Absences	6	13	7										620				
Total Liabilities	474,4	24	4,985		63,125		14,851		55		176		557,616				
Net Assets Held in Trust for Benefits	\$ 6,163,0	87	\$ 65,919	\$	1,221,222	\$	48,652	\$	307,101	\$	950,644	\$	8,756,625				

#### STATE OF MISSOURI

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS PENSION (AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT) TRUST FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

	Missouri State Employees' Retirement System			Missouri Department of			1issouri							
		Missouri State			aı	ansportation nd Highway ol Employees'	Heal	nsolidated th Care Plan te Retiree		Deferred Co	mpe	ensation		Totals
	_	Employees' Plan		Judicial Plan		Retirement System		are Benefit Trust		401 (a) Plan	_	457 Plan		June 30, 2009
Additions: Contributions: Employer	\$	252,105	\$	27,726	\$	122,599	\$	99,542	\$	14,767	\$		\$	516,739
Plan Member Other	J	3,236	J		J	444	J	47,117	J	28,206	J	60,871 156	J	111,224 28,834
Total Contributions Investment Earnings:	_	255,369		27,726		123,043		146,659		42,973		61,027		656,797
Increase (Decrease) in Appreciation of Assets Interest and Dividends		(1,559,438) 95,289		(16,384) 1,001		(427,918) 20,639		 677		(21,291)		(127,348)		(2,152,379) 117,606
Securities Lending Income Total Investment		13,205		139		702								14,046
Earnings Less Investment Expenses:		(1,450,944)		(15,244)		(406,577)		677		(21,291)		(127,348)		(2,020,727)
Investment Activity Expense Securities Lending		(49,996)		(525)		(19,379)								(69,900)
Expense  Total Investment	_	(7,436)	_	(78)		(309)								(7,823)
Expense Net Investment	_	(57,432)	_	(603)		(19,688)					_			(77,723)
Earnings Cost Reimbursement/		(1,508,376)		(15,847)		(426,265)		677		(21,291)		(127,348)		(2,098,450)
Miscellaneous	_	619		6		34								659
Total Additions		(1,252,388)	_	11,885		(303,188)		147,336		21,682		(66,321)		(1,440,994)
Deductions: Benefits Administrative Expenses Program Distributions Depreciation		511,467 6,851  237		23,232 72  3		192,013 2,131  121		105,946 8,384 		28,310 673 		1,375 76,877 		860,968 19,486 76,877 361
Total Deductions		518,555		23,307		194,265		114,330		28,983		78,252		957,692
Change in Net Assets		(1,770,943)		(11,422)		(497,453)		33,006		(7,301)		(144,573)		(2,398,686)
Net Assets Held in Trust for Benefits														
Beginning of Year	_	7,934,030	_	77,341	_	1,718,675		15,646	_	314,402	_	1,095,217	_	11,155,311
End of Year	\$	6,163,087	\$	65,919	\$	1,221,222	\$	48,652	\$	307,101	\$	950,644	\$	8,756,625

# STATE OF MISSOURI COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS June 30, 2009

(In Thousands of Dollars)

			-	inson– ravis		 Totals
	Alternative Care Trust		Memorial Trust		 claimed roperty	June 30, 2009
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	90	\$	4	\$ 395	\$ 489
Investments at Fair Value		3,955		82	4,074	8,111
Interest Receivable		16				16
Capital Assets:						
Equipment					95	95
Software					9	9
Less: Accumulated Depreciation					(39)	(39)
Total Capital Assets, Net					65	65
Total Assets		4,061		86	 4,534	 8,681
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable		838			9	847
Accrued Payroll					 22	 22
Total Liabilities		838			31	869
NET ASSETS  Net Assets Held in Trust						
for Other Purposes	\$	3,223	\$	86	\$ 4,503	\$ 7,812

## STATE OF MISSOURI COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

#### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

	 ernative re Trust	ohnson– Travis Iemorial Trust	 nclaimed roperty	 Totals June 30, 2009
			 - 1 /	 
Additions:				
Increase (Decrease) in Appreciation				
of Assets	\$ 5	\$ (9)	\$ (6)	\$ (10)
Interest	 104	 3	 	 107
Total Investment Earnings	109	(6)	(6)	97
Unclaimed Property			23,044	23,044
Cost Reimbursement/Miscellaneous	11,964		25	 11,989
Total Additions	 12,073	 (6)	 23,063	35,130
Deductions:				
Administrative Expenses			3,060	3,060
Program Distributions	11,985		25,133	37,118
Depreciation	 		13	13
Total Deductions	 11,985	 	 28,206	40,191
Change in Net Assets	88	(6)	(5,143)	(5,061)
Net Assets – Beginning	 3,135	 92	 9,646	 12,873
Net Assets – Ending	\$ 3,223	\$ 86	\$ 4,503	\$ 7,812

#### STATE OF MISSOURI COMBINING BALANCE SHEET AGENCY FUNDS June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

				issouri				Totals
	S	Social ecurity tributions	Vo	Employees' Duntary Insurance	Program		stitution	 June 30, 2009
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash								
Equivalents Investments at	\$	10	\$	14	\$ 43,017	\$	29,427	\$ 72,468
Fair Value		92		140	390,864		1,315	392,411
Receivables:								
Accounts Receivable		6,448			231,203		309	237,960
Interest Receivable					37			37
Total Assets	\$	6,550	\$	154	\$ 665,121	\$	31,051	\$ 702,876
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$		\$		\$ 29	\$		\$ 29
Due to Other Entities		6,550		154	660,115			666,819
Due to Individuals					4,977		31,051	36,028
Total Liabilities	\$	6,550	\$	154	\$ 665,121	\$	31,051	\$ 702,876

### STATE OF MISSOURI COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS

#### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

**Balance** Balance June 30, 2009 July 1, 2008 Additions Deductions SOCIAL SECURITY CONTRIBUTIONS **ASSETS** Cash and Cash Equivalents 8 160,379 160,377 \$ 10 Investments at Fair Value 94 92 94 92 Accounts Receivable 6,254 6,448 6,254 6,448 **Total Assets** 6,356 166,919 166,725 6,550 LIABILITIES Due to Other Entities 6,356 487,455 487,261 6,550 MISSOURI STATE EMPLOYEES' **VOLUNTARY LIFE INSURANCE ASSETS** 10 Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ \$ 3,627 \$ 3,623 \$ 14 Investments at Fair Value 140 124 124 140 **Total Assets** 134 3,767 3,747 154 LIABILITIES Due to Other Entities 134 3,637 3,617 154 PROGRAM **ASSETS** Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 19,400 5,429,808 5,406,191 \$ 43,017 Investments at Fair Value 388,516 768,077 765,729 390,864 Receivables: 210,607 231,203 Accounts Receivable 32,881 12,285 Interest Receivable 685 1,248 1,896 37 **Total Assets** 619,208 6,232,014 6,186,101 665,121 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable \$ 31 \$ 368 \$ 370 \$ 29 Due to Other Entities 616,022 6,002,708 5,958,615 660,115 Due to Individuals 218,834 3.155 217.012 4.977 **Total Liabilities** 619,208 6,221,910 6,175,997 665,121 **INSTITUTION ASSETS** Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 28,270 \$ 155,271 \$ 154,114 \$ 29,427 1,315 Investments at Fair Value 1,259 149 93 Accounts Receivable 61 309 314 56 **Total Assets** 29,843 155,476 154,268 31,051 LIABILITIES Due to Individuals 29,843 155,476 154,268 31,051 **TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS** Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 47,688 5,749,085 5,724,305 \$ 72,468 Investments at Fair Value 389,993 768,458 766,040 392,411 Receivables: 217,175 39,385 18,600 237,960 Accounts Receivable Interest Receivable 685 1,248 1,896 37 **Total Assets** 655,541 6,558,176 6,510,841 702,876 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable \$ 31 \$ 368 370 \$ 29 Due to Other Entities 622,512 6,493,800 6,449,493 666,819 Due to Individuals 374,310 371,280 36,028 32,998 **Total Liabilities** 655,541 6,868,478 6,821,143 702,876



The Component Units account for all transactions relating to legally separate entities which, for reporting purposes, are a part of the State.

#### **Non-Major Component Units:**

**Missouri Development Finance Board** – Accounts for moneys from bond proceeds, gifts, and grants to make loans for industrial development.

**Missouri Agricultural and Small Business Development Authority** – Accounts for moneys from bond proceeds, gifts, and grants to make loans for property acquisitions/renovations and pollution control facilities.

**Missouri Transportation Finance Corporation** – Accounts for moneys from federal, state or local sources, and from bond proceeds to be used for projects approved by the Missouri Highways and Transportation Commission.

# STATE OF MISSOURI COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS NON-MAJOR COMPONENT UNITS

June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

		Missouri Agricultural		
	Missouri Development Finance	and Small Business Development	Missouri Transportation Finance	Totals June 30,
	Board	Authority	Corporation	2009
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 27,158	\$ 415	\$ 10,223	\$ 37,796
Investments	14,277	1,392		15,669
Interest Receivable	156	9	1,004	1,169
Restricted Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents			5,138	5,138
Investments			23,185	23,185
Prepaid Items	263			263
Loans Receivable	339	827	4,597	5,763
Non-Current Assets:				
Advance to Primary Government			300	300
Loans Receivable	11,868	4,856	23,377	40,101
Restricted Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	8,932	577		9,509
Investments	1,500	2,625	21,113	25,238
Capital Assets:				
Land	7,220			7,220
Buildings	49,614			49,614
Equipment	168			168
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(6,082)			(6,082)
Total Capital Assets (Net of	F0 030			FO 020
Accumulated Depreciation)	50,920			50,920
Total Assets	115,413	10,701	88,937	215,051
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	1,986	4	4	1,994
Due to Primary Government		827		827
Interest Payable	14	47		61
Bonds Payable	240			240
Non-Current Liabilities:				
Advance from Primary Government		5,014		5,014
Deposits and Reserves	7,630			7,630
Bonds Payable	30,610			30,610
Total Liabilities	40,480	5,892	4	46,376
NET ASSETS				
Invested in Capital Assets, Net	20,070			20,070
Restricted for:				
Other Purposes	2,801	3,202	78,278	84,281
Unrestricted	52,062	1,607	10,655	64,324
Total Net Assets	\$ 74,933	\$ 4,809	\$ 88,933	\$ 168,675

### STATE OF MISSOURI COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS NON-MAIOR COMPONENT UNITS

NON-MAJOR COMPONENT UNITS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

	Missouri Development Finance Board		Agr an Bu Dev	Missouri Agricultural and Small Business Development Authority		Missouri Transportation Finance Corporation		Totals June 30, 2009
Operating Revenues:								
Licenses, Fees, and Permits	\$	2,476	\$	293	\$	43	\$	2,812
Interest on Receivables		161				844		1,005
Leases and Rentals		3,106						3,106
Cost Reimbursement/Miscellaneous		7,108		15				7,123
Total Operating Revenues		12,851		308		887		14,046
Operating Expenses:								
Personal Service		787		328		48		1,163
Operations		1,704		170		10		1,884
Specific Programs		1,856		1,005				2,861
Depreciation and Amortization		1,280		, 				1,280
Bad Debt Expense		80						80
Other Charges		73		6		3		82
Total Operating Expenses		5,780		1,509		61		7,350
Operating Income (Loss)		7,071		(1,201)		826		6,696
Non Operating Revenues (Evmanses):								
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):		(1, 600)						(1,000)
Contributions and Intergovernmental Investment Earnings:		(1,600)						(1,600)
Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investment	ts			122		(240)		(118)
Interest		1,132		242		2,206		3,580
Interest Expense		(878)		(85)				(963)
Miscellaneous Expenses						(64)		(64)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		(1,346)		279		1,902		835
Change in Net Assets		5,725		(922)		2,728		7,531
Total Net Assets - Beginning		69,208		5,731		86,205		161,144
Total Net Assets – Ending	\$	74,933	\$	4,809	\$	88,933	\$	168,675

#### STATE OF MISSOURI COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NON-MAJOR COMPONENT UNITS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

	De	Missouri velopment Finance Board	Ag ar Bi Dev	dissouri ricultural nd Small usiness elopment uthority	Tra	Missouri Fransportation Finance Corporation		Totals June 30, 2009
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				202				
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$	5,288	\$	303	\$	779	\$	6,370
Loans to Outside Entities		(2.446)		(1,351)		(16,305)		(17,656)
Payments to Vendors and Suppliers Payments to Employees		(3,446) (787)		(172) (328)		(10) (48)		(3,628) (1,163)
Net Payments/Receipts for tax credit projects		(12,075)		(328)		(46)		(12,075)
Other Payments				(996)		(3)		(999)
Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities		(11,020)		(2,544)		(15,587)		(29,151)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:		(11,020)		(=,5)		(13,331)		(23,131)
Loans Receivable Principal Receipts		475						475
Loans Receivable Issuance		(344)						(344)
Due to/from Primary Government				(156)				(156)
Advance to/from Primary Government				1,163		5,867		7,030
Contributions and Intergovernmental		(423)						(423)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by								
Non-Capital Financing Activities		(292)		1,007		5,867		6,582
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:								
Interest Expense		(913)		(98)				(1,011)
Purchases and Construction of Capital Assets		(28)						(28)
Bond Principal Payments  Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related		(1,000)						(1,000)
Financing Activities		(1,941)		(98)				(2,039)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		(1,011)		(				(=,===)
Proceeds from Investing Activities		42,524		1,549		192,836		236,909
Purchase of Investments		(27,749)				(173,637)		(201,386)
Interest		1,192		242		2,206		3,640
Investment Fees						(64)		(64)
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		15,967		1,791		21,341		39,099
Net Increase in Cash		2,714		156		11,621		14,491
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		33,376		836		3,740		37,952
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	36,090	\$	992	\$	15,361	\$	52,443
	_							
Reconciliation of Net Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities:								
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	7,071	\$	(1,201)	\$	826	\$	6,696
Depreciation/Amortization Expense		1,280						1,280
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		00						00
Accounts Receivable Interest Receivable		80 50		10		(108)		80 (48)
Deferred Charges		(28)				(106)		(28)
Prepaid Items		(113)						(113)
Loans Receivable		(6,114)		(1,351)		(16,305)		(23,770)
Accounts Payable		328		(2)				326
Deposit and Reserve		(13,574)						(13,574)
Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(11,020)	\$	(2,544)	\$	(15,587)	\$	(29,151)
Non-Cash Investing Activities:	_		•					/:
Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments	\$		\$	122	\$	(240)	\$	(118)
Net Non-Cash Investing Activities	\$		\$	122	\$	(240)	\$	(118)



The Statistical Section presentations include Financial Trends, Revenue Capacity, Debt Capacity, Demographic and Economic Information, and Operating Information trends. The statistical data presented is intended to provide report users with a broader understanding of the environment in which the State operates.

#### Index and Overview

This part of the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the State's overall financial health.

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These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the State's financial performance and fiscal health have changed over time.

Net Assets by Component	145
Changes in Net Assets	146
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	147
Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	148

#### **Revenue Capacity**

These schedules contain information to help the reader understand the State's capacity to raise revenues and the sources of those revenues.

Revenue Base	149
Revenue Rates	150
Revenue Payers by Industry/Category	151

#### **Debt Capacity**

These schedules present information to help the reader understand and assess the State's levels of outstanding debt and the State's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Ratios of Outstanding Debt	152
Pledged Revenue Coverage	

#### **Demographic and Economic Information**

These schedules contain demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the State's financial activities take place.

Demographic and Economic Indicators	154
Principal Employers	155

#### Operating Information

These schedules contain operating data to help the reader understand how the information in the State's financial report relates to the services it provides and the activities it performs.

State Employees by Function	56
Operating Indicators by Function15	57
Capital Asset Statistics by Function	58

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the State of Missouri Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the years shown.

#### STATE OF MISSOURI NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT FISCAL YEARS 2005–2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

\_\_\_\_\_

	 2009	 2008*	 2007		2006		2005
Governmental Activities							
Invested in Capital Assets,							
Net of Related Debt	\$ 25,950,941	\$ 25,324,173	\$ 25,475,504	\$	25,840,886	\$	25,572,008
Restricted	5,785,396	6,003,212	5,032,619		3,824,769		3,250,204
Unrestricted	 (3,275,517)	 (2,327,482)	 (1,909,993)		(1,453,203)		(1,321,738)
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>							
Net Assets	\$ 28,460,820	\$ 28,999,903	\$ 28,598,130	\$	28,212,452	\$	27,500,474
Business-Type Activities							
Invested in Capital Assets,							
Net of Related Debt	\$ 46,546	\$ 42,360	\$ 40,922	\$	39,669	\$	43,304
Restricted	6,771	45,362	9,517		3,942		12,407
Unrestricted	(396)	329,265	185,453		33,993		(151,323)
Total Business-Type Activities							
Net Assets	\$ 52,921	\$ 416,987	\$ 235,892	\$	77,604	\$	(95,612)
Primary Government							
Invested in Capital Assets,							
Net of Related Debt	\$ 25,997,487	\$ 25,366,533	\$ 25,516,426	\$	25,880,555	\$	25,615,312
Restricted	5,792,167	6,048,574	5,042,136		3,828,711		3,262,611
Unrestricted	(3,275,913)	(1,998,217)	(1,724,540)		(1,419,210)		(1,473,061)
Total Primary Government	 	 	 				
Net Assets	\$ 28,513,741	\$ 29,416,890	\$ 28,834,022	\$	28,290,056	\$	27,404,862

<sup>\*</sup>Fiscal year 2008 amounts have been restated.

#### STATE OF MISSOURI CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FISCAL YEARS 2005-2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

\_\_\_\_\_

		2009		2008*		2007		2006		2005
Governmental Activities :										
Expenses General Government	\$	1 202 000	¢	1 210 044	\$	1 002 612	\$	001 614	\$	1 025 206
Education	Þ	1,202,908 6,589,079	\$	1,210,044 6,379,189	Þ	1,092,613 6,042,581	Þ	981,614 5,773,048	Þ	1,035,396 5,669,627
Natural and Economic		1,021,208		1,006,560		928,873		867,915		834,269
Transportation and Law Enforcement		2,373,747		2,258,653		2,303,272		2,025,341		2,189,839
Human Services		10,942,605		9,876,132		9,191,994		9,890,652		9,771,651
Interest on Debt (Excluding Direct Expense)		218,277		174,011		149,987		130,438		126,202
Total Expenses		22,347,824		20,904,589	_	19,709,320	_	19,669,008		19,626,984
Program Revenues		22,3 ,02 .		20,50 .,505	_	. 3,7 03,320	_	. 3,003,000		. 5,020,50 .
Charges for Services:										
General Government		685,465		775,528		669,640		724,442		705,241
Transportation and Law Enforcement		349,730		400,134		474,086		308,743		134,297
Human Services		695,201		363,644		302,002		422,912		422,706
Other Activities		336,581		277,190		239,907		154,925		191,423
Operating Grants and Contributions		8,755,551		7,697,736		7,828,289		7,758,885		7,767,831
Capital Grants and Contributions		961,425		971,801		306				
Total Program Revenues		11,783,953		10,486,033		9,514,230		9,369,907		9,221,498
Total Governmental Activities		<u> </u>		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				, ,
Net Program (Expense) Revenue		(10,563,871)		(10,418,556)		(10,195,090)		(10,299,101)		(10,405,486)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets		· · · · · ·		· · · · · · ·	_	<u> </u>				
Taxes:										
Sales and Use		2,635,114		2,871,465		2,929,398		3,047,305		3,003,405
Individual Income		5,169,831		5,447,817		5,140,588		5,271,506		4,821,500
Corporate Income		377,808		463,826		496,378		520,324		351,116
County Foreign Insurance		177,396		186,566		178,507		186,647		163,952
Alcoholic Beverage		27,845		27,754		28,074		29,068		28,045
Corporate Franchise		82,116		82,360		69,704		76,574		118,343
Inheritance		2,671		3,073		5,351		15,319		41,832
Miscellaneous Taxes		1,160,720		1,173,076		1,164,171		1,307,727		1,334,595
Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Program	ıs	67,278		196,397		195,662		158,745		158,140
Unrestricted Investment Earnings		66,568		136,782		145,879		146,234		80,161
Transfers		257,441		264,416	_	256,687		258,773		207,159
Total General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets		10,024,788		10,853,532		10,610,399	_	11,018,222		10,308,248
Total Governmental Activities Change in Net Assets	\$	(539,083)	\$	434,976	\$	415,309	\$	719,121	\$	(97,238)
Business-Type Activities :										
Expenses										
State Lottery	\$	726,086	\$	740,189	\$	689,426	\$	665,848	\$	575,667
Unemployment Compensation		1,292,531		498,318		444,962		412,937		501,098
Petroleum Storage Tank Insurance		17,185		21,516		16,249		13,243		25,944
Missouri Veterans' Homes		62,236		57,067		53,234		46,664		58,760
Non-Major Funds		28,027		16,857	_	16,498	_	20,764		13,345
Total Expenses		2,126,065		1,333,947	_	1,220,369	_	1,159,456		1,174,814
Program Revenues										
Charges for Services:										
State Lottery		981,431		1,005,421		946,017		925,079		793,750
Other Activities		60,532		101,062		65,390		64,624		63,924
Operating Grants and Contributions		967,324		657,534	_	618,071	_	603,727		542,984
Total Program Revenues		2,009,287		1,764,017	_	1,629,478	_	1,593,430		1,400,658
Total Business-Type Activities										
Net Program (Expense) Revenue		(116,778)		430,070	_	409,109	_	433,974		225,844
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets										
Unrestricted Investment Earnings		10,153		15,424		5,684		(2,189)		3,213
Extraordinary Items								35		
Transfers		(257,441)	_	(264,416)	_	(256,687)	_	(258,773)	_	(207,159)
Total General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets	_	(247,288)	_	(248,992)	_	(251,003)	_	(260,927)	_	(203,946)
Total Business-Type Activities Change in Net Assets	\$	(364,066)	\$	181,078	\$		\$	173,047	\$	21,898
Total Primary Government Change in Net Assets	\$	(903,149)	\$	616,054	\$		\$	892,168	\$	(75,340)
TOTAL THURING UNIVERSITIES CHANGE IN INCL MODELS	Ψ	(503,143)	Þ	010,034	\$	ر ۱ <del>۲</del> ۰٫۵ ر	Þ	032,100	Þ	(13,340)

<sup>\*</sup>Fiscal year 2008 amounts have been restated.

# STATE OF MISSOURI FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FISCAL YEARS 2005–2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

	2009		2008*		2007		2006		2005	
General Fund										
Reserved	\$	589,305	\$	584,516	\$	567,880	\$	526,159	\$	577,561
Unreserved		668,936		1,310,239		1,289,033		988,240		326,920
Total General Fund		1,258,241		1,894,755		1,856,913		1,514,399		904,481
All Other Governmental Funds										
Reserved		1,215,998		1,112,262		1,068,533		988,493		876,859
Unreserved, Reported in:										
Special Revenue Funds		1,189,409		1,314,796		1,184,853		1,192,431		1,043,965
Capital Projects Funds		540,553		927,694		542,038		213,026		251,124
Permanent Funds		124		116		88		96		87
Total All Other Governmental Funds		2,946,084		3,354,868		2,795,512		2,394,046		2,172,035
Total Fund Balances,										
Governmental Funds	\$	4,204,325	\$	5,249,623	\$	4,652,425	\$	3,908,445	\$	3,076,516

<sup>\*</sup>Fiscal year 2008 amounts have been restated.

#### STATE OF MISSOURI CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FISCAL YEARS 2005–2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

	2009	2008*	2007	2006	2005
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 9,505,067	\$ 10,220,623	\$ 10,030,906	\$ 10,648,213	\$ 9,646,452
Licenses, Fees, and Permits	655,922	638,048	574,873	622,911	591,530
Sales	10,301	12,064	34,973	11,321	16,849
Leases and Rentals	448	438	373	155	2,143
Services	244,557	231,509	230,173	240,857	182,112
Contributions and Intergovernmental	9,764,716	8,865,962	8,025,979	7,930,499	7,901,109
Investment Earnings:					
Net Increase (Decrease) in the					
Fair Value of Investments	(11,780)	6,172	15,758	(113)	3,152
Interest	103,114	203,782	185,163	136,876	69,698
Penalties and Unclaimed Properties	48,766	64,004	63,151	83,174	25,854
Cost Reimbursement/Miscellaneous	739,403	507,021	478,419	427,916	441,555
Total Revenues	21,060,514	20,749,623	19,639,768	20,101,809	18,880,454
Expenditures:					
Current:	077 222	1 021 500	022.216	950 355	952.007
General Government	977,322	1,021,589	923,316	850,355	852,997
Education Natural and Economic Resources	6,582,898	6,373,671	6,044,098	5,776,495	5,668,542 792,650
Transportation and Law Enforcement	873,095	853,872	819,326 1,394,597	759,733 1,206,611	•
•	1,515,991	1,429,102	, ,	· ·	1,174,113
Human Services	10,875,465	9,835,109	9,158,585	9,796,523	9,795,983
Capital Outlay: General Government			221	206	245
			321	386 21,687	245
Education Transportation and Law Enforcement			18,042		13,769
Human Services	1,308,229 306	1,144,171	1,250,233	1,231,092	903,776
Debt Service:	300	3,133	10,248	12,319	7,821
	210.406	106.660	107 212	170 205	127.264
Principal Interest	219,496	196,669 186,432	197,212 165,470	170,295 121,301	127,264 120,982
Bond Issuance Costs	191,684 1,278	2,694	5,775	1,821	120,962
Underwriter's Discount	1,276	390	3,773 247	1,021	326
Arbitrage	583	390	247		
5					
Total Expenditures	22,546,347	21,046,832	19,987,470	19,948,618	19,458,468
Excess Revenues (Expenditures)	(1,485,833)	(297,209)	(347,702)	153,191	(578,014)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	26.217	E2 24E	0.704	41.024	52.025
Proceeds from Capital Leases	26,317	52,245	8,794	41,924	53,025
Capital Lease Termination Payment		(22,559)			
Debt Issuance	142,735	576,800	920,000	350,660	
Issuance of Refunding Bonds		(11 110)	394,870		157,605
Swap Termination Payment		(11,118)			
Payments to Escrow Agent			(433,477)		(175,553)
Bond Premium	2,835	28,361	77,099	21,336	18,274
Proceeds from Capital Asset Sale	11,087	13,142	8,675	6,634	5,920
Transfers In	258,568	266,263	257,287	260,967	239,465
Transfers Out	(902)	(6,476)	(120,586)	(1,598)	(19,420)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	440,640	896,658	1,112,662	679,923	279,316
Net Change in Fund Balances Increase (Decrease) in Reserve for	(1,045,193)	599,449	764,960	833,114	(298,698)
Inventory	(105)	(2,251)	838	(129)	327
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (1,045,298)	\$ 597,198	\$ 765,798	\$ 832,985	\$ (298,371)
Debt Service as a Percentage of Non-Capital Expenditures	1.96%	1.96%	1.99%	1.59%	1.35%

<sup>\*</sup>Fiscal year 2008 amounts have been restated.

#### STATE OF MISSOURI REVENUE BASE FISCAL YEARS 2005-2009

Taxable Sales by Industry	2009		2008	2007	2006	2005
by maddity				2007		
Agricultural/Forestry,						
Fishing, and Other	\$ 209,980,	903 \$	192,024,683	\$ 198,564,812	\$ 190,183,959	\$ 173,064,997
Mining	88,867,	589	106,892,575	128,534,001	148,041,999	144,360,458
Construction	889,561,	095	887,618,876	929,753,447	929,146,007	781,324,533
Manufacturing	3,203,288,	128	2,995,302,916	2,862,904,859	3,217,299,757	3,033,835,702
Transportation and						
Public Utilities	8,247,781,	684	7,130,631,754	7,673,318,253	7,285,790,054	6,950,561,788
Wholesale Trade	7,019,606,	804	8,028,332,745	8,338,189,598	8,604,467,502	8,136,436,052
Retail Trade	44,820,794,	586	46,413,720,906	46,166,130,737	44,878,694,872	42,950,724,459
Finance, Insurance,						
and Real Estate	592,136,	070	538,271,852	529,797,617	533,582,629	507,350,286
Services	8,648,622,	385	9,212,468,960	8,787,849,846	8,433,450,983	8,015,509,010
State and Local						
Government	158,765,	152	162,520,783	161,631,024	156,947,658	84,808,852
Non-Classifiable	21,079,		19,669,233	15,518,372	16,694,236	16,301,552
Total Taxable Sales	\$ 73,900,483,	912 \$	75,687,455,283	\$ 75,792,192,566	\$ 74,394,299,656	\$ 70,794,277,689
Direct Sales Tax Rate	4.2	25%	4.225%	4.225%	4.225%	4.225%
Personal Income						
Personal Income by Industry (In Thousands of Dollars)	2008		2007*	Calendar Year 2006*	2005*	2004*
by Industry (In Thousands of Dollars)  Farm Earnings Agricultural/Forestry,	2008 \$ 2,243,		1,369,420		\$ 1,418,941	2004* \$ 2,249,533
by Industry (In Thousands of Dollars) Farm Earnings Agricultural/Forestry, Fishing, and Other	\$ 2,243, 309,	197	1,369,420	\$ 1,275,728 296,794	\$ 1,418,941 285,101	\$ 2,249,533 298,302
by Industry (In Thousands of Dollars)  Farm Earnings Agricultural/Forestry, Fishing, and Other Mining	\$ 2,243, 309, 468,	197 693	1,369,420 288,005 436,419	2006* \$ 1,275,728 296,794 382,200	\$ 1,418,941 285,101 493,876	\$ 2,249,533 298,302 376,755
by Industry (In Thousands of Dollars)  Farm Earnings Agricultural/Forestry, Fishing, and Other Mining Construction/Utilities	\$ 2,243, 309, 468, 12,073,	197 693 251	288,005 436,419 12,661,244	2006* \$ 1,275,728 296,794 382,200 12,504,699	\$ 1,418,941 285,101 493,876 11,841,236	\$ 2,249,533 298,302 376,755 11,336,058
by Industry (In Thousands of Dollars)  Farm Earnings Agricultural/Forestry, Fishing, and Other Mining	\$ 2,243, 309, 468,	197 693 251	1,369,420 288,005 436,419	2006* \$ 1,275,728 296,794 382,200	\$ 1,418,941 285,101 493,876	\$ 2,249,533 298,302 376,755
by Industry (In Thousands of Dollars)  Farm Earnings Agricultural/Forestry, Fishing, and Other Mining Construction/Utilities Manufacturing	\$ 2,243, 309, 468, 12,073,	197 693 251 932	288,005 436,419 12,661,244	2006* \$ 1,275,728 296,794 382,200 12,504,699	\$ 1,418,941 285,101 493,876 11,841,236	\$ 2,249,533 298,302 376,755 11,336,058
by Industry (In Thousands of Dollars)  Farm Earnings Agricultural/Forestry, Fishing, and Other Mining Construction/Utilities Manufacturing Transportation and	\$ 2,243, 309, 468, 12,073, 19,795,	197 693 251 932	288,005 436,419 12,661,244 19,298,685	\$ 1,275,728 \$ 296,794 382,200 12,504,699 19,108,565	\$ 1,418,941 285,101 493,876 11,841,236 18,615,722	\$ 2,249,533 298,302 376,755 11,336,058 18,349,966
by Industry (In Thousands of Dollars)  Farm Earnings Agricultural/Forestry, Fishing, and Other Mining Construction/Utilities Manufacturing Transportation and Public Utilities Wholesale Trade Retail Trade	\$ 2,243, 309, 468, 12,073, 19,795, 6,381,	197 693 251 932 468 237	288,005 436,419 12,661,244 19,298,685 6,293,082	\$ 1,275,728 \$ 296,794 382,200 12,504,699 19,108,565 6,103,789	\$ 1,418,941 285,101 493,876 11,841,236 18,615,722 5,879,793	\$ 2,249,533 298,302 376,755 11,336,058 18,349,966 5,631,080
by Industry (In Thousands of Dollars)  Farm Earnings Agricultural/Forestry, Fishing, and Other Mining Construction/Utilities Manufacturing Transportation and Public Utilities Wholesale Trade Retail Trade Finance, Insurance,	\$ 2,243, 309, 468, 12,073, 19,795, 6,381, 9,392, 10,898,	197 693 251 932 468 237 661	288,005 436,419 12,661,244 19,298,685 6,293,082 8,988,777 10,748,061	\$ 1,275,728 296,794 382,200 12,504,699 19,108,565 6,103,789 8,465,151 10,540,177	\$ 1,418,941 285,101 493,876 11,841,236 18,615,722 5,879,793 8,073,239 10,325,489	\$ 2,249,533 298,302 376,755 11,336,058 18,349,966 5,631,080 7,627,621 9,996,119
by Industry (In Thousands of Dollars)  Farm Earnings Agricultural/Forestry, Fishing, and Other Mining Construction/Utilities Manufacturing Transportation and Public Utilities Wholesale Trade Retail Trade Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	\$ 2,243, 309, 468, 12,073, 19,795, 6,381, 9,392, 10,898,	197 693 251 932 468 237 661	288,005 436,419 12,661,244 19,298,685 6,293,082 8,988,777 10,748,061 11,394,082	\$ 1,275,728 296,794 382,200 12,504,699 19,108,565 6,103,789 8,465,151 10,540,177 11,405,949	\$ 1,418,941 285,101 493,876 11,841,236 18,615,722 5,879,793 8,073,239 10,325,489 10,865,949	\$ 2,249,533 298,302 376,755 11,336,058 18,349,966 5,631,080 7,627,621 9,996,119 10,480,778
by Industry (In Thousands of Dollars)  Farm Earnings Agricultural/Forestry, Fishing, and Other Mining Construction/Utilities Manufacturing Transportation and Public Utilities Wholesale Trade Retail Trade Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate Services	\$ 2,243, 309, 468, 12,073, 19,795, 6,381, 9,392, 10,898, 11,550, 66,586,	197 693 251 932 468 237 661 800	288,005 436,419 12,661,244 19,298,685 6,293,082 8,988,777 10,748,061 11,394,082 62,683,167	\$ 1,275,728 296,794 382,200 12,504,699 19,108,565 6,103,789 8,465,151 10,540,177 11,405,949 59,934,255	\$ 1,418,941 285,101 493,876 11,841,236 18,615,722 5,879,793 8,073,239 10,325,489 10,865,949 56,500,169	\$ 2,249,533 298,302 376,755 11,336,058 18,349,966 5,631,080 7,627,621 9,996,119 10,480,778 53,613,041
by Industry (In Thousands of Dollars)  Farm Earnings Agricultural/Forestry, Fishing, and Other Mining Construction/Utilities Manufacturing Transportation and Public Utilities Wholesale Trade Retail Trade Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate Services Federal, Civilian	\$ 2,243, 309, 468, 12,073, 19,795, 6,381, 9,392, 10,898, 11,550, 66,586, 5,320,	197 693 251 932 468 237 661 800 132 684	1,369,420 288,005 436,419 12,661,244 19,298,685 6,293,082 8,988,777 10,748,061 11,394,082 62,683,167 5,012,257	\$ 1,275,728 296,794 382,200 12,504,699 19,108,565 6,103,789 8,465,151 10,540,177 11,405,949 59,934,255 4,852,757	\$ 1,418,941 285,101 493,876 11,841,236 18,615,722 5,879,793 8,073,239 10,325,489 10,865,949 56,500,169 4,689,078	\$ 2,249,533 298,302 376,755 11,336,058 18,349,966 5,631,080 7,627,621 9,996,119 10,480,778 53,613,041 4,524,741
by Industry (In Thousands of Dollars)  Farm Earnings Agricultural/Forestry, Fishing, and Other Mining Construction/Utilities Manufacturing Transportation and Public Utilities Wholesale Trade Retail Trade Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate Services Federal, Civilian Military	\$ 2,243, 309, 468, 12,073, 19,795, 6,381, 9,392, 10,898, 11,550, 66,586,	197 693 251 932 468 237 661 800 132 684	288,005 436,419 12,661,244 19,298,685 6,293,082 8,988,777 10,748,061 11,394,082 62,683,167	\$ 1,275,728 296,794 382,200 12,504,699 19,108,565 6,103,789 8,465,151 10,540,177 11,405,949 59,934,255	\$ 1,418,941 285,101 493,876 11,841,236 18,615,722 5,879,793 8,073,239 10,325,489 10,865,949 56,500,169	\$ 2,249,533 298,302 376,755 11,336,058 18,349,966 5,631,080 7,627,621 9,996,119 10,480,778 53,613,041
by Industry (In Thousands of Dollars)  Farm Earnings Agricultural/Forestry, Fishing, and Other Mining Construction/Utilities Manufacturing Transportation and Public Utilities Wholesale Trade Retail Trade Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate Services Federal, Civilian Military State and Local	\$ 2,243, 309, 468, 12,073, 19,795, 6,381, 9,392, 10,898, 11,550, 66,586, 5,320, 2,568,	197 693 251 932 468 237 661 800 132 684 577	288,005 436,419 12,661,244 19,298,685 6,293,082 8,988,777 10,748,061 11,394,082 62,683,167 5,012,257 2,323,244	\$ 1,275,728 296,794 382,200 12,504,699 19,108,565 6,103,789 8,465,151 10,540,177 11,405,949 59,934,255 4,852,757 2,109,152	\$ 1,418,941 285,101 493,876 11,841,236 18,615,722 5,879,793 8,073,239 10,325,489 10,865,949 56,500,169 4,689,078 1,972,637	\$ 2,249,533 298,302 376,755 11,336,058 18,349,966 5,631,080 7,627,621 9,996,119 10,480,778 53,613,041 4,524,741 1,828,320
by Industry (In Thousands of Dollars)  Farm Earnings Agricultural/Forestry, Fishing, and Other Mining Construction/Utilities Manufacturing Transportation and Public Utilities Wholesale Trade Retail Trade Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate Services Federal, Civilian Military State and Local Government	\$ 2,243, 309, 468, 12,073, 19,795, 6,381, 9,392, 10,898, 11,550, 66,586, 5,320, 2,568, 18,531,	197 693 251 932 468 237 661 800 132 684 577	1,369,420 288,005 436,419 12,661,244 19,298,685 6,293,082 8,988,777 10,748,061 11,394,082 62,683,167 5,012,257 2,323,244 17,720,243	\$ 1,275,728 296,794 382,200 12,504,699 19,108,565 6,103,789 8,465,151 10,540,177 11,405,949 59,934,255 4,852,757 2,109,152 16,825,963	\$ 1,418,941 285,101 493,876 11,841,236 18,615,722 5,879,793 8,073,239 10,325,489 10,865,949 56,500,169 4,689,078 1,972,637 16,065,575	\$ 2,249,533 298,302 376,755 11,336,058 18,349,966 5,631,080 7,627,621 9,996,119 10,480,778 53,613,041 4,524,741 1,828,320 15,346,234
by Industry (In Thousands of Dollars)  Farm Earnings Agricultural/Forestry, Fishing, and Other Mining Construction/Utilities Manufacturing Transportation and Public Utilities Wholesale Trade Retail Trade Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate Services Federal, Civilian Military State and Local	\$ 2,243, 309, 468, 12,073, 19,795, 6,381, 9,392, 10,898, 11,550, 66,586, 5,320, 2,568,	197 693 251 932 468 237 661 800 132 684 577	1,369,420 288,005 436,419 12,661,244 19,298,685 6,293,082 8,988,777 10,748,061 11,394,082 62,683,167 5,012,257 2,323,244 17,720,243	\$ 1,275,728 296,794 382,200 12,504,699 19,108,565 6,103,789 8,465,151 10,540,177 11,405,949 59,934,255 4,852,757 2,109,152	\$ 1,418,941 285,101 493,876 11,841,236 18,615,722 5,879,793 8,073,239 10,325,489 10,865,949 56,500,169 4,689,078 1,972,637	\$ 2,249,533 298,302 376,755 11,336,058 18,349,966 5,631,080 7,627,621 9,996,119 10,480,778 53,613,041 4,524,741 1,828,320

<sup>\*</sup>Calendar years 2004 - 2007 have been updated due to a comprehensive revision by the Bureau of Economic Analysis.

Sources: Missouri Department of Revenue and Bureau of Economic Analysis.

#### STATE OF MISSOURI REVENUE RATES FISCAL YEARS 2005-2009

Personal Income					
Tax Revenue	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Personal Income Tax					
Revenue	\$872,343,037	\$804,377,211	\$773,375,291	\$662,996,843	\$543,193,091
Personal Income					
(Federal AGI)	\$254,573,370,206	\$242,481,271,497	\$215,491,776,833	\$185,705,288,582	\$161,726,939,117
Taxable Income	\$188,091,389,476	\$172,825,313,183	\$157,963,987,815	\$133,414,355,787	\$114,900,652,083
Average Effective Rate:					
Federal Adjusted		/		/	
Gross	0.34%	0.33%	0.36%	0.36%	0.34%
Taxable Income	0.46%	0.47%	0.49%	0.50%	0.47%
Ranges of Tax Rates on t Portion of Taxable Incom (In Thousands of Dollars)	ne	2008	2007	2006	2005
Tax Rate	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%
Income Levels	1.1-2	1.1-2	1.1-2	1.1-2	1.1-2
Tax Rate	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%
Income Levels	2.1-3	2.1-3	2.1-3	2.1-3	2.1-3
Tax Rate	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%
Income Levels	3.1-4	3.1-4	3.1-4	3.1-4	3.1-4
Tax Rate	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Income Levels	4.1-5	4.1-5	4.1-5	4.1-5	4.1-5
Tax Rate	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%
Income Levels	5.1-6	5.1-6	5.1-6	5.1-6	5.1-6
Tax Rate	4.0%	4.0%	4.0%	4.0%	4.0%
Income Levels	6.1-7	6.1-7	6.1-7	6.1-7	6.1-7
Tax Rate	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%
Income Levels	7.1-8	7.1-8	7.1-8	7.1-8	7.1-8
Tax Rate	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%
Income Levels	8.1-9	8.1-9	8.1-9	8.1-9	8.1-9
Tax Rate	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%

Note: Article X, Sections 16 through 24 of the Missouri Constitution establishes a revenue limit for Missouri State Government. When total revenues exceed the limit, tax refunds are generated.

Source: Missouri Department of Revenue

#### STATE OF MISSOURI REVENUE PAYERS BY INDUSTRY/CATEGORY FISCAL YEARS 2005-2009

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Agricultural         \$ 8,871,693         0.28%         \$ 8,113,043         0.25%         \$ 8,389,363         0.26%           Mining         3,754,656         0.12%         4,516,211         0.14%         5,430,562         0.17%           Construction         37,583,956         1.20%         37,501,898         1.17%         39,282,083         1.23%           Manufacturing         135,338,923         4.34%         126,551,548         3.96%         120,957,730         3.78%           Transportation & Utilities         348,468,776         11.16%         301,269,192         9.42%         324,197,696         10.12%           Wholesale Trade         296,578,387         9.50%         339,197,058         10.61%         352,288,511         11.00%           Retail Trade         1,893,678,571         60.65%         1,960,979,708         61.32%         1,950,519,024         60.91%           Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate         25,017,749         0.80%         22,741,986         0.71%         22,383,949         0.70%           Services         365,404,296         11.70%         389,226,814         12.17%         371,286,656         11.60%           Government         6,707,828         0.22%         6,866,503         0.22%         6,828,911
Construction         37,583,956         1.20%         37,501,898         1.17%         39,282,083         1.23%           Manufacturing         135,338,923         4.34%         126,551,548         3.96%         120,957,730         3.78%           Transportation & Utilities         348,468,776         11.16%         301,269,192         9.42%         324,197,696         10.12%           Wholesale Trade         296,578,387         9.50%         339,197,058         10.61%         352,288,511         11.00%           Retail Trade         1,893,678,571         60.65%         1,960,979,708         61.32%         1,950,519,024         60.91%           Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate         25,017,749         0.80%         22,741,986         0.71%         22,383,949         0.70%           Services         365,404,296         11.70%         389,226,814         12.17%         371,286,656         11.60%           Government         6,707,828         0.22%         6,866,503         0.22%         6,828,911         0.21%           Non-Classifiable         890,610         0.03%         831,025         0.03%         655,651         0.02%           Mining         6,254,774         0.20%         6,099,229         0.20%         0.025%         3
Manufacturing         135,338,923         4.34%         126,551,548         3.96%         120,957,730         3.78%           Transportation & Utilities         348,468,776         11.16%         301,269,192         9.42%         324,197,696         10.12%           Wholesale Trade         296,578,387         9.50%         339,197,058         10.61%         352,288,511         11.00%           Retail Trade         1,893,678,571         60.65%         1,960,979,708         61.32%         1,950,519,024         60.91%           Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate         25,017,749         0.80%         22,741,986         0.71%         22,383,949         0.70%           Services         365,404,296         11.70%         389,226,814         12.17%         371,286,656         11.60%           Government         6,707,828         0.22%         6,866,503         0.22%         6,828,911         0.21%           Non-Classifiable         890,610         0.03%         831,025         0.03%         655,651         0.02%           Total         \$ 8,035,272         0.26%         \$ 7,311,996         0.25%           Mining         6,254,774         0.20%         6,099,229         0.20%           Construction         39,256,419         1.25
Transportation & Utilities         348,468,776         11.16%         301,269,192         9.42%         324,197,696         10.12%           Wholesale Trade         296,578,387         9.50%         339,197,058         10.61%         352,288,511         11.00%           Retail Trade         1,893,678,571         60.65%         1,960,979,708         61.32%         1,950,519,024         60.91%           Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate         25,017,749         0.80%         22,741,986         0.71%         22,383,949         0.70%           Services         365,404,296         11.70%         389,226,814         12.17%         371,286,656         11.60%           Government         6,707,828         0.22%         6,866,503         0.22%         6,828,911         0.21%           Non-Classifiable         890,610         0.03%         831,025         0.03%         655,651         0.02%           Total         \$ 3,122,295,445         100.00%         \$ 3,197,794,986         100.00%         \$ 3,202,220,136         100.00%           Mining         6,254,774         0.20%         6,099,229         0.20%           Construction         39,256,419         1.25%         33,010,961         1.10%           Manufacturing         135,930,915
Wholesale Trade         296,578,387         9.50%         339,197,058         10.61%         352,288,511         11.00%           Retail Trade         1,893,678,571         60.65%         1,960,979,708         61.32%         1,950,519,024         60.91%           Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate         25,017,749         0.80%         22,741,986         0.71%         22,383,949         0.70%           Services         365,404,296         11.70%         389,226,814         12.17%         371,286,656         11.60%           Government         6,707,828         0.22%         6,866,503         0.22%         6,828,911         0.21%           Non-Classifiable         890,610         0.03%         831,025         0.03%         655,651         0.02%           Total         \$ 3,122,295,445         100.00%         \$ 3,197,794,986         100.00%         \$ 3,202,220,136         100.00%           Agricultural         \$ 8,035,272         0.26%         \$ 7,311,996         0.25%           Mining         6,254,774         0.20%         6,099,229         0.20%           Construction         39,256,419         1.25%         33,010,961         1.10%           Manufacturing         135,930,915         4.32%         128,179,558
Retail Trade         1,893,678,571         60.65%         1,960,979,708         61.32%         1,950,519,024         60.91%           Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate         25,017,749         0.80%         22,741,986         0.71%         22,383,949         0.70%           Services         365,404,296         11.70%         389,226,814         12.17%         371,286,656         11.60%           Government         6,707,828         0.22%         6,866,503         0.22%         6,828,911         0.21%           Non-Classifiable         890,610         0.03%         831,025         0.03%         655,651         0.02%           Total         \$ 3,122,295,445         100.00%         \$ 3,197,794,986         100.00%         \$ 3,202,220,136         100.00%           Agricultural         \$ 8,035,272         0.26%         \$ 7,311,996         0.25%           Mining         6,254,774         0.20%         6,099,229         0.20%           Construction         39,256,419         1.25%         33,010,961         1.10%           Manufacturing         135,930,915         4.32%         128,179,558         4.29%           Transportation & Utilities         307,824,630         9.79%         293,661,236         9.82%
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate 25,017,749 0.80% 22,741,986 0.71% 22,383,949 0.70% Services 365,404,296 11.70% 389,226,814 12.17% 371,286,656 11.60% Government 6,707,828 0.22% 6,866,503 0.22% 6,828,911 0.21% Non-Classifiable 890,610 0.03% 831,025 0.03% 655,651 0.02% Total \$3,122,295,445 100.00% \$3,197,794,986 100.00% \$3,202,220,136 100.00%
Services         365,404,296         11.70%         389,226,814         12.17%         371,286,656         11.60%           Government         6,707,828         0.22%         6,866,503         0.22%         6,828,911         0.21%           Non-Classifiable         890,610         0.03%         831,025         0.03%         655,651         0.02%           Total         \$ 3,122,295,445         100.00%         \$ 3,197,794,986         100.00%         \$ 3,202,220,136         100.00%           Agricultural         \$ 8,035,272         0.26%         \$ 7,311,996         0.25%         Mining         6,254,774         0.20%         6,099,229         0.20%           Construction         39,256,419         1.25%         33,010,961         1.10%         Manufacturing         135,930,915         4.32%         128,179,558         4.29%           Transportation & Utilities         307,824,630         9.79%         293,661,236         9.82%           Wholesale Trade         363,538,752         11.57%         343,764,423         11.49%           Retail Trade         1,896,124,858         60.32%         1,814,668,108         60.67%           Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate         22,543,866         0.72%         21,435,550         0.72%
Government         6,707,828         0.22%         6,866,503         0.22%         6,828,911         0.21%           Non-Classifiable         890,610         0.03%         831,025         0.03%         655,651         0.02%           Total         \$ 3,122,295,445         100.00%         \$ 3,197,794,986         100.00%         \$ 3,202,220,136         100.00%           Agricultural         \$ 8,035,272         0.26%         \$ 7,311,996         0.25%         Mining         6,254,774         0.20%         6,099,229         0.20%           Construction         39,256,419         1.25%         33,010,961         1.10%         Manufacturing         135,930,915         4.32%         128,179,558         4.29%           Transportation & Utilities         307,824,630         9.79%         293,661,236         9.82%           Wholesale Trade         363,538,752         11.57%         343,764,423         11.49%           Retail Trade         1,896,124,858         60.32%         1,814,668,108         60.67%           Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate         22,543,866         0.72%         21,435,550         0.72%           Services         356,313,304         11.34%         338,655,256         11.32%           Government         6,631,039
Non-Classifiable         890,610         0.03%         831,025         0.03%         655,651         0.02%           Total         \$ 3,122,295,445         100.00%         \$ 3,197,794,986         100.00%         \$ 3,202,220,136         100.00%           Agricultural         \$ 8,035,272         0.26%         \$ 7,311,996         0.25%         Mining         6,254,774         0.20%         6,099,229         0.20%           Construction         39,256,419         1.25%         33,010,961         1.10%           Manufacturing         135,930,915         4.32%         128,179,558         4.29%           Transportation & Utilities         307,824,630         9.79%         293,661,236         9.82%           Wholesale Trade         363,538,752         11.57%         343,764,423         11.49%           Retail Trade         1,896,124,858         60.32%         1,814,668,108         60.67%           Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate         22,543,866         0.72%         21,435,550         0.72%           Services         356,313,304         11.34%         338,655,256         11.32%           Government         6,631,039         0.21%         3,583,174         0.12%
Total         \$ 3,122,295,445         100.00%         \$ 3,197,794,986         100.00%         \$ 3,202,220,136         100.00%           Agricultural         \$ 8,035,272         0.26%         \$ 7,311,996         0.25%           Mining         6,254,774         0.20%         6,099,229         0.20%           Construction         39,256,419         1.25%         33,010,961         1.10%           Manufacturing         135,930,915         4.32%         128,179,558         4.29%           Transportation & Utilities         307,824,630         9.79%         293,661,236         9.82%           Wholesale Trade         363,538,752         11.57%         343,764,423         11.49%           Retail Trade         1,896,124,858         60.32%         1,814,668,108         60.67%           Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate         22,543,866         0.72%         21,435,550         0.72%           Services         356,313,304         11.34%         338,655,256         11.32%           Government         6,631,039         0.21%         3,583,174         0.12%
Z006         %         Z005         %           Agricultural         \$ 8,035,272         0.26%         \$ 7,311,996         0.25%           Mining         6,254,774         0.20%         6,099,229         0.20%           Construction         39,256,419         1.25%         33,010,961         1.10%           Manufacturing         135,930,915         4.32%         128,179,558         4.29%           Transportation & Utilities         307,824,630         9.79%         293,661,236         9.82%           Wholesale Trade         363,538,752         11.57%         343,764,423         11.49%           Retail Trade         1,896,124,858         60.32%         1,814,668,108         60.67%           Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate         22,543,866         0.72%         21,435,550         0.72%           Services         356,313,304         11.34%         338,655,256         11.32%           Government         6,631,039         0.21%         3,583,174         0.12%
Agricultural       \$ 8,035,272       0.26%       \$ 7,311,996       0.25%         Mining       6,254,774       0.20%       6,099,229       0.20%         Construction       39,256,419       1.25%       33,010,961       1.10%         Manufacturing       135,930,915       4.32%       128,179,558       4.29%         Transportation & Utilities       307,824,630       9.79%       293,661,236       9.82%         Wholesale Trade       363,538,752       11.57%       343,764,423       11.49%         Retail Trade       1,896,124,858       60.32%       1,814,668,108       60.67%         Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate       22,543,866       0.72%       21,435,550       0.72%         Services       356,313,304       11.34%       338,655,256       11.32%         Government       6,631,039       0.21%       3,583,174       0.12%
Mining         6,254,774         0.20%         6,099,229         0.20%           Construction         39,256,419         1.25%         33,010,961         1.10%           Manufacturing         135,930,915         4.32%         128,179,558         4.29%           Transportation & Utilities         307,824,630         9.79%         293,661,236         9.82%           Wholesale Trade         363,538,752         11.57%         343,764,423         11.49%           Retail Trade         1,896,124,858         60.32%         1,814,668,108         60.67%           Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate         22,543,866         0.72%         21,435,550         0.72%           Services         356,313,304         11.34%         338,655,256         11.32%           Government         6,631,039         0.21%         3,583,174         0.12%
Mining         6,254,774         0.20%         6,099,229         0.20%           Construction         39,256,419         1.25%         33,010,961         1.10%           Manufacturing         135,930,915         4.32%         128,179,558         4.29%           Transportation & Utilities         307,824,630         9.79%         293,661,236         9.82%           Wholesale Trade         363,538,752         11.57%         343,764,423         11.49%           Retail Trade         1,896,124,858         60.32%         1,814,668,108         60.67%           Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate         22,543,866         0.72%         21,435,550         0.72%           Services         356,313,304         11.34%         338,655,256         11.32%           Government         6,631,039         0.21%         3,583,174         0.12%
Construction       39,256,419       1.25%       33,010,961       1.10%         Manufacturing       135,930,915       4.32%       128,179,558       4.29%         Transportation & Utilities       307,824,630       9.79%       293,661,236       9.82%         Wholesale Trade       363,538,752       11.57%       343,764,423       11.49%         Retail Trade       1,896,124,858       60.32%       1,814,668,108       60.67%         Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate       22,543,866       0.72%       21,435,550       0.72%         Services       356,313,304       11.34%       338,655,256       11.32%         Government       6,631,039       0.21%       3,583,174       0.12%
Manufacturing135,930,9154.32%128,179,5584.29%Transportation & Utilities307,824,6309.79%293,661,2369.82%Wholesale Trade363,538,75211.57%343,764,42311.49%Retail Trade1,896,124,85860.32%1,814,668,10860.67%Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate22,543,8660.72%21,435,5500.72%Services356,313,30411.34%338,655,25611.32%Government6,631,0390.21%3,583,1740.12%
Transportation & Utilities       307,824,630       9.79%       293,661,236       9.82%         Wholesale Trade       363,538,752       11.57%       343,764,423       11.49%         Retail Trade       1,896,124,858       60.32%       1,814,668,108       60.67%         Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate       22,543,866       0.72%       21,435,550       0.72%         Services       356,313,304       11.34%       338,655,256       11.32%         Government       6,631,039       0.21%       3,583,174       0.12%
Wholesale Trade       363,538,752       11.57%       343,764,423       11.49%         Retail Trade       1,896,124,858       60.32%       1,814,668,108       60.67%         Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate       22,543,866       0.72%       21,435,550       0.72%         Services       356,313,304       11.34%       338,655,256       11.32%         Government       6,631,039       0.21%       3,583,174       0.12%
Retail Trade       1,896,124,858       60.32%       1,814,668,108       60.67%         Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate       22,543,866       0.72%       21,435,550       0.72%         Services       356,313,304       11.34%       338,655,256       11.32%         Government       6,631,039       0.21%       3,583,174       0.12%
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate       22,543,866       0.72%       21,435,550       0.72%         Services       356,313,304       11.34%       338,655,256       11.32%         Government       6,631,039       0.21%       3,583,174       0.12%
Services       356,313,304       11.34%       338,655,256       11.32%         Government       6,631,039       0.21%       3,583,174       0.12%
Government 6,631,039 0.21% 3,583,174 0.12%
1011 010331110310
<b>Total</b> \$ 3,143,159,161 100.00% \$ 2,991,058,232 100.00%
Personal Income * 2009**
% of Personal Income % of
Number of Filers Total Tax Liability Total
\$50,000 and under 3,371,618 77.48% \$ 1,367,022,942 25.28%
\$50,000 - \$100,000 721,042 16.57% 1,455,417,015 26.92%
\$100,000 - \$250,000
\$250,000 - \$1,000,000 50,585 1.16% 743,407,583 13.75%
\$1,000,000 and over 14,355 0.33% 906,184,388 16.76%
<b>Total</b> 4,351,532 100.00% 5,406,774,936 100.00%
2005**
% of Personal Income % of
Number of Filers Total Tax Liability Total
\$50,000 and under 3,370,705 82.60% \$ 1,381,799,422 34.47%
\$50,000 - \$100,000 543,861 13.33% 1,124,700,381 28.05%
\$100,000 - \$250,000
\$250,000 - \$1,000,000 33,760 0.83% 486,312,065 12.13%
\$1,000,000 and over 7,854 0.19% 399,557,445 9.97%
<b>Total</b> 4,080,816 100.00% \$ 4,008,911,851 100.00%

<sup>\*</sup>Federal Adjusted Gross Income

Note: Due to confidentiality issues, the names of the ten largest revenue payers are not available.

The categories presented are intended to provide alternative information regarding the sources of the State's revenue.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Per GASB Statement 44 (effective for statistical sections prepared for periods beginning after June 15, 2005), this schedule is to show the current year and nine years ago. Information not available prior to 2005.

#### STATE OF MISSOURI RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT FISCAL YEARS 2005–2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

2008\* 2007 2006 2005 2009 **Governmental Activities** General Obligation Bonds \$ 600,075 666,165 684,515 739,935 790,910 Other Bonds 3,102,685 3,084,670 2,660,875 1,873,140 1,609,815 Leasehold Revenue Bonds 35,955 36,935 37,880 38,860 Certificates of Participation 96,235 105,325 113,990 122,255 124,490 Capital Leases 114,862 108,815 74,641 74,049 107,647 **Total Governmental Activities** 3,949,812 4,001,910 3,571,901 2,848,239 2,632,862 **Business-Type Activities** Capital Leases 210 244 \$ 244 \$ **Total Business-Type Activities** 210 \$ **Total Primary Government** \$ \$ \$ \$ 3,950,022 4,002,154 3,571,901 2,848,239 2,632,862 Personal Income \$ 189,623,363 \$ 180,508,645 \$ 208,255,356 \$ 199,655,237 \$ 173,905,941 Debt as a Percentage of Personal Income1 1.9% 2.0% 1.9% 1.6% 1.5% Debt Per Capita<sup>1</sup> \$ 668 \$ 681 \$ 612 \$ 492 \$ 458 Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2009: General Obligation Bonds Authorized (Legislative Debt Limit) \$ 1,726,395 Unforeseen Emergency or Casual Deficiency 1,000 Less: General Obligation Issued (1,489,494)Legal Debt Margin 237,901 Legal Debt Margin Summary by Fiscal Year: Legislative Debt Limit 1,726,395 1,726,395 1,686,395 1,646,395 1,606,395 Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit (1,488,494)(1,488,494)(1,438,494)(1,438,494)(1,438,494)247,901 Legal Debt Margin 237,901 237,901 207,901 167,901 Legal Debt Margin to Debt Limit Ratio 13.78% 13.78% 14.70% 12.63% 10.45%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the calendar year. See *Demographic and Economic Indicators* for personal income and population data.

<sup>\*</sup>Fiscal year 2008 has been restated.

#### STATE OF MISSOURI PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE FISCAL YEARS 2006-2009 (In Thousands of Dollars)

Fiscal	D	Gross evenues <sup>1</sup>		Less: Operating Expenses <sup>2</sup>		Net Available		Debt S Principal		Debt Service Principal Interest			
Year		evenues		xpenses		Revenues				interest	Coverage <sup>3</sup>		
	Sta	te Facility Ma	ainten	ance and Ope	eratior	ı							
2009	\$	48,326	\$	11,216	\$	37,110	\$	16,685	\$	10,169	1.4		
2008		48,576		11,157		37,419		15,965		11,017	1.4		
2007		48,780		10,661		38,119		15,405		11,676	1.4		
2006		49,474		12,078		37,396		14,130		11,054	1.5		
	Mis	souri Road F	und										
2009	\$	997,990	\$	279,971	\$	718,019	\$	84,896	\$	113,591	3.6		
2008	1	1,049,645		279,823		769,822		62,515		105,117	4.6		
2007	1	1,024,787		269,210		755,577		73,350		82,049	4.9		
2006		727,870		N/A		727,870		63,149		49,248	6.5		

#### N/A = not available

Source: Bond records and debt service schedules.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Revenues for State Facility Maintenance and Operation consist of lease rental payments. Revenues for Missouri road fund consist of a portion of the taxes and fees received by the State from the motor fuel tax, sales tax on motor vehicles, use tax on motor vehicles, and revenue derived from motorists for their usage of the highways of the State.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Operating Expenses do not include depreciation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Coverage equals net available revenue divided by debt service.

## STATE OF MISSOURI DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INDICATORS CALENDAR YEARS 2004–2008

\_\_\_\_\_\_

	2008	_	2007		2006	_	2005		2004
Population									
Missouri (In Thousands)	5,912		5,878		5,833		5,785		5,743
Change	0.6%		0.8%		0.8%		0.7%		
National (In Thousands)	304,060		301,290		298,363		295,561		292,892
Change	0.9%		1.0%		0.9%		0.9%		
Total Personal Income									
Missouri (In Thousands of Dollars)	\$ 208,255,356	\$	199,655,237	\$	189,653,363	\$	, ,	\$	173,905,941
Change	4.3%		5.3%		5.1%		3.8%		
National (In Thousands of Dollars)	\$ 12,086,533,576	\$	11,634,322,000	\$	10,978,053,000	\$	10,252,973,000	\$	9,711,363,000
Change	3.9%		6.0%		7.1%		5.6%		
Per Capita Personal Income									
Missouri	\$ 35,228	\$	33,964	\$	32,514	\$	- , -	\$	30,283
Change	3.7%		4.5%		4.2%		3.0%		
National	\$ 39,751	\$	38,615	\$	36,794	\$	34,690	\$	33,157
Change	2.9%		4.9%		6.1%		4.6%		
Resident Civilian Labor Force									
and Employment									
Civilian Labor Force (In Thousands)	3,012		3,031		3,016		2,997		2,986
Employed (In Thousands)	2,829		2,878		2,871		2,836		2,814
Unemployed (In Thousands)	183 6.1%		153 5.0%		145 4.8%		161 5.4%		1 <i>7</i> 2 5.8%
Unemployment Rate National Unemployment Rate	5.8%		5.0% 4.6%		4.8%		5.4%		5.8%
	2008-09	_	2007-08	_	2006-07	_	2005-06	_	2004-05
School Enrollment (In Thousands)									
Elementary and Secondary Education	893		894		898		898		892
Higher Education – Private									
Institutions	89		88		86	_	84		82
Total Enrollment	982		982		984		982		974
% Change from Prior Year	0.0%		-0.2%		0.2%		0.8%		0.3%
Higher Education									
Public Community Colleges									
Number of Campuses	19		19		18		18		18
Number of Students (FTE*)	56,365		54,900		52,377		51,945		52,204
Number of Regular Term	1 412		1 252		1 222		1 200		1 201
Teaching Positions (FTE)  State Technical College	1,413		1,352		1,332		1,309		1,291
Number of Campuses	1		1		1		1		1
Number of Students (FTE)	976		891		888		885		854
Number of Regular Term	5.0				300		200		
Teaching Positions (FTE)	45		45		57		51		50
State Colleges/Universities									
Number of Campuses	14		14		14		14		14
Number of Students (FTE)	108,159		106,056		103,856		102,628		100,717
Number of Regular Term									
Teaching Positions (FTE)	4,764		4,731		4,638		4,578		4,597

<sup>\*</sup>FTE is Full-Time Equivalent.

Sources: Bureau of Economic Analysis, Missouri Economic Research and Information Center, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Missouri Department of Elementary and Secondary Education, and Missouri Department of Higher Education.

#### STATE OF MISSOURI PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CALENDAR YEARS 2008 AND 1999

\_\_\_\_\_

#### 2008

Employer	Number of Employees	Percent of Total State Employment		
State of Missouri <sup>1</sup>	63,000	2.23%		
Wal-Mart Associates, Inc.	40,000 - 42,500	1.41% - 1.50%		
University of Missouri	20,000 - 22,500	0.71% - 0.80%		
U.S. Post Office	17,500 - 20,000	0.62% - 0.71%		
Washington University	12,500 - 15,000	0.44% - 0.53%		
Boeing Corporation	10,000 - 12,500	0.35% - 0.44%		
Schnuck Markets, Inc.	7,500 - 10,000	0.27% - 0.35%		
Barnes-Jewish Hospital	7,500 - 10,000	0.27% - 0.35%		
U.S. Department of Defense	7,500 - 10,000	0.27% - 0.35%		
City of St. Louis	7,500 - 10,000	0.27% - 0.35%		
Total	193,000 - 215,500	6.84% - 7.61%		
Total Missouri Employment		2,829,289		

#### 1999

Employer	Number of Employees	Percent of Total State Employment
State of Missouri <sup>1</sup>	70,000	2.48%
Wal-Mart Associates, Inc.	30,000 - 32,500	1.06% - 1.15%
Boeing Corporation	16,000 - 17,000	0.57% - 0.60%
Trans World Airlines, Inc.	12,000 - 13,000	0.43% - 0.46%
Washington University	11,000 - 12,000	0.39% - 0.43%
Schnuck Markets, Inc.	10,000 - 11,000	0.35% - 0.39%
Southwestern Bell Telephone Co.	10,000 - 11,000	0.35% - 0.39%
May Department Stores	9,000 - 10,000	0.32% - 0.35%
Barnes-Jewish Hospital	8,000 - 9,000	0.28% - 0.32%
Ford Motor Company	8,000 - 9,000	0.28% - 0.32%
Total	184,000 - 194,500	6.51% - 6.89%

#### **Total Missouri Employment**

2,819,853

All figures are based on a calendar-year average.

Sources: Missouri Economic Research and Information Center, State of Missouri CAFR-Fiscal Year 2000, State Employee Headcount report.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Number of state employees includes only full-time personnel, and does not include college or university employees.

#### STATE OF MISSOURI STATE EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION FISCAL YEARS 2005–2009 FULL-TIME EQUIVALENTS\*

	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	
General Government						
Legislature	716	719	732	749	708	
Judiciary	3,755	3,731	3,777	3,826	3,452	
Public Defender	558	555	558	561	571	
Governor	24	32	33	34	35	
Lt. Governor	6	6	7	7	8	
Secretary of State	272	277	275	266	262	
State Auditor	124	128	127	132	142	
State Treasurer	51	51	51	51	50	
Attorney General	420	451	443	427	423	
Office of Administration	2,091	2,046	1,783	868	899	
Revenue	1,487	1,523	1,586	1,766	2,086	
Total General Government	9,504	9,519	9,372	8,687	8,636	
Education						
Elementary and Secondary Education	2,760	2,650	2,654	2,719	2,261	
Higher Education	73	67	58	67	73	
Total Education	2,833	2,717	2,712	2,786	2,334	
Natural and Economic Resources						
Agriculture	494	479	467	456	388	
Insurance, Financial Institutions and						
Professional Registration	741	748	192	200	207	
Conservation	2,085	2,065	2,190	2,270	2,047	
Economic Development	994	1,024	1,604	1,681	1,379	
Labor and Industrial Relations	777	810	913	1,056	1,051	
Natural Resources	2,121	2,102	2,061	2,175	2,019	
Total Natural and Economic Resources	7,212	7,228	7,427	7,838	7,091	
Transportation and Law Enforcement						
Transportation	6,969	6,961	7,196	7,300	7,024	
Public Safety	5,412	5,294	5,085	5,101	4,927	
Total Transportation and Law Enforcement	12,381	12,255	12,281	12,401	11,951	
Human Services						
Health and Senior Services	1,927	1,885	1,877	1,969	2,048	
Mental Health	9,613	9,500	9,602	9,784	9,571	
Social Services	8,584	8,624	8,553	8,794	9,034	
Corrections	11,364	11,020	11,138	11,235	11,493	
Total Human Services	31,488	31,029	31,170	31,782	32,146	
State Total	63,418	62,748	62,962	63,494	62,158	

<sup>\*</sup>Based on a four quarter average.

Source: Office of Administration, Division of Accounting, Statewide Indirect Cost Allocation Plan.

#### STATE OF MISSOURI OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION FISCAL YEARS 2006–2009

	2009	2008	2007	2006
General Government				
Individual Income Tax Returns Processed (In Thousands)	2,946	3,013	3,902	2,770
Sales and Use Tax Returns Processed (In Thousands)	772	788	1,055	742
Driver Licenses Processed (In Thousands)	1,179	964	1,052	1,106
Motor Vehicle Registrations Processed (In Thousands)	3,502	3,866	3,856	2,994
Audit Reports Issued	101	91	88	103
Statewide Court Filings (In Thousands)*	2,711	2,196	2,027	2,152
Business Services Requests Made on Secretary of State				
Web Page (In Thousands)	76,744	44,300	36,000	35,000
Checks Issued (In Thousands)	2,667	2,807	3,035	3,309
Unclaimed Property Returned (In Thousands of Dollars)	\$ 26,672	\$ 34,531	\$ 22,966	\$ 21,816
Education				
High School Drop Out Rate*	3.9%	4.2%	4.7%	3.8%
Elementary and Secondary Schools Meeting Adequate				
Yearly Progress*	35.7%	40.1%	62.6%	65.2%
Clients Achieving Employment after Receiving				
Vocational Rehabilitation Services	67.1%	67.7%	70.2%	67.6%
Guaranteed Student Loans (In Thousands of Dollars)	\$ 780,838	\$ 901,385	\$ 1,178,692	\$ 1,162,519
Scholarships/Grants Awarded to Eligible Missouri				
Residents (In Thousands of Dollars)	\$ 108,981	\$ 89,728	\$ 41,466	\$ 41,845
Natural and Economic Resources				
Job Placement Rate of Unemployed Individuals that				
Registered on MissouriCareerSource Web Page**	64.0%	66.0%	62.0%	63.3%
Insurance Policies Filed Electronically	94.7%	50.0%	50.0%	50.0%
Initial Unemployment Claims (In Thousands)	565	396	411	393
International Agricultural Exports (In Thousands of Dollars)	\$ 22,700	\$ 30,300	\$ 19,760	\$ 18,191
Hunting License Holders (In Thousands)*	591	580	579	570
Visitors to Missouri State Parks and Historic Sites				
(In Thousands)	15,307	15,577 <sup>1</sup>	16,069	16,650
Transportation and Law Enforcement				
Methamphetamine Labs Seized	165	274	259	375
State – Licensed Fire Safety Inspections	11,008	11,998	11,684	9,848
Buildings Served by Missouri Capitol Police	83	82	82	79
Alcohol Arrests	845	736	954	1,084
Missouri Major Roads Rated in Good Condition	83.4%	78.0%	74.0%	60.8%
Difference Between Awarded and Actual Transportation				
Construction Costs	1.1%	0.9%	0.9%	3.1%
Human Services				
Medicaid Enrollees	850,722	833,112	822,685	830,262
Food Stamp Recipients	1,085,749	899,332	826,313	795,963
Doses of Vaccine Issued by Vaccines for Children	.,005,7 45	333,332	020,515	, 55,505
Providers (In Thousands)	1,317	1,360	1,097	1,075
Incarcerated Offenders	30,476	30,803	29,975	30,185
Individuals Served in State Comprehensive Psychiatric	30,770	30,003	23,373	30,103
Service Facilities	6,759	6,882	7,805	7,772
SCIVICE I ACIIICES	0,733	0,002	7,003	1,112

<sup>\*</sup>Previous fiscal year data was used since it was the most recent available.

Sources: State agencies.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Website had a name change from Great Hires to MissouriCareerSource in FY09.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Amounts have been restated.

#### STATE OF MISSOURI CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION FISCAL YEARS 2005–2009

	2009	2008*	2007	2006	2005
General Government					
Parcels of Land	21	21	20	18	15
Land Improvements	37	37	35	35	31
Square Footage of Buildings	1,015,214	1,001,281	996,590	991,800	1,071,699
Equipment	36,813	35,171	42,333	44,469	49,644
Software	88				
Education					
Parcels of Land	31	31	32	32	32
Land Improvements	32	31	31	31	29
Square Footage of Buildings	135,230	135,230	135,230	102,719	134,162
Equipment	6,031	6,010	6,679	6,780	6,723
Natural and Economic Resources					
Parcels of Land	823	815	811	815	812
Land Improvements	325	323	318	320	216
Square Footage of Buildings	622,285	625,779	622,887	528,136	370,505
Equipment	38,807	41,145	43,534	46,574	46,915
Software	40				
State Parks and Historic Sites	85	84	84	84	84
State Conservation Areas	1,169	1,165	1,151	1,148	1,140
Transportation and Law Enforcement					
Parcels of Land	831	836	853	862	1,608
Land Improvements	245	198	184	177	183
Square Footage of Buildings	164,338	151,533	158,081	157,658	157,172
Equipment	67,100	65,074	63,327	62,984	61,965
Miles of State Highway	33,676	33,685	32,800	32,423	32,402
State-Owned Bridges and Culverts	10,249	10,276	10,240	10,224	10,190
Highway Patrol Stations	9	9	9	9	9
Human Services					
Parcels of Land	84	84	84	83	85
Land Improvements	130	118	115	115	112
Square Footage of Buildings	952,117	962,710	967,653	870,129	834,352
Equipment	78,543	91,178	98,649	107,434	106,334
Software	7				
Correctional Facilities	30	28	26	26	24

<sup>\*</sup>Restated Square Footage of Buildings for 2008.

Source: State of Missouri capital asset records by agency.

### STATE OF MISSOURI ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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