FY 2026 PROGRAM DESCRIPTIONS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY



Office of the Director Missouri Capitol Police Missouri State Highway Patrol Alcohol & Tobacco Control Division of Fire Safety Missouri Veterans Commission Missouri Gaming Commission State Emergency Management Agency

Contents

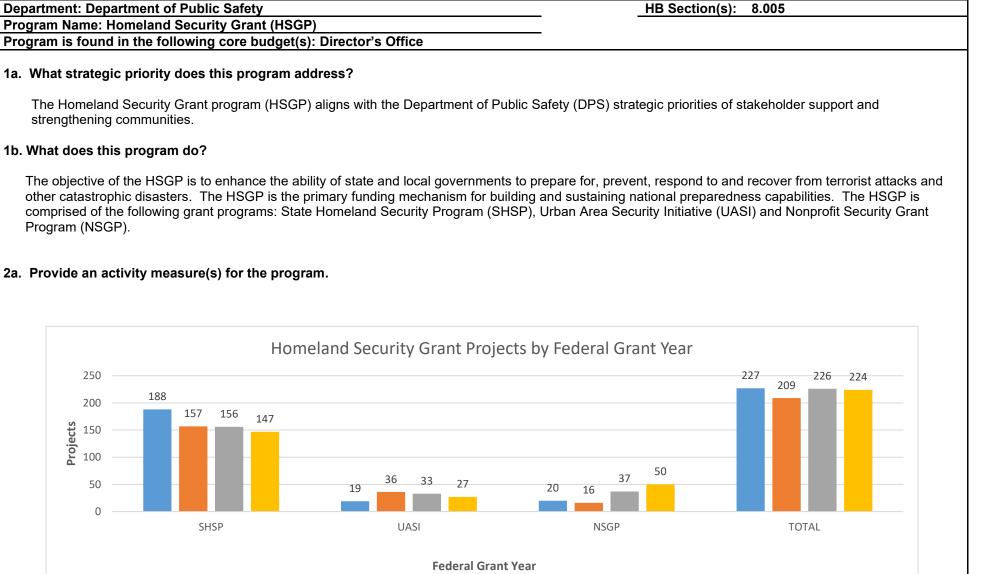
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Program or Division Name	Type of Report	Date Issued	Website Link
/lissouri State Highway Patrol's Use of Highway Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023	State Auditor Audit	1/12/2024	https://app.auditor.mo.gov/Repository/Press/2020131_9163514823.pd
lissouri State Highway Patrol's Use of Highway Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022	State Auditor Audit	12/28/2022	https://auditor.mo.gov/AuditReport/CitzSummary?id=958
lissouri State Highway Patrol's Use of Highway Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021	State Auditor Audit	12/29/2021	https://auditor.mo.gov/AuditReport/ViewReport?report=2021133
ISHP - Missouri Dept. of Social Services - Victims of Crime Act (VOCA)	Remote Monitoring	7/30/2021	Final Written Report - No Website Link
ISHP - Missouri Dept. of Social Services - Victims of Crime Act (VOCA)	Remote Monitoring	5/4/2023	Final Written Report - No Website Link
ISHP - MoDot Highway Safety & Traffic Division (MCSAP)	Remote Monitoring	6/10/2021	Final Written Report - No Website Link
ISHP - High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas (HIDTA)	Remote Monitoring	1/27/2021	Final Written Report - No Website Link
SHP - High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas (HIDTA)	Remote Monitoring	7/31/2023	Final Written Report - No Website Link
ISHP - Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)	Remote Monitoring	2/11/2021	Final Written Report - No Website Link
ISHP - Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)	Remote Monitoring	12/1/2021	Final Written Report - No Website Link
ISHP - Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)	On-Site Monitoring	3/1/2023	Final Written Report - No Website Link
lissouri Department of Public Safety - Office of Homeland Security	Financial Monitoring	4/21/2021	Final Written Report - No Website Link
lissouri Department of Public Safety - CESF	Programmatic/Financial Desk Review	6/1/2023	Final Written Report - No Website Link
issouri Veterans Commission - Cameron Veterans Home	Veterans Administration Survey	5/26/2022	Not Available
issouri Veterans Commission - Cameron Veterans Home	Veterans Administration Survey	5/1/2023	Not Available
issouri Veterans Commission - Cameron Veterans Home	Veterans Administration Survey	6/24/2024	Not Available
issouri Veterans Commission - Cape Girardeau Veterans Home	Veterans Administration Survey	6/16/2022	Not Available
issouri Veterans Commission - Cape Girardeau Veterans Home	Veterans Administration Survey	7/18/2023	Not Available
issouri Veterans Commission - Cape Girardeau Veterans Home	Veterans Administration Survey	8/15/2024	Not Available
issouri Veterans Commission - Mexico Veterans Home	Veterans Administration Survey	3/17/2022	Not Available
issouri Veterans Commission - Mexico Veterans Home	Veterans Administration Survey	6/27/2023	Not Available
issouri Veterans Commission - Mexico Veterans Home	Veterans Administration Survey	8/7/2024	Not Available
lissouri Veterans Commission - Mt. Vernon Veterans Home	Veterans Administration Survey	7/8/2022	Not Available
lissouri Veterans Commission - Mt. Vernon Veterans Home	Veterans Administration Survey	3/13/2023	Not Available
lissouri Veterans Commission - Mt. Vernon Veterans Home	Veterans Administration Survey	3/24/2024	Not Available
lissouri Veterans Commission - St. James Veterans Home	Veterans Administration Survey	2/13/2023	Not Available
lissouri Veterans Commission - St. James Veterans Home	Veterans Administration Survey	4/8/2024	Not Available
lissouri Veterans Commission - St. Louis Veterans Home	Veterans Administration Survey	9/6/2022	Not Available
lissouri Veterans Commission - St. Louis Veterans Home	Veterans Administration Survey	3/3/2023	Not Available
lissouri Veterans Commission - St. Louis Veterans Home	Veterans Administration Survey	7/1/2024	Not Available
lissouri Veterans Commission - Warrensburg Veterans Home	Veterans Administration Survey	11/2/2022	Not Available
lissouri Veterans Commission - Warrensburg Veterans Home	Veterans Administration Survey	3/20/2024	Not Available
lissouri Veterans Commission, Report No. 2021-062, Year Ended June 30, 2020	State Auditor Statewide Single Audit	8/31/2021	https://auditor.mo.gov/AuditReport/ViewReport?report=2021062
lissouri Veterans Commission, Report No. 2022-064, Year Ended June 30, 2021	State Auditor Statewide Single Audit	8/25/2022	https://auditor.mo.gov/AuditReport/ViewReport?report=2022064
lissouri Veterans Commission, Report No. 2023-052, Year Ended June 30, 2022	State Auditor Statewide Single Audit	9/15/2023	DPS-MVC Statewide Audits Summary Letter (mo.gov)
EMA, Report No. 2022-043, Year Ended June 30, 2021	State Auditor Statewide Single Audit	7/28/2022	https://auditor.mo.gov/AuditReport/CitzSummary?id=929
EMA, Report No. 2022-065, Year Ended June 30, 2021	State Auditor Statewide Single Audit	8/25/2022	https://auditor.mo.gov/AuditReport/ViewReport?report=2022065
EMA - Emergency Management Performance Program/Federal Financial Grants	Federal Monitoring	10/21/2021	Available upon request
EMA - Vaygo (Previously known as IPERIA Audit) Public Assistance Program/Financial	Ŭ T		
,,	Audit	In Progress	In Progress
EMA - Emergency Management Performance Program/Federal Financial Grants	Federal Monitoring	12/2/2022	Available upon request
lissouri Division of Fire Safety	Programmatic Monitoring Review	8/7/2022	Not Available
lissouri Gaming Division-Gaming Proceeds for Education Fund	State Auditor	03/27/2023	https://auditor.mo.gov/AuditReport/ViewReport?report=2023012
lissouri Division of Fire Safety	Programmatic Monitoring Review		Final Written Report - No Website Link
IISSUUI DIVISIUI UI FILE SALELY		12/20/2023	
lissouri Division of Fire Safety - ProBoard Accreditation	5 yr Programmatic Monitoring Review	1/20/2024	https://theproboard.org/agency/?agency=MO
lissouri Division of Fire Safety - AFG/NFA Performance/Federal Financial Grants	Quarterly Federal Monitoring	6/30/2024	Available upon request
	Quartery rederar Monitoring	0/00/2024	
	Missouri Sunset Act Report		
rogram Name	Statute and Sunset Language	Sunset Date	Review Status
nternet Cyber Crime Law Enforcement Task Forces	650.120	12/31/2024	Review completed in CY 2023

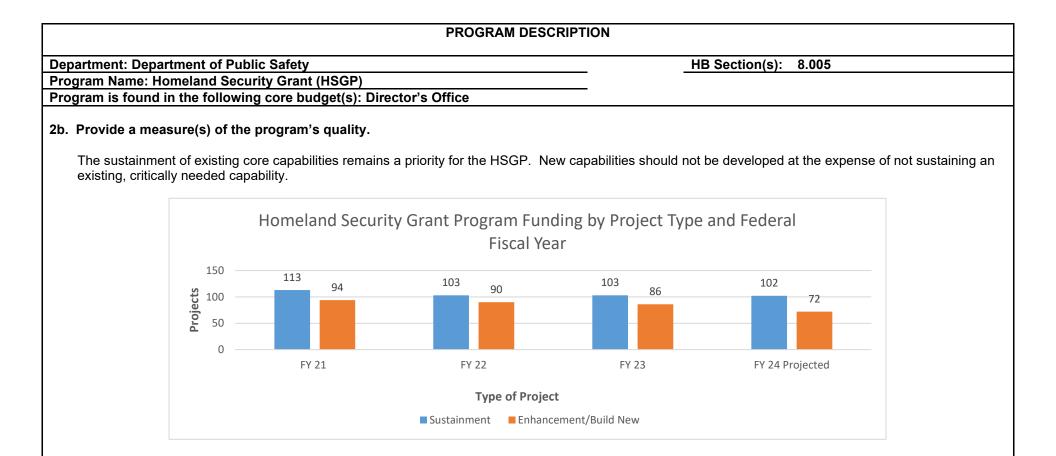


■ FY 21 ■ FY 22 ■ FY 23 ■ FY 24 Projected

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

Program Name: Homeland Security Grant (HSGP)

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?



HB Section(s): 8.005

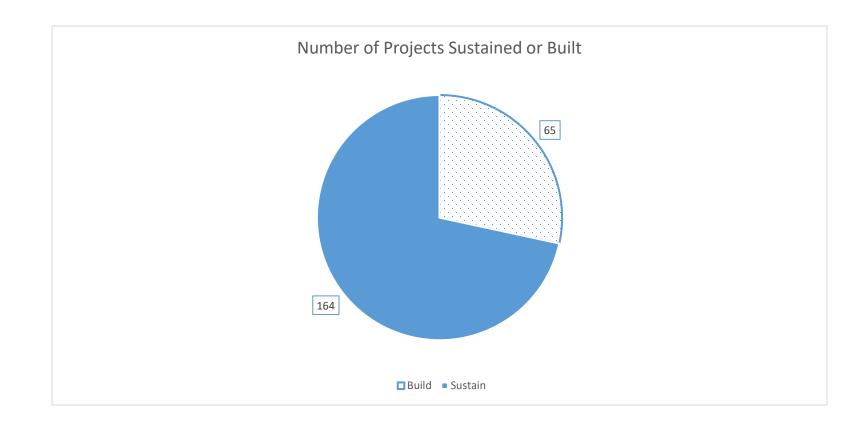
Department: Department of Public Safety

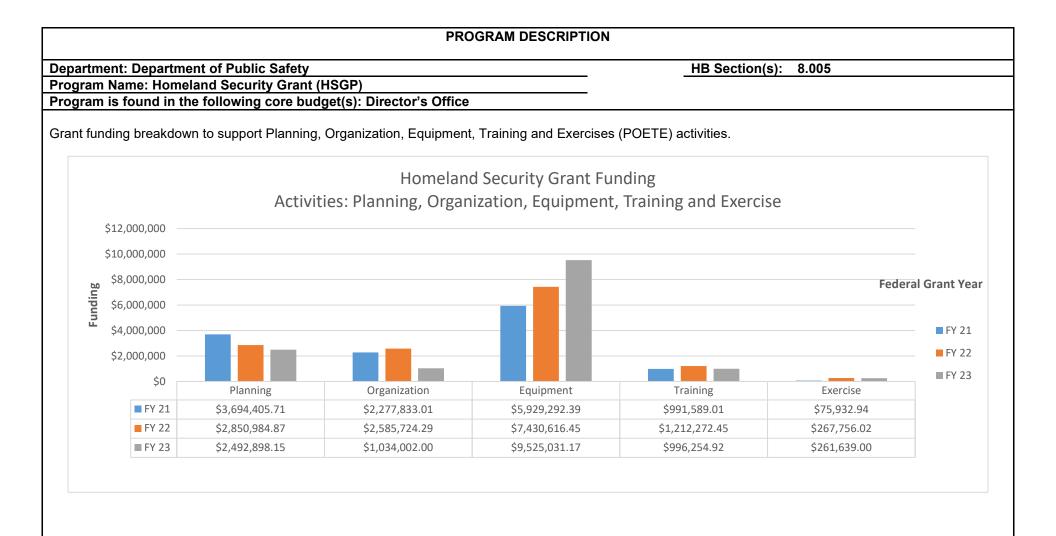
Program Name: Homeland Security Grant (HSGP)

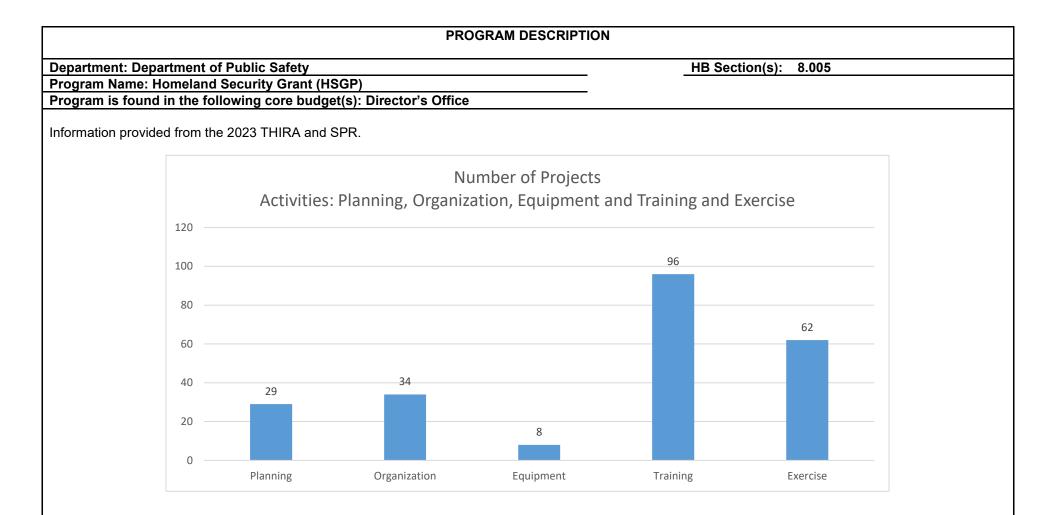
Program is found in the following core budget(s): Director's Office

2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact.

Information is derived from the Threat and Hazard Identification and Risk Assessment (THIRA) and the Stakeholder Preparedness Review (SPR) Process. The THIRA helps jurisdictions identify, understand, and plan for its worst, most plausible threats and hazards. The SPR is an annual assessment that helps jurisdictions identify capability gaps and prioritizes investment requirements to reach the targets set in the THIRA.







PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Department of Public Safety HB Section(s): 8.005 Program Name: Homeland Security Grant (HSGP) Program is found in the following core budget(s): Director's Office 2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency. The Department of Public Safety administers the grant monies to subrecipients, and the subrecipients implement the program and utilize the funding. The Department of Public Safety is not involved in the delivery of services or the outputs of such services. The following measures are part of the grant administrative process. Measure: Number of grantee claims processed throughout the grant cycle, average number of days to process claims Base Target: Process all claims submitted during the grant cycle Stretch Target: Decrease average number of days to process claims to 20 days Number of Grantee Claims Processed Average Number of Days to Process Claims 30 180 27 161 160 25 23 22 140 131 20 120 100 15 80 65 60 10 40 5 20

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FY 21

FY 22

FY 23

FY 23

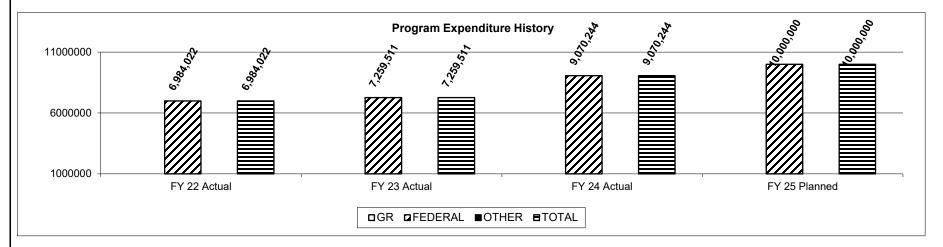
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FY 21

FY 22

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Department of Public Safety HB Section(s): 8.005 Program Name: Homeland Security Grant (HSGP) HB Section(s): 005 Program is found in the following core budget(s): Director's Office HB Section(s): 005

3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.)



4. What are the sources of the "Other" funds?

N/A

5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.)

Section 2002 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (Pub. L. No. 107-296, as amended), (6 U.S.C. § 603) and the Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2019(Pub. L. No. 116-6)

6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.

No

7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

No

HB Section(s): 8.005

Department: Department of Public Safety Program Name: State and Local Cybersecurity Grant Program (SLCGP) Program is found in the following core budget(s): Director's Office

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

The State and Local Cybersecurity Grant Program (SLCGP) provides stakeholder support to strengthen preparedness for cyber risks.

1b. What does this program do?

The goal of the SLCGP is to assist state and local governments with managing and reducing systemic cyber risk. The four objectives of the SLCGP are as follows:

- Objective 1: Develop and establish appropriate governance structures, including developing, implementing, or revising cybersecurity plans, to improve capabilities to respond to cybersecurity incidents and ensure continuity of operations.
- Objective 2: Understand their current cybersecurity posture and areas for improvement based on continuous testing, evaluation, and structured assessments.
- Objective 3: Implement security protections commensurate with risk.
- Objective 4: Ensure organization personnel are appropriately trained in cybersecurity, commensurate with responsibility.

The SLCGP provides funding for strengthening state and local cybersecurity preparedness by focusing on cybersecurity measures to help manage risk and enhance Missouri's cybersecurity posture. Projects must close gaps and strengthen capabilities identified in a cybersecurity risk assessment, align with the Missouri Comprehensive Cybersecurity Plan (CCP), and support at least one of the SLCGP objectives.

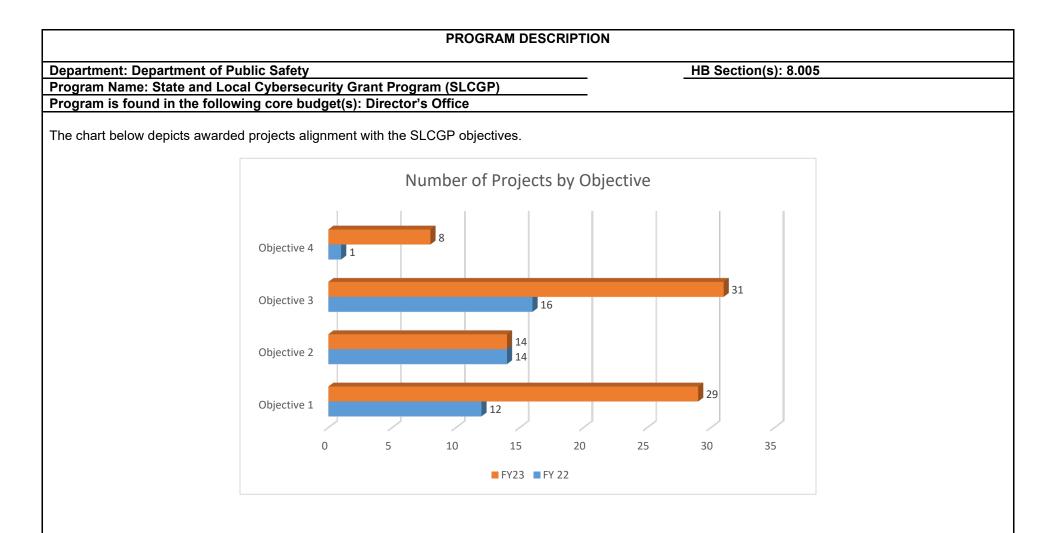
2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program.

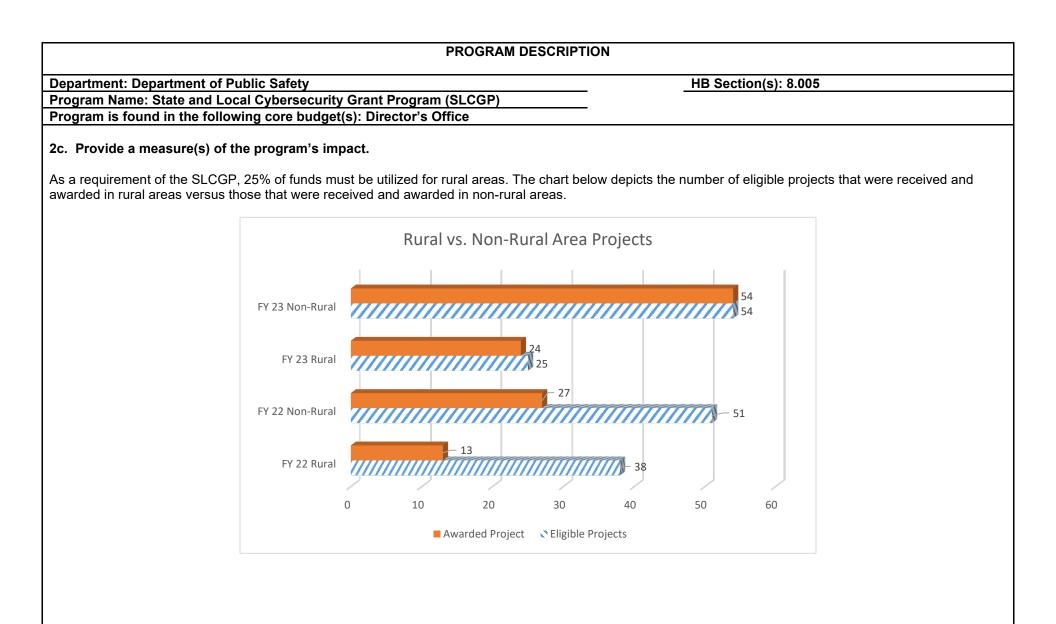
A competitive grant process is completed to allow local government entities to apply for funding under the SLCGP. All applications that are received are administratively reviewed to determine eligibility. Requested projects must strengthen state and local cybersecurity preparedness by focusing on cybersecurity measures to help manage state and local risk and enhance Missouri's cybersecurity posture. Requested projects must close gaps and strengthen capabilities identified in a cybersecurity risk assessment, align with CCP and align with at least one of the SLCGP objectives. Eligible applications are scored, and funding recommendations made by the Cybersecurity Planning Committee.

2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality.

Requested projects must align with at least one of the SCLGP objectives. The four objectives of the SLCGP are as follows:

- Objective 1: Develop and establish appropriate governance structures, including developing, implementing, or revising cybersecurity plans, to improve capabilities to respond to cybersecurity incidents and ensure continuity of operations.
- Objective 2: Understand their current cybersecurity posture and areas for improvement based on continuous testing, evaluation, and structured assessments.
- Objective 3: Implement security protections commensurate with risk.
- Objective 4: Ensure organization personnel are appropriately trained in cybersecurity, commensurate with responsibility.

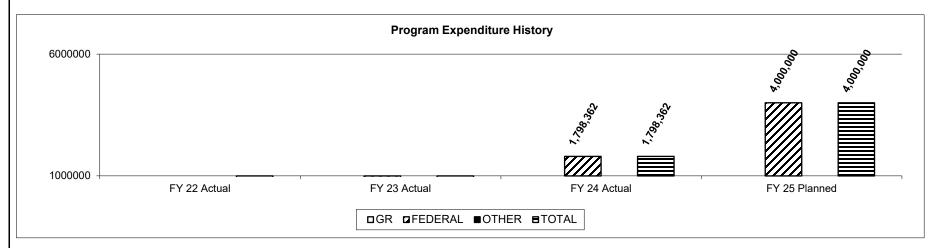




PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Department of Public Safety HB Section(s): 8.005 Program Name: State and Local Cybersecurity Grant Program (SLCGP) Program is found in the following core budget(s): Director's Office 2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency. The Department of Public Safety administers the grant monies to subrecipients, and the subrecipients implement the program and utilize the funding. The Department of Public Safety is not involved in the delivery of services or the outputs of such services. The following measures are part of the grant administrative process. Measure: Number of grantee claims processed throughout the grant cycle, average number of days to process claims Base Target: Process all claims submitted during the grant cycle Stretch Target: Decrease average number of days to process claims to 30 days Number of Grantee Claims Processed Average Number of Days to Process Claims 80 76 30 28 70 25 60 20 50 15 40 35 30 10 20 5 10 2 0 0 FY 22 FY 22 FY 23 FY 23

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Department of Public Safety HB Section(s): 8.005 Program Name: State and Local Cybersecurity Grant Program (SLCGP) HB Section(s): 8.005 Program is found in the following core budget(s): Director's Office HB Section(s): 8.005

3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (*Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.*)



4. What are the sources of the "Other" funds?

N/A

5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.)

Section 2220A of the Homeland Security Act of 2002, as amended (Pub. L. No. 107-296) (6 U.S.C. § 665g)

6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.

Yes. 10% cost share requirement, increasing each year of grant award. FY 2022 required a 10% match. FY 2023 required a 20% match. FY 2024 will require a 30% match. FY 2025 will require a 40% match. Contribution can be cash (hard match) or third-party in-kind (soft match).

7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

No

Department: Department of Public Safety

AB Section(s): 8.005

Program Name: Crime Victim Advocate Credentialing Program (CVACP)

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Office of the Director Administration

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

The Office for Victims of Crime, through general revenue funding, provides training, technical assistance, and support to Missouri Crime Victim Advocates.

1b. What does this program do?

This is a new program that is currently in development; the program was approved during the FY24 budget process and approved by the legislature and Governor, effective July 1, 2023. See HB Section 8:040. The primary goal of the Crime Victim Advocate Credentialing Program (CVACP) is to elevate and level-set the field of crime victim advocacy. Through standardized core competency training and an emphasis on continuing education, the CVACP will be a springboard to move the field toward more accessible and consistent delivery of service to crime victims across Missouri.

2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program.

A coordinator for the program was hired in January of 2024. A platform and design of the program has been identified and initial development of the system has begun. Development of content is ongoing in consultation with a 9-member planning group of subject matter experts. To date, the planning group had met every month since February of 2024. The coordinator facilitates regular meetings with the planning group and engages statewide stakeholders and federal partners for technical assistance and resource development.

2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality.

As the program evolves, the quality of the program will be measured by satisfaction surveys, the number of training hours, the number of advocates receiving credential certificates, and overall use of the system. At this time, due the infancy of the program, quality measures are not yet available.

2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact.

The impact of the program can be measured by mapping the geographic areas of crime victim advocates receiving credential certificates; feedback from employers who interview and/or hire crime victim advocates credentialed through the program, the number of employers that utilize the system for onboarding of new hires. Additional impact measurement will come from post-training evaluations collected from each course taken and an overall evaluation from crime victim advocates that have received a credential certificate.

:: Department of Public Safety ame: Crime Victim Advocate Credentialing Program (CVACP) found in the following core budget(s): Office of the Director Administration a measure(s) of the program's efficiency. ck from crime victim advocates, victim services providers and speakers/trainers will be col	AB Section(s): 8.005
found in the following core budget(s): Office of the Director Administration	
e a measure(s) of the program's efficiency.	
ck from crime victim advocates, victim services providers and speakers/trainers will be coll	
ly and administration of the program is responsive to feedback. Collection of monthly, qua ne program toward continuous improvements or adjustments.	
actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the <i>fit costs.)</i>	e current fiscal year. (<i>Note: Amounts do not include</i>
5.30 in expenditures from January of 2024 to August 2024.:	
e the sources of the "Other" funds?	
the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the fed	deral program number, if applicable.)
on 8:040, effective July 1, 2023.	
e federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.	
federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.	

Department Public Safety

Program Name: Missouri Interoperability Center

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Director's Office

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

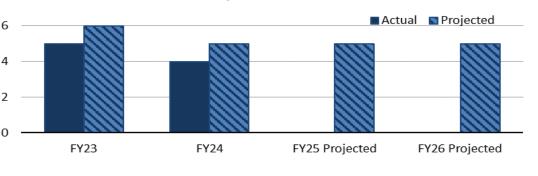
The Department of Public Safety's (DPS) strategic priority of stakeholder support is supported by the Missouri Interoperability Center's (MIC) operational effectiveness and overall assistance and resources provided to the Missouri Statewide Interoperability Network (MOSWIN) users.

1b. What does this program do?

The MIC administers, operates, maintains and enhances the Missouri Statewide Interoperability Network (MOSWIN). MOSWIN is a network of radio sites located around the state transmitting and receiving radio signals (24/7/365) to allow fire, police, emergency medical service and emergency management radios to operate. MOSWIN provides statewide radio coverage to utilize for internal agency and inter-agency (interoperable) radio communications. There are 1,543 public safety agencies (55,662 radios) utilizing the system, including the following MO DPS agencies: MO State Highway Patrol, MO Capital Police, MO State Emergency Management Agency, MO Gaming Commission, Division of Fire Safety, and Division of Alcohol & Tobacco Control. MOSWIN is a vital state resource in ensuring the safety and security of Missouri's first responders, citizens, visitors and the traveling public.

2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program.

Areas have been tested and quantified as requiring additional coverage or capacity are evaluated annually. As budget and supply chain allows, these coverage and capacity areas are addressed each fiscal year.



Actual vs Projected new tower sites

HB Section(s):

8.005

21

Department Public Safety

Program Name: Missouri Interoperability Center

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Director's Office

2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality.

Measure: Tower Site Wide-Area Network Availability (Zones 1,2,3,4)

<u>Base target</u>: Provide wide area radio system for public safety agencies to utilize for communication and coordination. Wide area = connected to master core via backhaul link.

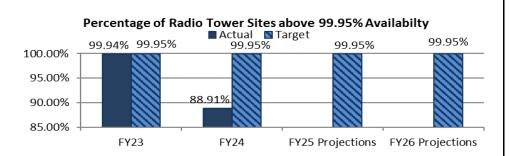
<u>Stretch target</u>: Provide radio system tower site availability at or above 99.99% (tower sites are unavailable for public safety agencies no more than 52.56 minutes in a year).

2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact.

<u>Measure</u>: Tower Site Voice Channel Utilization (Zones 1,2,3,4) <u>Base target</u>: Provide radio system voice channel at all tower sites. <u>Stretch target</u>: Provide radio voice channel utilization below 75% of a tower site's voice paths. This will provide surge capacity should a natural disaster or man-made event occur requiring additional users to respond and utilize the radio system.

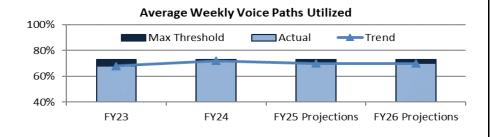
2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency.

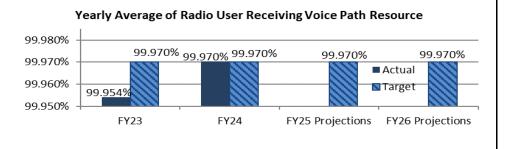
Measure: Radio User Experiencing Unavailable Resource (Zones 1&3) Base target: Provide radio system tower wide area voice channel availability at or above 99.970% (radio users have less than a 3 second wait for voice path resources, industry standard). Stretch target: Provide radio system tower voice path availability at or above 99.999% (public safety radio users have less than a 3 second wait for voice path resources, state of Missouri goal).



8.005

HB Section(s):

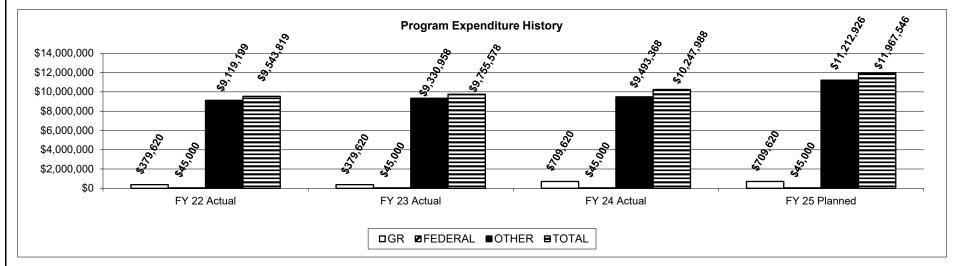




PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department Public Safety HB Section(s): 8.005 Program Name: Missouri Interoperability Center HB Section(s): 8.005

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Director's Office

3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.)



4. What are the sources of the "Other " funds?

Highway Funds

- 5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.) Federal Communications Commission 47 CFR Part 90 - requiring all public safety agencies to narrowband their licensed frequencies
- 6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.

No

7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

Yes, Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Narrowbanding Mandate

Department: Department of Public Safety

HB Section(s): 08.005

Program Name: Missouri Victim Automated Notification System (MOVANS)

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Director's Office

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

The Department of Public Safety – Office for Victims of Crime (OVC) utilizes technology to automate victim notification services and improve responsiveness through the Missouri Victim Automated Notification System (MOVANS).

1b. What does this program do?

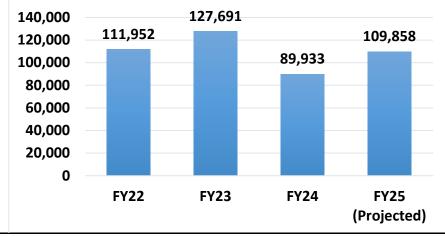
Established via RSMo 650.310, the OVC promotes fair and just treatment for victims of crime. To meet this, the OVC:

- Coordinates and promotes the state's program for victims of crime by providing channels of communication among public and private agencies in exercising the rights afforded to victims of crime pursuant to Chapter 595 and the Missouri Constitution
- Coordinates with key stakeholders to reduce domestic violence, sexual assault and other crime victimization
- Administers the Missouri Victim Automated Notification System (MOVANS)
- Facilitates the Missouri Victim Services Academy (MVSA)

MOVANS is an informational system to ensure victims remain aware of changes in a perpetrator's incarceration, court status or the status of a protection order. The MVSA is a statewide education program for victim advocates designed and implemented by victim service professionals in the state of Missouri. The OVC receives and responds to Crime Victim Rights violations and is developing a Statewide Coordinated Response for victims in catastrophic crime incidents.

2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program.

MOVANS meets the statutory definition of an "automated victim notification system" as outlined in RSMo 595.045(4). MOVANS allows victims to register for automated notifications for offender custody status, court case status, and protective order status. As you can see from the new MOVANS registrations, there is a slight decrease in the past fiscal year. However, with the development of an in-house system these numbers are anticipated to increase. These users are primarily victims and/or family members of victims. OVC will continue to provide education and outreach through victim advocates and improved methods of monitoring law enforcement agency reporting patterns. Training is provided to jail administrators, law enforcement agencies and victim advocates.



NEW MOVANS REGISTRATIONS

2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality.

Department: Department of Public Safety

HB Section(s): 08.005

Program Name: Missouri Victim Automated Notification System (MOVANS)

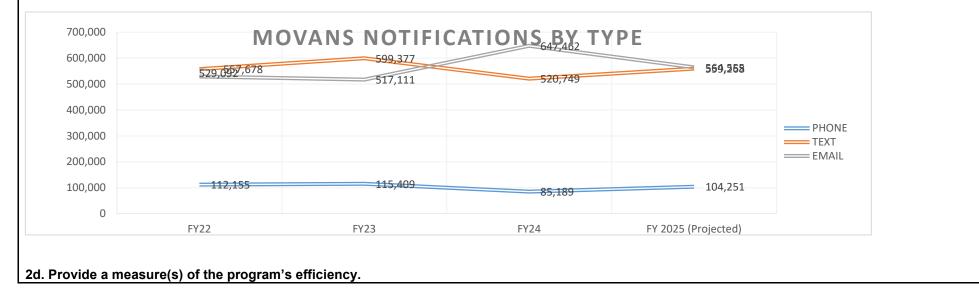
Program is found in the following core budget(s): Director's Office

Crime Victim Rights and MOVANS/Vinewatch training was provided throughout the state with in-person and virtual events. Information was provided regarding compliance with RSMo. 595.209 Rights of victims and witnesses — written notification, requirements and how to register victims for notifications. There were over 350 attendees trained regarding Crime Victim Rights/MOVANS/Vinewatch.

Additionally, the OVC collects evaluation forms at the annual Missouri Victim Services Academy. This data is tabulated and used to address any updates to the trainings, current trends/current events, federal/state guidance and access to services. In FY24, we planned and executed a combined event with the Missouri Victim Services Academy and Crime Victims' Rights Ceremony. There were over 80 advocates in attendance for MVSA. The Crime Victims' Rights Ceremony had around 100 attendees. For FY25, we plan to continue this combined event with the Missouri Victim Services Academy and the Crime Victims' Rights Ceremony scheduled for the first week of April 2025. The overall survey for MVSA provided 93% strongly agreed their understanding of the topics increases as a result of the training and 93% agreed the information learned will assist them in their job as an advocate.

2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact.

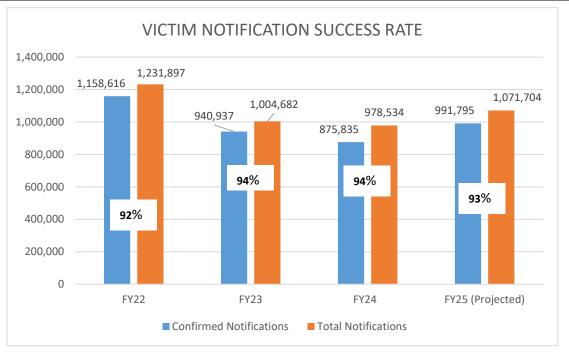
The below chart provides visual insight into the total activity of the MOVANS. The phone, text, or email events referenced represent a notification that was sent to a victim regarding offender custody status, court event status, or protective order status. As evidenced by this chart, MOVANS maintains a critical role in fulfilling victim notification requirements as set forth in Missouri Revised Statute and the Missouri Constitution.



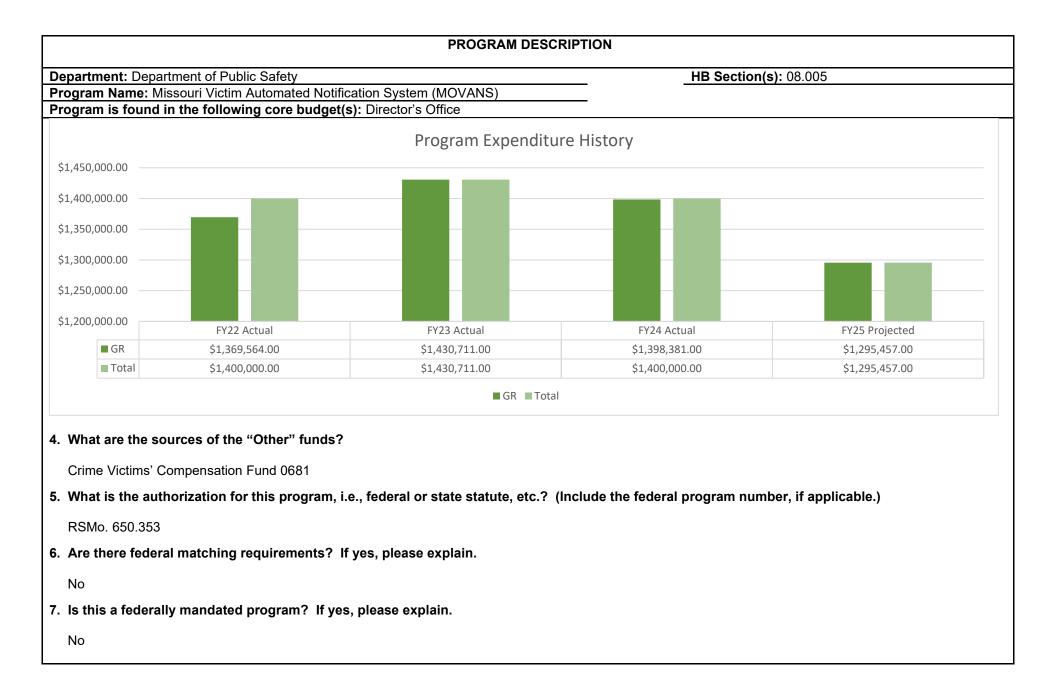
HB Section(s): 08.005

Department: Department of Public Safety Program Name: Missouri Victim Automated Notification System (MOVANS) Program is found in the following core budget(s): Director's Office

To best meet the needs of victims and family members utilizing the notifications services, OVC is constantly working to identify opportunities for improvement and efficiency. Based upon the utilization data, OVC is developing an inhouse MOVANS system through the Missouri State Highway Patrol. This will allow for victims to receive notifications by email and text. As evidenced in the following chart, the MOVANS exhibits yearly improvements in the percentage of notifications that are successfully delivered to registrants.



3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.)



Department: Department of Public Safety

AB Section(s): 8.010

Program Name: State Drug Task Force Grants

Program is found in the following core budget(s): State Drug Task Force Grants

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

The State Drug Task Force Grants support the Department of Public Safety (DPS) stakeholders with resources to address issues related to illicit drug and violent crime in Missouri communities.

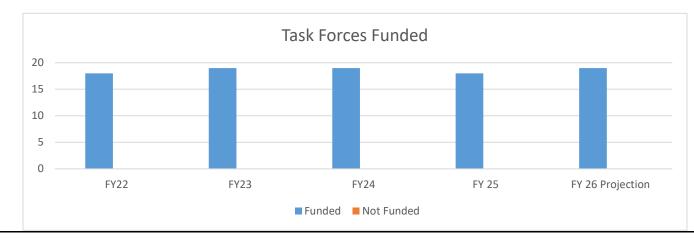
1b. What does this program do?

The State Drug Task Force Grant Program makes it possible for Missouri to aggressively address the many public safety issues associated with illicit drugs and violent crime. Since the inception of the first statewide drug strategy in 1986, Missouri has implemented many programs focused on drug awareness/education, enforcement, prosecution, and rehabilitation and treatment efforts. These programs have helped improve the quality of life for Missouri's citizens. With the continued funding, the DPS will be able to address the current and future needs of the state relating to drugs and violent crime. DPS collaborates with state and local law enforcement agencies to provide a proactive approach for the public safety of Missourians. The State Drug Task Force Grant provides funding to drug task forces (DTF) throughout the state for drug related crime response and prevention including equipment/technology for drug interdiction activities.

This program is ran in conjunction with the Edward Byrne Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Program HB Section 08.015

2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program.

<u>Measure</u>: Make grant funding available to the drug task forces that exist in Missouri <u>Base Target</u>: Support the existing drug task forces that request funding <u>Stretch Target</u>: Explore areas of consolidation and/or expansion to ensure effective coverage of the entire state



AB Section(s): 8.010

Department: Department of Public Safety

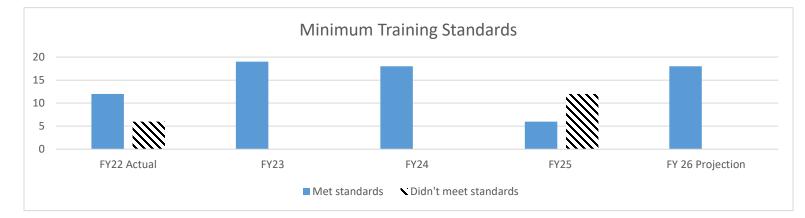
Program Name: State Drug Task Force Grants

Program is found in the following core budget(s): State Drug Task Force Grants

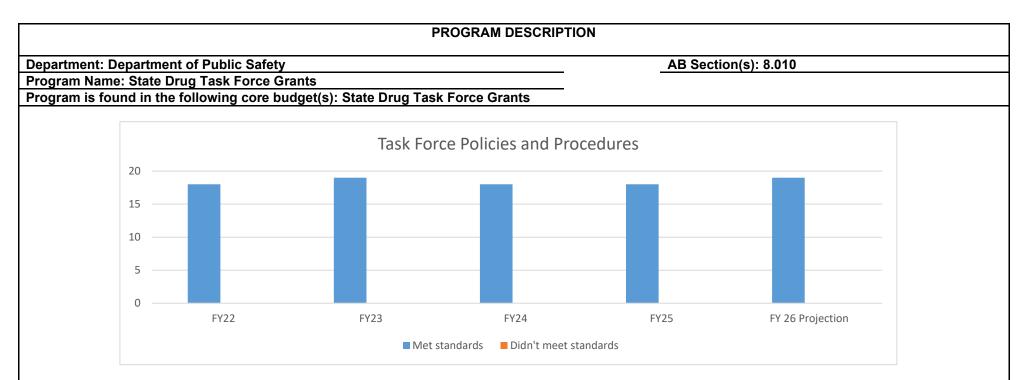
2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality.

FY24 will be the 10th year of a plan started by DPS in FY14 to establish minimum goals and objectives for drug task forces receiving State Drug Task Force Grant funds. The intent was, and continues to be, to ensure all funded drug task forces possess the minimum level of training to initiate drug investigations and result in successful prosecution, adopt policies and procedures to ensure efficient and effective operational activities, and proactively engage the public to bring better awareness to the subject of illicit drug use and rehabilitation. Achievement of minimum standards has resulted in incentives of grant funding from FY16 – FY23 and subsequent incentive to receive maximum funding.

<u>Measure</u>: Compliance with goals and objectives established for all drug task forces <u>Base Target</u>: 100% compliance Stretch Target: Continue 100% compliance for all new and continuing projects



NOTE: Minimum training standards include: 1) basic narcotic training 2) advanced narcotic training and 3) clandestine methamphetamine lab certification, where applicable if tasked with clean-up and disposal of clandestine methamphetamine labs. **As staff are replaced this number will fluctuate**



NOTE: Adoption of policies and procedures extends to, at a minimum, a policy addressing: 1) deconfliction 2) hiring/selection of personnel 3) information sharing 4) development and use of informants and 5) evidence storage and handling.

2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact.

Realistically, the possession and distribution of illicit drugs is not a problem that will be completely eradicated. History has shown that a "drug of choice" will always exist in some capacity. Rather, as a result of the program quality measures, the hope is to further identify individuals possessing and distributing illicit drugs and to prevent teens and adults from starting to use illicit drugs. This can be achieved through the arrest of abusers and the seizure/removal of drugs from the street.

Measure: Number of arrests made and number/value of drug seizures

<u>Base Target</u>: Make as many arrests as possible and seize as many drugs as possible (it should never be the target to increase or decrease these numbers because neither an increase nor a decrease is indicative of the problem that exists)

<u>Stretch Target</u>: Make as many arrests as possible and seize as many drugs as possible (it should never be the target to increase or decrease these numbers because neither an increase nor a decrease is indicative of the problem that exists)



Department: Department of Public Safety

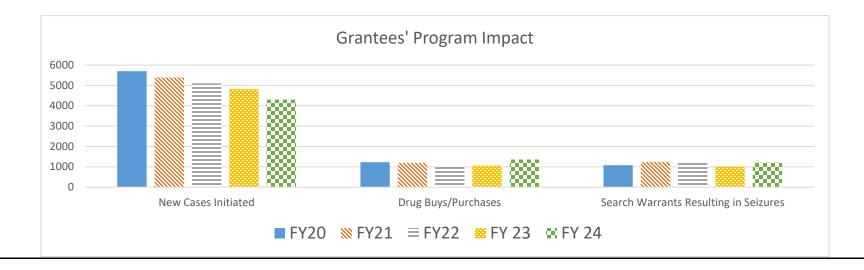
AB Section(s): 8.010

Program Name: State Drug Task Force Grants

Program is found in the following core budget(s): State Drug Task Force Grants

The possession and distribution of illicit drugs is not a problem that will be completely eradicated. Rather, as a result of the program quality measures, the hope is to further identify individuals possessing and distributing illicit drugs and to prevent teens and adults from starting to use illicit drugs. Each case, and each drug type encountered, presents unique circumstances. Each case is labor intensive in different ways, and the increasing presence of fentanyl has presented greater officer health and safety concerns. In addition, personnel and funding play a huge role in each task force's overall capabilities. The statistics below depict a general decrease in activity, but the decrease doesn't represent a decreasing presence of illicit drug use and sale in the state.

<u>Measure</u>: Number of new cases opened, number of drug buys made, and number of search warrants resulting in drug seizures <u>Base Target</u>: Open as many new cases as possible following receipt of a drug tip and/or proactive investigations, make as many drug buys as possible to affirm the possession and/or sale of illicit drugs, and execute search warrants that will result in positive identification (it should never be the target to increase or decrease these numbers because neither an increase nor a decrease is a clear indicator of the problem that exists) <u>Stretch Target</u>: Open as many new cases as possible following receipt of a drug tip and/or proactive investigations, make as many drug buys as possible to affirm the possession and/or sale of illicit drugs, and execute search warrants that will result in positive identification (it should never be the target to increase or decrease these numbers because neither an increase nor a decrease is a clear indicator of the problem that exists)



Department: Department of Public Safety

AB Section(s): 8.010

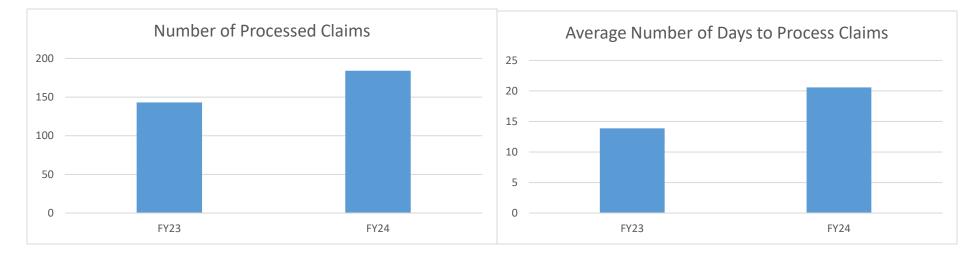
Program Name: State Drug Task Force Grants

Program is found in the following core budget(s): State Drug Task Force Grants

2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency.

The Department of Public Safety administers the grant monies to sub-recipients, and the sub-recipients implement the program and utilize the funding. The Department of Public Safety is not involved in the delivery of services or the outputs of such services. The following measures are part of the grant administrative process.

<u>Measure</u>: Number of grantee claims processed throughout the grant cycle, average number of days to process claims <u>Base Target</u>: Process all claims submitted during the grant cycle <u>Stretch Target</u>: Decrease average number of days to process claims to 20 days



PROGRAM DESCRIPTION **Department: Department of Public Safety** AB Section(s): 8.010 Program Name: State Drug Task Force Grants Program is found in the following core budget(s): State Drug Task Force Grants 3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.) Program Expenditure History 16,000,000 10,823,J 14.800 2,740,963 11,000,000 5,287 19; 19; 000 065 003 634 ,827 800 47,837 Φ. 20,303 وي , e3g|366 6,000,000 ₹ 0 20 1,000,000 FY 22 Actual FY 23 Actual FY 24 Actual FY 25 Planned

□GR □FEDERAL ■OTHER □TOTAL

4. What are the sources of the "Other" funds?

N/A

5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.)

HB Section 8.010

6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.

N/A

7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

N/A

Department: Department of Public Safety Program Name: Law Enforcement/Blue Scholarship

HB Section(s): 8.015

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Director's Office

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

The Missouri Blue Scholarship aligns with the DPS Workforce Development strategic priority by helping to attract more Missourians to law enforcement careers and address officer shortages in law enforcement agencies across Missouri.

1b. What does this program do?

The Missouri Blue Scholarship pays up to \$5,000 toward the cost of a Missouri resident attending a basic law enforcement academy in the state. Individuals who are sponsored by a law enforcement agency, or have other grants or scholarships to pay the total cost of attending a law enforcement academy that do not have to be repaid by the applicant, are not eligible for the scholarship.

2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program.

Activity is based on the number of eligible scholarship applicants and the availability of scholarship funds.

2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality.

Prior to any scholarship funds being disbursed, an individual must submit a scholarship application to the Peace Officer Standards and Training (POST) Program verifying they are a Missouri resident, a high school graduate or equivalent, a U.S. Citizen, and will be 21 or older when they take the Missouri Peace Officer License Examination. A representative of the POST Program will then obtain verification from the training center director that a scholarship applicant is currently attending a basic training academy and whether the applicant received any student aid they do not have to repay, such as a federal Pell Grant, or if their tuition is being paid by a sponsoring law enforcement agency.

2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact.

The impact of the scholarship spans the entire state, as it applies to any individual meeting the criteria detailed above; provided an application is received by the POST Program.

Department: Department of Public Safety

HB Section(s): 8.015

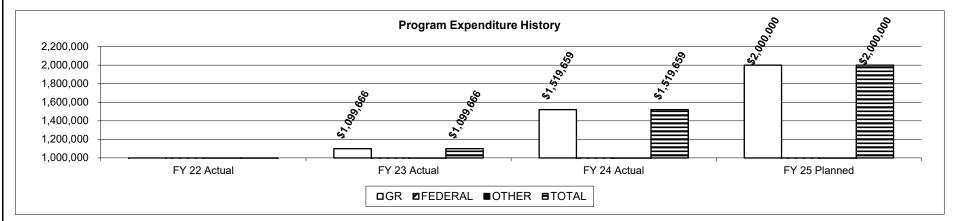
Program Name: Law Enforcement/Blue Scholarship

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Director's Office

2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency.

After confirming a scholarship applicant's eligibility, a representative of the POST Program will submit a request to disburse scholarship funds to the participating basic training center. In FY23, 239 individuals received the Missouri Blue Scholarship, in FY24, 336 individuals received the scholarship, and as of 8/12/2024 (FY25), 21 individuals received the scholarship . The amounts awarded varied from \$61 to the full \$5,000. Of these 596 recipients, 412 have been licensed, while the remaining are either still attending basic training or did not graduate. The amount of scholarship funds disbursed in FY23 was \$1,060,268.65, in FY24 it was \$1,519,660.67, and as of 8/12/2024 (FY25) it was \$103,950.00.

3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.)



- 4. What are the sources of the "Other " funds? N/A
- 5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.) HB 8.030
- 6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain. No
- 7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain. No

HB Section(s): 08.010

Department: Missouri Department of Public Safety, Office of the Director Program Name: Office for Victims of Crime - Juvenile Justice (OVC-JJ)-Title II Program is found in the following core budget(s): Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

The Office for Victims of Crime, Juvenile Justice (OVC-JJ) Unit takes full advantage of Federal Programs to protect and support Missouri citizens.

1b. What does this program do?

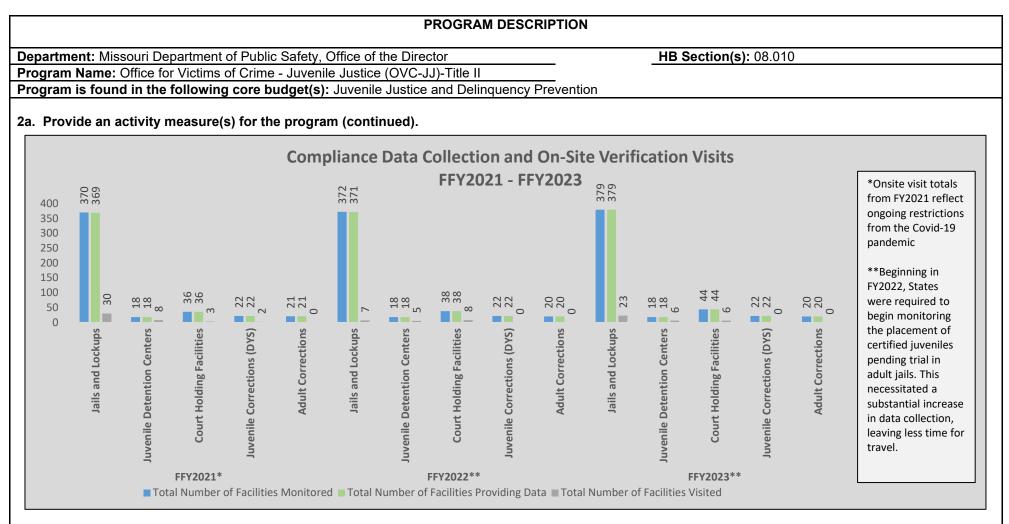
The OVC-JJ Unit administers federal Title II funds to improve Missouri's juvenile justice system and protect vulnerable youth. The federal Title II funds are distributed to sub-grantees for projects that address problems in one or more of the following program areas: comprehensive juvenile justice and delinquency prevention; community-based alternatives to incarceration and institutionalization; reducing racial and ethnic disparities; addressing the needs of girls in or at risk of entering the juvenile justice system; and mental health or co-occurring disorder services for court-involved or incarcerated juveniles. Missouri's Governor appointed Juvenile Justice Advisory Group (JJAG) determines the program areas for funding and assists in grant application reviews.

To be eligible, Missouri must meet 33 statutory requirements enumerated in the federal Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (JJDP) Act. Specific to protecting youth are four "Core Requirements" plus one new requirement effective in FFY2022. These are Sight and Sound Separation from adult inmates, Deinstitutionalization of Status Offenders (DSO), Jail Removal, and Reducing Racial and Ethnic Disparities. Beginning with FFY2022, the JJDP Act requires pre-trial certified juveniles to remain in juvenile facilities pending the outcome of their court process unless it is in the "interest of justice" to transfer them to a jail or lockup for adults. The OVC-JJ must ensure juveniles placed in adult jails are compliant with the "interest of justice" requirements. Note: All compliance and grant activities occur on the Federal Fiscal Year (FFY) of October 1 to September 30.

2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program.

The Compliance Monitor in the OVC-JJ Unit ensures compliance with the "Core Requirements" by collecting, analyzing, and verifying data from: 1) jails and lockups for adults (including court holding facilities); 2) secure juvenile and adult detention centers; and 3) secure juvenile and adult correctional centers. Additionally, facilities are monitored on-site to provide technical assistance, verify data, and for classification purposes. The fourth core requirement, Racial and Ethnic Disparities, is the focus of a collaborative with the Office of State Courts Administrator and the Missouri Juvenile Justice Association. Data is collected and analyzed at points where juveniles contact the justice system. This data driven approach guides our efforts to reduce disparities within communities. The OVC-JJ Unit submits a compliance report annually to the federal Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention. The following charts illustrate compliance activities:

Type of Facility	Monitored Annually by Site Visit	Monitored Every 3 Years by Site Visit	Monitored at 10% Per Year by Site Visit	Surveyed Monthly	Surveyed Annually
Jails or Lockups for Adults		Х			Х
Court Holding Facilities		Х		Х	Х
Secure Juvenile Detention Facilities	Х			Х	
Secure Correctional Facilities for Juveniles (Mo DYS)			Х		Х
Secure Correctional Facilities for Adults (Mo DOC)			Х		Х



2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality.

Due to the ongoing and cooperative efforts of the OVC-JJ Unit, the JJAG, and stakeholders statewide, Missouri has a long history of maintaining full compliance with the "Core Requirements" of the JJDP Act. As a result, the state has remained eligible for, and received, the full funding available for Title II grant awards.

As illustrated below, Missouri remains well below the Compliance Standard (a maximum threshold set annually by OJJDP) for the first three core requirements. However, if standards were to be exceeded, the state's grant allocation would be reduced by 20% for each "Core Requirement" it fails to meet. Additionally, the state must agree to then spend 50% of the remaining Title II grant funds on corrective measures to resolve the issues that lead to non-compliance. It is vital to Missouri we receive funding as it supports programs that utilize evidence-based or promising practices, as evaluated by subject matter experts, to ensure positive outcomes for youth and the betterment of our communities.

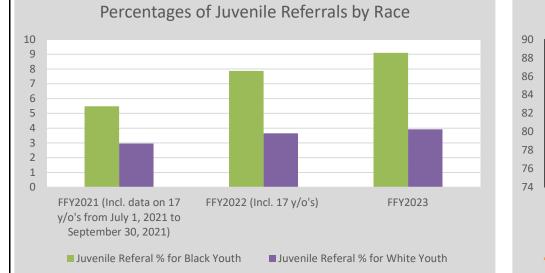
PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Missouri Department of Public Safety, Office of the Director HB Section(s): 08.010 Program Name: Office for Victims of Crime - Juvenile Justice (OVC-JJ)-Title II Program is found in the following core budget(s): Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention 2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality (continued). SIGHT AND SOUND SEPARATION 3-Year State Compliance with DSO FFY2021-FFY2023 4.71 5 The Compliance Standard (Maximum) 3.81 for Sight and Sound Separation has 4 3.08 ranged from 1.18 to .66 instances of 3 non-compliance per 100,000 youth 1.68 2 1.53 1.54 over the 3-year period. Missouri has 1 not recorded any violations of the 0 Sight or Sound Separation Core FY2021 FY2022 FY2023 Requirement so no chart is included. ---- DSO Standard ----- DSO - Missouri Agencies across the state take seriously the requirement to protect in-custody youth from adult inmates. 3-Year Compliance with Jail Removal 8.81 10 Violations Rate per 100,000 8 6.4 6 3.95 FFY2024 COMPLIANCE STANDARDS Juveniles 4 2.35 DSO – Not Yet Set 1.31 • 0.88 2 Jail Removal – Not Yet Set 0 Separation – Not Yet Set FY2022 FY2023 FY2021 Jail Removal Standard Jail Removal - Missouri

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION		
Department: Missouri Department of Public Safety, Office of the Director	HB Section(s): 08.010	
Program Name: Office for Victims of Crime - Juvenile Justice (OVC-JJ)-Title II		
Program is found in the following core budget(s): Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention		

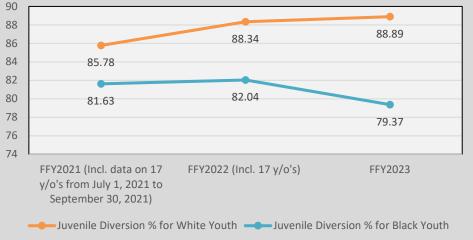
2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact.

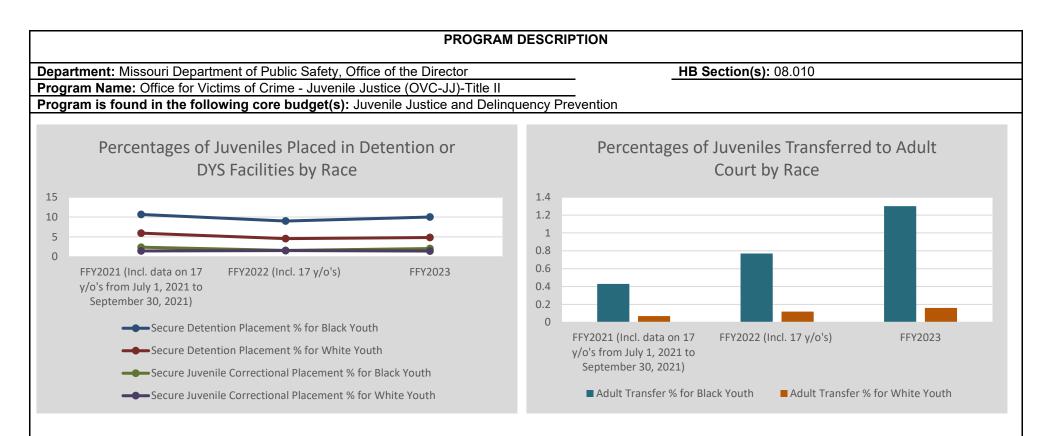
The federal Title II grant is utilized to support statewide juvenile justice initiatives and system improvements necessary to better the outcomes of both system-involved youth and those at risk of entering the juvenile justice system. Monitoring for compliance ensures youth in custody receive the protections required by the JJDP Act and that stakeholders receive the training and technical assistance necessary to maintain compliance. As a result of these compliance activities, all of which are necessary to demonstrate compliance with the "Core Requirements", the state has received federal Title II funds, to improve juvenile justice services while protecting Missouri citizens.

Through our collaborative efforts with the Office of the State Courts Administrator and the Missouri Juvenile Justice Association, we have developed a data driven process to identify disparate treatment of youth of color in the juvenile justice system and develop strategies to focus resources, training, and technical assistance. Beginning in FY2020, OJJDP moved to a percentage measurement of minority youth outcomes at different contact points within the juvenile justice system as compared to white youth. In FY2022, there were substantial changes to the juvenile justice system in Missouri. One of which was increasing the age of juvenile court jurisdiction to include 17-year-olds. Work continues, particularly within the referral, diversion, and adult transfer contact points. With data in hand, OVC-JJ and its partners will continue working to ensure all youth are treated equitably in the juvenile justice system.



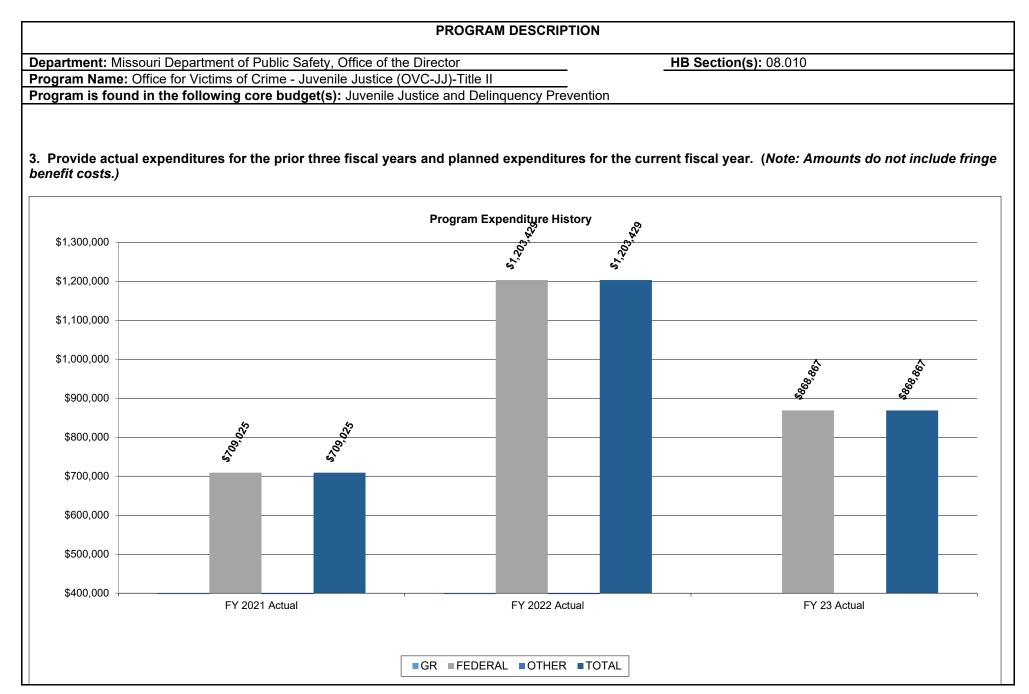






2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency.

The OVC-JJ Unit and the JJAG administers and manages 100% of Title II Federal Formula funding by coordinating activities related to maintaining compliance with the JJDP Act, meeting reporting requirements and deadlines, and protecting youth. As required by the grant, the OVC-JJ Unit and the JJAG create a Three-Year Comprehensive Plan for maintaining compliance with the JJDP Act and for guiding federal funds to local agencies to provide services for youth. Required facilities are monitored for compliance. Ensuring 100% of the required data is collected through surveys reduces the number of compliance visits. Additionally, care is taken to schedule on-site visits efficiently to complete the compliance activities. The OVC-JJ Unit is mindful they need to be good stewards of these taxpayer dollars. Every effort is made to award these funds fully and equitably across the State of Missouri so that youth in both rural and urban areas benefit.



HB Section(s): 08.010

Department: Missouri Department of Public Safety, Office of the Director Program Name: Office for Victims of Crime - Juvenile Justice (OVC-JJ)-Title II Program is found in the following core budget(s): Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention

4. What are the sources of the "Other" funds?

None

5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.)

This program is authorized by JJDP Act of 1974, pursuant to Title II, Part B, of the JJDP Act (34 U.S.C. §§ 11131–11133). Additionally, new requirements were included in the Juvenile Justice Reform Act (JJRA), Public Law No. 115-385, signed into law on December 21, 2018. CFDA #16.540. These new requirements have been phased in over the three year period with the final changes implemented by December 21, 2021.

6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.

50% GR Match for M&A; up to 10% of the total award can be requested for M&A

7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

No. However, agencies that fail to comply with the federal standards can be subject to civil lawsuits for rights violations.

Department: Department of Public Safety

Program Name: Local Violent Crime Prevention (LVCP)

AB Section(s): 8.025

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Local Violent Crime Prevention

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

The Local Violent Crime Prevention (LVCP) provides support to the Department of Public Safety (DPS) strategic priority of strengthening communities by providing funding to prevent or detect local violent crime.

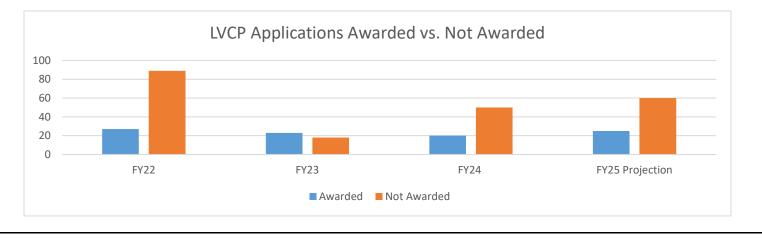
1b. What does this program do?

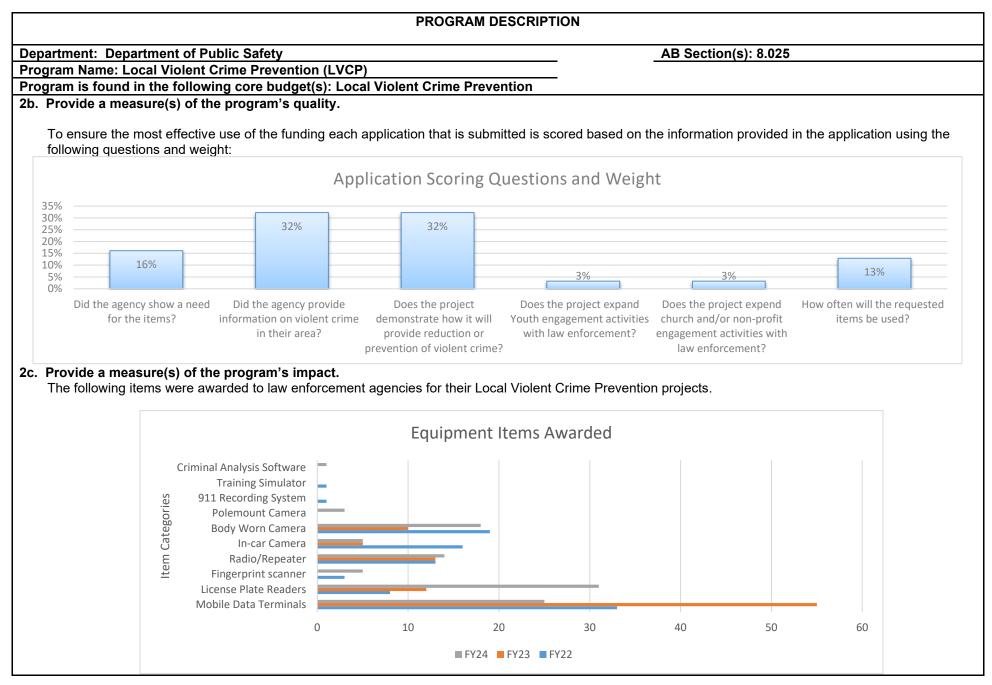
The DPS administers a competitive grant program for local law enforcement agencies to provide a proactive approach for the public safety of Missourians. The purpose of the LVCP Grant is to provide funding to support the establishment and enhancement of local violent crime prevention programs within local law enforcement and improve the quality of crime data reporting in compliance with the National Incident-Based Reporting System. The funding will be utilized to advance violent crime reduction efforts by improving trust and cooperation between communities and law enforcement in the state of Missouri. Additionally, it will create accountability for law enforcement agencies in establishing and maintaining positive relationships with the community.

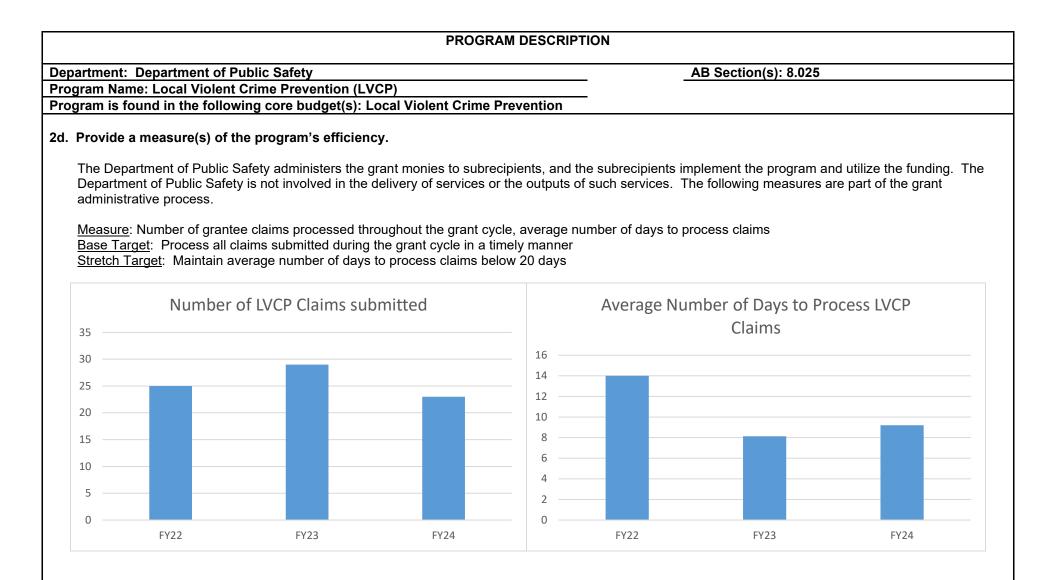
Programs may include, but not be limited to community crime prevention/crime reduction strategies, gang-related activity prevention, gun violence prevention, and data driven policing. Allowable items for this grant will include technology and equipment used in violent crime reduction and prevention efforts. Maximum award amount \$25,000.00 per agency.

2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program.

A competitive grant process is completed to allow all eligible local law enforcement the opportunity to participate in the program. Applications are administratively reviewed to determine eligibility and then scored by subject matter experts. As many eligible applicants as possible are awarded with the available funding.

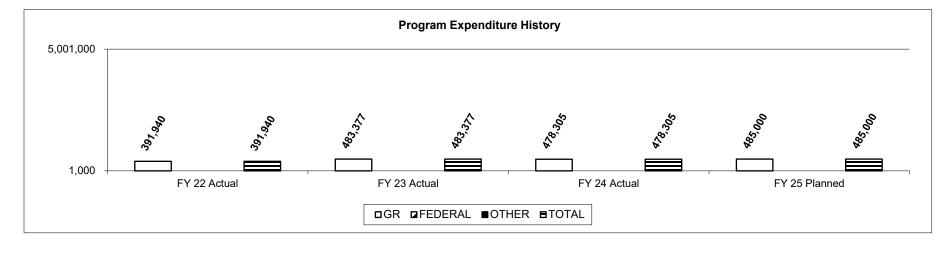






PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Department of Public Safety AB Section(s): 8.025 Program Name: Local Violent Crime Prevention (LVCP) AB Section(s): 8.025 Program is found in the following core budget(s): Local Violent Crime Prevention AB Section(s): 8.025

3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (*Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.*)



4. What are the sources of the "Other" funds?

N/A

5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.)

HB 8.025

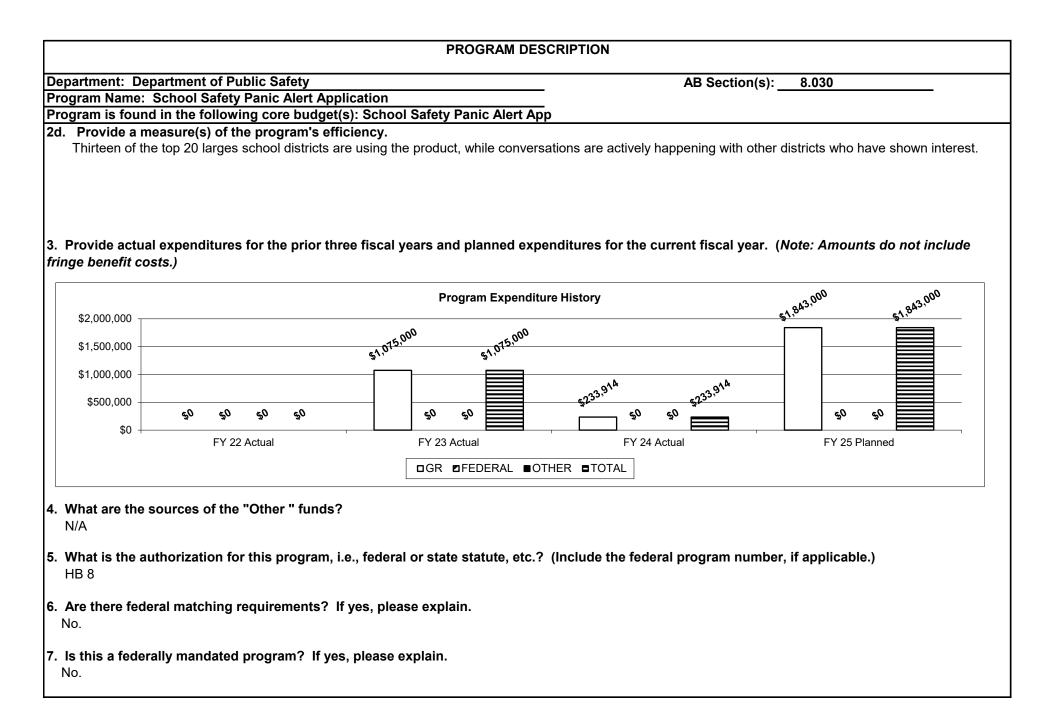
6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.

N/A

7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

N/A

	PROGRAM DESCRIPTION		
	partment: Department of Public Safety	AB Section(s): 8.030	
	ogram Name: School Safety Panic Alert Application ogram is found in the following core budget(s): School Safety Panic Alert App		
	Sprain is found in the following core budget(s). School Salety Panic Alert App		
1a	What strategic priority does this program address? The Department of Public Strategic Priority of Strengthening communities alignes of	closely with the School Safety App program.	
1b	What does this program do? Provides all public school districts the opportunity to access a school safety panic a a silent, mobile panic alert technology that expedites and streamlines emergency r This allows critical information to quickly flow to first responders, law enforcement	esponse by allowing users to initiate a panic alert directly through 911.	
2a	Provide an activity measure(s) for the program. All 560 public school districts and charter schools listed by the Missouri Departmen regarding this service that is available to them at no cost.	nt of Elementary and Secondary Education have been contacted	
2b	Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality. The state's contractor follows the "I Love U Guys" Foundation, a well-known school including the Standard Response Protocol (SRP) and the Standard Reunification N		
2c	Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact. As of September 2024, 298 school districts, representing 970 schools have register software. This represents 42% of schools in the state.	ered, signed up for implementation, are in-process or already have the	



AB Section(s):

8.035

Department of Public Safety

Program Name: School Safety Program

Program is found in the following core budget(s): School Safety Program

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

The Department of Public Safety strategic priority of strengthening communities is supported by the School Safety program's activities to better prepare for and assess risk and response to issues in Missouri schools.

1b. What does this program do?

This program uses an established Qualified Vendor List (QVL) with three categories. Those categories include: Emergency and Threat Preparedness, School-Based Mental and Behavioral Health Services, and School Safety Training. The sixth version of Missouri School Improvement Program (MSIP 6) encourages schools to "actively address school safety and security in all facilities. This program provided an avenue with the cost covered for schools to use. In FY 24, the program was used for the development of emergency operations plans (EOP) for school districts at no cost to the districts and physical security assessments.

2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program.

During FY 24, two vendors were awarded from the QVL. 518 public school districts across Missouri were provided access to an

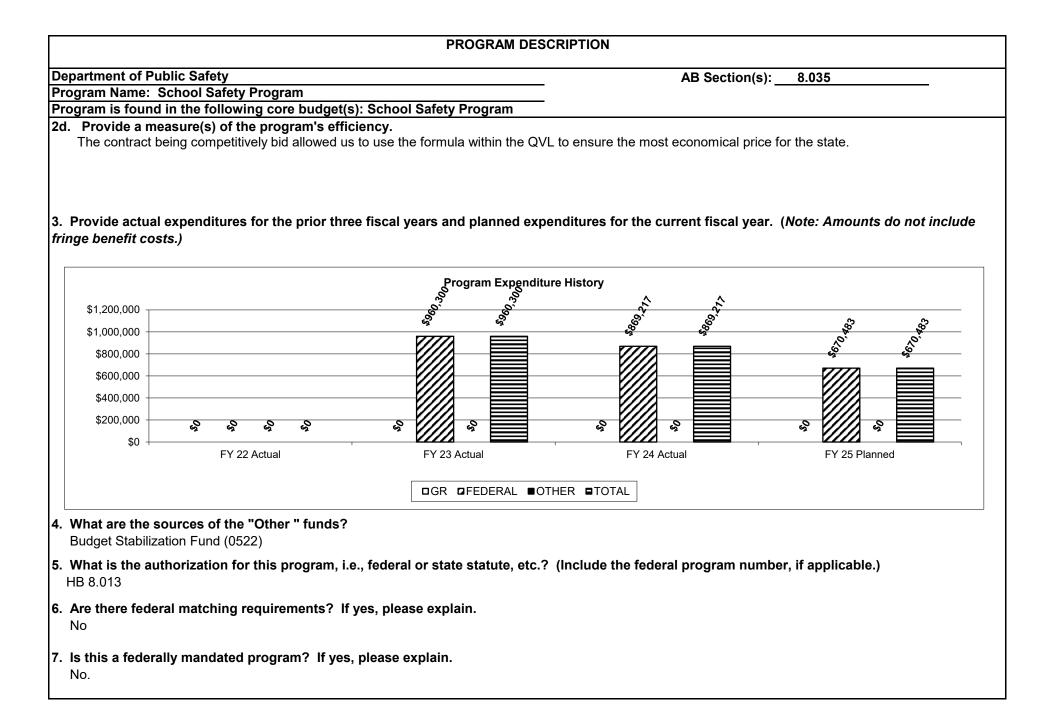
Emergency Operations Plan (EOP) Development Tool as well as a tool for physical security assessments. Districts that took advantage of this opportunity, allowed them to update or build an EOP and do physical security assessments at no cost to the district.

2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality.

47% of public school districts now have updated EOP's for their schools and have the opportunity to do a no cost physical security assessment.

2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact.

In FY 23 and FY 24, 256 school districts took advantage of the funding and developed or updated their EOP. This included 1,359 individual school buildings and 462,184 students. In FY 24, 495 school districts registered in the physical security assessment softwear system with 2,214 licenses reserved.



AB Section(s): 8.040

Department: Department of Public Safety Program Name: Water Safety Education and Swim Lessons (WSSL) Program is found in the following core budget(s):

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

The Water Safety Education and Swim Lessons (WSSL) funding supports the strategic priority of strengthening communities with increased access to such.

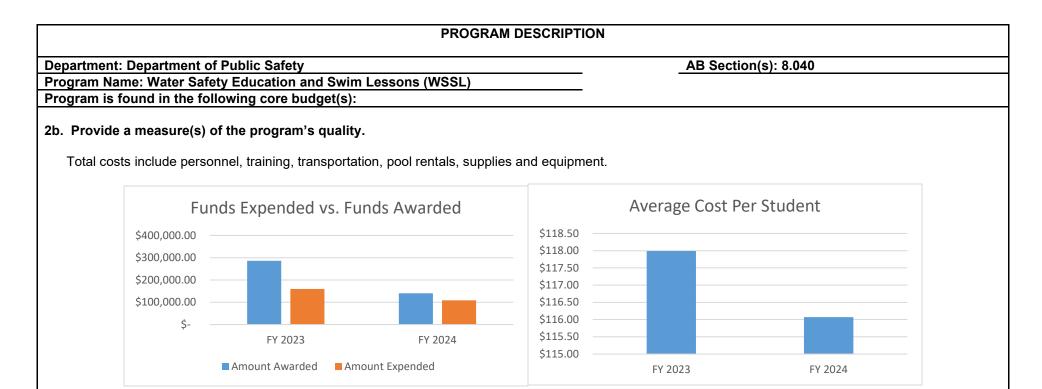
1b. What does this program do?

The purpose of the WSSL Grant is to provide grants to entities to increase access to standardized water safety education and swim lessons for underserved populations provided by community-based nonprofit 501 (c)(3) corporations within the state of Missouri. Programs may apply for personnel, benefits, training/travel, supplies, equipment, or contractual costs.

2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program.

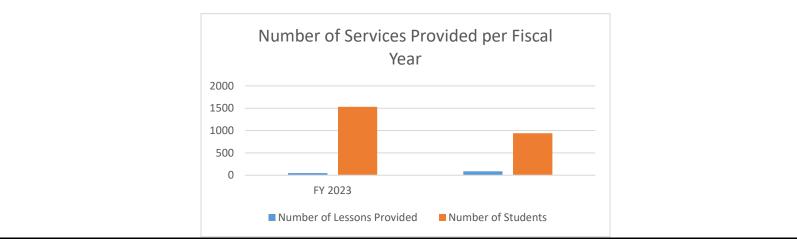
A competitive grant process is completed to allow all eligible nonprofit 501 (c)(3) corporations within the state of Missouri the opportunity to participate in the program. Applications are administratively reviewed to determine eligibility.

	FY 2023	FY 2024
Applications Received	7	8
Applications Awarded	7	7

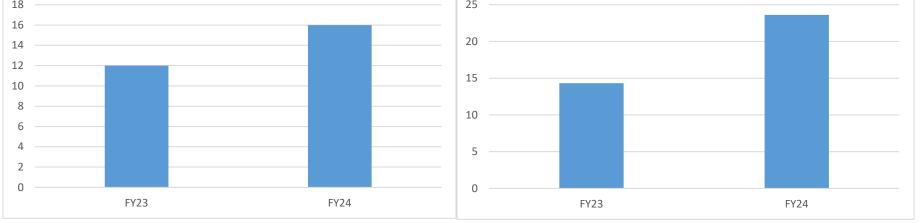


2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact.

Tracking the number of water safety lessons provided and the number of students that were able to receive lessons shows the impact of this project.

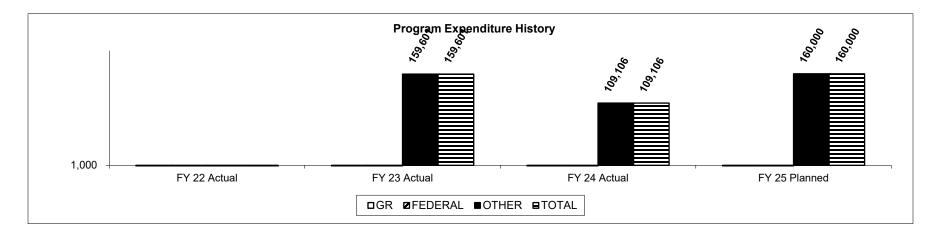


PROGRAM DESCRIPTION			
Department: Department of Public Safety	AB Section(s): 8.040		
Program Name: Water Safety Education and Swim Lessons (WSSL) Program is found in the following core budget(s):			
2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency.			
Department of Public Safety is not involved in the delivery of services administrative process. <u>Measure</u> : Number of grantee claims processed throughout the grant of the gran			
<u>Base Target</u> : Process all claims submitted during the grant cycle in a <u>Stretch Target</u> : Maintain average number of days to process claims I			
Number of Claims Processed	Average Number of Days to Process a Claim		
18	25		
16			



PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Department of Public Safety Program Name: Water Safety Education and Swim Lessons (WSSL) Program is found in the following core budget(s):

3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (*Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.*)



4. What are the sources of the "Other" funds?

Budget Stabilization Fund

5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.)

HB Section 8.040

6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.

N/A

7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

N/A

AB Section(s): 8.045

Department: Department of Public Safety Program Name: Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Program Program is found in the following core budget(s): Narcotics Control Assistance

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

The Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance (JAG) Grant program aligns with the Department of Public Safety (DPS) strategic priority of strengthening communities by funding efforts to reduce crime and violence.

1b. What does this program do?

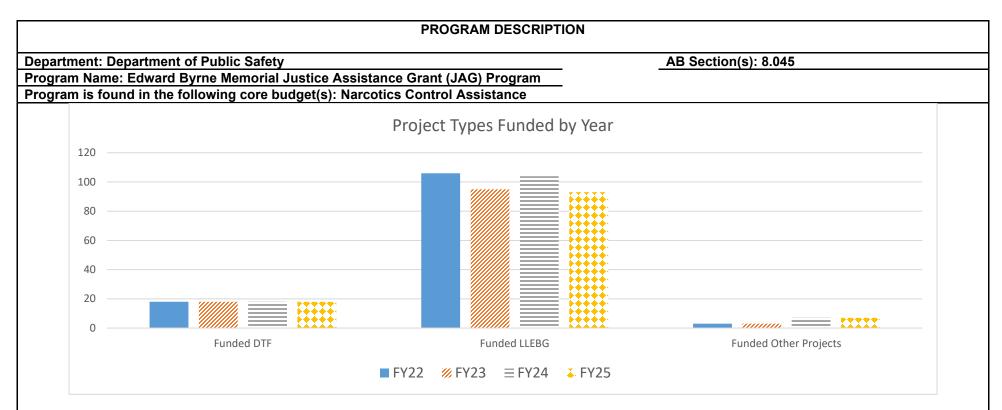
The JAG program issues an annual formula grant to states to fund programs to prevent or reduce crime and violence. The JAG funds may be used for programs within any one of the following purpose areas: 1) law enforcement 2) prosecution and court 3) prevention and education 4) corrections and community 5) drug treatment and enforcement 6) planning, evaluation, and technology improvement 7) Crime victim and witness protection and 8) mental health programs and related law enforcement and corrections, including behavioral programs and crisis intervention teams. The program includes a requirement to fund a portion to the Local Law Enforcement Block Grant (LLEBG) to issue awards to local law enforcement agencies. Each award is under \$10,000 per agency and can be used for equipment that impacts officer safety and violent crime prevention through information sharing. DPS also funds projects including: multi-jurisdictional law enforcement drug task forces (DTF) in an effort to impact overall crime and violence problems within Missouri; projects aimed at providing data to local and state law enforcement to identify narcotics and human traffickers, and criminal actors involved in transnational organized criminal activity, as well as to provide information to law enforcement for AMBER Alerts and other statewide issued alerts; Law Enforcement Support Office (LESO) Regional Response Package to support local law enforcement receiving equipment from the LESO program. The Missouri Pretrial Project will provide a pretrial administrator to three local courts to facilitate the pretrial process; and the Crime Victims and Witness project through the Missouri Office of Prosecution Services. The subawards are one year project periods (July 1 - June 30).

NOTE: The Department of Public Safety administers the grant monies to subrecipients, and the subrecipients implement the program and utilize the funding. The Department of Public Safety is not involved in the delivery of services or the outputs of such services.

This program is run in conjunction with the State Drug Task Force Grant located in HB Section 08.008

2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program.

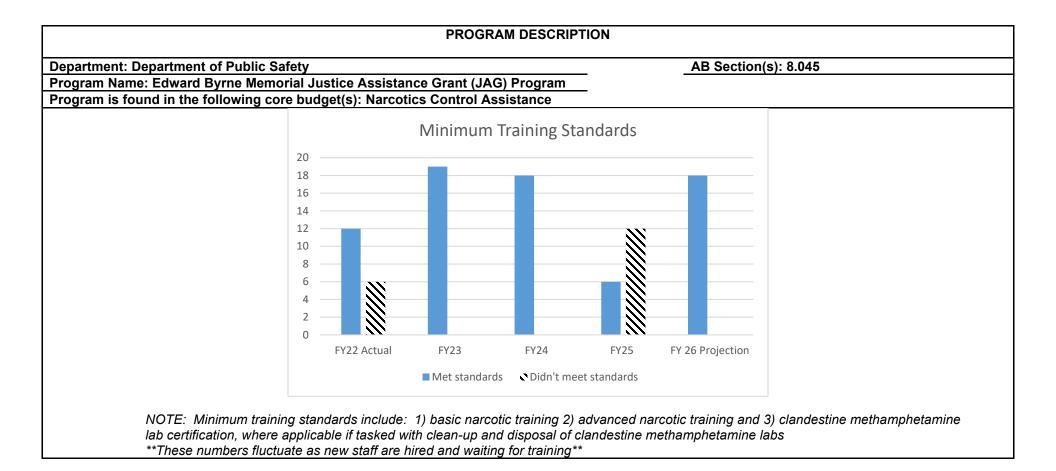
<u>Measure</u>: Make grant funding available to the DTF's, local law enforcement for LLEBG and support other law enforcement programs <u>Base Target</u>: Support the existing drug task forces, LLEBG and other programs, use funding for other projects that prevent or reduce crime and violence <u>Stretch Target</u>: Explore areas of consolidation and/or expansion to ensure effective coverage of the entire state, explore programs that are necessary to prevent or reduce crime and violence

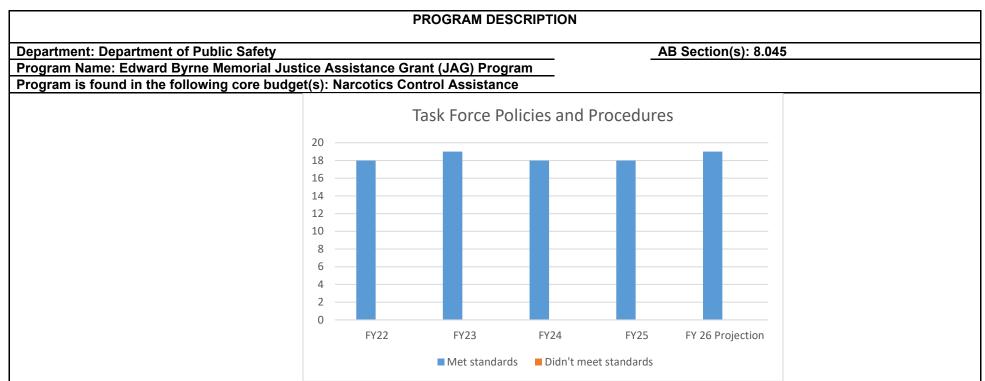


2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality.

DPS works to ensure all JAG-funded drug task forces possess the minimum level of training to initiate drug investigations and result in successful prosecution, have policies and procedures to ensure efficient and effective operational activities, and proactively engage the public to bring better awareness to the subject of illicit drug use and rehabilitation. FY16 was Year 3 of the 3-Year plan (and thus is the baseline data to compare to), and all JAG-funded drug task forces were expected to be compliant with, or exceed, the goals and objectives by FY16. Compliance has resulted in incentives of grant funding from FY16 - FY20 and subsequent incentive to become (and stay) compliant in order to receive maximum funding.

<u>Measure</u>: Compliance with goals and objectives established for all drug task forces <u>Base Target</u>: 100% compliance <u>Stretch Target</u>: Continue 100% compliance for all new and continuing projects





NOTE: Adoption of policies and procedures extends to, at a minimum, a policy addressing: 1) deconfliction 2) hiring/selection of personnel 3) information sharing 4) development and use of informants and 5) evidence storage and handling

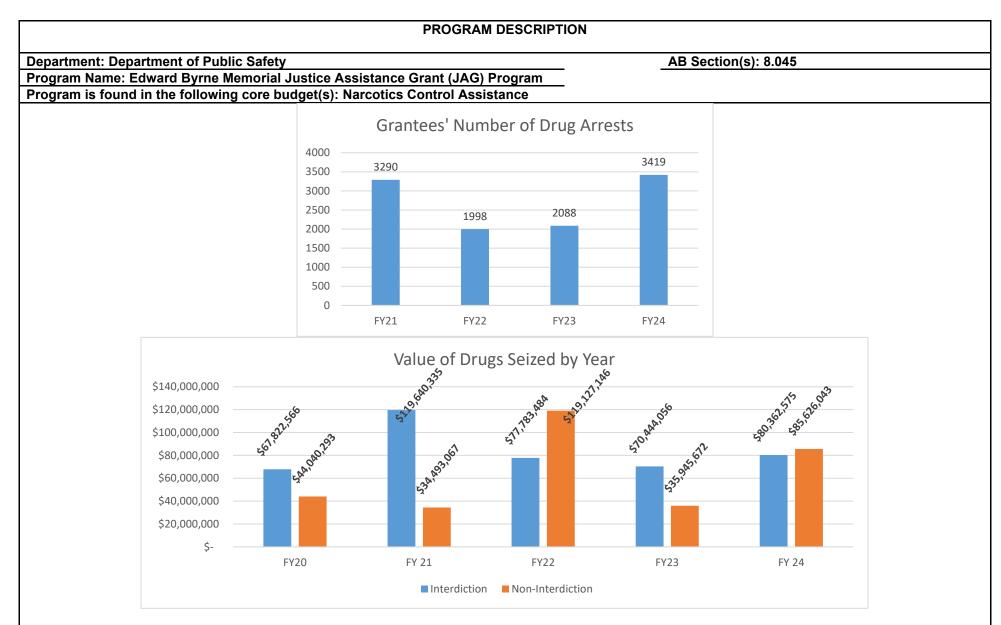
2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact.

Realistically, the possession and distribution of illicit drugs is not a problem that will be eradicated completely. History has shown that a "drug of choice" will always exist in some capacity. Rather, as a result of the program quality measures, the hope is to further identify individuals possessing and distributing illicit drugs and to prevent teens and adults from starting to use illicit drugs. This can be assisted through the arrest of abusers and the seizure/removal of drugs from the street.

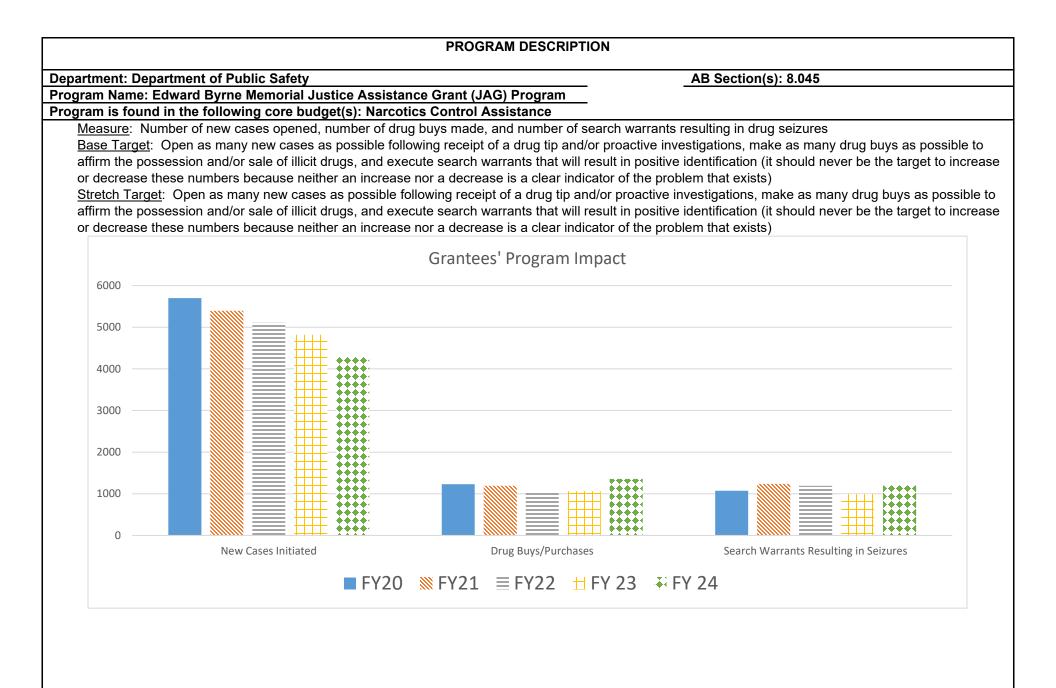
Measure: Number of arrests made and number/value of drug seizures

<u>Base Target</u>: Make as many arrests as possible and seize as many drugs as possible (it should never be the target to increase or decrease these numbers because neither an increase nor a decrease is indicative of the problem that exists)

<u>Stretch Target</u>: Make as many arrests as possible and seize as many drugs as possible (it should never be the target to increase or decrease these numbers because neither an increase nor a decrease is indicative of the problem that exists)



Each case (and each drug type encountered) presents unique circumstances. Each case is labor intensive in different ways, and the increasing presence of fentanyl has presented great officer health and safety concerns. In addition, personnel and funding are a huge factor in each task force's overall capabilities. The statistics below depict a general decrease in activity, but the decrease doesn't represent a decreasing presence of illicit drug use and sale in the state.



PROGRAM DESCRIPTION **Department: Department of Public Safety** AB Section(s): 8.045 Program Name: Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Program Program is found in the following core budget(s): Narcotics Control Assistance 2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency. The Department of Public Safety administers the grant monies to subrecipients, and the subrecipients implement the program and utilize the funding. The Department of Public Safety is not involved in the delivery of services or the outputs of such services. The following measures are part of the grant administrative process. Measure: Number of grantee claims processed throughout the grant cycle, average number of days to process claims Base Target: Process all claims submitted during the grant cycle Stretch Target: Decrease average number of days to process claims to 20 days Number of Processed Claims Average Number of Days to Process Claims 250 25 20 200 150 15 100 10

0

FY21

FY22

FY23

FY24

FY24

50

0

FY21

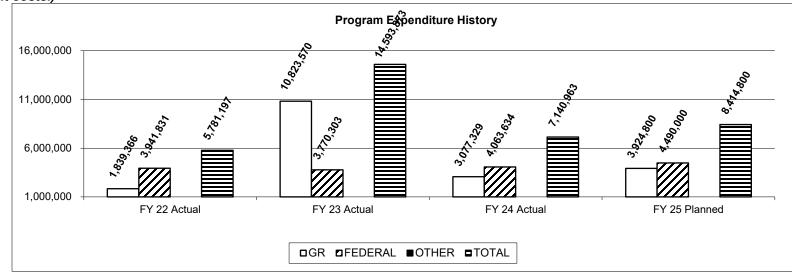
FY22

FY23

AB Section(s): 8.045

Department: Department of Public Safety Program Name: Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Program Program is found in the following core budget(s): Narcotics Control Assistance

3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.)



4. What are the sources of the "Other" funds?

N/A

5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.)

The JAG Program is authorized under 34 U.S.C. §§ 10151-10158.

6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.

N/A

7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

N/A

Department: Department of Public Safety

HB Section(s): 8.050 & 8.055

Program Name: Critical Incident Stress Management (CISM)

Program is found in the following core budget(s): 988 Public Safety Fund/Critical Incident Stress Management

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

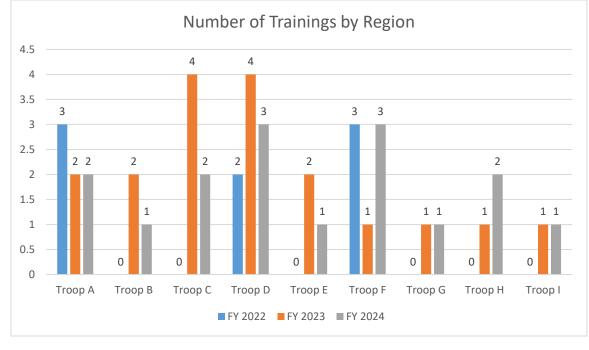
The Department of Public Safety (DPS) strategic priorities of stakeholder support and strengthen communities align with the Critical Incident Stress Management (CISM) program.

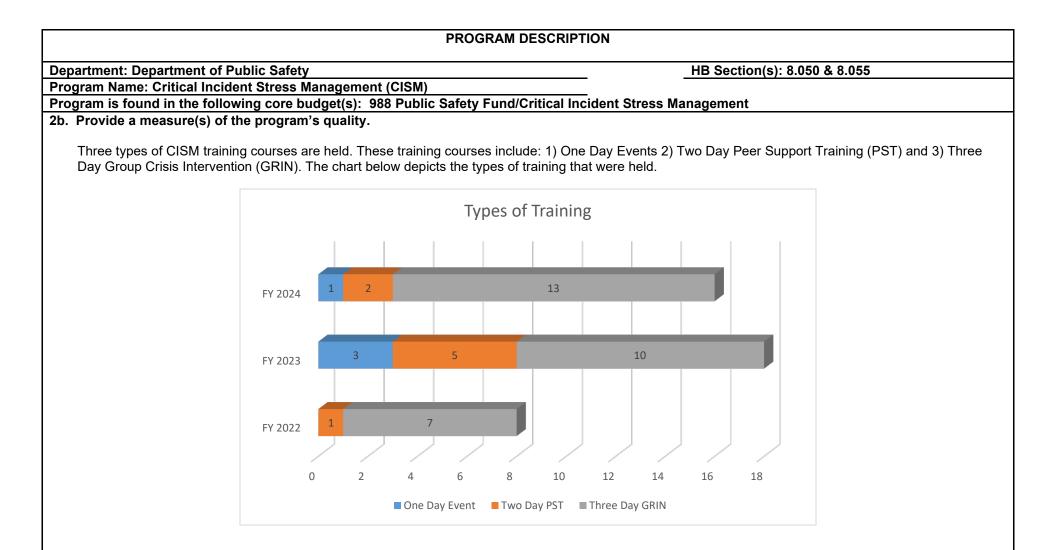
1b. What does this program do?

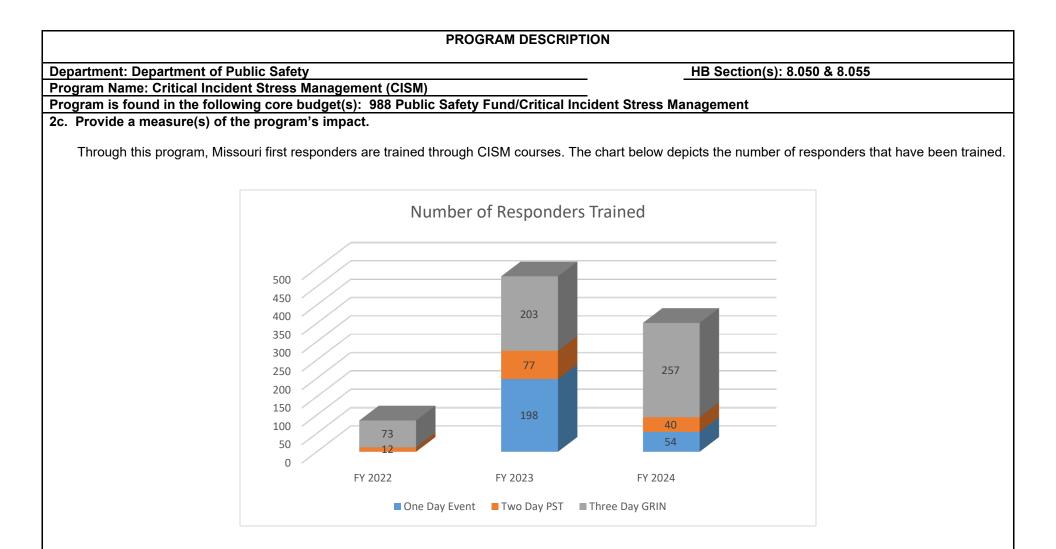
The purpose of the DPS's CISM courses are to help Missouri first responders (law enforcement, firefighters, EMT's, dispatchers, as well as clinicians and clergy) to assist in coping with stress and potential psychological trauma resulting from public safety duties. Funding also assists with training first responders serving on Peer Support Teams for their agency.

2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program.

CISM training courses are held throughout Missouri. The chart below depicts trainings that were held by each region.







PROGRAM DESCRIPTION **Department: Department of Public Safety** HB Section(s): 8.050 & 8.055 Program Name: Critical Incident Stress Management (CISM) Program is found in the following core budget(s): 988 Public Safety Fund/Critical Incident Stress Management 2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency. Responders are trained on CISM courses throughout Missouri. The chart below depicts the number of responders trained in each region. Number of Responders Trained by Region 140 119 120 111 108 94 100 80 59 60 43 39 38 37 ____33 40 32 29 21 15 22 21 20 2019 19 15 20 0 Ω Ω 0 0 Troop A Troop B Troop C Troop D Troop E Troop F Troop G Troop H Troop I ■ FY 2022 ■ FY 2023 ■ FY 2024

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Department of Public Safety HB Section(s): 8.050 & 8.055 Program Name: Critical Incident Stress Management (CISM) Program is found in the following core budget(s): 988 Public Safety Fund/Critical Incident Stress Management 3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.) **Program Expenditure History** \$1,200,000 \$1,000,000 500,000 88₆ 886 \$800,000 80. રું \$600.000 \$7,8, \$400,000 \$200,000 \$0 FY 22 Actual FY 23 Actual FY 24 Actual FY 25 Planned □GR □FEDERAL ■OTHER ■TOTAL

4. What are the sources of the "Other" funds?

A General Revenue transfer

5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.)

RSMo 590.192

6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.

N/A

7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

N/A

HB Section(s): 8.060 & 8.065

Department: Department of Public Safety

Program Name: Economic Distress Zone (EDZ)

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Economic Distress Zone (EDZ)

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

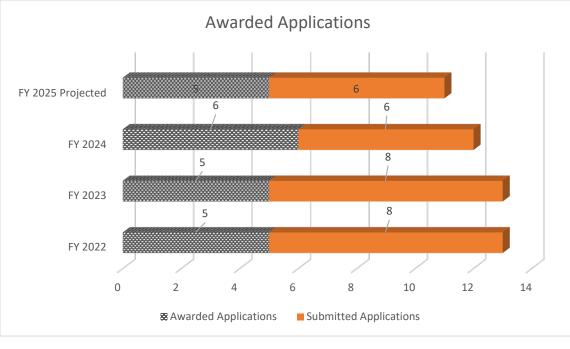
The Economic Distress Zone (EDZ) Grant supports the Department of Public Safety (DPS) strategic priority of strengthening communities by providing funding to reduce crime.

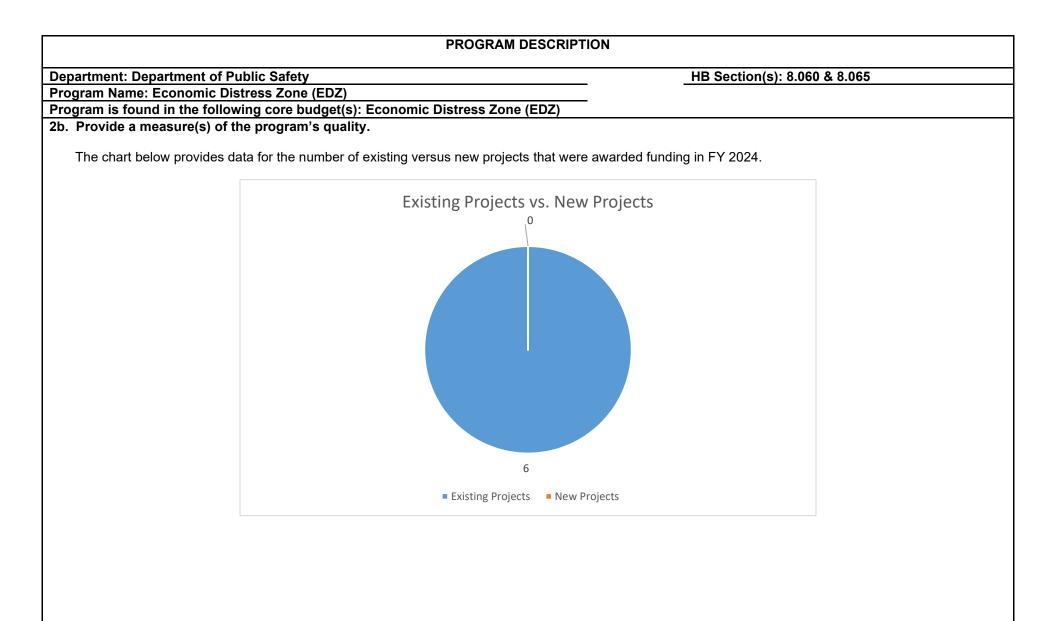
1b. What does this program do?

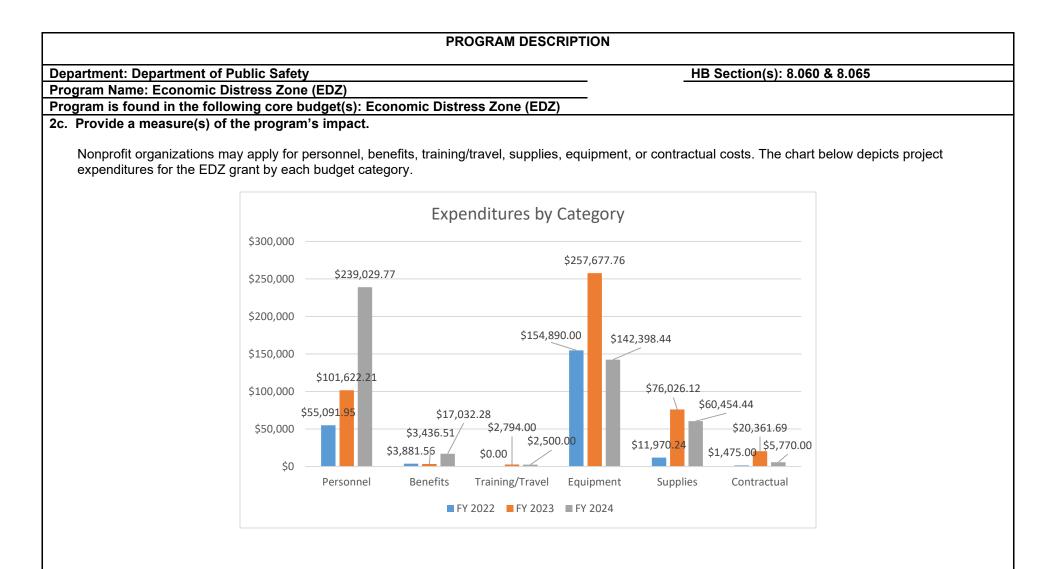
The EDZ Grant provides funding to organizations registered with the IRS as a 501 (c)(3) nonprofit organization that provide services to residents of the state of Missouri in areas of high incidents of crime and deteriorating infrastructure for the purpose of deterring criminal behavior. Nonprofit organizations may apply for personnel, benefits, training/travel, supplies, equipment, or contractual costs.

2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program.

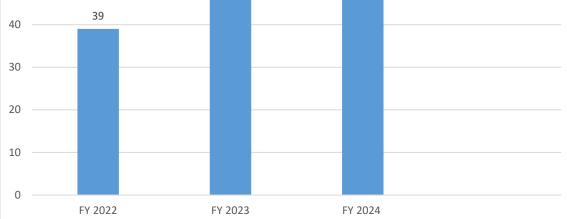
A competitive grant process is completed to allow eligible nonprofit organizations to apply for funding. The chart below depicts the number of applications received versus the number awarded.







PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department of Public Safety Program Name: Economic Distress Zone (EDZ) HB Section(s): 8.060 & 8.065 Program is found in the following core budget(s): Economic Distress Zone (EDZ) 2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency. Nonprofit organizations awarded funding through the EDZ grant submit claims to the Department of Public Safety for reimbursement. The chart below depicts the number of claims processed for payment. 60 56 56 56 40 39 39



PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Department of Public Safety HB Section(s): 8.060 & 8.065 Program Name: Economic Distress Zone (EDZ) Program is found in the following core budget(s): Economic Distress Zone (EDZ) 3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.) (\$\$39,787 5467.978 Program Expenditure History & ÷ è. Ò, \$5}3. \$600,000 40A \$500,000 <u>_0</u> 000 \$400,000 $\hat{\mathbf{x}}$ \$300.000 \$200,000 \$100.000

FY 25 Planned

\$0 FY 22 Actual FY 23 Actual FY 24 Actual □GR □FEDERAL ■OTHER ■TOTAL

4. What are the sources of the "Other" funds?

A General Revenue transfer

5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.)

RSMo 650.550

6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.

N/A

7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

No

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Department of Public Safety AB Section(s): 8.070 Program Name: Deputy Sheriff Salary Supplementation Fund (DSSSF) Program is found in the following core budget(s): Deputy Sheriff Salary Supplementation Fund 1a. What strategic priority does this program address? The Deputy Sheriff Salary Supplementation Fund (DSSSF) program aligns with the DPS workforce development strategic priority by providing resources to eligible Sheriff's offices to supplement salaries of their Deputy Sheriffs. 1b. What does this program do? The DSSSF was created pursuant to Section 57.278 RSMo. The DSSSF consists of monies collected from charges for services received by county sheriffs under subsection 4 of Section 57.280 RSMo and deposited into the state treasury. The state treasurer shall be the custodian of the DSSSF, and consequently the monies are deemed state monies. The DSSSF shall be used solely to supplement the salaries, and employee benefits resulting from such salary increases, of county deputy sheriffs. The DSSSF program is administered by the Missouri Sheriff Methamphetamine Relief Taskforce (MoSMART) created under Section 650.350 RSMo. Technical assistance through administrative duties is provided to the MoSMART Board by the Missouri Department of Public Safety. Office of the Director. **DPS** Grants 2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program. Funds Collected by Fiscal Year Funding Usage by Fiscal Year \$3,500,000,00 FY22, \$3.000.000.00 \$2.939.632.50 FY23, \$3,000,000.00 \$2,612,865.46 FY24. \$2,500,000.00 FY22. \$2.299.645.10 \$2,500,000.00 FY23, \$1.981.312.69 FY24, \$2,000,000.00 \$1,820,565.00 \$2,000,000.00 \$1,643,489.44

\$1,500,000.00

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FY22

FY23

AWARDED EXPENDED

FY24

\$1,500,000.00

\$1,000,000.00

\$500,000.00

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FY21

FY22

FY23

FY24

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department of Public Safety AB Section(s): 8.070 Program Name: Deputy Sheriff Salary Supplementation Fund (DSSSF) AB Section(s): 8.070 Program is found in the following core budget(s): Deputy Sheriff Salary Supplementation Fund 2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality. The chart below shows the number of Sheriff's offices that participated between FY22 – FY 25 Image: Colspan="2">Number of Agencies Funded by Fiscal Year 79 79 79 79 78 76 76 76 75 76 76 76 75 76 76 76

FY23

FY24

FY25

2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact.

F 20 - FY22

Deputies with a salary below \$28,800 received a supplement to increase their salary to \$30,000 Deputies with a salary of \$28,800 - \$42,500 received a supplement increase to their salary of \$1,200

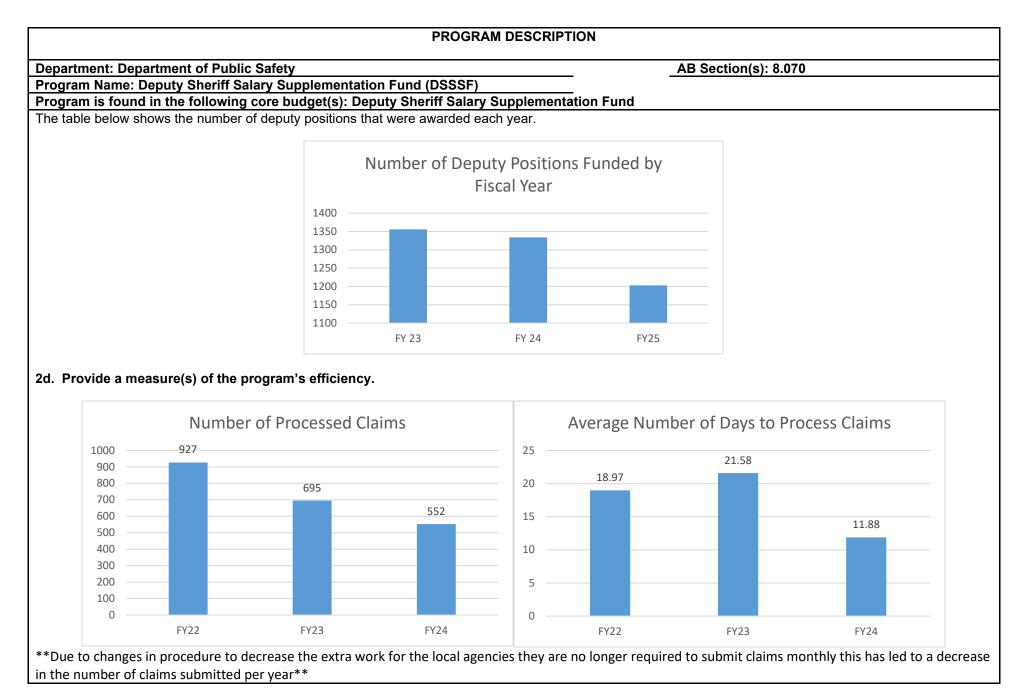
FY22

FY23 - FY24

Deputies with a salary below \$31,300 received a supplement to increase their salary to \$32,500 Deputies with a salary of \$28,800 - \$49,999 received a supplement increase to their salary of \$1,200 Maximum supplement \$8,500

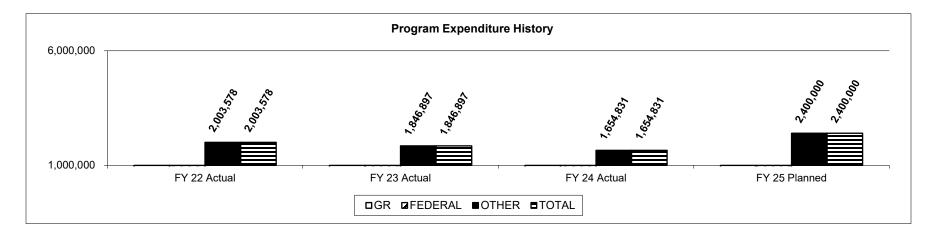
FY25

Deputies with a salary below \$32,500 received a supplement to increase their salary to \$34,000 Deputies with a salary of \$32,501 - \$49,999 received a supplement increase to their salary of \$1,200 Maximum supplement \$8,500



PROGRAM DESCRIPTION					
Department: Department of Public Safety	AB Section(s): 8.070				
Program Name: Deputy Sheriff Salary Supplementation Fund (DSSSF)					
Program is found in the following core budget(s): Deputy Sheriff Salary Supplementation Fund					

3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.)



4. What are the sources of the "Other" funds?

Fees collected by Sheriff's offices for service of any summons, writ, subpoena, or other order of the court.

5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.)

Section 57.278 RSMo, Section 57.280 RSMo

6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.

N/A

7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

N/A

Department: Department of Public Safety

AB Section(s): 8.075

Program Name: State Cyber Crime Grant (SCCG)

Program is found in the following core budget(s): State Cyber Crime Grant Program

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

The State Cyber Crime Grant (SCCG) aligns with the Department of Public Safety (DPS) strategic priority of strengthening communities by combating internet sex crimes against children.

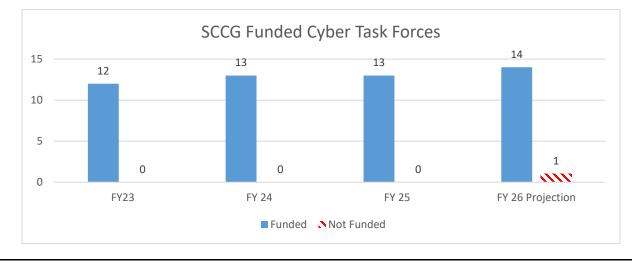
1b. What does this program do?

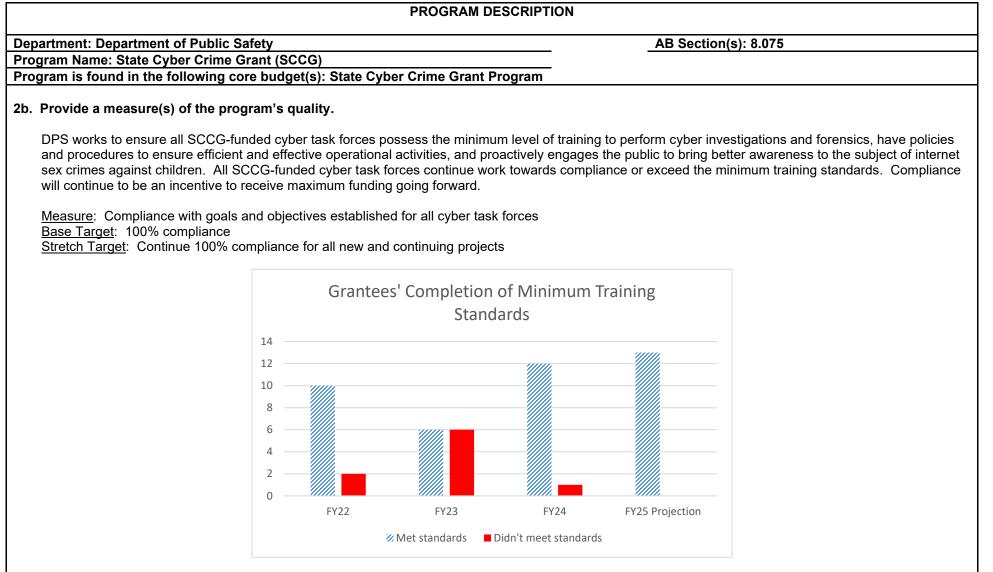
The SCCG program issues grants to multi-jurisdictional cyber-crime task forces. Funds are awarded to state and local law enforcement task forces to identify, combat, and prevent internet sex crimes against children to include, but not limited to, child pornography, child solicitation/enticement, sexual exploitation of a minor, child trafficking, child prostitution, child molestation, sexual abuse of a child, and statutory rape/sodomy of a child. The goal is to improve public safety through investigations, forensics, and education/prevention. The grant awards cover a one-year project period (July 1 - May 31).

NOTE: The Department of Public Safety administers the grant monies to subrecipients, and the subrecipients implement the program and utilize the funding. The Department of Public Safety is not involved in the delivery of services or the outputs of such services.

2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program.

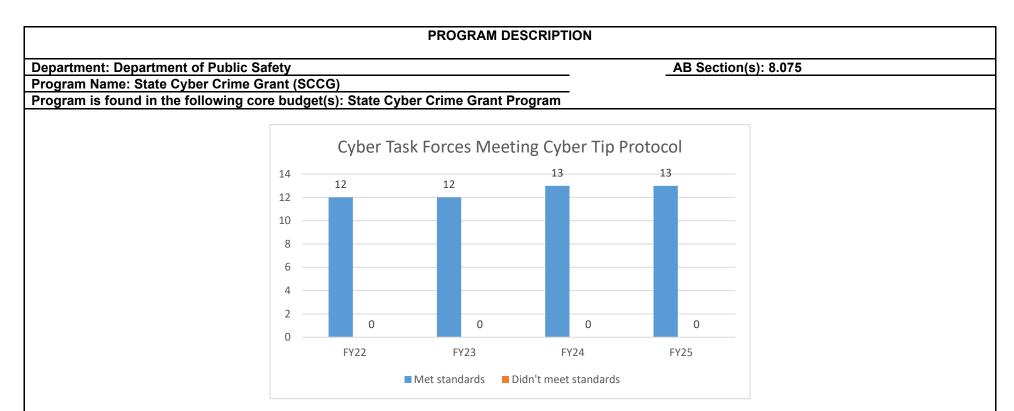
<u>Measure</u>: Make grant funding available to the cyber task forces that exist in Missouri <u>Base Target</u>: Support the existing cyber task forces that request funding <u>Stretch Target</u>: Explore areas of consolidation and/or expansion to ensure effective coverage of the entire state





NOTE: Minimum training standards include: 1) completion of the online "ICAC Program Operation and Investigative Standards" course and 2) completion of competency courses to be a field investigator, mobile device extractor, online investigator, mobile forensic examiner, and/or computer forensic examiner.

Loss of a large task force has created the need for new task forces this year. There is one task force that has not yet met the standards



NOTE: A cyber tip handling protocol details the approximate timeframe, triaging system, and follow-up involved for handling cyber tips. Cyber tips are received by the cyber task forces from the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children (NCMEC) and require investigative action thereafter. The subject/substance of the cyber tip dictates the urgency of the cyber tips handling (e.g. child in immediate danger) so cyber task forces need a protocol in place that directs how they will manage these submissions. NCMEC requires feedback following submission.

artment: Department of Public Safety					AB Section(s): 8.075	
	ame: State Cyb					
ram is	found in the fo	llowing core bu	udget(s): State C	Cyber Crime Gra	nt Program	
Provide		of the preasons	'a impaat			
100106	e a measure(s)	or the program	s impact.			
urther achieve hrough <u>Measur</u> <u>Base T</u> arget t	identify Internet ed (in part) throu n education/train <u>re:</u> Number of a <u>arget</u> : Make as to increase or de	sex crimes again gh the arrest of p ing to businesse rrests made, nur many arrests as crease these nu	nst children that a perpetrators and s, general public mber of child vict possible, identify mbers because r	are occurring and the identification c/civic organization tims identified, ar y as many child neither an increa	be eradicated. Rather, as a result of the program quality measures, the hop to prevent further internet sex crimes against children from occurring. This c and subsequent protection, of child victims. This can also be achieved (in pa as, law enforcement agencies, public events, schools, etc. d number of attendees at education programs/presentations ictims as possible, and educate as many persons as possible (it should never e nor a decrease is indicative of the problem that exists) victims as possible, and educate as many persons as possible (it should never	an b art) ^r be t
						'or h
he targ	get to increase o	r decrease these	e numbers becau	use neither an inc	rease nor a decrease is indicative of the problem that exists)	ver b
he targ	-		e numbers becau e, Number of		Cyber Crime Task Force, Number of Children Identified	er b
	-				Cyber Crime Task Force, Number of Children Identified	ver b
600	-				Cyber Crime Task Force, Number of Children Identified	'er b
600 500 400	-				Cyber Crime Task Force, Number of Children Identified	
600	-				Cyber Crime Task Force, Number of Children Identified	
600 500 400	-				Cyber Crime Task Force, Number of Children Identified	
600 500 400 300 200	-				Cyber Crime Task Force, Number of Children Identified	
600 500 400 300	-				Cyber Crime Task Force, Number of Children Identified	

Department: Department of Public Safety

AB Section(s): 8.075

Program Name: State Cyber Crime Grant (SCCG)

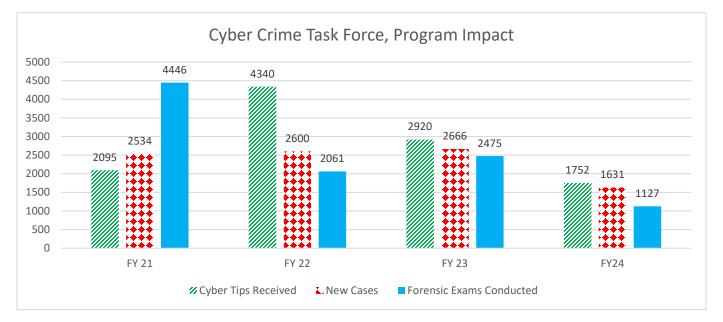
Program is found in the following core budget(s): State Cyber Crime Grant Program

Each case presents unique circumstances. The statistics below show that while the caseloads may be stable, the evidence involved in the cases is growing, which depicts the growing victimization that is occurring within Missouri with each individual case.

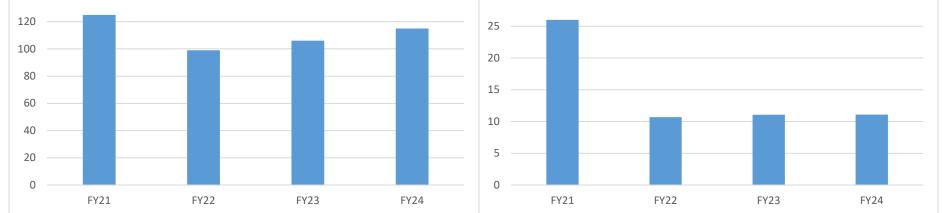
<u>Measure</u>: Number of cyber tips received, number of new cases opened, number of forensic examinations completed on computers, media devices and cell phones.

<u>Base Target</u>: Open as many new cases as possible following receipt of a cyber-tip and/or proactive investigations and perform examinations to identify the evidence in order to proceed with the investigation (it should never be the target to increase or decrease these numbers because neither an increase nor a decrease is a clear indicator of the problem that exists).

<u>Stretch Target</u>: Open as many new cases as possible following receipt of a cyber-tip and/or proactive investigations and perform examinations to identify the evidence in order to proceed with the investigation (it should never be the target to increase or decrease these numbers because neither an increase nor a decrease is a clear indicator of the problem that exists).

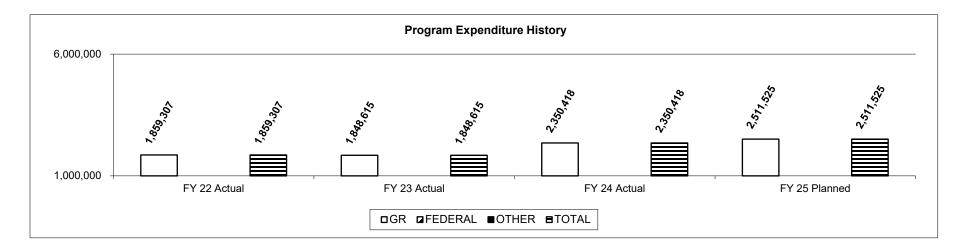


PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Department of Public Safety AB Section(s): 8.075 Program Name: State Cyber Crime Grant (SCCG) Program is found in the following core budget(s): State Cyber Crime Grant Program 2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency. The Department of Public Safety administers the grant monies to subrecipients, and the subrecipients implement the program and utilize the funding. The Department of Public Safety is not involved in the delivery of services or the outputs of such services. The following measures are part of the grant administrative process. Measure: Number of grantee claims processed throughout the grant cycle, average number of days to process claims Base Target: Process all claims submitted during the grant cycle Stretch Target: Decrease average number of days to process claims to 20 days Number of Grantee Claims Processed Average Number of Days to Process Claims 30 140 120



PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Department of Public Safety AB Section(s): 8.075 Program Name: State Cyber Crime Grant (SCCG) AB Section(s): 8.075 Program is found in the following core budget(s): State Cyber Crime Grant Program AB Section(s): 8.075

3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (*Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.*)



4. What are the sources of the "Other" funds?

N/A

5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.)

HB Section 08.025

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6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.
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N/A

7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

N/A

AB Section(s):

8.080

Department of Public Safety

Program Name: Public Safety Officers Line of Duty Death (LODD)

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Line of Duty Death/Funding f

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

The Public Safety Officers Line of Duty Death (LODD), also known as "The Fallen Program," aligns with the DPS Workforce Development strategic priority by promoting and supporting the well-being of planners, responders and caregivers involved in public safety officers killed in the line of duty, and by providing resources to mission focused teams.

1b. What does this program do?

The Department of Public Safety administers financial assistance to the spouses, children, other dependents, and in certain instances, the parent(s) of Missouri law enforcement officers, paramedics, emergency medical technicians, corrections officers, and firefighters who have lost their lives performing their duties. Deaths from natural causes, illnesses, or injuries are outside the program's scope.

2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program.

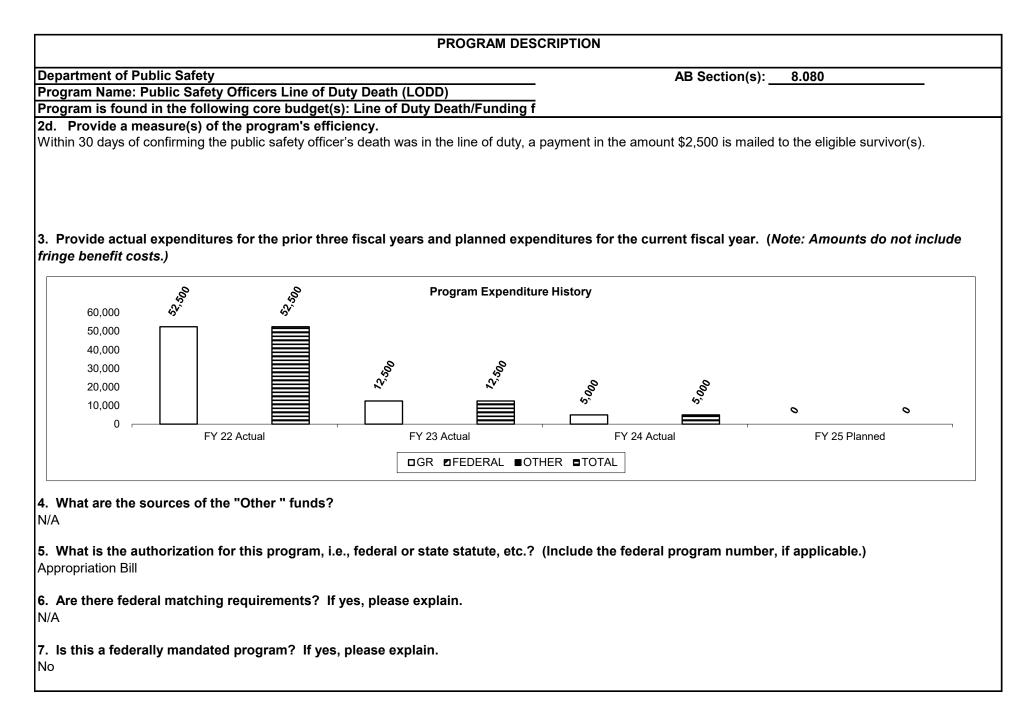
Activity is based on the number of eligible fallen public safety workers. DPS communicates with the point of contact from the fallen public safety worker's former department/agency to explain The Fallen Program benefits available.

2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality.

Prior to any funds being disbursed, a Line of Duty Death Statement from the fallen public safety worker's former employer must be received by DPS. The order of priority for benefit disbursement is generally as follows: Spouse, children, other dependents, or in certain instances, the parent(s) of the fallen public safety officer. The DPS Director retains discretion to award benefits to any eligible survivor.

2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact.

The impact of the benefit spans the entire state, as it applies to any public safety worker meeting the criteria detailed above; provided a Line of Duty Death Statement is received by DPS.



HB Section(s): 08.085

Department: Department of Public Safety

Program Name: State Services to Victims Fund (SSVF)

Program is found in the following core budget(s): State Services to Victims Program

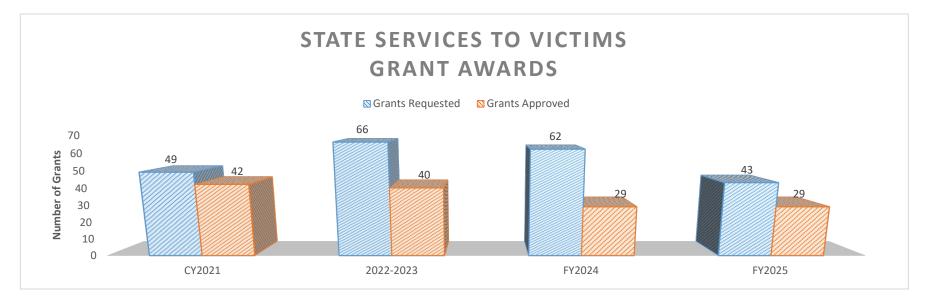
1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

The Missouri Office for Victims of Crime administers the State Services to Victims Fund (SSVF) to protect and support Missouri citizens who have been victims of violent crimes.

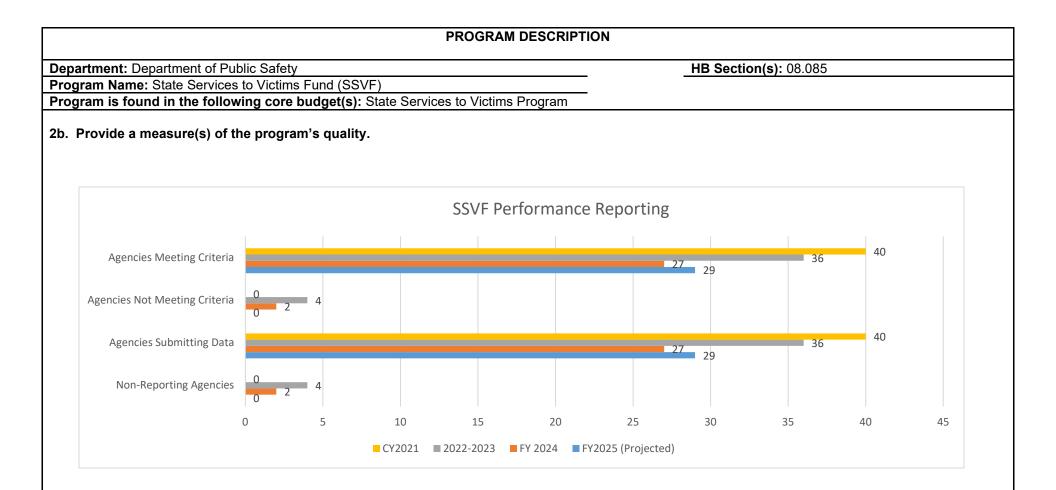
1b. What does this program do?

The SSVF is state funding dedicated to the provision of direct intervention and related assistance for victims of violent crime. SSVF Grant Program funds are awarded to local public and private agencies in four purpose areas: Direct Services, Emergency Services, Crisis Intervention Services and Victim Advocacy. In addition to the specific purpose areas, awarded agencies may utilize SSVF funds for educational and informational services to the public about the availability of services for victims of crime which are designed to alleviate the results of criminal acts.

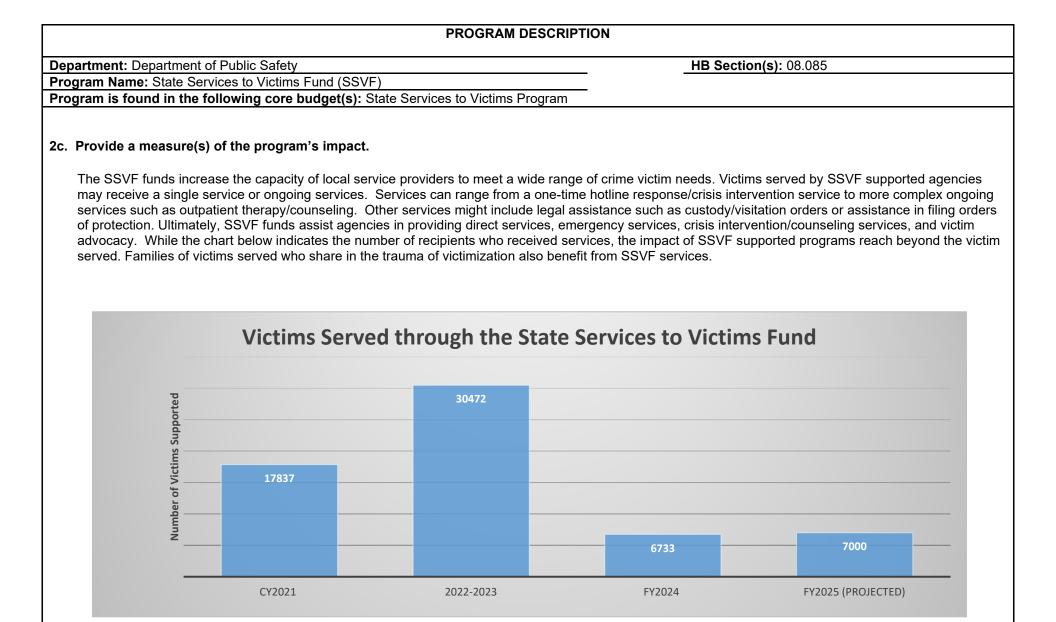
2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program.



Awards are based on availability of funds and the number of applicants meeting specific eligibility requirements. Following a thorough review by OVC staff to verify adherence with program guidelines, funds are typically awarded for a period of one calendar. The actual amount and availability of funds for the SSVF depends upon appropriations provided by the General Assembly for each fiscal year, and upon the amount of monies collected and deposited into the SSVF established under section 595.100, RSMo. Per section 595.045 the source of the monies collected for SSVF is a court cost, assessed in any court in the state (including juvenile court), for violation of criminal or traffic laws of the state, including infractions and violations of a municipal or ordinance.

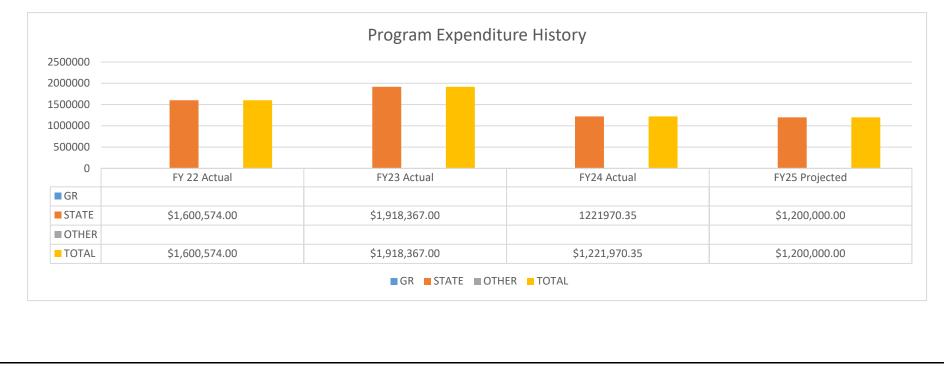


Agencies funded by SSVF are required to submit detailed data related to their awards. Subrecipient activity is measured annually by performance reports submitted to DPS-OVC at the end of each performance period. These reports are thoroughly reviewed by OVC staff.

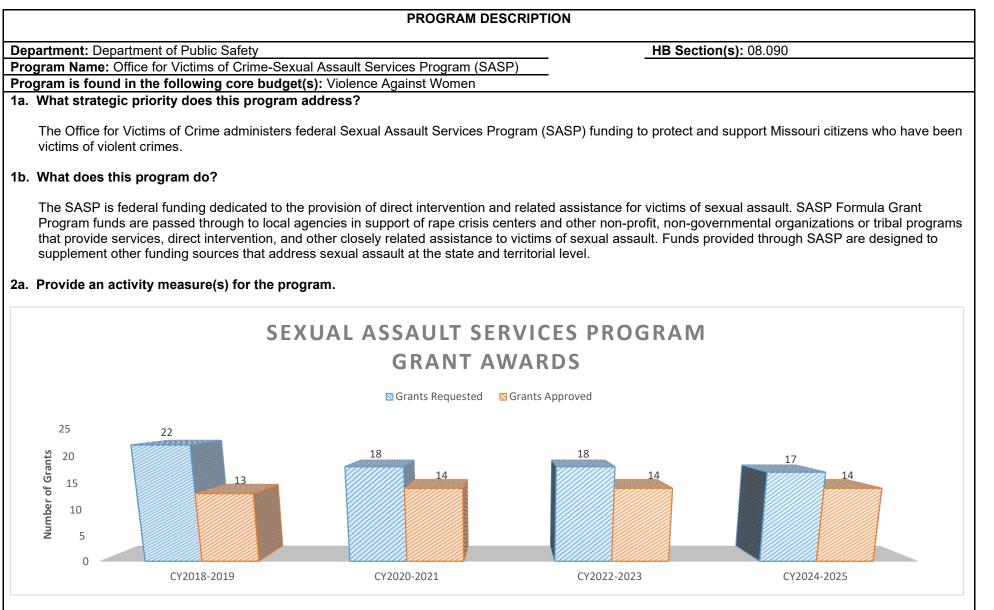


PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Department of Public Safety Program Name: State Services to Victims Fund (SSVF) HB Section(s): 08.085 Program is found in the following core budget(s): State Services to Victims Program HB Section(s): 08.085 2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency. The OVC ensures the funds are distributed to eligible local agencies that comply with service standards and guidelines specifically related to crime victim services. Victims with access to SSVF supported programs receive services in the following areas: Direct Services (physical services to a victim of crime including, but not limited to, transportation, funeral arrangements, child care, emergency food, clothing, shelter, notification and information); Emergency Services (services provided within thirty days to alleviate the immediate effects of the criminal act or offense); Crisis Intervention Counseling Services (services to reduce psychological trauma where victimization occurs); and Victim Advocacy (services to assist the victim of a crime and his/her dependents in acquiring services from other state and community resources).

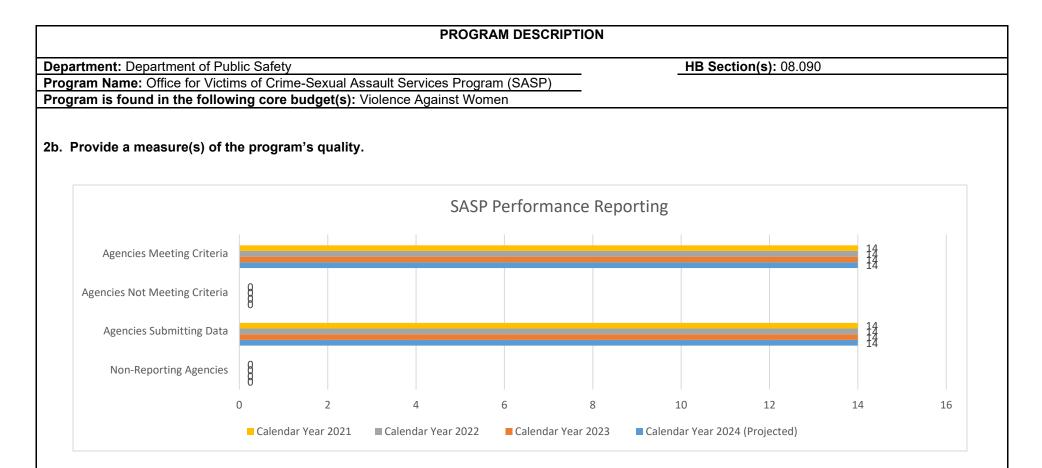
3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (*Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.*)



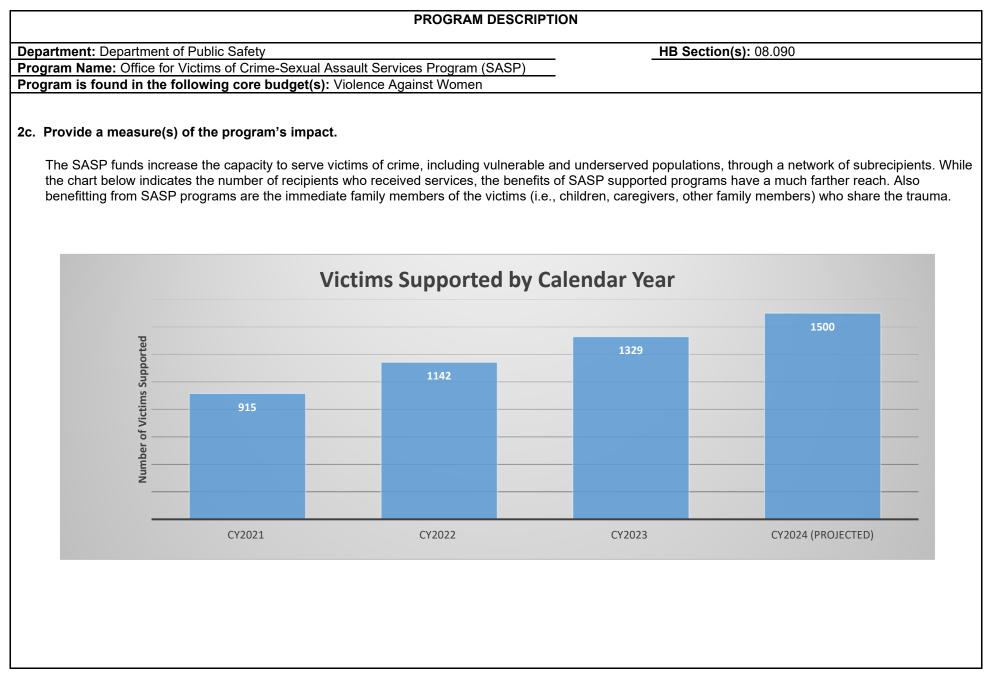
PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Department of Public Safety HB Section(s): 08.085 Program Name: State Services to Victims Fund (SSVF) **Program is found in the following core budget(s):** State Services to Victims Program 4. What are the sources of the "Other" funds? \$7.50 court cost surcharge assessed in all criminal cases. 5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.) The state's initial victim assistance program was established by the Missouri General Assembly under the auspices of the Department of Public Safety with the adoption of Section 595.050, RSMo in 1981. With the passage of Section 595.100, RSMo (1988), the State Services to Victims Fund (SSVF) was established. The SSVF consists of money collected pursuant to section 595.045, RSMo. Upon appropriation, this money shall be used solely for the administration of contracts for services to victims of crime pursuant to sections 595.050, 595.055, and 595.105, RSMo. 6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain. No 7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain. No



Awards are based on availability of funds and the number of applicants meeting specific eligibility requirements. Following a thorough review by OVC staff to verify adherence with applicable federal guidelines, funds are awarded for a period of two calendar years to non-profit, non-governmental organizations or tribal programs that provide sexual assault services to Missouri citizens.



Agencies funded by SASP are mandated by the federal award to submit detailed data related to their awards. Subrecipient activity is measured annually by performance reports that they submit at the end of each calendar year. These reports are thoroughly reviewed by OVC staff and submitted to the federal funding agency. To date, all programs have completed their annual performance reports.



Department: Department of Public Safety

HB Section(s): 08.090

Program Name: Office for Victims of Crime-Sexual Assault Services Program (SASP)

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Violence Against Women

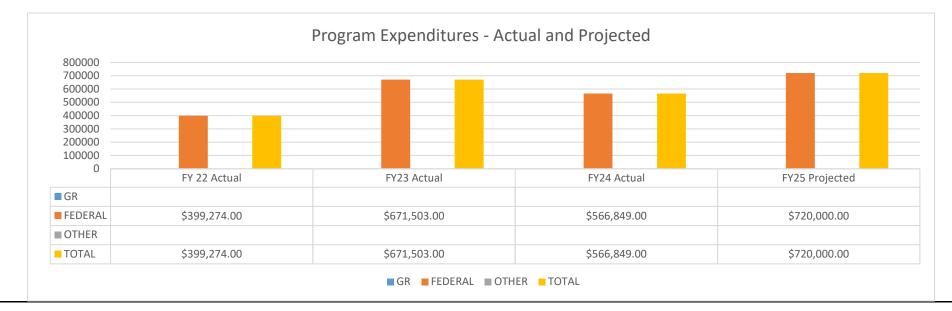
2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency.

The OVC ensures the funds are distributed to non-profit agencies for intervention, advocacy, and accompaniment (e.g., court, medical facilities, police departments, etc.), support services, and related assistance to:

- Adult, youth, and child victims of sexual assault;
- Family and household members of such victims; and
- Those collaterally affected by the victimization (e.g., friends, coworkers, classmates), *except* for the perpetrator of such victimization.

Through the SASP grant for the three year reporting period the state expended \$1,441,317 to assist and support victims of sexual assault in Missouri. OVC staff continue to ensure that each sub-recipient is delivering services to victims and remains compliant with the applicable federal guidelines for which they are receiving funds.

3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.)



PROGRAM DESCRIPTION				
Department: Department of Public Safety	HB Section(s): 08.090			
Program Name: Office for Victims of Crime-Sexual Assault Services Program (SASP)				
Program is found in the following core budget(s): Violence Against Women				
4. What are the sources of the "Other" funds?				
N/A 5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Includ	le the federal program number, if applicable.)			
This program is authorized by 34 U.S.C. §12511. The Sexual Assault Services Formula P Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005, as amended by the techr solely dedicated to the provision of direct intervention and related assistance for victims of	nical amendments to that act, and is the first federal funding stream			
6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.				
No				
7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.				
No				

Department: Department of Public Safety

HB Section(s): 08.090

Program Name: Office for Victims of Crime-Violence Against Women (VAWA)

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Violence Against Women (VAWA)

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

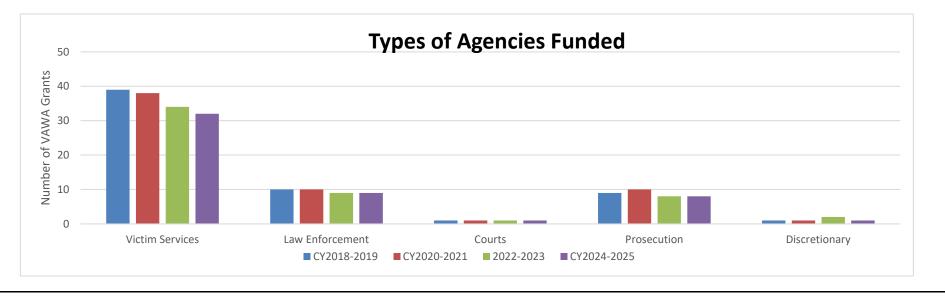
The Office for Victims of Crime Unit, through federal Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) funding, protects and supports Missouri citizens who have been victims of violent crimes.

1b. What does this program do?

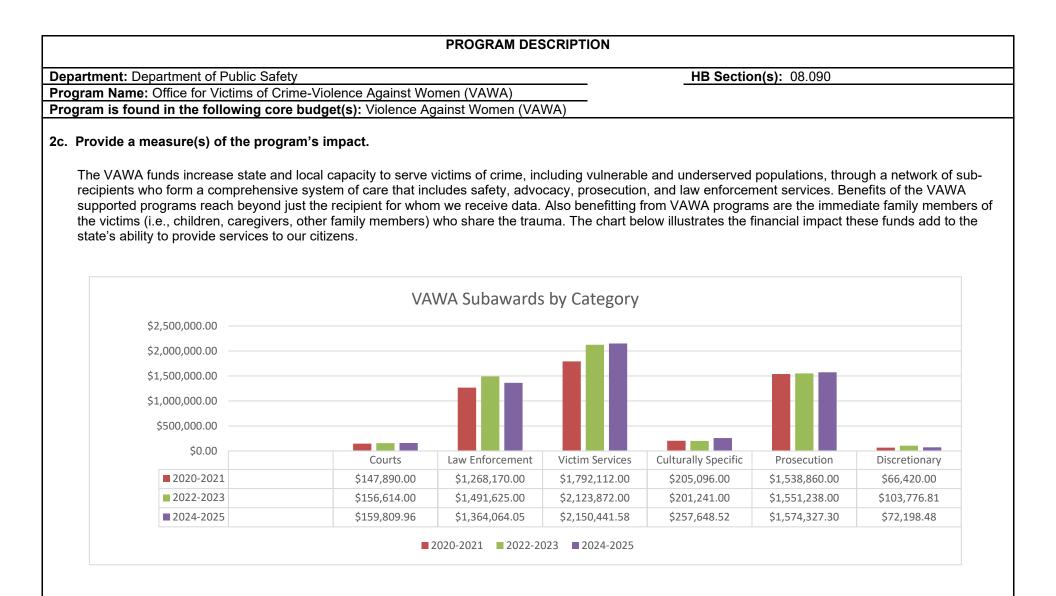
The federal VAWA program encourages the development and implementation of effective, victim-centered, strategies for law enforcement agencies, prosecutors, and courts to address violent crimes against women. Additionally, the VAWA program encourages the development and enhancement of victim services in cases involving violent crimes against women. VAWA funding is passed through to local and statewide entities to increase intervention, advocacy, accompaniment, support services, related assistance for adult, youth, and child victims of sexual assault; family and household members of victims; and those collaterally affected by the victimization, except for the perpetrator of such victimization.

2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program.

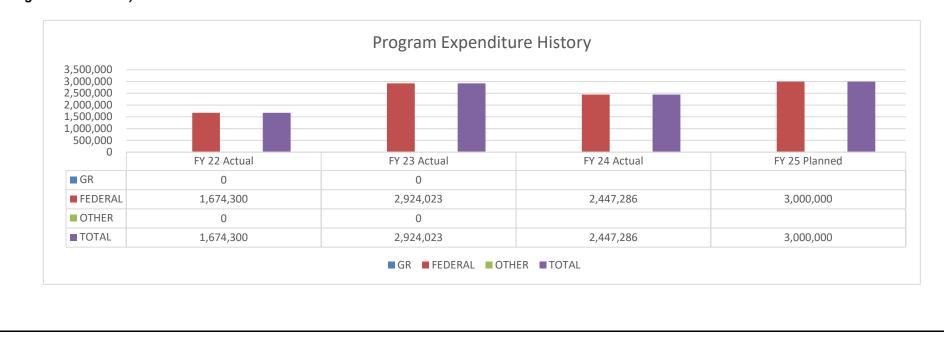
VAWA funding is passed through to agencies within the following four (4) domains to ensure victims are served from a comprehensive system of service providers: victim services providers/culturally specific, law enforcement, courts, and prosecution. Additionally, up to 15% of VAWA funds are discretionary. To ensure the state meets the needs of its citizens, additional funding may be allocated to any of the four domains or toward a project that would not otherwise be funded.



PROGRAM DESCRIPTION **Department:** Department of Public Safety HB Section(s): 08.090 Program Name: Office for Victims of Crime-Violence Against Women (VAWA) Program is found in the following core budget(s): Violence Against Women (VAWA) 2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality. Agencies funded by VAWA are mandated by the federal award to submit detailed records/data related to their awards. Data, as determined by the federal program, is collected from each subrecipient. The reports are reviewed and validated by OVC staff, then submitted to the federal funding agency. For the years below Performance Reports were received, reviewed, and forwarded to the federal funding agency. **VAWA Performance Reporting** 0 Õ 0 Agencies that Ended their Grant Õ 0 0 Non-Reporting Agencies ŏ 0 54 54 54 Agencies Submitting Data 60 0 Ŏ Agencies Not Meeting Criteria ŏ 54 54 54 Agencies Meeting Criteria 60 0 70 10 20 30 40 50 60 ■ CY2023 ■ CY2022 ■ CY2021 ■ CY2020



PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Department of Public Safety HB Section(s): 08.090 Program Name: Office for Victims of Crime-Violence Against Women (VAWA) Program is found in the following core budget(s): Violence Against Women (VAWA) 2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency. The CVS/JJ Unit ensures 100% of VAWA funds are distributed to local courts, units of local government, law enforcement, and service providers. Through the VAWA Grant the state has been able to assist and support victims in Missouri. Those funds distributed, per federal requirements, in the following manner: 25% to law enforcement; 25% to prosecution; 30% to victim services, 10% of which must be culturally specific; and not less than 5% to state and local courts. Sub-recipients receiving VAWA funds must provide services within one or more of the 20 allowable purpose areas. These include: developing and strengthening effective law enforcement and prosecution strategies to combat violent crimes against women • developing and strengthening victim services in cases involving crimes against women The CVS/JJ staff continue to ensure that each subrecipient is providing services to victims within the specified purpose area(s) and remains compliant with applicable federal guidelines for which they are receiving funds. 3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.)



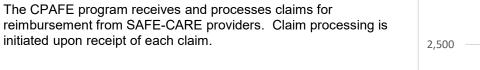
6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.

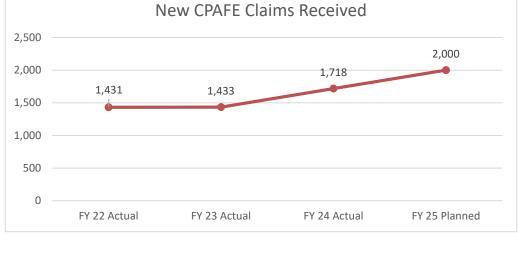
Yes, there is a twenty-five percent (25%) cash or in-kind match required

7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

No

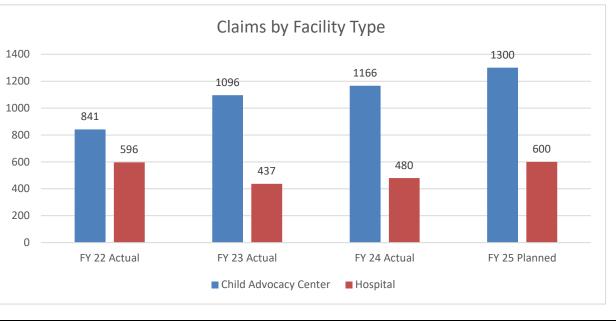
PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Department of Public Safety HB Section(s): 8.095 Program Name: Child Physical Abuse Forensic Examination Program (CPAFE) Program is found in the following core budget(s): Crime Victims' Compensation 1a. What strategic priority does this program address? In the DPS theme of Protection and Service, through Child Physical Abuse Forensic Examination (CPAFE) Program initiatives, we provide impactful services to children under the age of 18 who are alleged victims of physical abuse. 1b. What does this program do? The CPAFE Program covers the cost of the professional fee for Sexual Assault Forensic Exam-Child Abuse Resource Education (SAFE-CARE) providers who perform a forensic examination to collect and preserve evidence on children under 18 years of age who have been, or are suspected to have been, a victim of physical abuse in Missouri. Medical professionals are required to bill the Child Physical Abuse Forensic Examination (CPAFE) Program as a paver of first resort for reasonable charges incurred during the forensic examination. Professional fee charges shall not be billed to other payment resources, such as the patient's parent or guardian, health insurance, Medicaid or Medicare. Charges for medical procedures, facility fees, supplies, laboratory/radiology tests, court preparation or court testimony are not eligible for reimbursement. 2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program. The CPAFE program receives and processes claims for

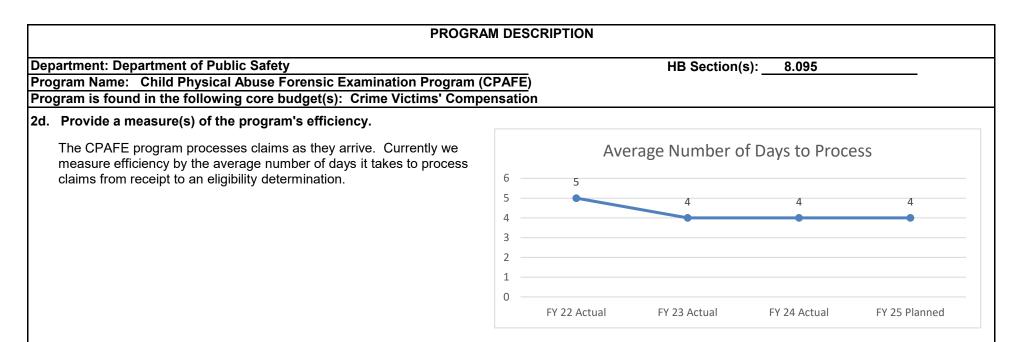




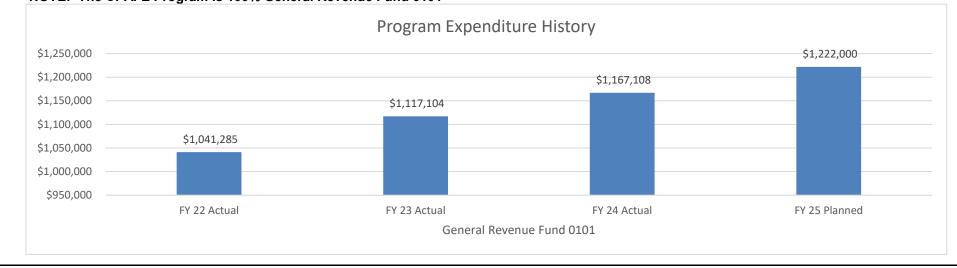
Department: Department of Public Safety Program Name: Child Physical Abuse Forensic Examination Program (CPAFE) Program is found in the following core budget(s): Crime Victims' Compensation	HB Section(s): <u>8.095</u>
2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality.	
The CPAFE program claims processing includes a thorough review to determine eligibility.	Number of Claims Paid 1,900 2,000 1,437 1,533 1,646 1,500 1,000 1,000 1,000 500

The CPAFE program is statewide and reimburses eligible SAFE-CARE providers who provide forensic exams and case reviews to children under the age of 18 in a hospital or child advocacy center facility.



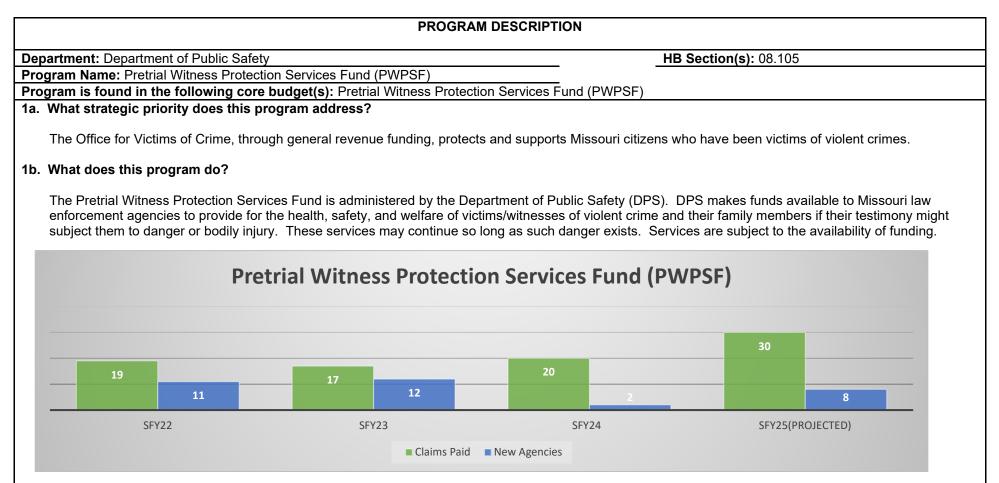


3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.)



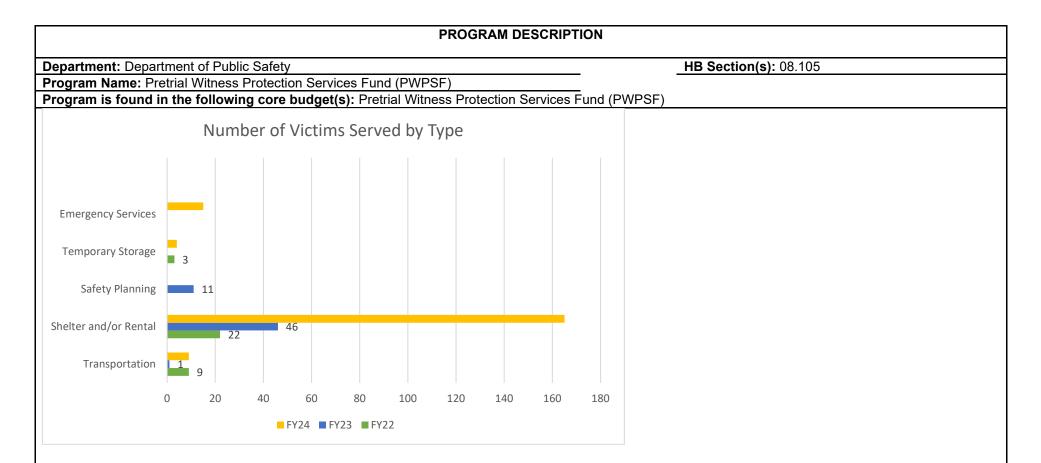
NOTE: The CPAFE Program is 100% General Revenue Fund 0101

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION						
Department: Department of Public Safety Program Name: Child Physical Abuse Forensic Examination Program (CPAFE) Program is found in the following core budget(s): Crime Victims' Compensation	HB Section(s): 8.095					
4. What are the sources of the "Other " funds? N/A						
5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include t RSMo 334.950.5 to 334.950.9	the federal program number, if applicable.)					
6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain. No						
7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain. No						

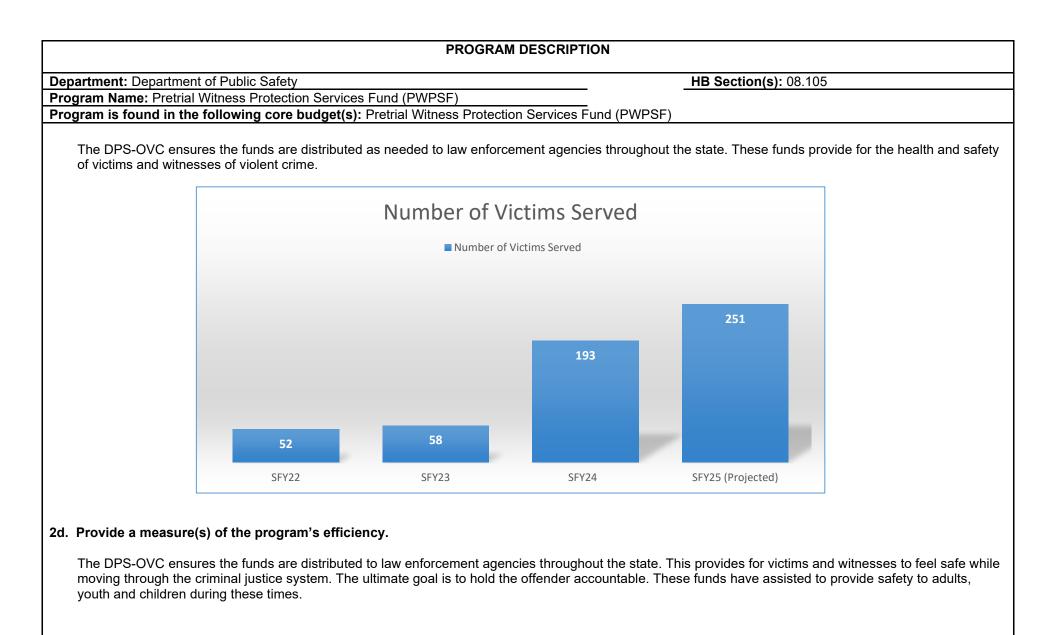


2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program.

Law Enforcement agencies complete a one-time registration for the program. Registered agencies can submit requests for funds on an as needed basis. To access funds, the agency submits a Pre-Approval Request Form outlining the case/scenario and need for assistance. DPS-OVC reviews requests for eligibility based on the program guidelines. Once approved, the agency proceeds with approved expenditures and submit a request for reimbursement from the program. The DPS-OVC has provided at least 17 formal PWPSF presentations to law enforcement agencies, prosecutor offices and victim service agencies. The DPS-OVC fields numerous calls for information related to the program and provides training and technical assistance upon request. Efforts to broaden visibility or increase use of program is ongoing.



Through the Pretrial Witness Protection Services Fund, agencies submit claims to receive reimbursement for their requests. The agency may provide safety planning, interpreting for deaf and hard of hearing, security/surveillance, emergency food, emergency clothing, accompanying victims to hospitals for medical examinations and/or court, window and/or lock replacement or repair, emergency legal assistance, outpatient therapy/counseling, victim transportation, temporary storage rental, transportation to criminal justice proceedings, child care and respite care and shelter and/or rental or modification of protected housing (including relocation expenses).



PROGRAM DESCRIPTION **Department:** Department of Public Safety HB Section(s): 08.105 Program Name: Pretrial Witness Protection Services Fund (PWPSF) Program is found in the following core budget(s): Pretrial Witness Protection Services Fund (PWPSF) 3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.) **PROGRAM EXPENDITURES** Program Expenditures \$70,000 \$60,000 \$62,275 \$50,000 \$50,630 \$40,000 \$30,000 \$20,000 \$10,000 \$12,662 \$11,967 \$0 SFY22 SFY23 SFY24 SFY25 (Projected)

4. What are the sources of the "Other" funds?

N/A

5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.)

RSMo. 491.641

6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.

No

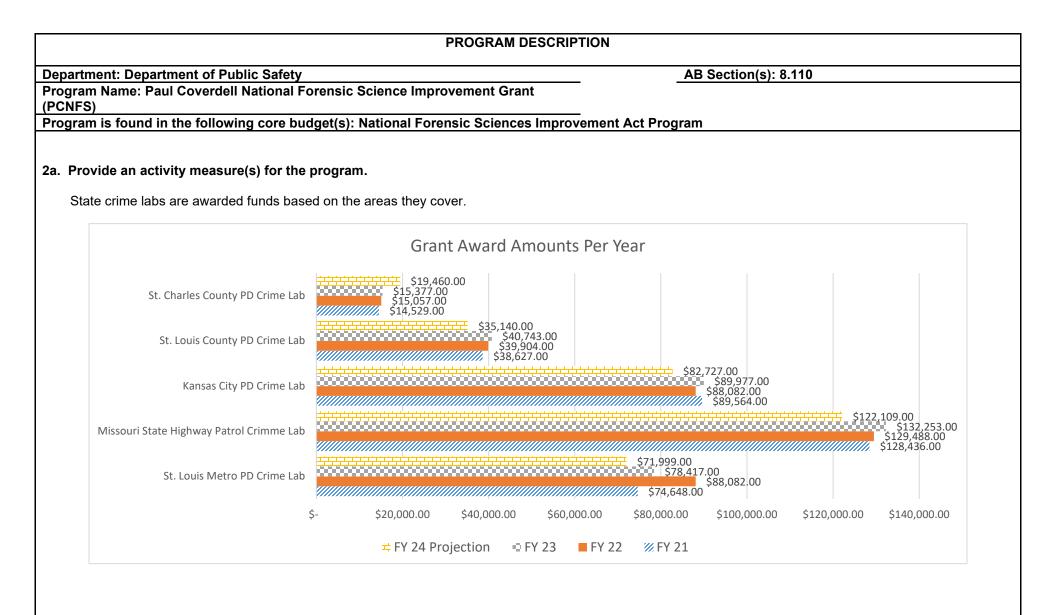
7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

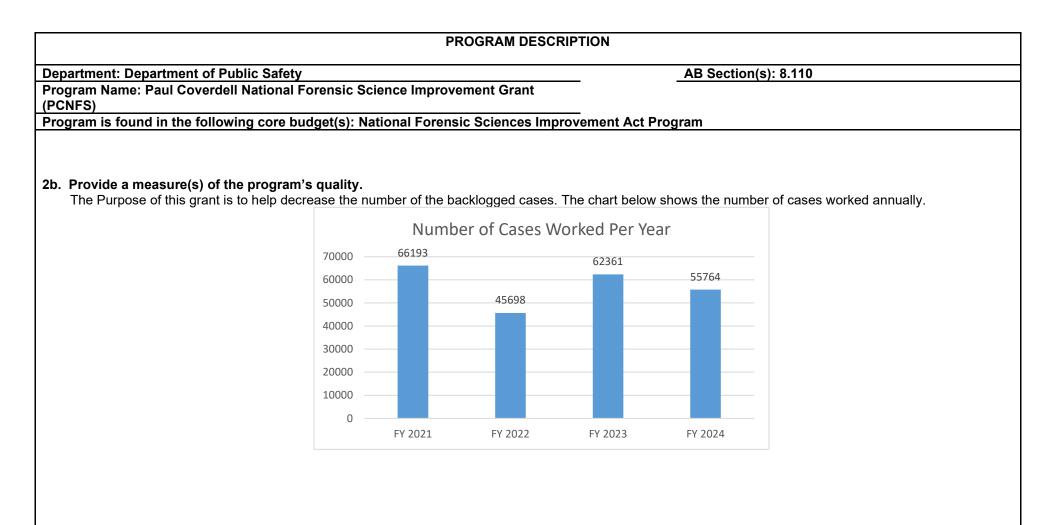
No

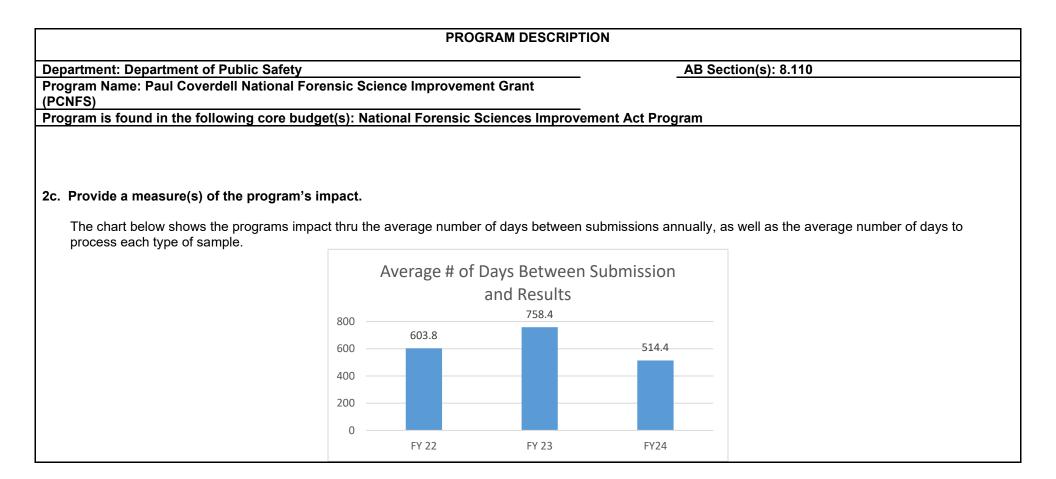
PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Department of Public Safety AB Section(s): 8.110 Program Name: Paul Coverdell National Forensic Science Improvement Grant (PCNFS) AB Section(s): 8.110 Program is found in the following core budget(s): National Forensic Sciences Improvement Act Program The purpose of the polynomial forentiation of the polynomial

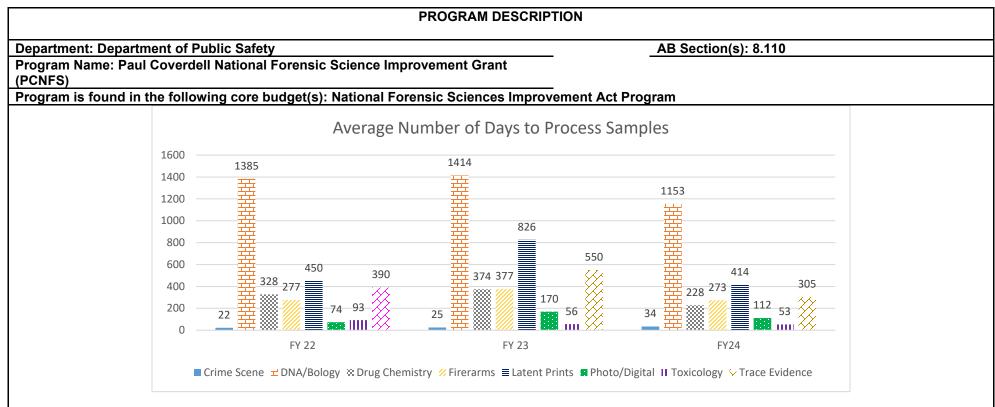
- 1. To carry out all or a substantial part of a program intended to improve the quality and timeliness of forensic science or medical examiner/coroner services in the state, including those services provided by laboratories operated by the state and those operated by units of local government within the state.
- 2. To eliminate a backlog in the analysis of forensic science evidence, including, among other things, a backlog with respect to firearms examination, latent prints, impression evidence, toxicology, digital evidence, fire evidence, controlled substances, forensic pathology, questioned documents, and trace evidence.
- 3. To train, assist, and employ forensic laboratory personnel and medicolegal death investigators, as needed, to eliminate such a backlog.
- 4. To address emerging forensic science issues (such as statistics, contextual bias, and uncertainty of measurement) and emerging forensic science technology (such as high throughput automation, statistical software, and new types of instrumentation).
- 5. To educate and train forensic pathologists.

To fund medicolegal death investigation systems to facilitate accreditation of medical examiner and coroner offices and certification of medicolegal death investigators.





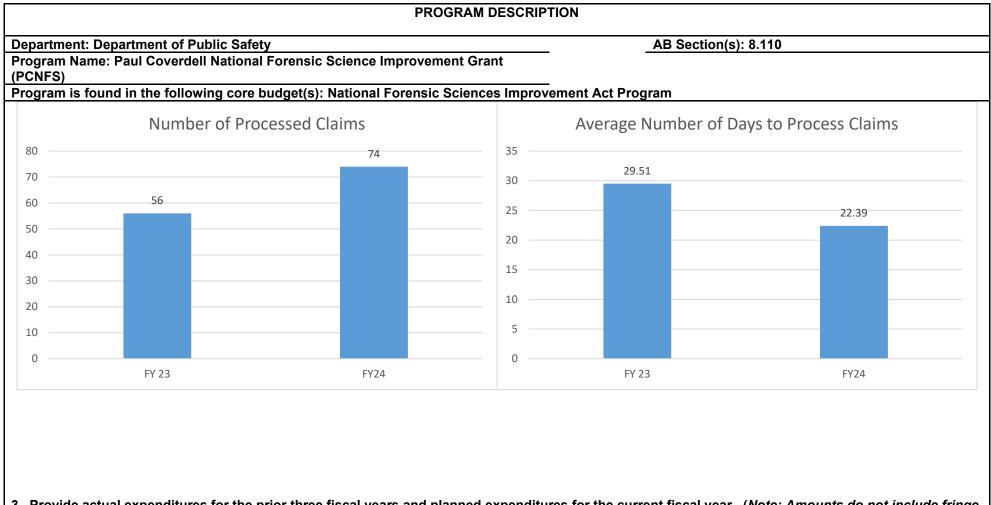




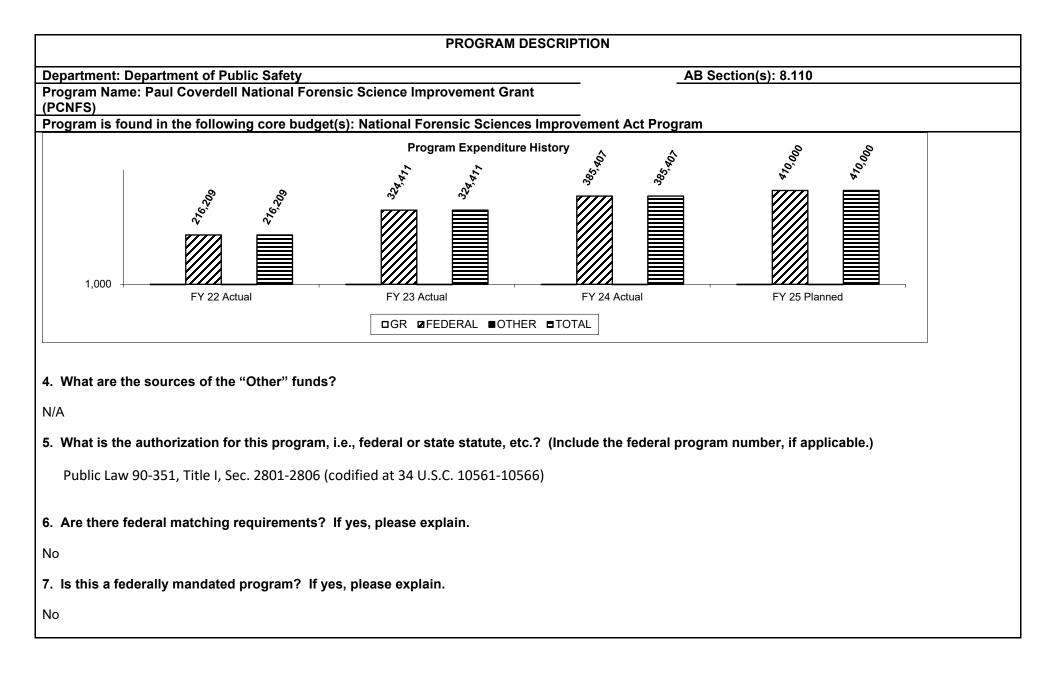
2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency.

The Department of Public Safety administers the grant monies to subrecipients, and the subrecipients implement the program and utilize the funding. The Department of Public Safety is not involved in the delivery of services or the outputs of such services. The following measures are part of the grant administrative process.

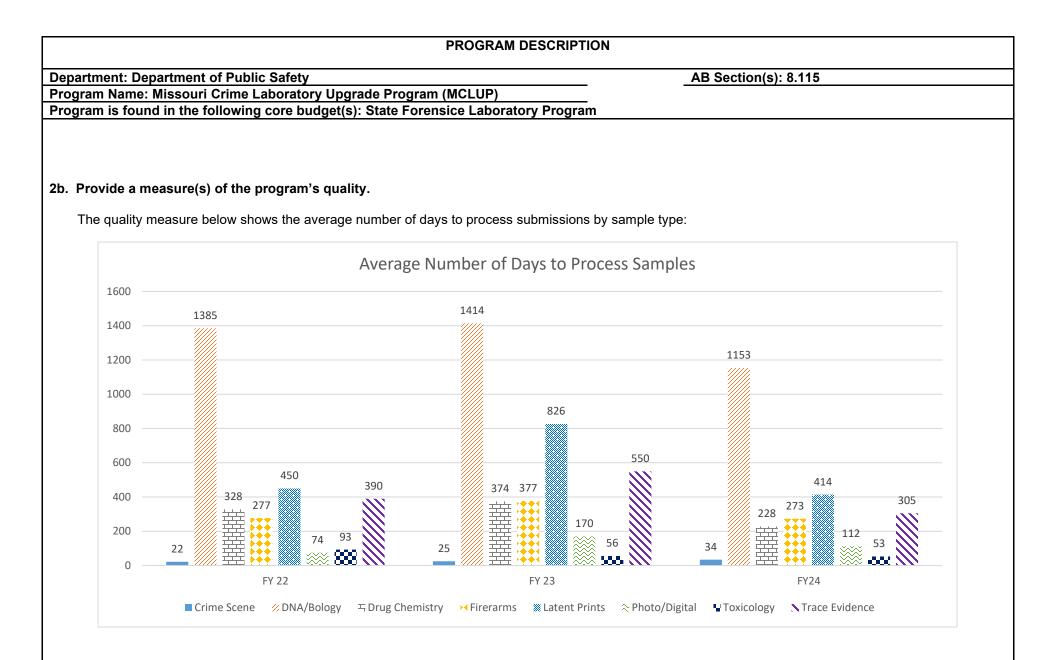
<u>Measure</u>: Number of grantee claims processed throughout the grant cycle, average number of days to process claims <u>Base Target</u>: Process all claims submitted during the grant cycle Stretch Target: Decrease average number of days to process claims to 20 days



3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.)



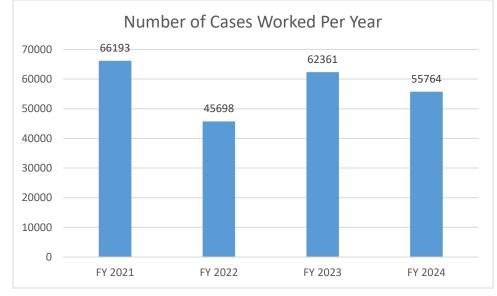
PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Department of Public Safety AB Section(s): 8.115 Program Name: Missouri Crime Laboratory Upgrade Program (MCLUP) Program is found in the following core budget(s): State Forensice Laboratory Program 1a. What strategic priority does this program address? The Missouri Crime Laboratory Upgrade Program (MCLUP) provides support to laboratory stakeholders. 1b. What does this program do? The goal of the MCLUP is to provide financial assistance to defray the expenses of Missouri crime laboratories. Such funds are distributed to the crime laboratories serving the courts of the state of Missouri making analysis of a controlled substance or analysis of blood, breath, or urine in relation to court proceedings. 2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program. The Missouri Department of Public Safety issues awards to the state crime laboratories annually with the amount determined by Missouri Association of Crime Lab Directors that is based on the annual collections into the fund. 50.00 5061,342.00 504.00 5256,054,00 5256,5251,788,00 **Fiscal Year Award Amounts** \$300,000.00 \$250,000.00 \$200,000.00 \$150,000.00 555,682.00 198.00 \$64,514.00 558,348.00 \$44,850,00 \$46,221.00 545,966.00 423,85532,460,00 546,238.00 4^{4,382.00} \$100.000.00 520122.00 \$18,072.00 \$50.000.00 Ś-St. Louis Metro PD Crime Lab Missouri State Highway Patrol Kansas City PD Crime Lab St. Louis County PD Crime Lab St. Charles County PD Crime Lab Crimme Lab FY 22 FY 23 FY 24 FY 25



PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Department of Public Safety AB Section(s): 8.115 Program Name: Missouri Crime Laboratory Upgrade Program (MCLUP) AB Section(s): 8.115 Program is found in the following core budget(s): State Forensice Laboratory Program AB Section(s): 8.115

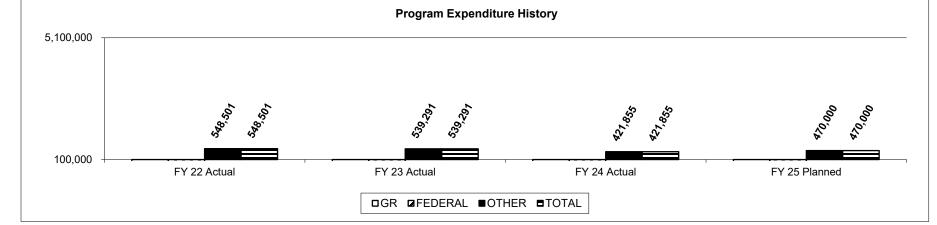
2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact.

The purpose of the funds are to assist the crime laboratories with expenditures. The program's impact measure below shows the number of cases that are worked by the state crime laboratories each fiscal year.



Department: Department of Public Safety					AB Section(s): 8.115				
rogram Name: Missouri Crime Laboratory Upgrade Program (MCLUP)								/	
ogram is	found in the fo	llowing core b	budget(s): State F	orensice Labora	tory Program	n			
Broyida		of the prease	m's efficiency.						
. Flovide	e a measure(s)	or the program	in s enciency.						
			ninisters the grant m						
			volved in the deliver	ry of services or th	ne outputs of	such service	es. The following n	neasures are part	of the grant
adminis	strative process.								
Measur	<u>e</u> : Number of gr	antee claims p	processed througho	out the grant cycle	, average nur	mber of days	s to process claims	i	
Base Ta	arget: Process	all claims subm	mitted during the gra	ant cycle	-	,			
<u>Stretch</u>	Target: Decrea	ase average nu	umber of days to pro	ocess claims to 2	0 days				
	Average Nu	umber of Da	avs to Process C	Claims		Ν	Number of Clai	ms Processed	
10	Average Nu	umber of Da	ays to Process C	Claims	60	١	Number of Clai	ms Processed	
18	Average Nu	umber of Da	ays to Process C	Claims	60	٢	Number of Clai	ms Processed	
	Average Nu	umber of Da	ays to Process C	Claims		Γ	Number of Clai	ms Processed	
16	Average Nu	umber of Da	ays to Process C	Claims	60	٩	Number of Clai	ms Processed	
16 —— 14 ——	Average Nu	umber of Da	ays to Process C	Claims		٢	Number of Clai	ms Processed	
16 —	Average Nu	umber of Da	ays to Process C	Claims	50		Number of Clai	ms Processed	
16 —	Average Nu	umber of Da	ays to Process C	Claims	50		Number of Clai	ms Processed	
16 —	Average Nu	umber of Da	ays to Process C		50 40 30		Number of Clai	ms Processed	
16 —	Average Nu	umber of Da	ays to Process C	Claims	50		Number of Clai	ms Processed	
16 —	Average Nu	umber of Da	ays to Process C		50 40 30 20		Number of Clai	ms Processed	
16 —	Average Nu	umber of Da	ays to Process C		50 40 30		Number of Clai	ms Processed	
18	Average Nu	umber of Da	ays to Process C		50 40 30 20		Number of Clai	ms Processed	
16 —	Average Nu	TY 22	EX 23	Claims	50 40 30 20	FY 21	Number of Clain	ms Processed	FY 24

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Department of Public Safety AB Section(s): 8.115 Program Name: Missouri Crime Laboratory Upgrade Program (MCLUP) AB Section(s): 8.115 Program is found in the following core budget(s): State Forensice Laboratory Program AB Section(s): 8.115 3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.)



4. What are the sources of the "Other" funds?

A surcharge of \$150 in all criminal cases for any violation of chapter 579 in which a crime laboratory makes analysis of a controlled substance

5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.)

Section 488.029 RSMo, Section 595.045 RSMo

6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.

N/A

7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

N/A

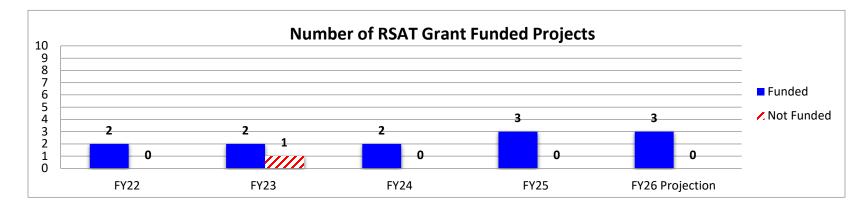
PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department of Public Safety AB Section(s): 8.120 Program Name: Residential Substance Abuse Treatment (RSAT) Program Program is found in the following core budget(s): Residential Substance Abuse Treatment Program AB Section(s): 8.120 1a. What strategic priority does this program address? The Residential Substance Abuse Treatment (RSAT) program aligns with the Department of Public Safety (DPS) strategic priority of strengthening communities by providing resources to assist inmates in preparing to re-enter communities. Ib. What does this program do? The RSAT program issues grants to provide substance abuse treatment for incarcerated inmates, prepare offenders for reintegration into the communities from which they came by incorporating re-entry planning activities into treatment programs and assist offenders and their communities through the re-entry program through the delivery of community-based treatment. RSAT funds may be used to implement three types of programs: 1) prison-based, 2) jail-based, and 3) aftercare post-release from prison or jail. DPS historically only funds projects for the Missouri Department of Corrections and St. Louis County Justice Services because other units of government are unable to meet the program requirements to be eligible for funding. We are working with other local

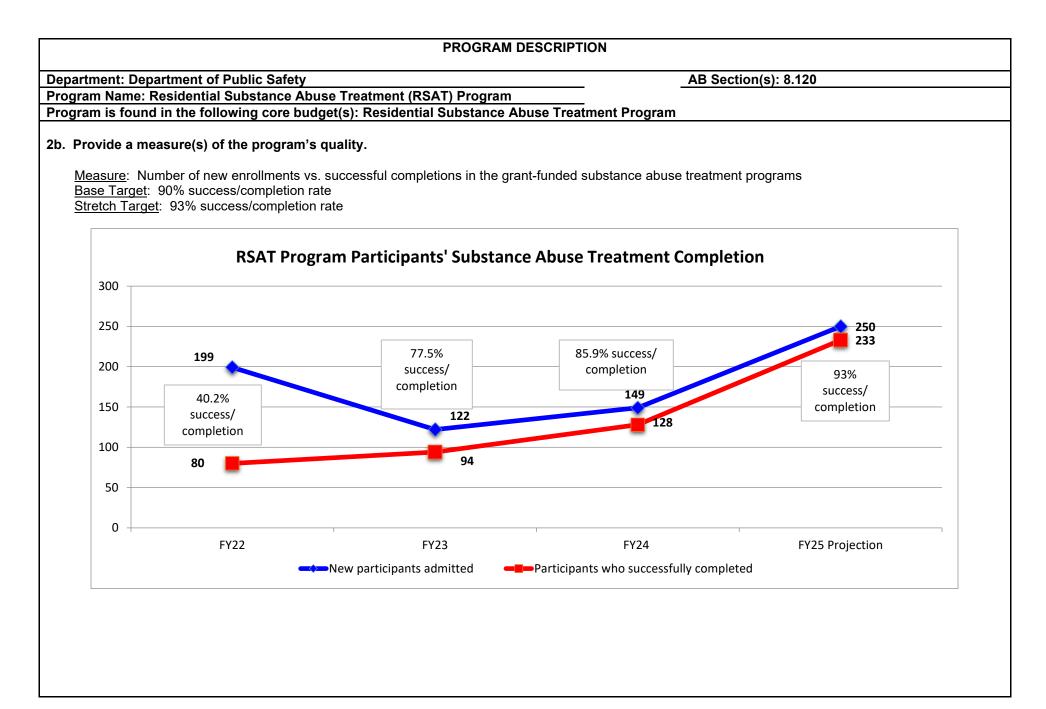
NOTE: The Department of Public Safety administers the grant monies to subrecipients, and the subrecipients implement the program and utilize the funding. The Department of Public Safety is not involved in the delivery of services or the outputs of such services.

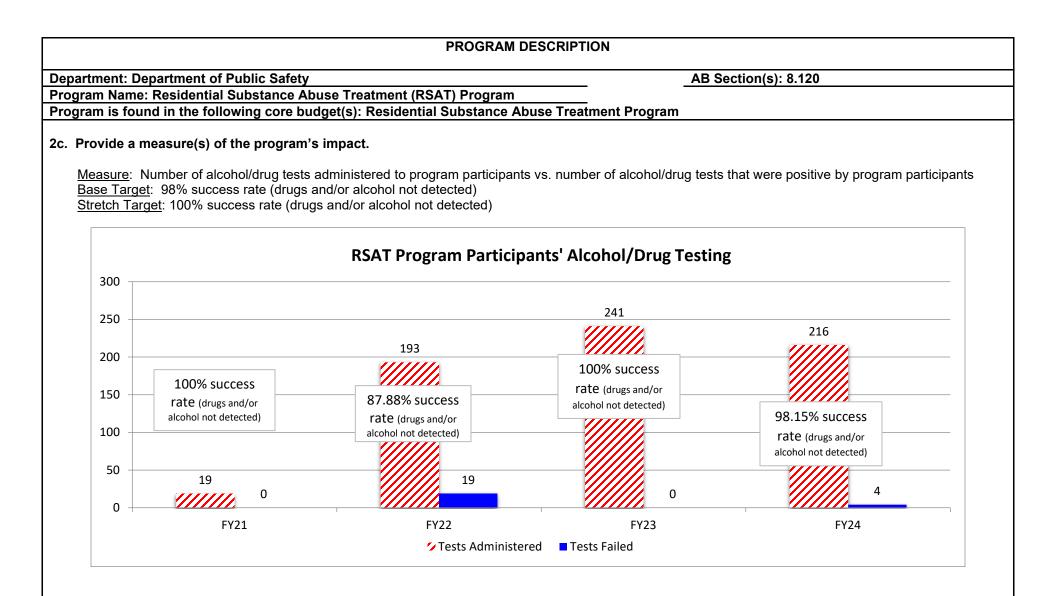
2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program.

<u>Measure</u>: Make grant funding available to the units of government that are eligible for RSAT funding in Missouri <u>Base Target</u>: Support the eligible RSAT projects that request funding <u>Stretch Target</u>: Explore the capability of other units of government to be eligible for RSAT funding in Missouri

units of government to become eligible. The subawards have one year project periods (October 1 – September 30).







PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Department of Public Safety AB Section(s): 8.120 Program Name: Residential Substance Abuse Treatment (RSAT) Program Program is found in the following core budget(s): Residential Substance Abuse Treatment Program 2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency. The Department of Public Safety administers the grant monies to subrecipients, and the subrecipients implement the program and utilize the funding. The Department of Public Safety is not involved in the delivery of services or the outputs of such services. The following measures are part of the grant administrative process. Measure: Number of grantee claims processed throughout the grant cycle, average number of days to process claims Base Target: Process all claims submitted during the grant cycle Stretch Target: Decrease average number of days to process claims to 20 days Average Number of Days to Process Claims Number of Claims Processed 30 45 40 25 35 20 30 25 15 20 10 15 10 5 5 0 0

FY24

FY22

FY23

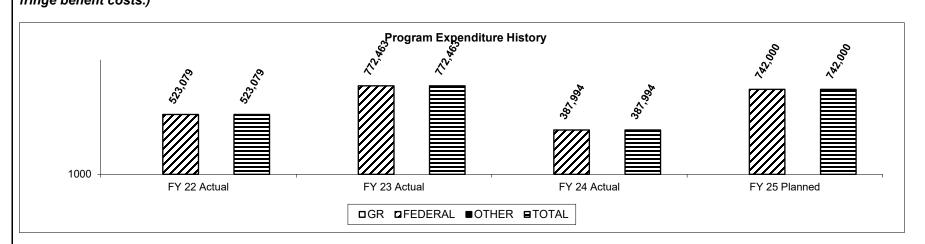
FY23

FY22

FY23

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Department of Public Safety AB Section(s): 8.120 Program Name: Residential Substance Abuse Treatment (RSAT) Program AB Section(s): 8.120 Program is found in the following core budget(s): Residential Substance Abuse Treatment Program

3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (*Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.*)



4. What are the sources of the "Other" funds?

N/A

5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.)

The RSAT program is authorized by 34 U.S.C. § 10421 et. seq

6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.

Yes, the RSAT program requires a 25% local match of the total project cost. This match is provided by the subrecipients through in-kind, and cash sources.

7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

No

Department: Public Safety

HB Section(s): 8.005 & 8.125

Program Name: Peace Officer Standards and Training (POST)

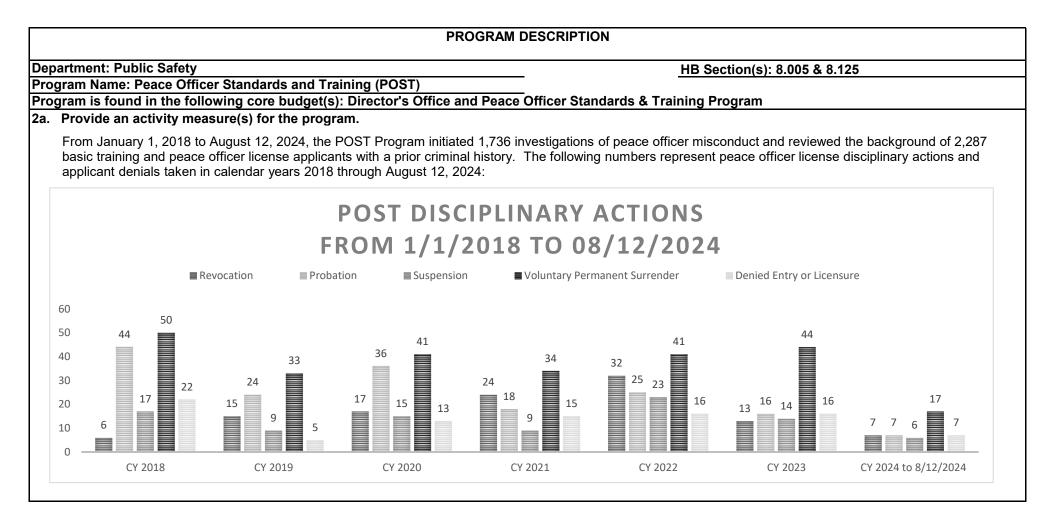
Program is found in the following core budget(s): Director's Office and Peace Officer Standards & Training Program

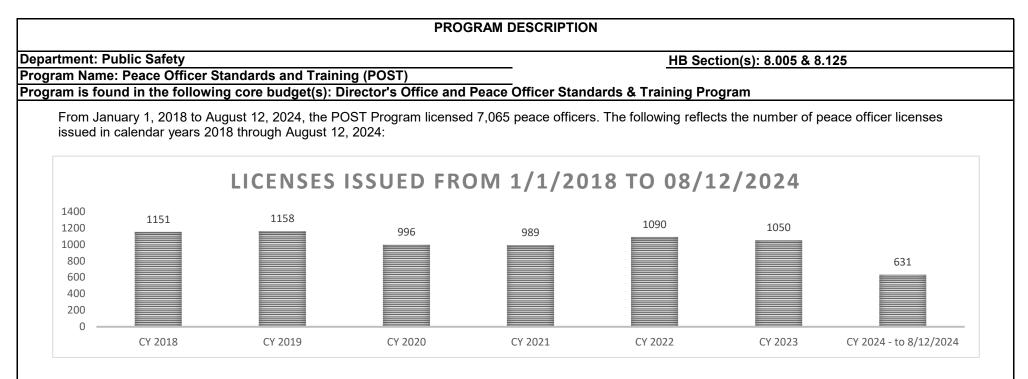
1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

The Department of Public Safety's priorities of stakeholder support and strengthening communities aligns with the work of the Peace Officer Standards and Training (POST) program.

1b. What does this program do?

The POST Program is responsible for the licensing of peace officers, reserve peace officers, corporate security advisors, law enforcement basic training instructors, law enforcement basic training centers, and continuing law enforcement education (CLEE) training providers. The POST Program reviews and approves submitted CLEE training courses from unlicensed training providers and in-service law enforcement agency training providers, maintains the closed-record list of school protection officers, and maintains the online CLEE tracking system used by law enforcement agencies and officers. The POST Program has an eleven-member gubernatorial appointed commission responsible for establishing the basic and continuing law enforcement education training standards of all licensed peace officers, reserve peace officers, and school protection officers. The POST Program is responsible for investigating complaints against licensed peace officers, basic training instructors, basic training centers, and licensed CLEE training providers. The POST Program administers the POST Commission Fund, which provides a means to help offset the cost of CLEE training for Missouri's 15,843 licensed and commissioned peace officers. The goal of the POST Program is to ensure that all Missouri peace officers are properly trained and those officers who violate the public trust are disciplined appropriately.





2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality.

The POST Program takes the steps necessary to license only properly trained individuals; the POST Program takes the steps necessary to prevent persons from becoming licensed that have committed criminal violations that are serious enough to jeopardize public safety if licensed; and the POST Program takes the steps necessary to quickly and fairly investigate peace officers who are alleged to have violated the public trust.

Department: Public Safety

HB Section(s): 8.005 & 8.125

Program Name: Peace Officer Standards and Training (POST)

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Director's Office and Peace Officer Standards & Training Program

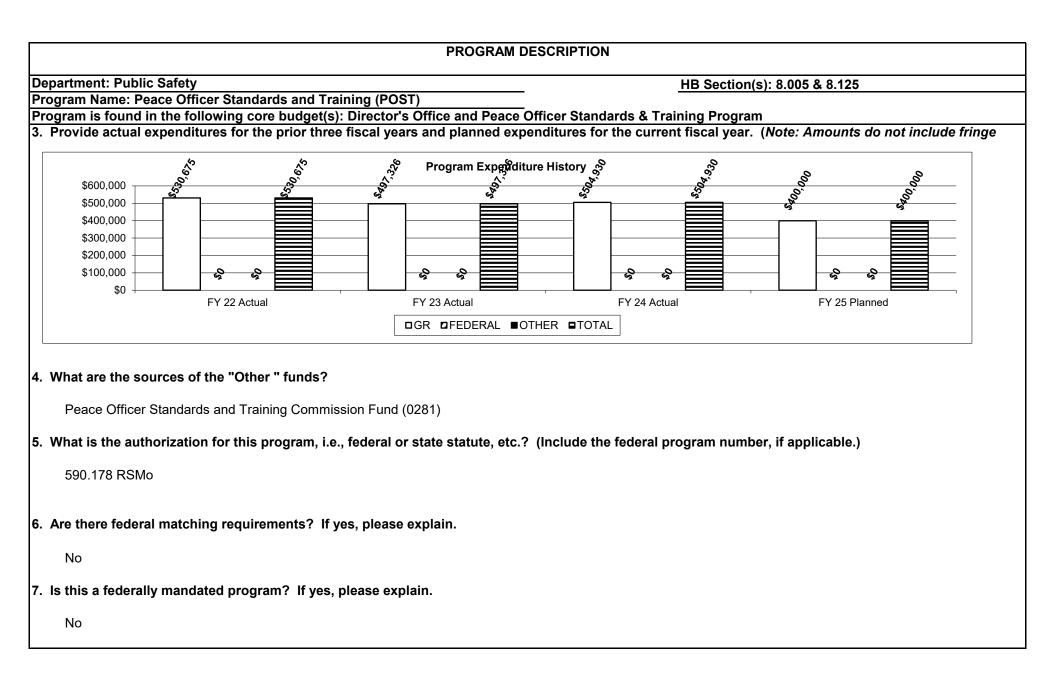
2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact.

Prevention of peace officer misconduct is difficult to quantify. The POST Program conducts a background check on each applicant before they start basic training, or before they are issued a peace officer license, with a state and FBI fingerprint-based criminal history check and a criminal history self-disclosure form. On 1/1/2015, POST started tracking the number of applicants who disclosed, or were discovered to have a prior criminal history, regardless of how minor that criminal history was, to include very minor traffic offenses. From 1/1/2015 to 8/12/2024, 3,098 applicants were found to have some form of an offense in their background. Of these applicants, 96 were denied entry into a basic law enforcement academy and 238 were allowed entry on a probationary basis by the Director of Public Safety. The remaining applicants were either allowed to begin basic training with no restrictions, or were denied entry by the training center director prior to the completion of POST's review. There were an additional 37 peace officer license applicants from other state, federal, or military law enforcement agencies, or previously licensed Missouri officers, who were denied licensure because of their criminal history. Furthermore, the names of all license applicants are searched in the National Decertification Index (NDI) in an effort to prevent officer sho have had their peace officer license or certification revoked in another state from becoming licensed in Missouri. The name of every peace officer that has voluntarily surrendered his or her peace officer license revoked in Missouri, have been added to the NDI by the POST Program. Averaging the licenses issued from CY 2018 through CY 2023, the POST Program issues approximately 1,072 new peace officer license every calendar year.

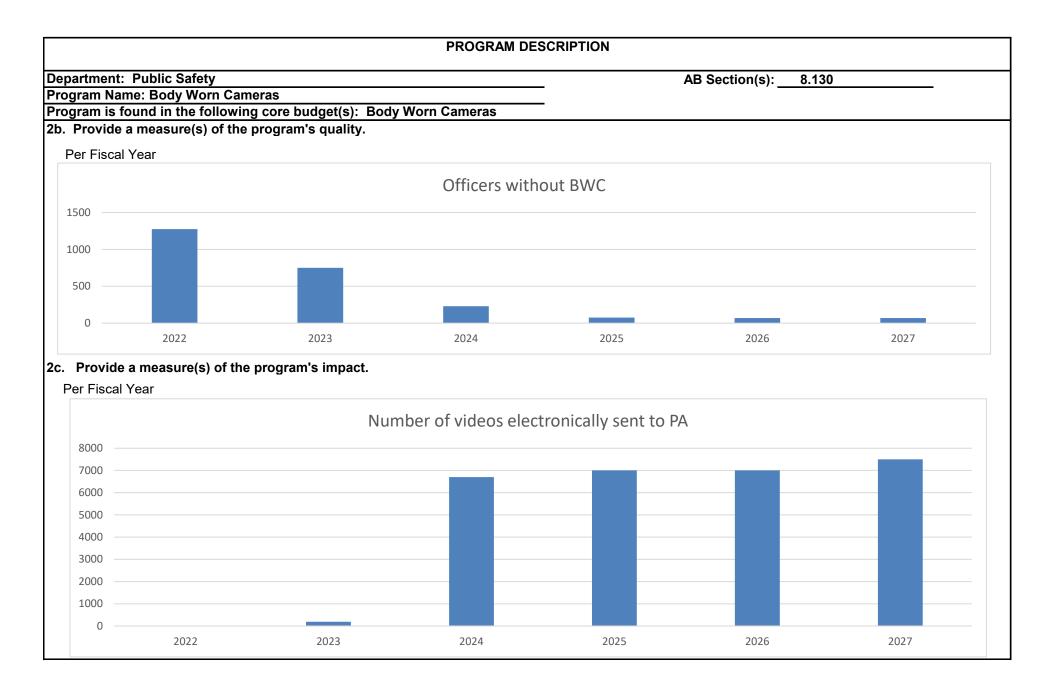
PROGRAM DESCRIPTION				
epartment: Public Safety	HB Section(s): 8.005 & 8.125			
ogram Name: Peace Officer Standards and Training (POST) ogram is found in the following core budget(s): Director's Office and Peace	- Officer Standards & Training Program			
Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency.				
The POST Program is very proactive in investigating officers who have had dis the attention of the POST Program. As of August 12, 2024, there are 383 peac managing.				
In January of 2017, the POST Program, working with representatives of Missour an online continuing law enforcement education (CLEE) tracking and compliant law enforcement agency a secure method to review the CLEE training courses the CLEE system by the training provider through a secure web-based portal. to maintain and track all paper certificates of completed CLEE training. At the hours generating agency roster reports, preparing forms for signatures, and ma The law enforcement agency CEO, or his or her designee, would then have to officers' employed with the law enforcement agency were compliant with the CI Program for processing and entry. This was a very time consuming process fo officers and agency CEOs can quickly verify an officer's compliance with the ar web-based interface. Agency CEOs can check an officer's individual CLEE trai who are behind on training hours and the report will reflect exactly what training send automated reminder emails near the end of the CLEE reporting cycle and extensions are given to those officers who are non-complaint for medical reaso who were unable to complete their CLEE training hours because they were act	ce reporting system. This system allows an officer and his or her employing completed by the officer. When CLEE training is completed, it is entered into In the past, an officer and his or her employing law enforcement agency had end of the CLEE reporting period, the POST Program would spend multiple ailing forms to the CEO of Missouri's 598 active law enforcement agencies. carefully review the training certificates of each officer and affirm that the LEE training requirements and mail the completed forms back to the POST or the agency CEO and the POST Program. With the CLEE tracking system, nnual CLEE training requirements in a matter of moments though a secure ining records or they can run a compliance report showing just those officers g hours these officers need. The POST Program uses the CLEE system to It to quickly determine officer compliance. As we have done in the past, ons and CLEE training waivers and extensions may be given to those officers			

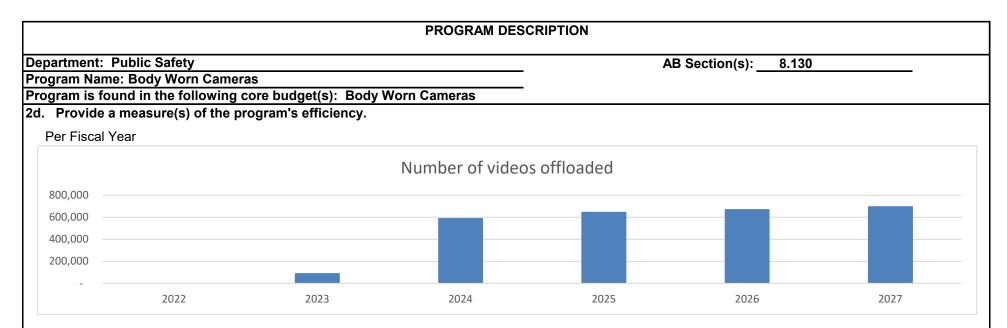
According to representatives of Missouri's Information Technology Services Division, the POST Program and its CLEE system is the third largest user of "MO Login," which is the single source to access the state of Missouri's various online services. As of August 12, 2024, 17,043 users have created a MO Login account and accessed the POST CLEE system.

On July 1, 2022, the POST Program transitioned to a paperless record storage system for all new basic training and licensure applicants. All applicant files are now scanned and stored electronically within the secure POST system. This will allow POST staff the ability to quickly access files and eliminate the need to locally store physical files.

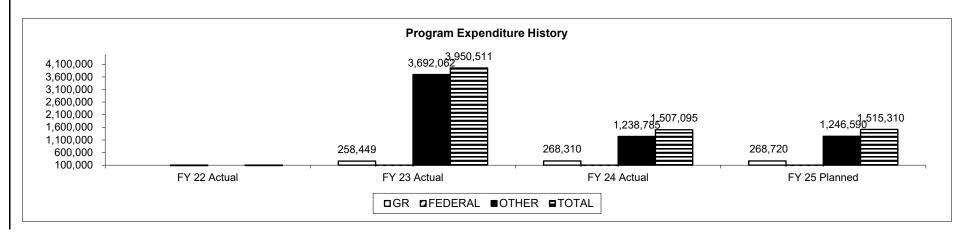


PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Public Safety AB Section(s): 8.130 Program Name: Body Worn Cameras Program is found in the following core budget(s): Body Worn Cameras 1a. What strategic priority does this program address? Protection and Service 1b. What does this program do? Body Worn Cameras (BWC) provide an enhancement to what is captured by the vehicle's camera; improve officer safety through training; and increase agency transparency by providing additional accountability to the public. The BWC program decreases administrative duties of the officer with automatic uploads, which leads to increased officer visibility on the roads. The program allows increased sharing capabilities of in-vehicle and body worn videos to 2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program. Per Fiscal Year Number of Active BWC 1200 1000 800 600 400 200 0 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027





3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.)



PROGRAM DESCRIPTION					
Department: Public Safety	AB Section(s): 8.130				
Program Name: Body Worn Cameras					
Program is found in the following core budget(s): Body Worn Cameras					
4. What are the sources of the "Other " funds?					
Water Patrol (0400) and Highway (0644)					
5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Incl	ude the federal program number, if applicable.)				
NA					
6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.					
NA					
7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.					
No.					

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department of Public Safety Department AB Section(s): 8.135 Program Name Missouri Capitol Police Program is found in the following core budget(s): MCP Core Budget Section 8.177 RSMo 1a. What strategic priority does this program address? The mission of Missouri Capitol Police is to provide a safe and secure environment for members of the Missouri General Assembly, state employees, and visitors to all state-owned/leased facilities within state government located in Cole County. 1b. What does this program do? Missouri Capitol Police is a full service 24/7/365 law enforcement agency that provides safety and security for the Missouri General Assembly, state employees, and visitors. We respond to calls for service at state owned/leased property located in Cole County. Missouri Capitol Police conducts security screenings of people and items during daily operations at the State Capitol. We protect the First Family and the Missouri Governor's Mansion staff through our Executive Protection Detail. 2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program. Missouri Capitol Police monitors several statistics on an annual basis and reviews our activities monthly. The following charts summarizes FY20, FY21, FY 22, FY23 and FY24 statistics for reports and alarms. **Missouri Capitol Police Reports and Alarms** 3,000 2,862 2.500 2,024 1,796 2.000 2623 1.500 1781 1,000 1651 496 500 228 338 239 243 158 145 153 0 FY 2020 FY 2021 FY 2022 FY 2023 FY 2024 Total Activities Alarms Reports

Department Department of Public Safety

AB Section(s): 8.135

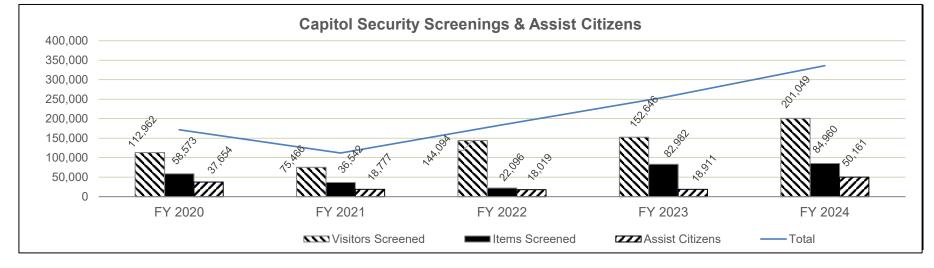
Program Name Missouri Capitol Police

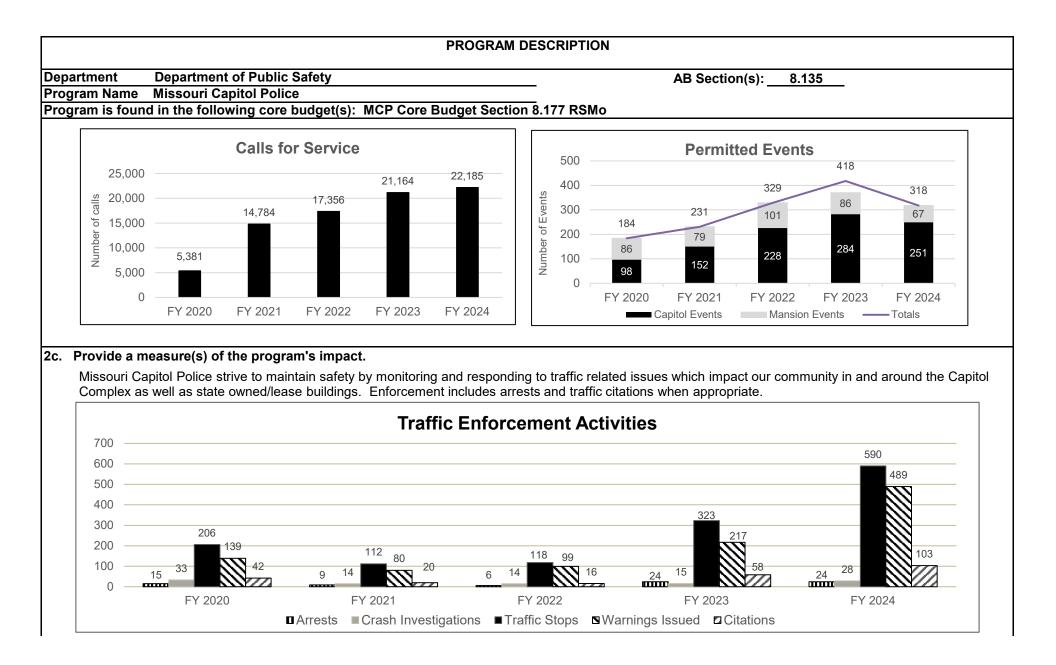
Program is found in the following core budget(s): MCP Core Budget Section 8.177 RSMo

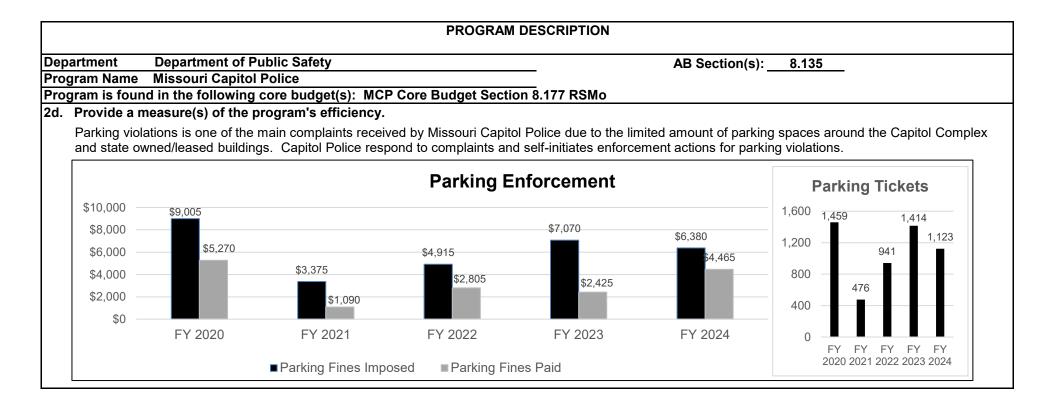
2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality.

Missouri Capitol Police provides security screenings at the South Carriage checkpoint and Capitol Basement entrances for all visitors and employees. We assist citizens and provide customer service on a daily basis throughout the Capitol Complex and state owned/leased buildings. Missouri Capitol Police emphasizes customer service with every contact of legislators, elected officials, visitors, and state employees in our jurisdiction. Though COVID-19 reduced the number of citizen contacts towards the end of FY20 and the majority of FY21, we continue to see a steady increase of citizen contacts post COVID-19.

Missouri Capitol Police - Community Policing

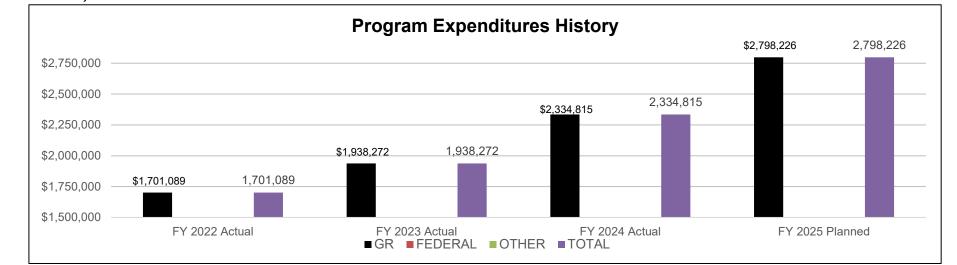






PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department Department of Public Safety Program Name Missouri Capitol Police Program is found in the following core budget(s): MCP Core Budget Section 8.177 RSMo

3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.)



^{4.} What are the sources of the "Other " funds? N/A

Missouri Capitol Police is authorized by RSMo 8.177

- 6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain. No
- 7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain. No

^{5.} What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.)

Department: Public Safety Program Name: Aircraft Division AB Section(s): 08.150

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Enforcement

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

Protection and Service

1b. What does this program do?

-Conducts emergency flights at the request of any emergency service agency (missing persons, major disasters, search and rescues).

-Conducts criminal searches and law enforcement missions at the request of Missouri or federal law enforcement agencies (manhunts for fugitives,

surveillance missions, and monitoring pursuits from overhead to increase public and officer safety).

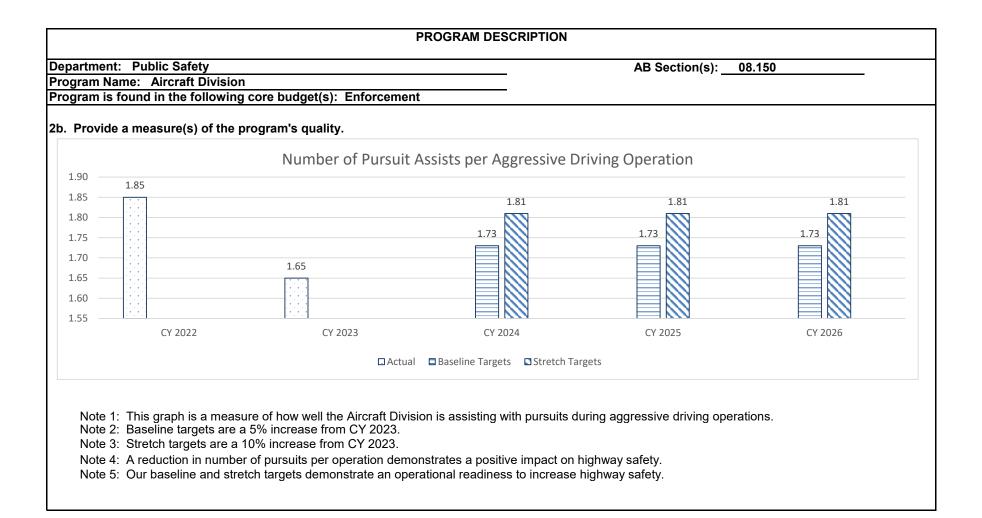
-Participates in aggressive driving operations by intercepting and tracking vehicle pursuits.

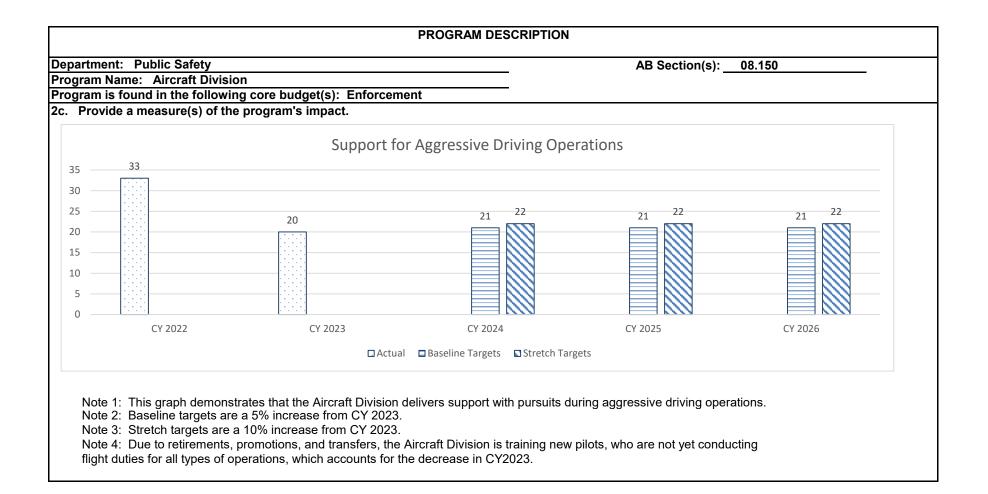
-Utilizes our infrared cameras with mapping systems to track fleeing vehicles, which allows ground officers to terminate their pursuit, reducing the hazards of vehicle pursuits and increasing highway safety.

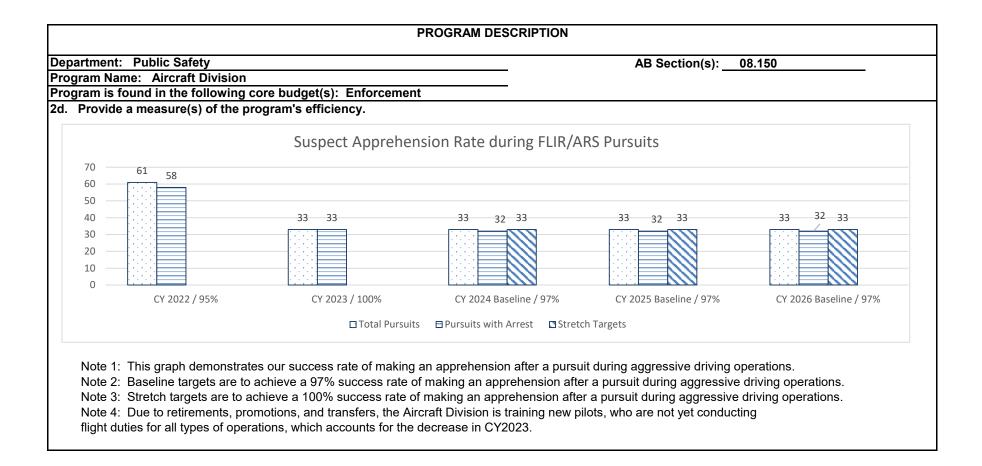
-Provides airborne enforcement in detecting hazardous moving violations.

-Conducts traffic enforcement flights.

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION								
Program Program		ng core budget(s): Enforcement		AB Section(s):0	08.150			
2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program.								
		Aircraft Divi	ision Calls for Ser	vice				
600 500 400 300 200 100	497	302	317 332	317 332	317 332			
0 —	CY 2022	CY 2023 Ba	CY 2024 seline/Stretch Targets	CY 2025 Baseline/Stretch Targets	CY 2026 Baseline/Stretch Targets			
		□ Emergency/Criminal Searche		Stretch Targets				
Note 1: This graph represents the number of calls for service received by the Aircraft Division each year. Note 2: Baseline targets are a 5% increase from CY 2023. Note 3: Stretch targets are a 10% increase from CY 2023. Note 4: Due to retirements, promotions, and transfers, the Aircraft Division is training new pilots, who are not yet conducting flight duties for all types of operations, which accounts for the decrease in CY2023.								



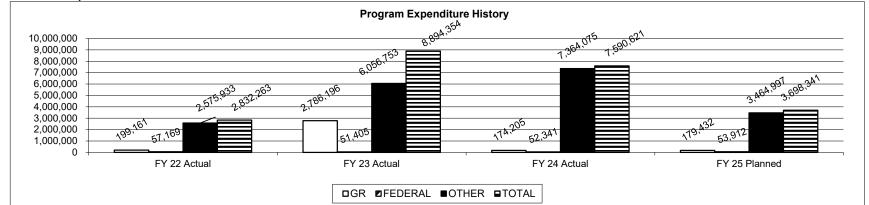




Department: Public Safety Program Name: Aircraft Division AB Section(s): 08.150

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Enforcement

3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do include fringe benefit costs.)



4. What are the sources of the "Other " funds?

Highway (644), Veh/Air Revolving (695), Retirement (701), OASDHI (702), MCHCP (765), Deferred Comp (706)

5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.)

The Aircraft Division is an enforcement division tasked to assist with the implementation of the requirements of RSMO 43.025, to enforce the traffic laws and promote highway safety.

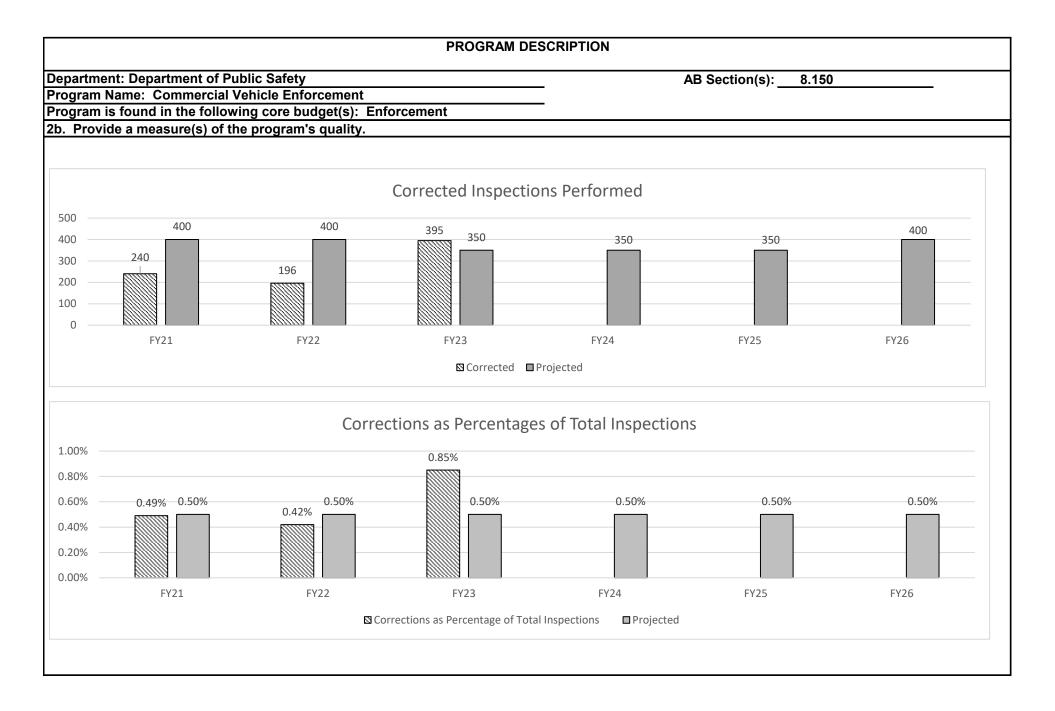
6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.

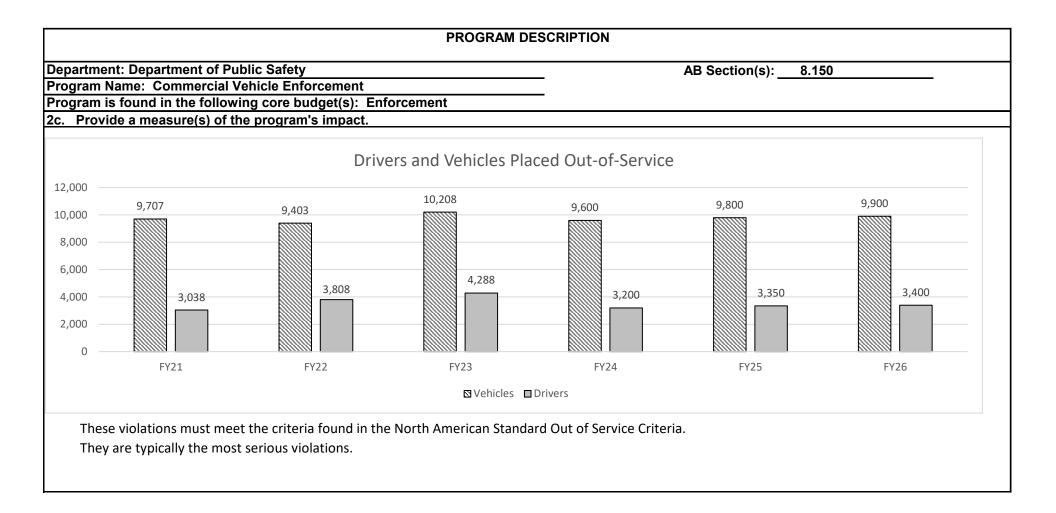
The Aircraft Division has no federal matching requirements.

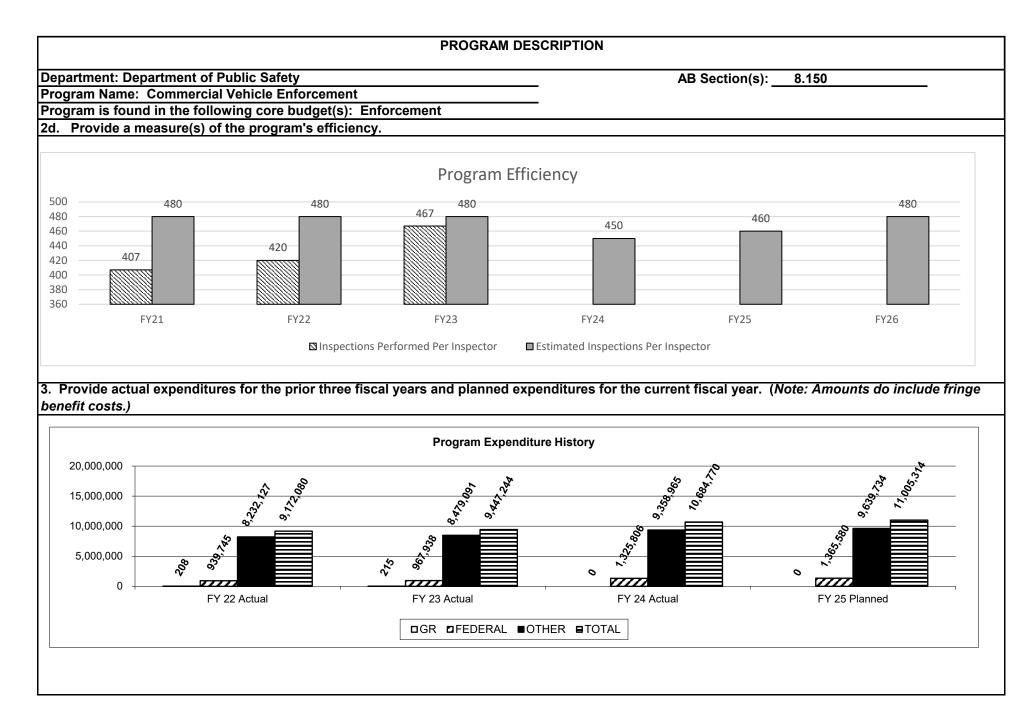
7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

The Aircraft Division is not a federally mandated program.

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION							
Department: Department of Public Safety	AB Section(s): 8.150						
Program Name: Commercial Vehicle Enforcement							
Program is found in the following core budget(s): Enforcement							
1a. What strategic priority does this program address?							
Protection and Service							
1b. What does this program do?							
 Conducts commercial vehicle inspections to enforce state statutes, Federal Hazarda Regulations (FMCSR) pertaining to the safe operation of commercial motor vehicle Manages 13 weigh/inspection stations and 39 mobile scale units used to enforce si Administration (FHWA). Provides education and outreach opportunities to the trucking industry within Miss Trains personnel from partner agencies to conduct commercial vehicle inspections Manages, in cooperation with MoDOT, the Motor Carrier Safety Assistance Program state's Commercial Vehicle Safety Plan (CVSP). Oversees the statewide operations of approximately 147 full-time inspectors/office Safety Administration (FMCSA) and FHWA rules and regulations. 2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program. 	s. Ize and weight provisions mandated by the Federal Highway souri. m (MCSAP), which provides funds to accomplish the goals of the						
Number of Inspect	ions						
60,000 54,000 48,000 46,700 49,000	000 46,000 48,000 50,000 ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓						







Department: Department of Public Safety

Program Name: Commercial Vehicle Enforcement

AB Section(s): 8.150

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Enforcement 4. What are the sources of the "Other " funds?

4. What are the sources of the Other Tunus?

Highway (0644) and OASDHI (0702), Retirement (0701)

5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.)

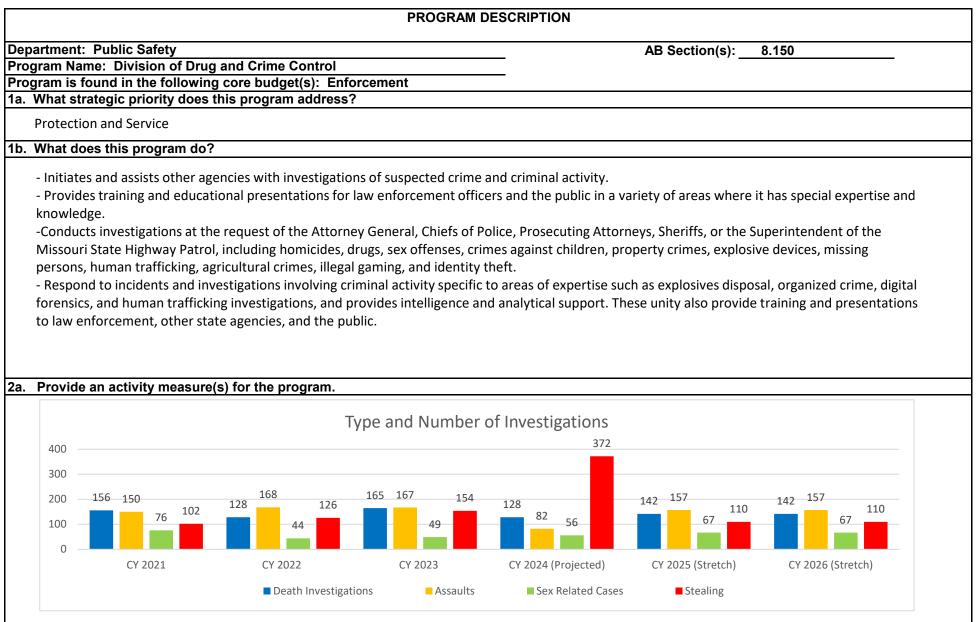
23 CFR, Part 657 mandates enforcement of size and weight regulations. 49 CFR, Part 350 describes requirements for Missouri to adopt and enforce federal rules and regulations applicable to the FMCSRs.

6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.

Yes, 5% soft match of the total funds awarded, which differs from year to year. The CVE Division uses commercial vehicle inspections as the match.

7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

Yes. The amount of Federal Highway Funds Missouri receives is tied directly to the enforcement of the size and weight regulations and statutes as set forth by the Federal government. MCSAP was authorized and mandated by the Surface Transportation Assistance Act of 1982.

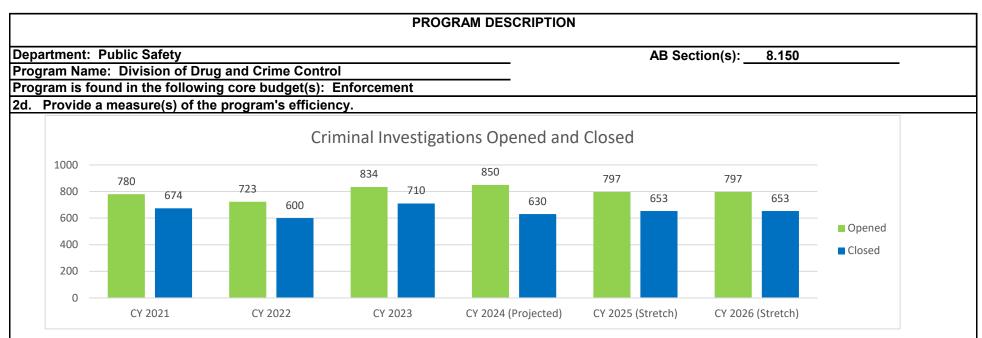


*Note: The Chart Data contained in this Program Description is specific to Criminal Investigations and does not include data related to other units operating within the Division of Drug and Crime Control, such as narcotics, rural crimes, illegal gaming, and digital forensics.

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Public Safety AB Section(s): 8.150 Program Name: Division of Drug and Crime Control Program is found in the following core budget(s): Enforcement 2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality. As part of DDCC's staff inspection conducted in 2023, an external survey was sent to outside stakeholders including sheriffs, police chiefs, and prosecutors. An overwhelming majority of the comments were positive. Several stated they were extremely satisfied with the DDCC officers assigned in their area. Also noted throughout the survey was the professionalism, dedication, and responsiveness of DDCC officers. 2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact. Number of Attendees at Law Enforcement Presentations 8,000 5,776 5,776 6,000 3,627 3,627 Presentation Attendees 3.086 3.086 3.086 3,086 4.000 2.468 Presentation Targets 2,000 473 0 CY 2021 CY 2022 CY 2023 CY 2026 (Stretch) CY 2024 (Projected) CY 2025 (Stretch)

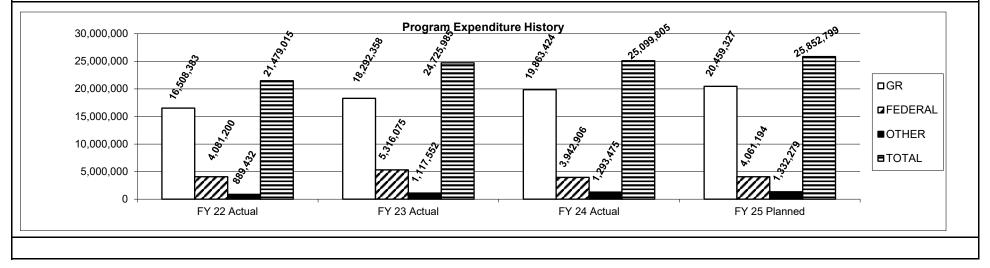
The Division of Drug and Crime Control educates outside law enforcement agencies to train and impact law enforcement activity throughout the state.

The Division of Drug and Crime Control is currently staffed with 54 Criminal Investigators, 25 Narcotics Investigators, 7 Special Victims Unit Investigators, 5 Bomb Tech Investigators, 5 Organized Crime Investigators, 2 Illegal Gaming Investigators, and 1 Public Information Officer. These investigators are located throughout the State of Missouri. Due to a shortage of officers, many investigators perform dual roles. The investigators are trained and equipped to provide subject matter expertise in all manners of investigations. According to the latest Police Allocation Manual (PAM) study, the division covers all 75 Autonomous Patrol Areas (APA), many of which are classified as rural dense and rural sparse areas that have limited local resources and depend heavily on the division for investigations of major crimes.



*Note: The Division of Drug and Crime Control responded to 100% of the death investigation requests received, and to over 96% of the special investigation requests received, in the last five years.

3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do include fringe benefit costs.)



PROGRAM DESCRIPTION				
Department: Public Safety Program Name: Division of Drug and Crime Control Program is found in the following core budget(s): Enforcement	AB Section(s): 8.150			
4. What are the sources of the "Other " funds?				
OASDHI (0702), HP Exp (0793), Retirement (0701), MCHCP (0765)				
5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.?	(Include the federal program number, if applicable.)			
The Division of Drug and Crime Control is mandated by 43.350 RSMo. Its powers a	nd procedures are authorized by 43.380 RSMo.			
6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.				
No				
7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.				
No				

Department: Public Safety

AB Section(s): 8.150

Program Name: Field Operations Bureau Program is found in the following core budget(s): Enforcement

1a. What strategic priority does this program address? Service and Protection

Protection and Service

1b. What does this program do?

Field Operations Bureau (FOB) service descriptions:

- Coordinates, plans, and analyzes the traffic and patrol functions of the nine geographic troops, which provide the full spectrum of police services to citizens throughout the state.
- Eight canine units are strategically located to assist law enforcement personnel in the detection of controlled substances, locating lost or missing persons, enhancing officer safety, and apprehending criminal suspects.
- Four 20-member Special Weapons and Tactics Teams are stationed at Troop A-Lee's Summit, Troop C-Weldon Spring, Troop D-Springfield, and Troop F-Jefferson City. The Missouri State Highway Patrol was created by the passage of Senate Bill 36 and Governor Caulfield signing the bill into law on April 24, 1931. Section 43.020 allowed for the creation of a force consisting of a superintendent, sergeants, corporals, patrolmen, and radio personnel. Members of the Patrol were vested with law enforcement powers which would supplement and not limit the duties of sheriffs, police officers, and other peace officers of this state. The primary purpose of the Highway Patrol is to enforce the traffic laws and promote safety upon the highways.ams respond to a variety of critical incidents ranging from hostage situations to high-risk warrant services.
- Twenty troopers assigned to five Major Crash Investigation Units (MCIU) are positioned throughout the state. The units reconstruct all Patrol
 investigated vehicle and vessel fatality crashes, with the exception of single vehicle, single occupant fatalities. Members of the MCIU complete
 extensive reconstruction reports, assist with felony criminal charges resulting from traffic/vessel crashes, and have advanced training in commercial
 motor vehicle investigations.
- The Driving While Impaired Victim Advocacy program provides support, information and resources to victims of alcohol/drug related traffic crashes. Patrol officers interact more often with victims than other professionals in the criminal justice system.
- The Patrol Dive Team members are located across the state and conduct dive operations to recover drowning or boating crash victims, or to recover criminal evidence for felony cases.
- FOB facilitated the Interdiction for the Protection of Children (IPC) Training. This statewide initiative assists troopers with the identification of criminal
 indicators surrounding human trafficking. These cases are often multilayered and extremely complex, which necessitates extensive documentation
 for the successful prosecution of suspects, and the recovery of victims from illicit activities.
- Public Order training is critical for an enhanced state of readiness. The Field Operations Bureau provides guidance and support, and assists with the command and control during large scale deployments. Each troop maintains multiple squads ready for rapid deployment anywhere within the state.
- Coordinates the Aircraft Division, Selective Traffic Enforcement Programs, Combined Accident Reduction Effort, criminal patrol operations, gubernatorial inauguration detail, large-scale natural disasters, and civil unrest training and statewide deployments.

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Public Safety AB Section(s): 8.150 Program Name: Field Operations Bureau Program is found in the following core budget(s): Enforcement 2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program. One of the primary goals of the Missouri State Highway Patrol is to remove impaired drivers from Missouri's roadways. National trends support a growing number of drug impaired drivers are frequenting the highways, and with the passing of Amendment 3, the number of drug impaired driving cases are expected to rise. To address this concern, the Field Operations Bureau mandated all enforcement personnel with three or more years of experience to complete Advanced Roadside Impaired Driving Enforcement (ARIDE) training. The ARIDE class focuses on identifying drug impaired drivers and provides direction to improve the documentation and prosecution of these cases. Currently, the Patrol has over 800 troopers trained in ARIDE to further address the predicted increase of drug impaired drivers. The Patrol will continue to conduct DWI saturations and will participate in national impaired driving enforcement campaigns. The Patrol's commitment to the removal of intoxicated drivers is unwavering, and new methods to address impaired driving will remain a top priority for enforcement efforts. **DWI Arrests** 7,469 7,500 7,500 7,237 6583 3.383 CY 2021 CY 2022 CY 2023 CY 2024 (Current) CY 2025 (Projected) CY 2026 (Projected) No targets are set for the number of arrests. 2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality. Members of the Missouri State Highway Patrol attend approximately 1,195 hours of instruction at its Law Enforcement Academy in order to

Members of the Missouri State Highway Patrol attend approximately 1,195 hours of instruction at its Law Enforcement Academy in order to become troopers. This is 50% more than the state requirement, with recruits scoring an average of 92% on all administered tests. This additional instruction produces extremely qualified troopers to keep Missourians safe.

Department: Public Safety

Program Name: Field Operations Bureau

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Enforcement

2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact.

The below information provides a comparison of the fatality rates for Missouri and the surrounding eight states. Many fatalities occur due to the frequency of human errors, which include a large number of contributing circumstances drivers could easily avoid. The current trends still reflect the lack of seat belt usage to be the most prominent contributing factor to Missouri's fatality rate. As of July 16, 2024, the total number of fatalities resulting from traffic crashes in Missouri was 465. There has been a slight increase in motorcycle related fatalities; 160 in 2021, 151 in 2022 and 172 in 2023. Unrestrained fatalities are one of the most critical factors that could easily change the outcome of vehicular crashes. The Missouri State Highway Patrol emphasizes the importance of seat belt usage, and will continue to participate in all National Seat Belt Enforcement Programs in an effort to educate motorists, and reduce the number of fatality crashes within Missouri.

	Fatalities		Fatality Rate per 100 Million Vehicle Miles Traveled	
<u>State</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>
Tennessee	1,217	1,327	1.59	1.61
Illinois	1,194	1,334	1.27	1.37
Missouri	987	1,016	1.36	1.27
Kentucky	780	806	1.48	1.68
Oklahoma	652	762	1.55	1.70
Arkansas	638	693	1.88	1.80
Kansas	382	424	1.53	1.34
lowa	337	356	1.13	1.08
Nebraska	233	221	1.20	1.04
USA	38,824	42,939	1.34	1.37

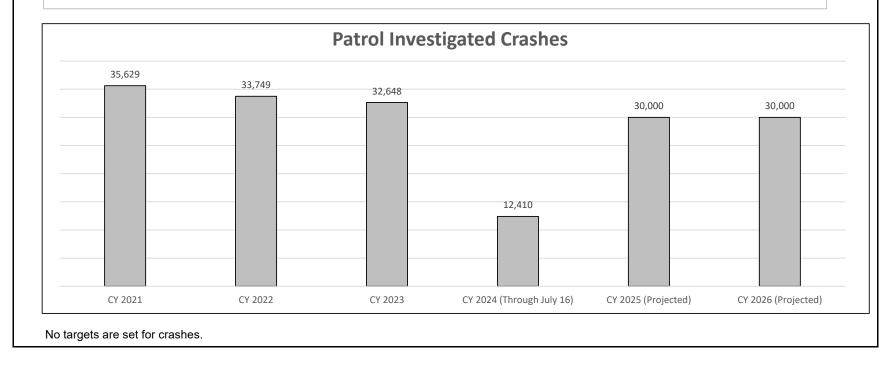
AB Section(s): 8.150

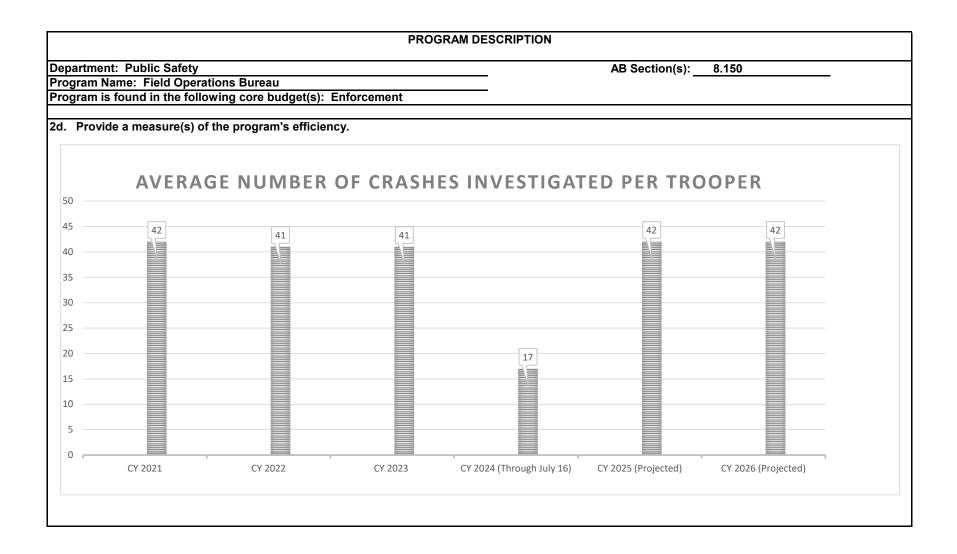
Department: Public Safety

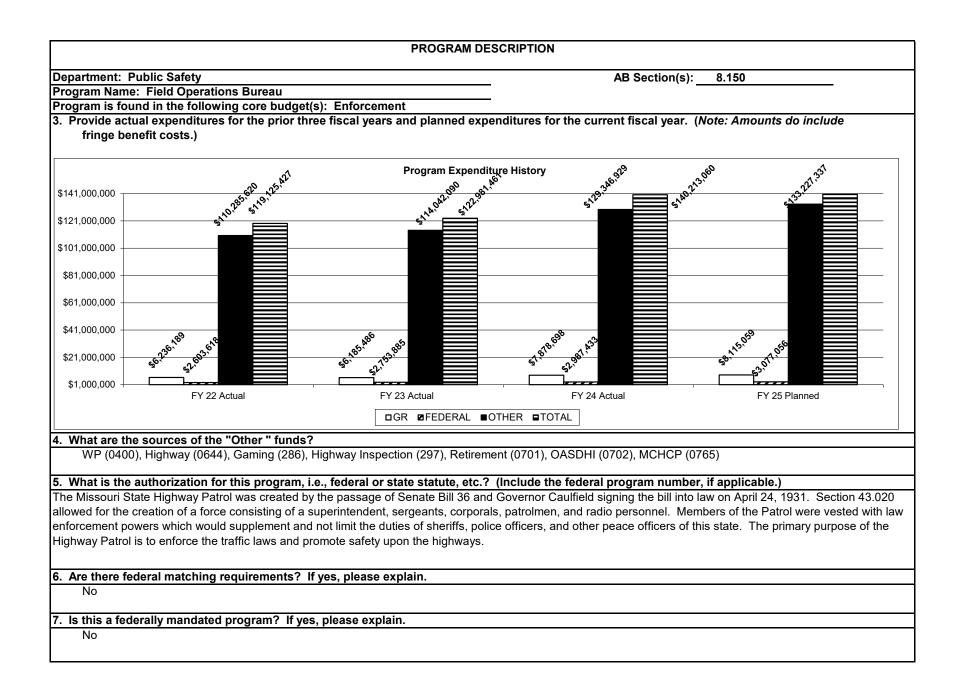
AB Section(s): 8.150

Program Name: Field Operations Bureau Program is found in the following core budget(s): Enforcement

The Missouri State Highway Patrol works diligently to reduce the number of traffic crashes within Missouri. These efforts are supported through daily enforcement and conducting specialized enforcement projects, which target hazardous moving violations; the removal of impaired drivers; and the promotion of seat belt usage within the state. The Field Operations Bureau supports national enforcement programs; works closely with surrounding states during CARE enforcement projects; ensures additional officers are working during peak travel periods; and encourages high visibility enforcement to alter driving behavior. Zone Commanders are also encouraged to adjust staffing levels according to local trends and festivities within their assigned counties.





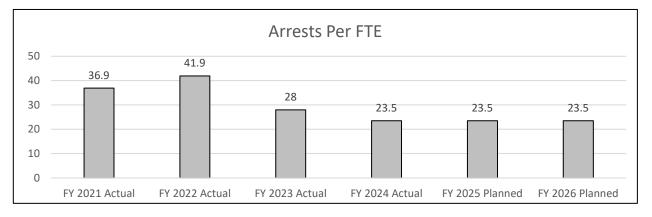


PROGRAM DESCRIPTION					
Department: Public Safety Program Name: Highway Patrol Gaming Division Program is found in the following core budget(s): Enforcement	AB Section(s): 8.150				
1a. What strategic priority does this program address? Improve operational effectiveness					
1b. What does this program do?					
 The Gaming Division works in concert with the Missouri Gaming Commission to re background investigations, criminal investigations and regulatory compliance inve suitability licensure within the gaming industry. Criminal and regulatory investigation arrests for offenses such as identity theft, counterfeiting, fraud, cheating at gam 2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program. 	stigations. The background investigations are conducted to determine tions are conducted by personnel at gaming facilities and have resulted				
There are 13 licensed casinos, 21 licensed gaming equipment suppliers, and 162 c Division Troopers made 2,165 arrests. As a result of those arrests, 588 containers fiscal year 2024, Gaming Division Troopers conducted 2,630 regulatory investigati 2024, the Investigative Unit assisted with oversight of 162 licensed charitable gam given uncertainties surrounding crime trends and potential shortages of enforcen	s of criminal evidence were added to the property control section. For ions, which resulted in 2,741 regulatory actions taken. During fiscal year ning operations. Arrests during future years are difficult to estimate,				
Number of Gaming D	ivision Arrests				
5,000 4,445 4,000 2,746					
3,000 2,000 1,000 0	2,165 2,165				
FY 2021 Actual FY 2022 Actual FY 2023 Actual	FY 2024 Actual FY 2025 Planned FY 2026 Planned				

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Public Safety AB Section(s): 8.150 Program Name: Highway Patrol Gaming Division Program is found in the following core budget(s): Enforcement 2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality. Although no official awards or recognition exist for our type of work, the Missouri State Highway Patrol's Gaming Division is routinely recognized as the leader in all activity categories by its peers at annual conferences and other functions. These categories include criminal and regulatory investigations, background investigations, and intelligence gathering/dissemination. 2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact. Since its inception, the Highway Patrol's Gaming Division has been tasked with providing for the safety and security of the state's casino gaming operations, and maintaining the integrity of the industry through strict enforcement of the regulations and thorough background investigations of potential licensees. Missouri's gaming industry has remained free from control by organized crime. Multiple instances of first responder intervention by the Gaming Division Troopers are documented yearly, most recently with numerous life-saving techniques being applied to victims of opioid overdoses.

2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency.

The FY2024 arrest statistics show a 4.5% decline over the previous year, however regulatory investigations increased 10.5% during the period. There are 92 of the 122 FTE enforcement positions filled, in contrast to 98 for the previous period. The division averaged 23.5 criminal arrests and 29.8 regulatory investigations per officer in fiscal year 2024. Future years are difficult to estimate, given uncertainties surrounding crime trends and potential shortages of enforcement personnel.



Department: Public Safety

AB Section(s): 8.150

Program Name: Highway Patrol Gaming Division Program is found in the following core budget(s): Enforcement

3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.)

See Missouri Gaming Commission Program Description for Gaming Expenditures

4. What are the sources of the "Other" funds?

N/A

5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.)

Section 314.824 RSMo. directs the Missouri Gaming Commission to provide such staff as necessary to protect the public on any gambling excursion boat. Section 313.004 (9) RSMo. permits the Missouri Gaming Commission to enter into agreements with other state agencies to carry out the duties of the Commission.

6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.

No

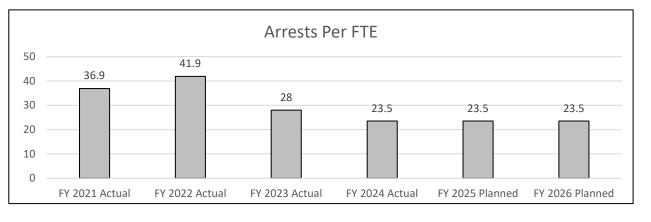
7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

No

epartment: Public Safety	y				AB Section(s):	8.150	
rogram Name: Highway				_			
rogram is found in the fo	ollowing core	budget(s): Enforce	ement				
a. What strategic priority Improve operational e	• •	ogram address?					
b. What does this progra	am do?						
background investigatior suitability licensure withi arrests for offenses such a. Provide an activity me	in the gaming i as identity the	industry. Criminal a eft, counterfeiting, f	nd regulatory investig	ations are conducted	by personnel at gamir	ng facilities and have	
There are 13 licensed ca Division Troopers made fiscal year 2024, Gaming 2024, the Investigative L given uncertainties surro	2,165 arrests. g Division Troo Unit assisted w	As a result of those pers conducted 2,63 vith oversight of 162	e arrests, 588 containe 30 regulatory investiga licensed charitable ga	rs of criminal evidenc ations, which resulted ming operations. Arr	e were added to the p in 2,741 regulatory ac	property control secting to the secting to the section of the sect	on. For fiscal year
Division Troopers made fiscal year 2024, Gaming 2024, the Investigative U	2,165 arrests. g Division Troo Unit assisted w	As a result of those pers conducted 2,63 with oversight of 162 trends and potentia	e arrests, 588 containe 30 regulatory investiga licensed charitable ga	rs of criminal evidenc ations, which resulted aming operations. Arr ement personnel.	e were added to the p in 2,741 regulatory ac	property control secting to the secting to the section of the sect	on. For fiscal year
Division Troopers made fiscal year 2024, Gaming 2024, the Investigative U	2,165 arrests. g Division Troo Unit assisted w ounding crime	As a result of those pers conducted 2,63 with oversight of 162 trends and potentia	e arrests, 588 containe 30 regulatory investiga licensed charitable ga al shortages of enforce	rs of criminal evidenc ations, which resulted aming operations. Arr ement personnel.	e were added to the p in 2,741 regulatory ac	property control secting to the secting to the section of the sect	on. For fiscal year
Division Troopers made fiscal year 2024, Gaming 2024, the Investigative U given uncertainties surro	2,165 arrests. g Division Troo Unit assisted w	As a result of those pers conducted 2,63 with oversight of 162 trends and potentia	e arrests, 588 containe 30 regulatory investiga licensed charitable ga al shortages of enforce	rs of criminal evidenc ations, which resulted aming operations. Arr ement personnel. Division Arrests	e were added to the p in 2,741 regulatory ac rests during future yea	property control secti ctions taken. During ars are difficult to esti	on. For fiscal year
Division Troopers made fiscal year 2024, Gaming 2024, the Investigative U given uncertainties surro	2,165 arrests. g Division Troo Unit assisted w ounding crime	As a result of those pers conducted 2,63 with oversight of 162 trends and potentia	e arrests, 588 containe 30 regulatory investiga licensed charitable ga al shortages of enforce umber of Gaming	rs of criminal evidenc ations, which resulted aming operations. Arr ement personnel.	e were added to the p in 2,741 regulatory ac	property control secting to the secting to the section of the sect	on. For fiscal year
Division Troopers made fiscal year 2024, Gaming 2024, the Investigative L given uncertainties surro	2,165 arrests. g Division Troo Unit assisted w ounding crime	As a result of those pers conducted 2,63 with oversight of 162 trends and potentia	e arrests, 588 containe 30 regulatory investiga licensed charitable ga al shortages of enforce umber of Gaming	rs of criminal evidenc ations, which resulted aming operations. Arr ement personnel. Division Arrests	e were added to the p in 2,741 regulatory ac rests during future yea	property control secti ctions taken. During ars are difficult to esti	on. For fiscal year

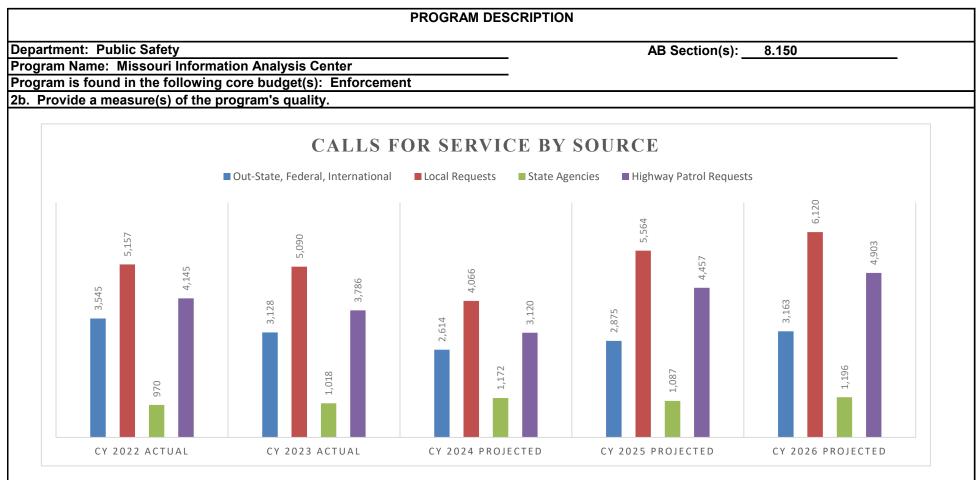
PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Public Safety AB Section(s): 8.150 Program Name: Highway Patrol Gaming Division Program is found in the following core budget(s): Enforcement 2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality. Although no official awards or recognition exist for our type of work, the Missouri State Highway Patrol's Gaming Division is routinely recognized as the leader in all activity categories by its peers at annual conferences and other functions. These categories include criminal and regulatory investigations, background investigations, and intelligence gathering/dissemination. 2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact. Since its inception, the Highway Patrol's Gaming Division has been tasked with providing for the safety and security of the state's casino gaming operations, and maintaining the integrity of the industry through strict enforcement of the regulations and thorough background investigations of potential licensees. Missouri's gaming industry has remained free from control by organized crime. Multiple instances of first responder intervention by the Gaming Division Troopers are documented yearly, most recently with numerous life-saving techniques being applied to victims of opioid overdoses. 2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency. The FY2024 arrest statistics show a 4.5% decline over the previous year, however regulatory investigations increased 10.5% during the period. There are 92 of the 122 FTE enforcement positions filled, in contrast to 98 for the previous period. The division averaged 23.5 criminal arrests and 29.8 regulatory investigations per officer in fiscal year 2024. Future years are difficult to estimate, given uncertainties surrounding crime trends and potential shortages of

enforcement personnel.



PROGRAM DESCRIPTION				
Department: Public Safety	AB Section(s): 8.150			
Program Name: Highway Patrol Gaming Division				
Program is found in the following core budget(s): Enforcement				
3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expendi fringe benefit costs.) See Missouri Gaming Commission Program Description for Gaming Expendit				
4. What are the sources of the "Other" funds?				
5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (In	clude the federal program number, if applicable.)			
Section 314.824 RSMo. directs the Missouri Gaming Commission to provide such staff Section 313.004 (9) RSMo. permits the Missouri Gaming Commission to enter into ag Commission.				
6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.				
No				
7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.				
No				

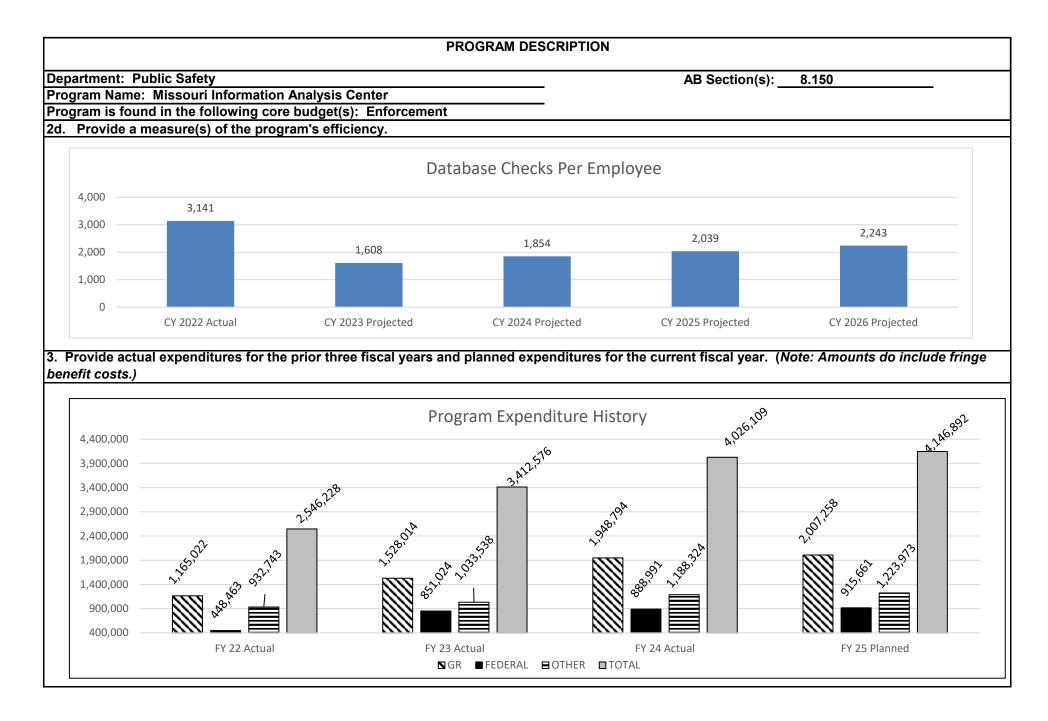
PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Public Safety 8.150 AB Section(s): Program Name: Missouri Information Analysis Center Program is found in the following core budget(s): Enforcement 1a. What strategic priority does this program address? Protection and Service 1b. What does this program do? -Support the exchange of intelligence information for all investigative and drug units within the Patrol's Division of Drug and Crime Control and nine troop headquarters, as well as city, county, state and federal law enforcement and administrative agencies. -Serves as Missouri's 24/7 information center, which is the point of contact for information from local, state and federal agencies, as well as INTERPOL. an international information and investigation network. -Serves as a public collection point for information/tips/complaints received from citizens of the state in reference to criminal investigations, public health emergencies, homeland security issues, natural disasters, and tips to prevent school violence. -Serves as a liaison between state public health agencies, federal disaster recovery entities, state disaster recovery agencies and other administrative agencies within state government. -Provides analytical support to law enforcement on Homeland Security matters as well as other events or criminal activity such as homicides, robberies, burglaries, drug trafficking and the numerous reports of theft within the State of Missouri. -Supports the Missouri Department of Corrections and the United States Marshals Service in assisting with absconder/fugitive apprehension. -Provides training and educational presentations for law enforcement officers and the public in a variety of areas where it has special expertise and knowledge. 2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program. **MIAC** Queries for Law Enforcement (Local, State, Out of State, Federal and International) 75.382 80,000 70.000 60,000 53,840 48,946 44,496 50,000 38,586 40.000 30,000 20,000 10.000 0 CY 2022 Actual CY 2023 Actual CY 2024 Projected CY 2025 Projected CY 2026 Projected



The division responds to 100% of the calls, and of the feedback surveys received, **100% were positive**.

2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact.

The division works with all 615 city police departments, 114 county sheriffs and prosecuting attorneys, federal and state law enforcement agencies located in the State of Missouri, as well as other states and Eastern/Western District United States attorneys. MIAC helps these agencies gather data to solve crimes and apprehend suspects. This aid impacts the criminal justice system dramatically in the State of Missouri.



PROGRAM DESCRIPTION				
Department: Public Safety	AB Section(s): 8.150			
Program Name: Missouri Information Analysis Center				
Program is found in the following core budget(s): Enforcement				
4. What are the sources of the "Other" funds?				
Highway (0644), OASDHI (0702), Gaming (0286), Retirement (0701)				
5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Inc	clude the federal program number, if applicable.)			
Federal Department of Justice Report, Recommended Fusion Center Standards				
6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.				
No				
7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.				
No				

AB Section(s):

08.150

Department: Public Safety

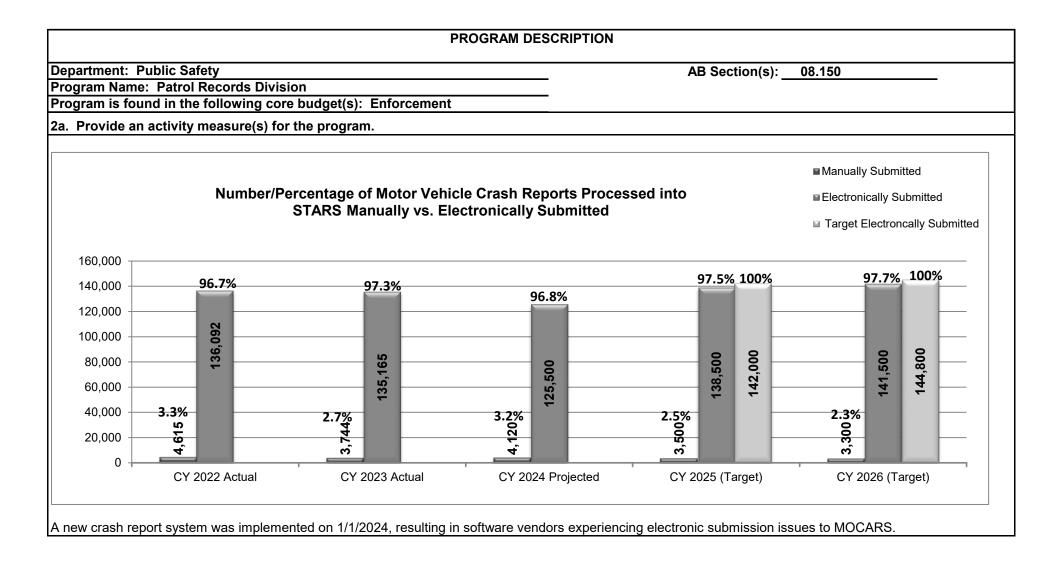
Program Name: Patrol Records Division

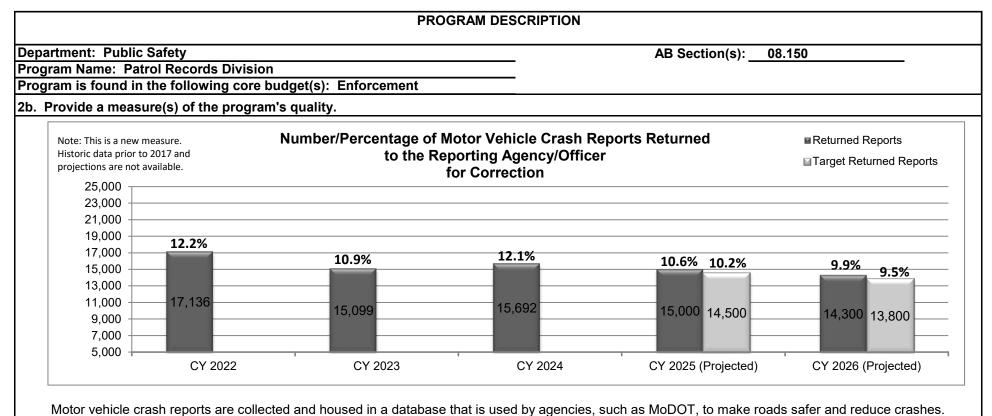
Program is found in the following core budget(s): Enforcement

1a. What strategic priority does this program address? Improve operational effectiveness.

1b. What does this program do?

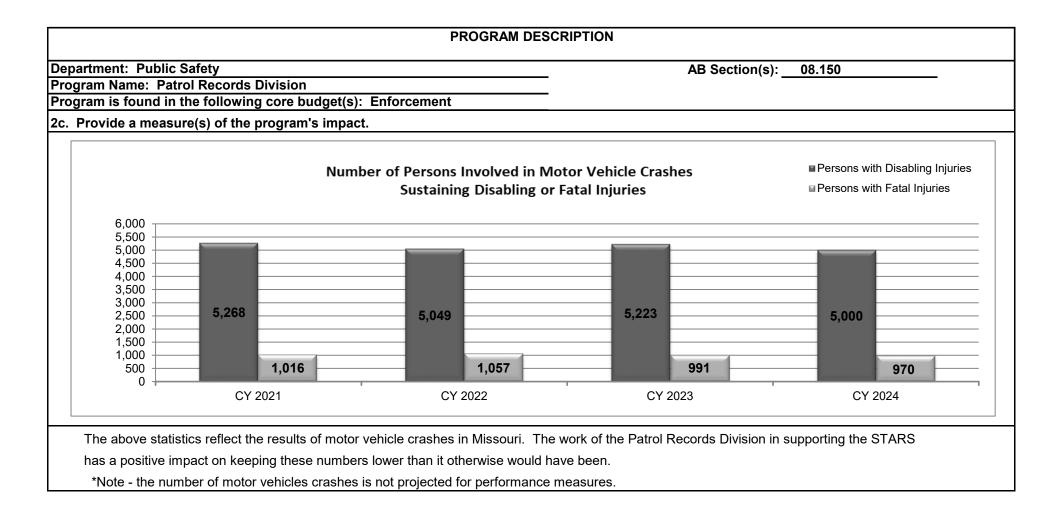
- Collects, processes, and disseminates data, statistics, and reports pertaining to Missouri's motor vehicle traffic crash experiences. Data and crash reports gleaned are maintained in the Missouri Crash Analysis Reporting System (MOCARS), formerly the Statewide Traffic Accident Records System (STARS).
- Collects, processes, and disseminates data, statistics, and reports pertaining to Missouri's alcohol and drug-related traffic offense experiences, as well as boating crashes investigated and arrests completed by the Missouri State Highway Patrol.
- Provides training to statewide law enforcement officers, prosecutors, and court personnel on the requirements for reporting information to the Patrol.
- Depersonalized motor vehicle crash data is available for analysis by local, state, and federal government agencies as well as private entities that have a vested interest in improving safety on Missouri and the nation's roadways. The data is also used extensively by the Patrol in measuring achievement toward various dimensions of its strategic plan as well as the Missouri Department of Transportation in the development of Missouri's Highway Safety Plan to the U.S. Department of Transportation.

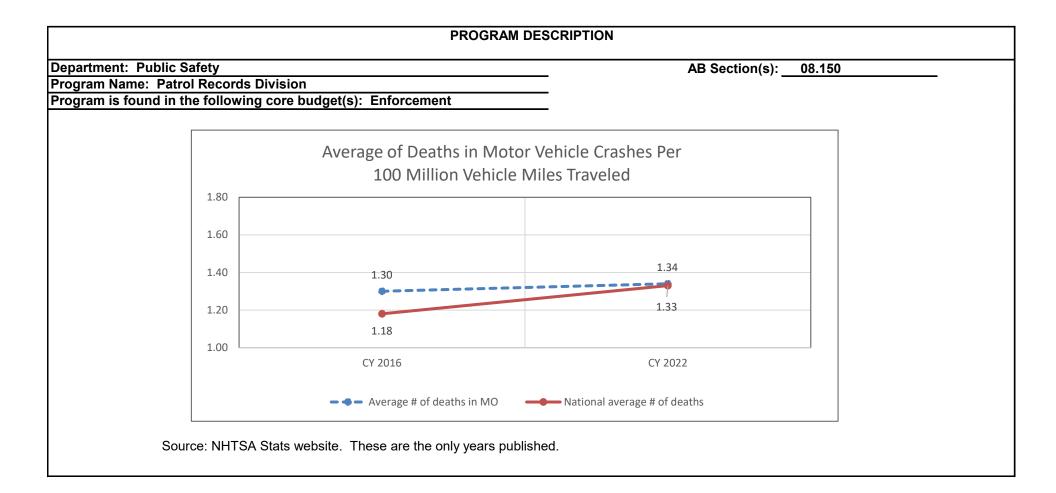




The better quality information we can provide, the better and safer the users can make Missouri roads.

On 01/01/2024 a newly revised MO Uniform Crash Report was implemented, which resulted in an increase of reports returned for correction.





PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Public Safety AB Section(s): 08.150 Program Name: Patrol Records Division Program is found in the following core budget(s): Enforcement 2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency. Manual Number of Days from the Crash Date for Crash Reports to be Processed into **STARS Manual vs. Electronic** -Electronic 150 125 Number of Days 100 77.61 72.65 70.00 67.00 75 65.50 50 38.72 36.50 25 34.50 26.70 20.03 0 CY 2024 Projected CY 2025 Target CY 2026 Target CY 2022 Actual CY 2023 Actual

This chart reflects an increase in processing manual/hard copy reports and a decrease in electronically submitted reports for calendar year 2023. Considering more agencies are submitting crash reports electronically, the volume of these reports has increased. Timely motor vehicle crash data is essential for analysis and development of countermeasures. The overall target is to expand electronically submitted crash reports so that all crash reports/data can be processed into the MOCARS within 30 days or less from the crash date. The long term goal is to process these reports under 25 days. January 1, 2024 saw the implementation of a new crash report. Not only was there a learning curve for Patrol Records Division staff, but electronic crash report vendors had difficulty maintaining system edit requirements, and the first few months of 2024 saw multiple reports being rejected for edit errors.

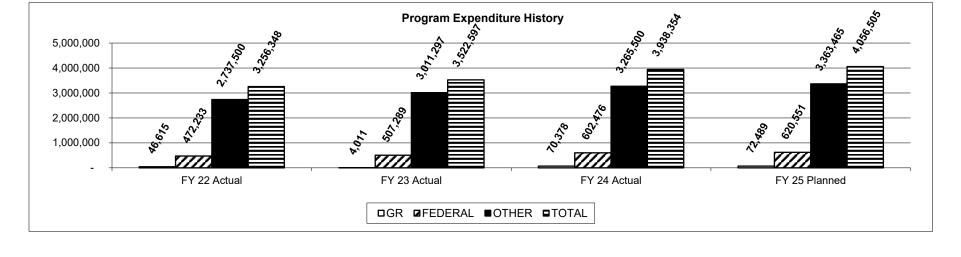
Department: Public Safety

AB Section(s): 08.150

Program Name: Patrol Records Division

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Enforcement

3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do include fringe benefit costs.)



4. What are the sources of the "Other" funds?

Hwy (644), Water Patrol (0400), Crim Rec Sys (671), OASDHI (702), Traffic Records (758), Deferred Comp (706)

Department: Public Safety

Program Name: Patrol Records Division

AB Section(s): 08.150

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Enforcement

5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.)

Section 43.250, RSMo, requires every law enforcement officer who investigates a vehicle crash resulting in an injury to or death of a person, or total property damage of five hundred dollars or more to one person, or who otherwise prepares a report as a result of an investigation to forward a copy of their crash investigative report to the Missouri State Highway Patrol (Patrol Records Division) within ten days from the completion of their investigation. (There are no penalties for non-compliance of this section of the Missouri Revised Statutes.) Section 302.225, RSMo, requires every court having jurisdiction over offenses committed under sections 302.010 to 302.780, RSMo, or any other state law, county, or municipal ordinance regulating the operation of vehicles on highways to forward a record of any plea or finding of guilty of any person violating the aforementioned laws or ordinances. Section 302.225, RSMo, further requires the Highway Patrol to enter records relating to offenses involving alcohol, controlled substances, or drugs into the Missouri Uniform Law Enforcement System (MULES). Section 302.592, RSMo, requires courts to forward a record of the disposition of a court proceeding involving a violation of any criminal offense, infraction, or ordinance involving operation of a vehicle while intoxicated or with an excessive blood alcohol content to the Patrol for inclusion into MULES. Section 306.170, RSMo, requires any information compiled or otherwise available to the Missouri State Highway Patrol's Water Patrol Division pursuant to subsection 2 of section 306.140 (watercraft collision, accident, or other casualty to be filed with the Water Patrol Division) shall be transmitted to said official or agency of the United States. Section 610.023, RSMo, requires each public governmental body to appoint a custodian who is to be responsible for the maintenance of that body's records.

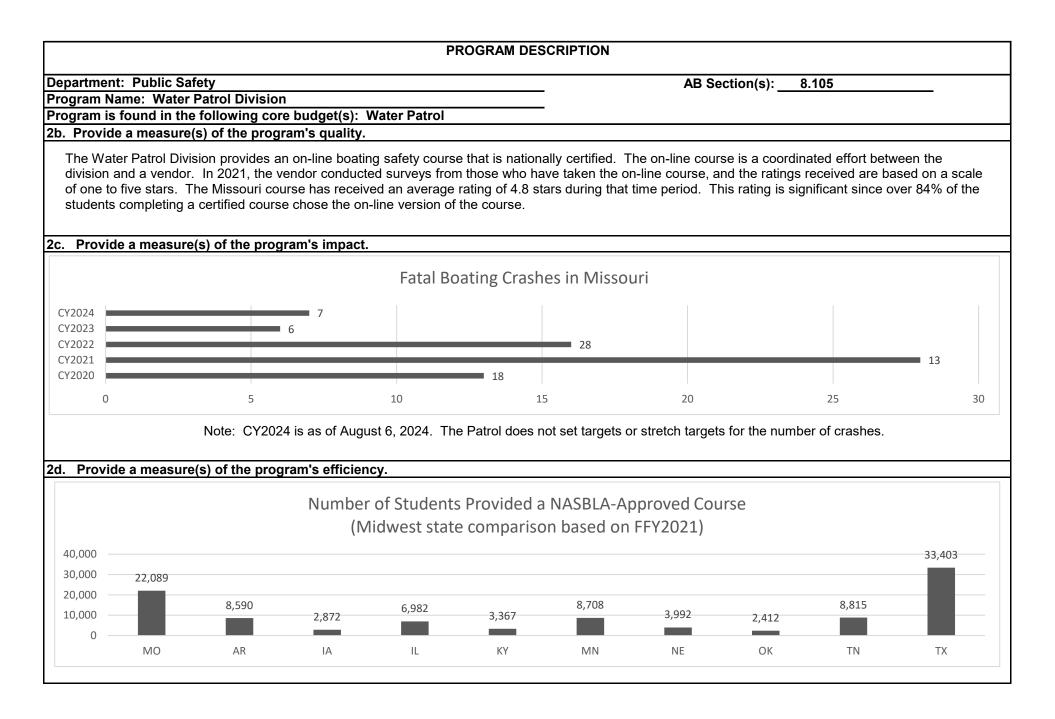
6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.

No.

7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

No.

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Public Safety AB Section(s): 8.105 Program Name: Water Patrol Division Program is found in the following core budget(s): Water Patrol 1a. What strategic priority does this program address? Protection and Service 1b. What does this program do? This program is designed to provide a safe environment and quality public service for citizens and visitors while they utilize the waters of Missouri by: •Educating on recreational boating and water safety through programs, enforcement activities, and media resources. •Providing professional marine enforcement, visibility, and emergency response on the water with approximately 66 marine troopers assigned to waterways. •Providing marine recovery efforts for victims of boating crashes and drownings in addition to evidence recovery for crimes, including advanced marine recovery capabilities by a 12-member statewide dive team. •Providing the state's primary response to flood waters. Troopers assigned to fulfill the field mission of the Water Patrol Division receive extensive training in marine operations. The Water Patrol Division oversees the training provided to those officers. In addition to an initial four week marine academy training, a minimum 40 days of task oriented marine field training is required. Additional training includes swift water training and annual marine in-service training. Marine operation troopers are required to successfully complete a validated swim test each year. 2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program. **Certified Boating Course Students** 24,500 24,000 23.750 24,000 23,500 23.355 23,500 23.034 22,728 23,000 22,500 22,000 FY2025 (projected) FY2022 FY2023 FY2024 FY2026 (projected) FY2027 (projected)



PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Public Safety AB Section(s): 8.105 Program Name: Water Patrol Division Program is found in the following core budget(s): Water Patrol 3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do include fringe benefit costs.) 3 Program Expenditure History 2,000,000 1,500,000 26.08b ₹98.5° 1.000.000 500,000 0 FY 22 Actual FY 23 Actual FY 24 Actual FY 25 Planned □GR □FEDERAL ■OTHER ■TOTAL 4. What are the sources of the "Other " funds? Water Patrol (0400), Drug Forfeiture (0194), Retirement (0701), OASDHI (0702), MCHCP (0765) 5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.) Authorization for this program exists in Chapter 43 and 306. As part of Missouri's receipt of United States Coast Guard federal grant money, generally around two million dollars per year, Missouri's recreational boating safety program must include (46 USC 131):

- A cooperative boating safety assistance program with the United States Coast Guard.
- Sufficient patrol to ensure adequate enforcement of applicable state boating safety laws and regulations.
- An adequate state boating safety education program.
- An approved system for reporting marine casualties (boating crashes).

6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.

Yes, the federal funding has up to a 50% match depending on the grant.

7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

No.

Department: Public Safety

Program Name: Crime Laboratory

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Crime Lab

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

Improve operational effectiveness

1b. What does this program do?

- The Crime Laboratory Division provides forensic science support to the Missouri State Highway Patrol as well as to other law enforcement agencies throughout the State of Missouri by analyzing evidence recovered through criminal investigations.
- The Crime Laboratory Division is responsible for the Offender DNA Profiling program in Missouri and serves as the State CODIS Administrator.
- The services the laboratory provides are as follows:
 - Drug Chemistry conducts analyses of evidence confiscated during investigations involving dangerous drugs and clandestine labs.
 - Toxicology analyzes blood, urine, and other biological fluids for alcohol and drugs. The Toxicology section performs analyses for a variety of investigation types, including driving while intoxicated (DWI) cases.
 - DNA Casework/DNA Screening works criminal cases involving homicide and sexual assault, as well as other types of crimes. The section locates and identifies biological fluids and obtains DNA profiles from crime scene evidence.
 - CODIS develops DNA profiles of convicted offenders, arrestees, registered sex offenders, and other samples required by law and uploads the profiles to the CODIS (Combined DNA Index System) database where they are searched against crime scene DNA profiles.
 - Firearms/Toolmark receives and examines evidence related to firearms, firearm components, ammunition, expended ammunition components as well as toolmarks.
 - Latent Prints locates, examines and compares friction ridge impressions, footwear and tire tread impressions that are imparted on items left at crime scenes. Latent prints are entered into AFIS (Automated Fingerprint Identification System) and searched against a database of individuals.
 - Trace Evidence analyzes evidence from crime scenes such as hairs, fibers, fire debris, explosives, gunshot residue, paint, glass, etc.

AB Section(s): 08.170

AB Section(s):

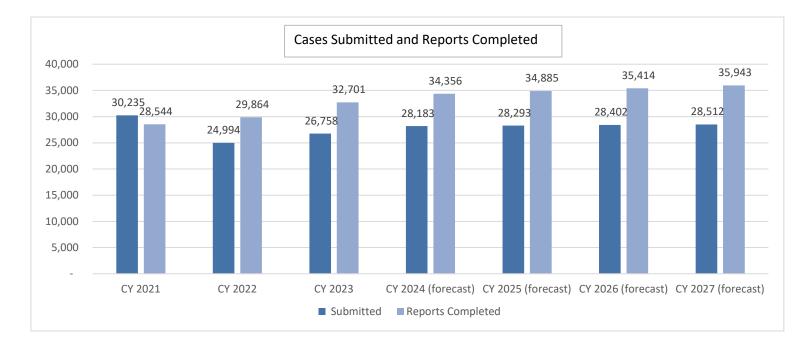
08.170

Department: Public Safety

Program Name: Crime Laboratory

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Crime Lab

2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program



- The Highway Patrol Crime Laboratory receives an average of 28,066 forensic cases per year (calculated over 10 years). A criminal case, in common law jurisdictions, begins when a crime is committed. Any evidence of the perpetration of a crime, or linking of individuals to the crime, can be submitted to the crime lab as a case.
- The chart above demonstrates that we are completing more reports per year than we are receiving, this is primarily due to multiple reports being

AB Section(s):

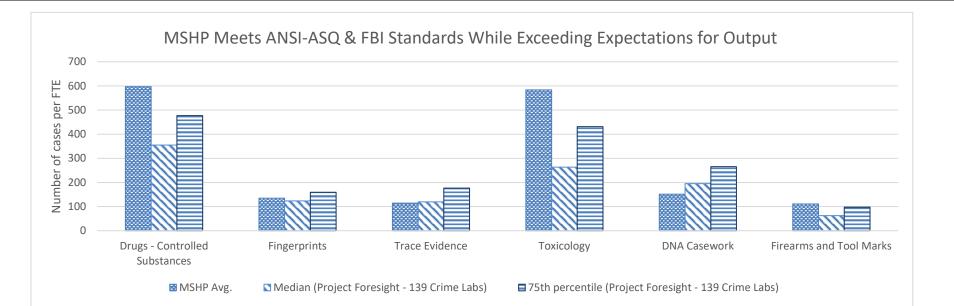
08.170

Department: Public Safety

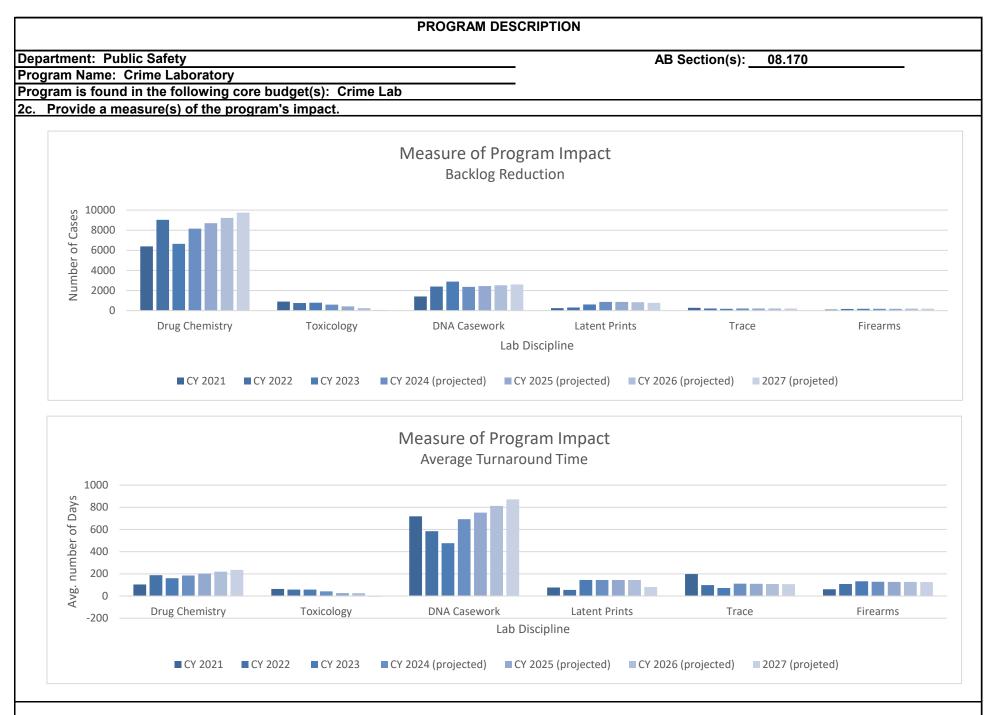
Program Name: Crime Laboratory

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Crime Lab

2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality



The Crime Laboratory Division is internationally accredited by the ANSI-ASQ National Accreditation Board (ANAB). Every year the laboratory is required to remain in compliance with not only the ANAB, but the FBI Quality Assurance Standards for Forensic DNA Testing Laboratories and Databasing Laboratories. In CY 2023, the MSHP Crime Laboratory was in compliance with over 500 internationally recognized standards and regulations and remains above or near the median in case output, in most disciplines, when compared to an external benchmark, 139 Crime Laboratories in the United States



The program exists to perform timely forensic science services for the Criminal Justice system; however, the program has had backlogs and lengthy

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Public Safety AB Section(s): 08.170 Program Name: Crime Laboratory Program is found in the following core budget(s): Crime Lab turnaround times in some laboratory disciplines. Looking at a stretch to 2027, it appears as though this trend will continue or in some instances plateau. The submission of sexual assault cases have negatively impacted DNA. Adding programs in DNA such as Outsourcing of SAK's and Rapid DNA, have increased backlogs and turnaround times. Turnover of personnel and changes to policy have also negatively impacted backlog and 2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency. Cost Per Case \$4,000.00 \$3.000.00 \$2,000.00 \$1,000.00 \$0.00 **Drugs - Controlled** Fingerprints **Trace Evidence** Toxicology DNA Casework Firearms and Tool Marks Substances Median Cost (Project Foresight-139 Laboratories) ■ MSHP By comparing the costs of analyses at the MSHP Crime Laboratory to that of the Project Foresight data (Project FORESIGHT Annual Report, 2021-2022) we demonstrate that we are efficiently using our resources as our costs are at, or below, the median cost, in most instances, of 139 surveyed crime laboratories in all disciplines; However costs have increase significantly in recent years. We are meeting expectations and have demonstrated responsible resource management. Our Stretch goal for CY25-CY27 is to keep costs down and continue fiscal responsibility.

rtment:	Public Safety			A	B Section(s): 08.17	70
	ne: Crime Laborato				. /	
am is fo	ound in the followir	ng core budget(s): Crim	e Lab			
			Turnaround Tir	me in Days (TAT)		
500 —						
500 —						
400						
300 —						
200						
100 —						
0						
	Toxicology	Drugs - Controlled Substances	Fingerprints	Firearms and Tool Marks	DNA Casework	Trace Evidence
	■ MSHP TAT	2023 🖸 Median TAT (Pro	oject Foresight-139 Labora	tories)	T (Project Foresight-139 La	boratories)
Desnit	e comparatively hig	h output per FTF as demo	unstrated above in cha	rt 2b, case turnaround time	in most disciplines is h	Jigh when compared to
•				data illustrate an overcapac	• •	•

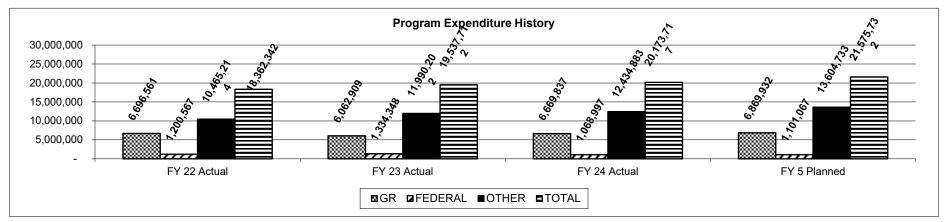
Department: Public Safety

AB Section(s): 08.170

Program Name: Crime Laboratory

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Crime Lab

3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (*Note: Amounts do include fringe benefit costs.*)



4. What are the sources of the "Other" funds?

Forensic Lab (591), Hwy (644), Crim Rec Sys (671), OASDHI (702), DNA Profiling (772)

5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.)

The Crime Laboratory Division provides support to the Patrol in fulfilling its responsibilities outlined in RSMo., Chapter 43.025 and 43.380. In addition, RSMo., Chapter 650.050-650.100 establishes a felon and sexual offender DNA Profiling program within the Highway Patrol. The Crime Laboratory is designated the State Repository for the DNA samples and the corresponding CODIS database.

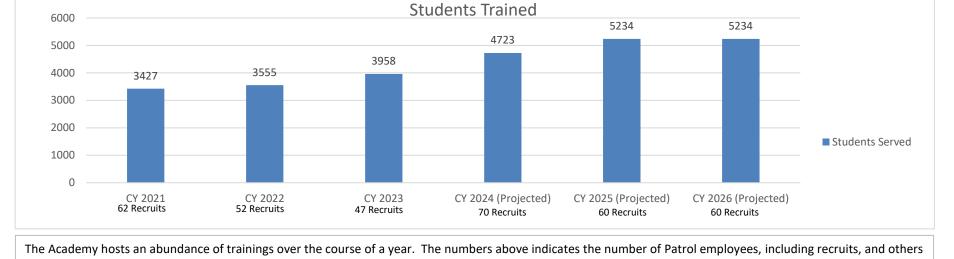
6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.

No

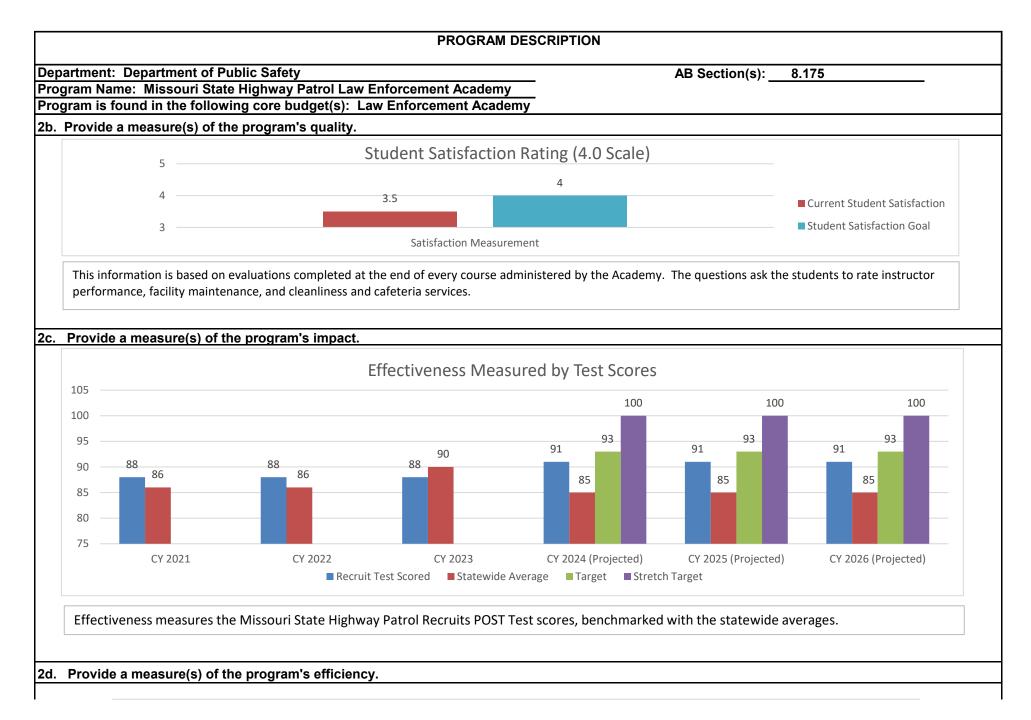
7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

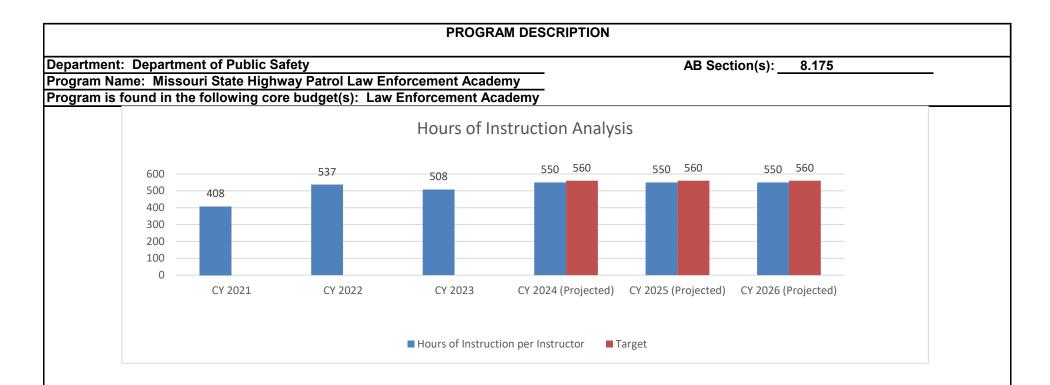
No

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Department of Public Safety AB Section(s): 8.175 Program Name: Missouri State Highway Patrol Law Enforcement Academy Program is found in the following core budget(s): Law Enforcement Academy 1a. What strategic priority does this program address? Improve Operational Effectiveness 1b. What does this program do? -Trains Patrol recruits by providing a structured, para-military training environment that will challenge the recruit physically, mentally, and academically to prepare them for a three month field training process. -Provides centralized training programs by coordinating, preparing, and conducting continuing, and recertification courses throughout the state. -Coordinates instructor selection, training, evaluation, and certification in accordance with Department of Public Safety, Peace Officer Standards and Training (POST) regulations. The Academy is an approved peace officer training center under Chapter 590 RSMo. -Serves over 200 law enforcement agencies throughout Missouri and the United States 2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program.



from outside departments such as Police Departments, Sheriff's Departments and Department of Conservation etc., attending training at the Academy.





While the main focus of the Academy is training MSHP recruits, the Academy continues to offer more specialized law enforcement training classes. When the academy instructors are not teaching, they continually further their education by attending training themselves and updating lesson plans, to include the most current information available.

It costs approximately \$15,500 per recruit for training materials, lodging, and meals during their 25 weeks of training. The Academy has its own dormitory and cafeteria, therefore keeping costs at a minimum, versus lodging at a hotel and eating at an outside facility. The Patrol estimates the daily cost at \$112 per day, which includes meals and lodging. The average cost of lodging, between the two hotels the academy uses for overflow, is \$95 per day, plus any local lodging tax, and this figure does not include daily meals.

Department: Department of Public Safety

AB Section(s): 8.175

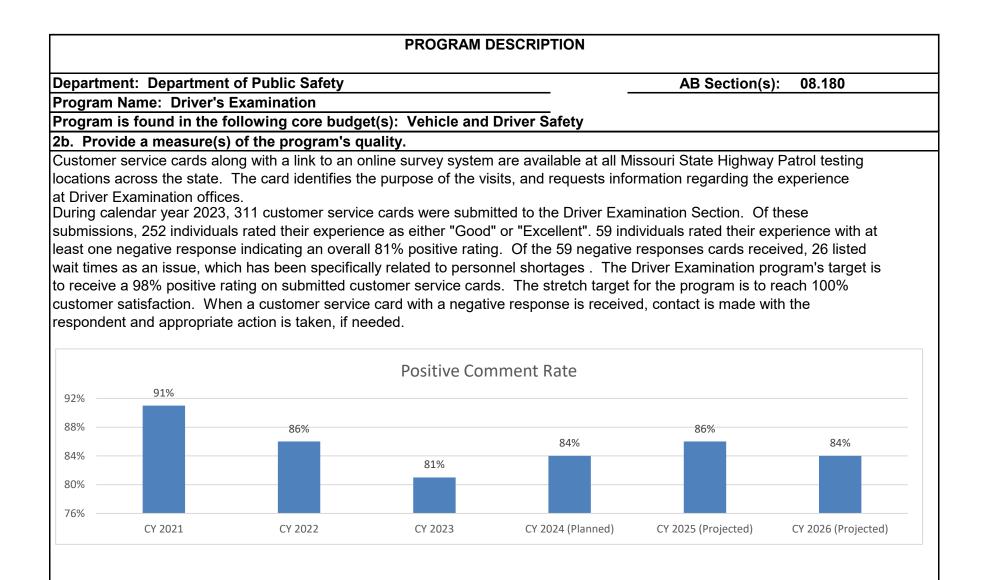
Program Name: Missouri State Highway Patrol Law Enforcement Academy

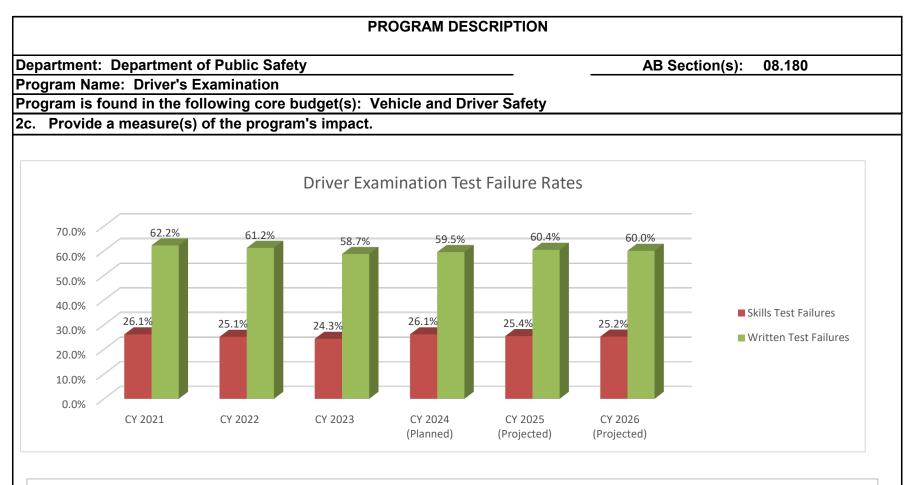
Program is found in the following core budget(s): Law Enforcement Academy

3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.)

		Program Expenditur	e History	Solution of the second				
11,000,000	50,05 ²	6 638,633						
6,000,000		\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$						
1,000,000	FY 22 Actual	FY 23 Actual	FY 24 Actual	FY 25 Planned				
		□GR ØFEDERAL ∎OTH						
4. What are th	ne sources of the "Other " funds?							
Hwy (0644),	, Gaming (0286), WP (0400), HPA (0674), Ret	tirement (0701), OASDHE (070	2) and MCHCP (0765)					
5. What is the	e authorization for this program, i.e., fed	eral or state statute, etc.?	(Include the federal program numb	er, if applicable.)				
training and o authority for	Chapter 43,020 RSMo requires Highway Patrol personnel to have all powers necessary to fully and effectively carry out the purposes of Chapter 43. This includes the basic training and continuing education requirements necessary to maintain peace officer certification per Chapter 590 RSMo. Sections 590.145 and 33.080 RSMO are sources of authority for the existence and use of HPA funds.							
6. Are there fe	ederal matching requirements? If yes, p	lease explain.						
No								
7. Is this a fee	derally mandated program? If yes, pleas	se explain.						
No								

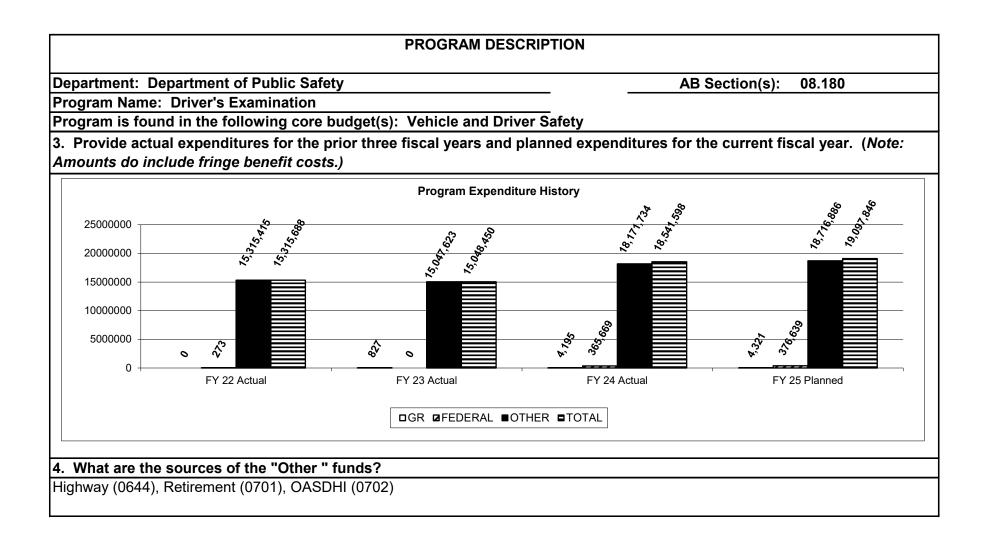
PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Department of Public Safety AB Section(s): 08.180 **Program Name: Driver's Examination** Program is found in the following core budget(s): Vehicle and Driver Safety 1a. What strategic priority does this program address? **Protection and Service** 1b. What does this program do? • Verifies drivers have the knowledge and skills required for safe operation of motor vehicles of all classes, including motorcycle and all levels of commercial vehicles. • Screens applicants for proper identification and documents prior to testing, as well as administers written, vision, highway sign recognition, and driver skills tests. Audits employees' skills testing at least annually to ensure regulation compliance, and performs weekly monitoring of written tests. • Conducts annual site audits of all 3rd party CDL testers. Conducts "re-examinations" on a minimum of ten percent (10%) of applicants who have tested at 3rd party sites to detect and help prevent fraud. • Conducts training and recertification of all 3rd party examiners. Conducts training and recertification of all state examiners. Driver testing is currently administered in all 114 counties of the state at 156 total locations; of these 18 are permanent sites, 123 are travel sites, and 15 are CDL sites. 2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program. Driver Examination Tests Administered 1,000,000 599,790 575.283 529.773 570,120 568,742 560,979 500,000 193,803 197,327 188,465 193,479 193,269 192,254 CY 2021 CY 2022 CY 2023 CY 2024 (Planned) CY 2025 (Projected) CY 2026 (Projected) Written Tests Administered Skills Tests Administered The tests administered include all forms of written knowledge-based tests provided at our 18 permanent sites, and 124 travel locations in various areas around the state. They also include all forms of driving skill-based tests provided at those sites, along with the pre-trip, basic CDL





The examination of driving knowledge and driving skills is performed in a uniformed manner throughout the state, and remains fairly consistent in results each year. CDL knowledge exams are provided by federal resources. Class E and F knowledge exams are from material found in the Missouri Driver Guide, and are regularly reviewed for accuracy, law updates, etc.

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Department of Public Safety AB Section(s): 08.180 Program Name: Driver's Examination Program is found in the following core budget(s): Vehicle and Driver Safety 2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency. The federal standard as established by the Federal Motor Carriers Safety Administration for CDL skills examination wait time is seven days. The average wait time at CDL sites (using August of each year for consistent measure) has been in compliance since 2019. These times are monitored each month and responsive measures are taken any time the backlog begins to build. Backlog for the state has steadily declined since the beginning of 2023 in part due to some decreased demand, efficiencies gained from reallocations of personnel and resources, and the switch to the modernized CDL testing model. CDL Backlog (days) 8.5 9.0 8.0 7.0 6.0 5.8 5.8 6.0 5.0 5.0 4.0 4.0 3.0 2.0 1.0 0.0 CY2021 CY2022 CY 2024 (Planned) CY 2024 (Projected) CY 2025 (Projected) CY 2023



Department: Department of Public Safety

AB Section(s): 08.180

Program Name: Driver's Examination

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Vehicle and Driver Safety

5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.)

Section 302.173, RSMo., authorizes the Missouri State Highway Patrol to conduct driver examinations for obtaining a driver's license.

Section 302.720, RSMo., authorizes the Missouri State Highway Patrol to conduct commercial driver examinations for obtaining a commercial driver license.

Section 302.721, RSMo., requires the Missouri State Highway Patrol to "re-examine" a minimum of ten percent (10%) of those drivers who have passed the CDL skills examination administered by a certified third-party commercial driver license examination program in the State of Missouri.

6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.

There are no federal matching requirements for any programs administered by the Driver Examination Section.

7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

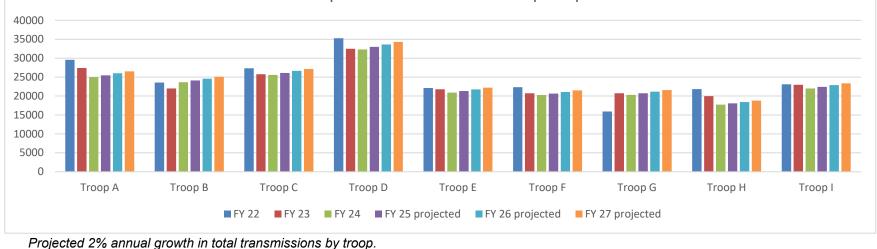
Yes.

• The Commercial Driver License testing program is mandated by Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations, Chapter 383.23,a(1).

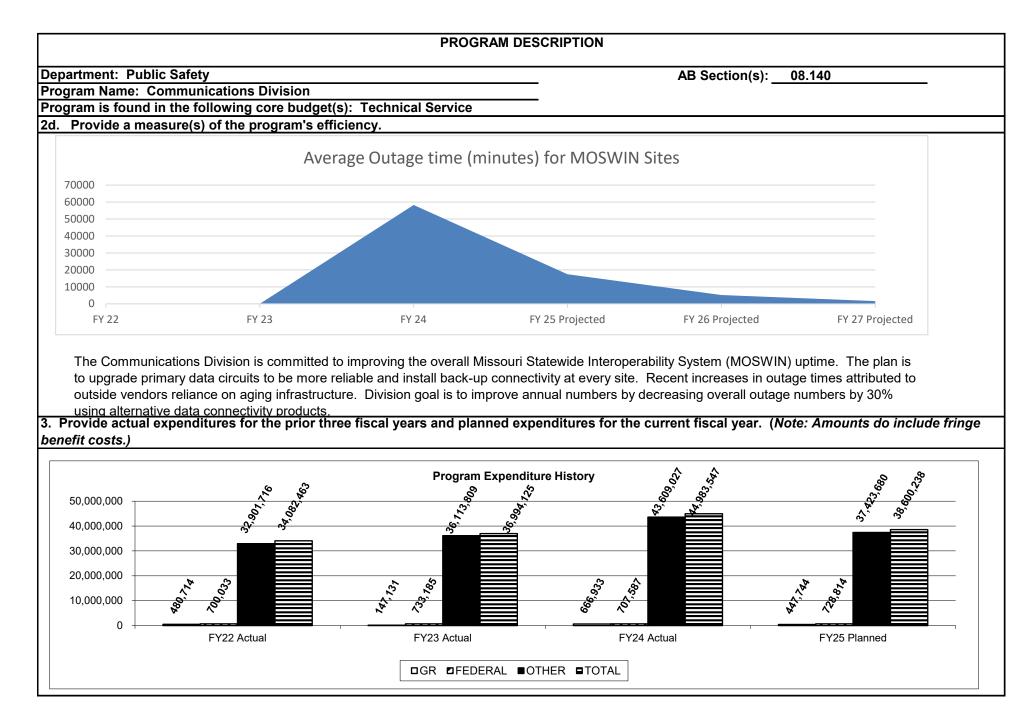
• FMCSR #383.110 General Requirement. All drivers of commercial motor vehicles shall have knowledge and skills necessary to operate a commercial motor vehicle safely.

• FMCSR #383.113. There are three types of general skills that will be tested: pre-trip inspection, basic vehicle control, and on-road driving. A person must take these tests in the type of vehicle for which he/she wishes to be licensed.

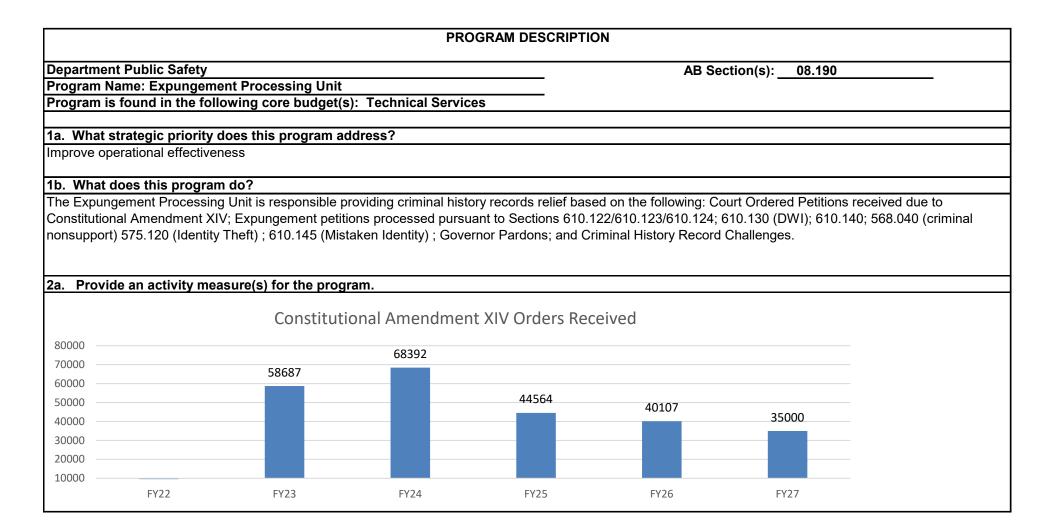
PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Public Safety AB Section(s): 08.140 Program Name: Communications Division Program is found in the following core budget(s): Technical Service 1a. What strategic priority does this program address? Improve Operational Effectiveness 1b. What does this program do? The mission of the Communications Division of the Patrol is to provide operational and technical support to field personnel by operating and maintaining a statewide dispatch network. The nine troop headquarters operate emergency service answering points staffed 24 hours a day, 365 days a year in direct support of field personnel. The maintenance of the network consists of procurement, installation, and repair of the Patrol's state-of-the-art communications network and other electronic equipment used by field personnel. This equipment includes mobile, portable and base station radios, mobile devices, speed detection and calibration equipment, breath alcohol testing equipment, in-car video systems, alarm systems, deployable emergency response equipment, and other specialized electronic systems. 2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program. Annual Dispatch Center Transmission per Operator

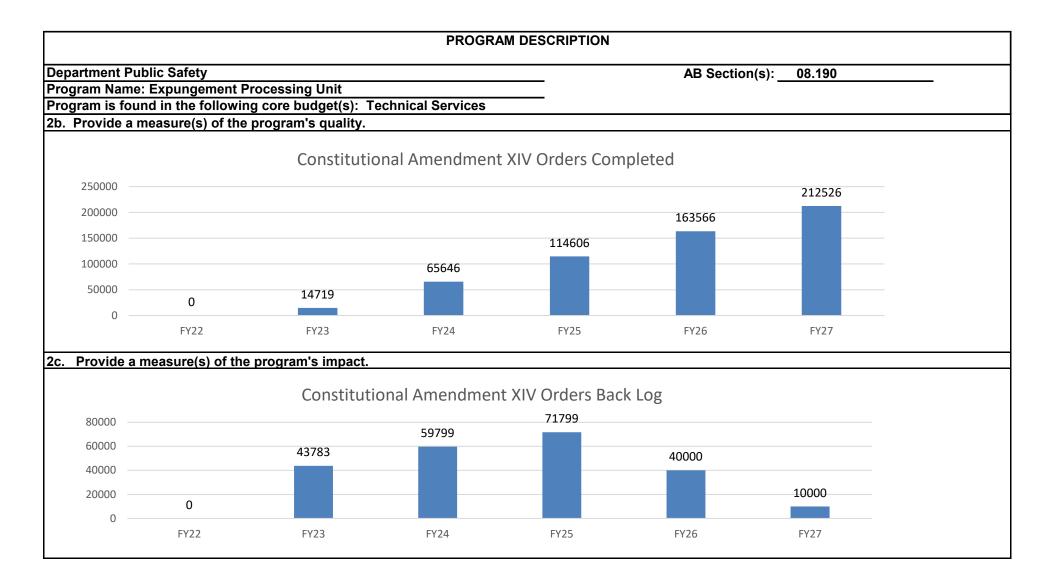


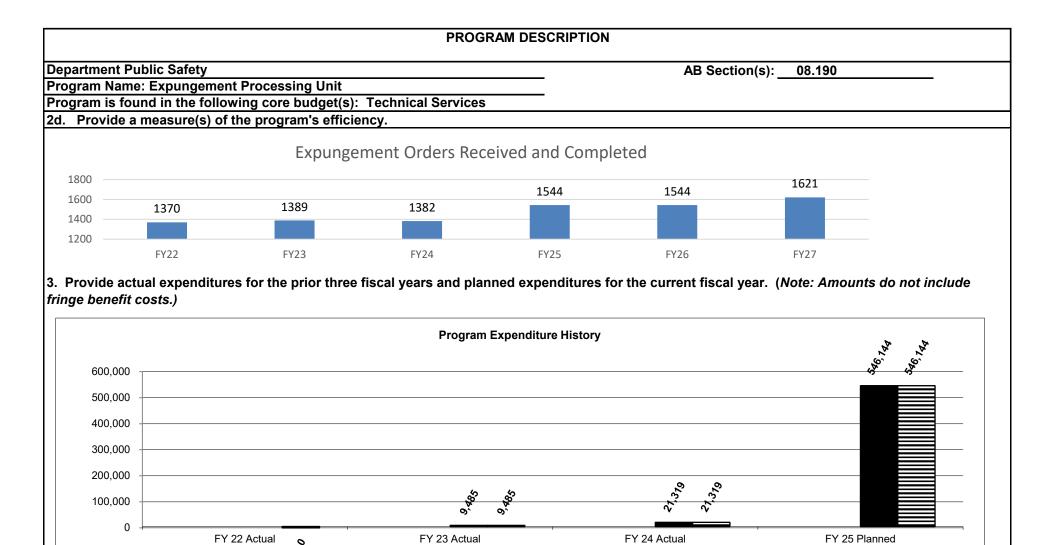




PROGRAM DESCRIP	TION
Department: Public Safety	AB Section(s): 08.140
Program Name: Communications Division	
Program is found in the following core budget(s): Technical Service	
4. What are the sources of the "Other" funds? Gaming (0286), Hwy (0644), Crim Rec Sys (0671), Retirement (0701), OASDHI (0702)	2), MCHCP (0765), HP Expense (0793)
5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Incl No	lude the federal program number, if applicable.)
 Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain. No 	
7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain. No	







□GR □FEDERAL ■OTHER ■TOTAL

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department Public Safety Program Name: Expungement Processing Unit Program is found in the following core budget(s): Technical Services 4. What are the sources of the "Other " funds? Fund 0608 - Veterans Health and Community Reinvestment 5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.) Constitutional Amendment XIV; Expungement petitions processed pursuant to Sections 610.122/610.123/610.124; 610.130 (DWI); 610.140; 568.040 (criminal nonsupport) 575.120 (Identity Theft); 610.145 (Mistaken Identity); Governor Pardons; and Criminal History Record Challenges. 6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain. No 7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain. No

AB Section(s): 08.190

Department: Public Safety

Program Name: Criminal Justice Information Services

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Technical Service

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

Improve operational effectiveness

1b. What does this program do?

This program is designed to provide criminal justice information services to the Missouri State Highway Patrol and criminal justice entities throughout the

state of Missouri via the following services:

Central Repository Services

o Compiling, maintaining and disseminating all criminal history information for Missouri for both criminal justice and non-criminal justice purposes

o Sole contributor of criminal history record information and fingerprints to the FBI for the State of Missouri

- o Biometric & Automated Fingerprint Identification System (AFIS) services and compiling and disseminating complete and accurate history record information
- o Criminal background checks for licensing and employment purposes
- Criminal Justice Information Services (CJIS) Technical Operations

o Statewide training for:

- State AFIS certification
- □ Administration of the Fast ID Program
- □ Missouri Charge Code Manual publication
- □ Administration of the Sex Offender Registry
- □ State & Federal Rap Back

o Maintaining technical credibility and security of data within the Missouri Uniform Law Enforcement System (MULES) & connections to National Crime Information Center (NCIC) computer systems:

Warrants

- □ Orders of protection
- □ Stolen vehicles and/or parts
- □ Missing persons
- Criminal records

• CJIS Information Technology (IT) Services - complete, reliable, and accurate data and technical services

o Application Development and Product Support

- Development and support for MULES, NCIC, and National Law Enforcement Telecommunications System (NLETS) connections to MULES
- □ Statewide data repository development and support services
 - Computerized Criminal History (CCH)
 - DWI Tracking System (DWITS)
 - Sex Offender Registry (SOR)
 - Crime Reporting in Missouri (UCR, NIBRS, MIBRS)
 - Missouri Automated Record System (MARS) RMS Module
 - Human Resources Management System (HRMS)
 - MoAlerts
 - MoMIAC

						PROGR	M DESCRIPTION	
Department: Public Saf	fety						AB Section(s): 08.190	
Program Name: Crimina	al Justice Informa	tion Servic	es					
Program is found in the	following core bu	idget(s): Te	chnical Se	rvice				
• CJIS Technical Syste	 Ensure s Conduct Availabili Compute peripheral a Data stor Call Cen call Cen ms Training & Au tewide Training fo MULES / Uniform Missouri' Criminal National Livescan Rap She Missouri Rap Bac 	n, implement tate-wide of log search ity and cap er hardware and printing rage and ba ter & Help idit ' NCIC Sys Crime Rep s Data Exoth History Re Data Exoth Instructor et Training Automateo k Program	ntation and compliance investigati acity for ma activ for ma activ for ma activ for ma activ for ma g equipmer ackup Desk-relate tem Trainir orting (UCI hange (MCE porting Tra ange (NDE and Opera I Criminal I Enrollmen	with feder ons assisti andated co ort includin tf or the P ed support ang and Auc R) Dex) ining ix) Training tor Certific History Sys t Training	al and stat ng federal nnectivity, g installati atrol , training, a liting diting tem (MAC	e cybersecuri , state and loc security, com on, maintenar and operationa	al agencies with misuse of official information oliance and reliability of devices on the Patrol's enterprise network ce, configuration and enhancement of all computing devices, I assistance	
2a. Provide an activity	measure(s) for th	o program						
Activity Measure: Backe			FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26		
Activity Measure: Back	FY21	FY22	FIZJ			F120		
Activity Measure: Backg	FY21	FY22	FIZJ			-		
Activity Measure: Back Target Actual	FY21 602,666	FY22 593,401	643,867	740,710	794,411 0	852,006 0		
Target			-		794,411	852,006		
Target	602,666 cies Served	593,401	643,867	740,710	794,411 0	852,006 0		
Target Actual Activity Measure: Agene	602,666 cies Served FY21	593,401 FY22	643,867 FY23	740,710 FY24	794,411 0 FY25	852,006 0 FY26		
Target Actual	602,666 cies Served FY21 3,558	593,401 FY22 3,579	643,867 FY23 3,620	740,710 FY24 3,645	794,411 0 FY25 3,751	852,006 0 FY26 3,805		
Target Actual Activity Measure: Agene	602,666 cies Served FY21	593,401 FY22 3,579	643,867 FY23 3,620	740,710 FY24 3,645	794,411 0 FY25 3,751	852,006 0 FY26 3,805		
Target Actual Activity Measure: Agend Actual	602,666 cies Served FY21 3,558 Target is to s	593,401 FY22 3,579 serve 100%	643,867 FY23 3,620	740,710 FY24 3,645	794,411 0 FY25 3,751	852,006 0 FY26 3,805		
Target Actual Activity Measure: Agene	602,666 cies Served FY21 3,558 Target is to s	593,401 FY22 3,579 serve 100%	643,867 FY23 3,620	740,710 FY24 3,645	794,411 0 FY25 3,751	852,006 0 FY26 3,805		
Target Actual Activity Measure: Agend Actual 2b. Provide a measure(602,666 cies Served FY21 3,558 Target is to s (s) of the program	593,401 FY22 3,579 serve 100% 's quality.	643,867 FY23 3,620 of agencies	740,710 FY24 3,645 that reques	794,411 0 FY25 3,751 st our servic	852,006 0 FY26 3,805 se	, compared to FBI statistics and national averages	
Target Actual Activity Measure: Agend Actual 2b. Provide a measure(602,666 cies Served FY21 3,558 Target is to s (s) of the program	593,401 FY22 3,579 serve 100% 's quality.	643,867 FY23 3,620 of agencies	740,710 FY24 3,645 that reques	794,411 0 FY25 3,751 st our servic	852,006 0 FY26 3,805 se	, compared to FBI statistics and national averages	
Target Actual Activity Measure: Agend Actual 2b. Provide a measure(602,666 cies Served FY21 3,558 Target is to s (s) of the program	593,401 FY22 3,579 serve 100% serve 100%	643,867 FY23 3,620 of agencies	740,710 FY24 3,645 that reques S Data, mea	794,411 0 FY25 3,751 st our servic	852,006 0 FY26 3,805 e mpliance rates	, compared to FBI statistics and national averages	
Target Actual Activity Measure: Agend Actual 2b. Provide a measure(Quality Measure: Timeli	602,666 cies Served FY21 3,558 Target is to served (s) of the program iness, Completences FY21	593,401 FY22 3,579 serve 100% serve 100% sex & Accurate FY22	643,867 FY23 3,620 of agencies cy of MULES FY23	740,710 FY24 3,645 that reques S Data, mea FY24	794,411 0 FY25 3,751 st our servic	852,006 0 FY26 3,805 se mpliance rates	, compared to FBI statistics and national averages	
Target Actual Activity Measure: Agend Actual 2b. Provide a measure(Quality Measure: Timeli Target	602,666 rcies Served FY21 3,558 Target is to served (s) of the program iness, Completenes FY21 90.00%	593,401 FY22 3,579 serve 100% s quality. ss & Accurat FY22 90.00%	643,867 FY23 3,620 of agencies cy of MULE: FY23 90.00%	740,710 FY24 3,645 that reques S Data, mea FY24 90.00%	794,411 0 FY25 3,751 st our servic asured in co FY25 90.00%	852,006 0 FY26 3,805 se mpliance rates FY26 90.00%	, compared to FBI statistics and national averages	

Department:	Public Safety	

Program Name: Criminal Justice Information Services

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Technical Service

2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact.

Impact Measure: RAPBack H	lit Notifications	S				
	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26
Target					3,540	3,540
Actual	2,849	5,036	7,574	10,864		

Impact Measure: Perce	entage of RAPBack	Participating	Agencies			
	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26
Target					70.00%	70.00%
Actual	58.32%	61.62%	64.95%	66.83%		
Base Target					70.00%	70.00%
Stretch Target					70.00%	70.00%

2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency.

Efficiency Measure: Ratio of MULES Students Trained & Audits Completed to One MULES Trainer / Auditor Staff

	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26
Target					283.33	283.33
Actual	256.00	310	270.56	310.56		
Base Target					283.33	283.33
Stretch Target					384.33	384.33

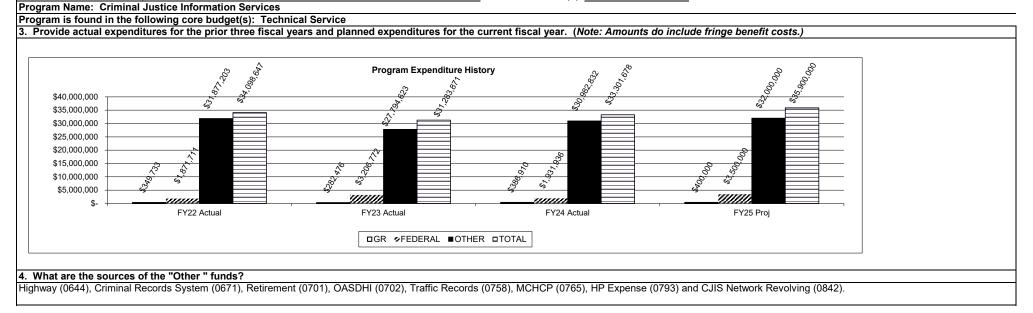
Efficiency Measure: MULES availability measured in system "Up-Time", compared to NCIC availability guidelines and standards

FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26
99.99%	99.99%	99.99%	99.99%	99.99%	99.99%
100.00%	99.94%	99.99%	99.89%		
				98.00%	98.00%
				99.99%	99.99%
	99.99%	99.99% 99.99%	99.99% 99.99% 99.99%	99.99% 99.99% 99.99% 99.99%	99.99% 99.99% 99.99% 99.99% 99.99% 100.00% 99.94% 99.99% 99.89% 98.00%

AB Section(s): 08.190

Department: Public Safety

AB Section(s): 08.190



	PROGRAM DESCRIPTION	
Department: Public Safety	AB Section(s): 08.190	
Program Name: Criminal Justice Information Services		
Program is found in the following core budget(s): Technical Service		
5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include t	the federal program number, if applicable.)	
CJIS has many statutes governing the division's programs. Listed below are some of the more fastate Mandates:	familiar state and federal statutes.	
o Chapter 43, RSMo 1987 Enactment of the State Central Records Repository, Sections	s 43.500 to 43.548	
o Section 43.400 - Immediate entry of missing persons into MULES/NCIC		
o Section 67.1818, RSMo Licensure to Taxicab Drivers		
o Section 168.133, RSMo Criminal Records Checks Required for School Personnel		
o Section 190.142, RSMo Emergency Medical Technician License		
o Section 192.2495 RSMo Criminal Background Checks of Employees, In-Home Service	es, Health Care Providers	
o Section 210.482, RSMo Background Checks for Emergency Placements, Requiremen	nts, Exceptions.	
o Section 210.487, RSMo Background Checks for Foster Families		
o Section 210.900 to 210.937, RSMo Authorized the Family Care Safety Registry and Ac	ccess Line	
o Section 313.220, RSMo Licensed Gaming Activities Background Checks Required		
o Section 313.810, RSMo Licensed Gaming Activities False Information on Applicatio	on	
o Section 455.545, RSMo Annual Report by Highway Patrol		
o Section 571.101, RSMo Concealed Carry Endorsements		
o Section 576.050, RSMo Usage guidelines for MULES, NCIC and information from any c	criminal justice information sharing system	
o Section 590.030 - Rap Back Requirement for POST licensure and agency participation re	equirement	
o Section 590.060, RSMo Police Officers Selection and Training (POST)		
o Chapter 455 - Protection order entry requirements; child protection order entry requiren	ments; service information entry requirements	
o Chapter 589, RSMo Central Repository for Missouri Sex Offenders		
o Chapter 610.105 to 610.115, RSMo Effect of Nolle Pros and Penalties Associated For		
o Chapter 610.122 to 610.126, & 610.140, RSMo Arrest Record Expungement Requirem		
o CF Title 18, Part 1 - Drivers Privacy Protection Act (guidance on use and dissemination o		
o CFR Title 42, Part 72 - Two hour deadline for entry of missing persons under 21 into NCIC	C, waiting periods forbidden	

Department: Public Safety

AB Section(s): 08.190

Program Name: Criminal Justice Information Services

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Technical Service

Federal Mandates:

o Public Law 92-544 - Authorizes Access to Federal Criminal History Record Information for Civil Purposes

o Public Law 103-209 – The National Child Protection Act (NCPA) allows access to FBI CHRI for qualified entities providing care to children, the elderly, or individuals with disabilities.

o Public Law 104-120, Title 42, The Housing Opportunity Program Extension Act of 1996, followed by the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998.

o Public Law 105-251, Volunteers for Children Act (VCA) – amended NCPA and expanded the ability to receive CHRI.

o Public Law 105-276, allows the administrators and officials of the US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) authority to obtain CHRI from the FBI for screening,

lease enforcement and eviction purposes.

o Trial 28, U.S.C., 534 -- Authorized Dissemination of Criminal History Record Information

o Title 5, U.S.C., Section 552 -- Freedom of Information Act (Requires Records to be Accurate, Timely, and Complete)

o Title 5, U.S.C., Section 552a -- Requires Administrative, Technical, and Physical Safeguards to Ensure the Security and Confidentiality of Records

o Title 42, U.S.C., Chapter 140 -- National Crime Prevention and Privacy Compact (Rules, Procedures, and Standards for use of III)

o Title 28 Code of Federal Regulations "Administration of Criminal Justice" to include Identification, Collection, and Storage of CHRI

o The Brady Act, Public Law 103-159 -- National Instant Criminal Background Check System (NICS)

o Megan's Law -- Public Law 145, 110 STAT, 1435

o Pam Lychner Sexual Offender Tracking and Identification Act of 1966 -- 42 United States Code 14072

o USA Patriot Act of 2001 -- Uniting and Strengthening America by Providing Appropriate Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism

o The Adam Walsh Child Protection and Safety Act of 2006 -- Establishes a comprehensive national system for the registration of sex offenders

o Title 2, Part 200, Code of Federal Regulations -- "Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards"

6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.

NCHIP - National Criminal History Improvement Program requires a 10% match to the federal funds provider.

7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

Yes, some portions of this program are federally mandated:

NCHIP - National Criminal History Improvement Program -- This program was established to meet national operational goals to promote timely collection of criminal record information, provide a comprehensive database of criminal history records to assist in the rapid identification of convicted felons, make available criminal data for analysis of criminal profiles, crime cost and crime impact, and assist in the development of a coordinated criminal justice network.

Adam Walsh Implementation Grant - This program assists jurisdictions with the development and/or enhancement of programs attempting to become and/or remain compliant with the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act (SORNA), which is Title I of the Adam Walsh Child Protection and Safety Act of 2006.

NARIP - NICS Act Record Improvement Program -- This program was established to meet national operational goals to promote timely collection of criminal record information for complete firearm background checks pursuant to the NICS Improvement Amendments Act of 2007.

Department: Public Safety

AB Section(s): 8.180

Program Name: Motor Vehicle Inspection Section

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Vehicle and Driver Safety

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

Protection and Service

1b. What does this program do?

Administers and enforces the motor vehicle safety inspection program, which includes developing standards (CSR), policies, and procedures for motor vehicle inspection, and providing oversight to Missouri businesses licensed as official safety inspection stations of the program.

Administers the school bus inspection program, which includes a physical safety inspection of all school buses. The division also provides training and information to pupil transportation professionals regarding the proper procedures to follow for the inspection of a school bus.

Administers the Vehicle Identification Number/Salvage title examination program to verify branded title transactions, detect stolen vehicles and vehicle components, and deter motor vehicle fraud in the state.

Assists Department of Natural Resources in administering the federally-mandated Gateway Vehicle Inspection Program for emissions testing in the nonattainment area of the state.

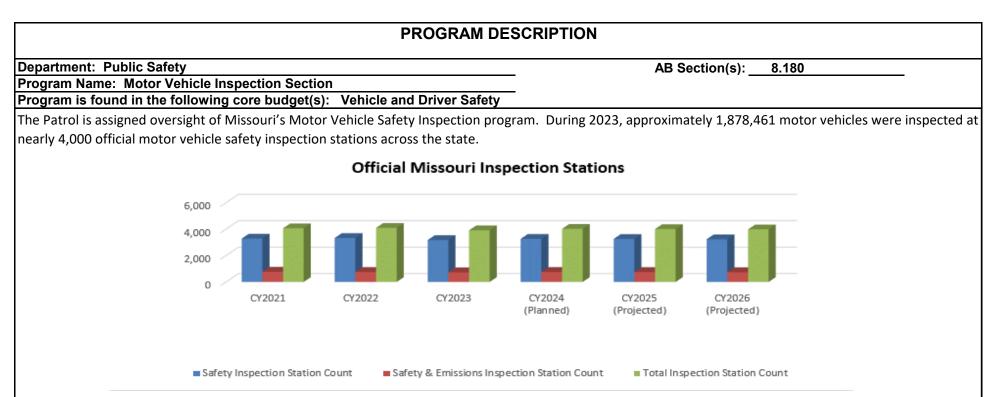
Administers the window tint examination program by inspecting vehicles for statutory compliance before issuance of a window tint permit.

Completes on-site inspections of both automotive/marine dealerships and salvage dealerships to ensure a bona fide place of business exists and to detect fraudulent activity.

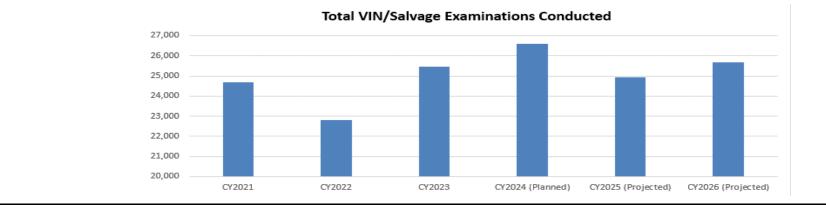
PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Public Safety AB Section(s): 8.180 Program Name: Motor Vehicle Inspection Section Program is found in the following core budget(s): Vehicle and Driver Safety 2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program. The School Bus Inspection Program includes the annual inspection of Missouri school buses, as well as a spot check inspection of no less than 10% of Missouri school buses, by trained Missouri State Highway Patrol personnel. Annual inspections are performed during the spring of each calendar year, while spot check inspections are performed in the fall. The program must coordinate inspections and re-inspections with every school district in the state, as well as with Head Start agencies wishing to certify buses for roadway loading and unloading. School Bus Inspection Program Districts Served 595 594 593 592 591 590 589 588 587

 586
 CY2021
 CY2022
 CY2023
 CY2024 (Planned)
 CY2025 (Projected)
 CY2026 (Projected)

The division's goal is to complete an annual inspection of all buses required by section 307.375, RSMo. In 2023, 590 public, private, charter, and statesponsored schools were provided service through the Missouri State Highway Patrol's annual school bus inspection program. In addition, six Head Start agencies choosing to certify buses for roadway loading and unloading, also presented school buses for inspection by division personnel.



Motor Vehicle Inspection personnel receive in-depth training on Vehicle Identification Numbers, and identifying fraudulent usage of them. They examine VIN's for a variety of purposes, including proper verification of numbers assigned to vehicles, boats and motors, as well as extensive examinations related to salvage vehicles. This service is an important step for proper titling in some cases, and helps prevent and detect fraud and the movement of stolen automobiles in the state.



PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Public Safety AB Section(s): 8.180 Program Name: Motor Vehicle Inspection Section Program is found in the following core budget(s): Vehicle and Driver Safety 2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality. The program strives to educate and encourage school districts to maintain safe school buses in their fleet. It recognizes Missouri school districts with an approval rate of 90% or greater, with no disqualifying out of service defects, by awarding them the distinction of Total Fleet Excellence. Award-winning districts receive Total Fleet Excellence stickers to display on each bus in the fleet for the next school year. In 2023, 257 districts received the distinction of Total Fleet Excellence, with 4,776 Missouri school buses eligible to display the Total Fleet Excellence sticker during the 2023 -2024 school year. School Bus Inspection Total Fleet Excellence Districts 285 280 275 270 265 260 255 250 245 240 235

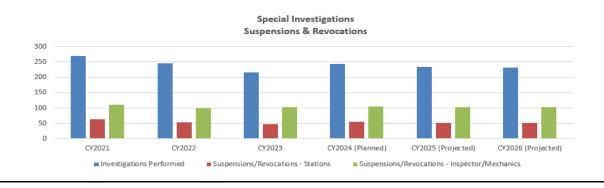
The MVI program conducts special (covert) investigations of motor vehicle inspection stations to ensure inspections are performed in accordance with state statutes and regulations. These investigations may be the result of a complaint, or may be a random compliance check investigation. If deemed appropriate, violations discovered during special investigations can lead to suspensions or revocations of inspector-mechanic permits and/or station licenses.

CY2024 (Planned)

CY2023

CY2025 (Projected)

CY2026 (Projected)



CY2021

CY2022

Department: Public Safety

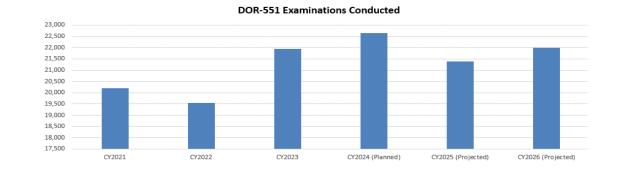
AB Section(s): 8.180

Program Name: Motor Vehicle Inspection Section

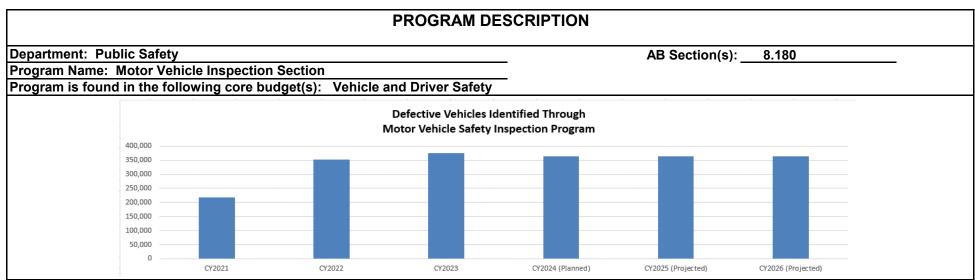
Program is found in the following core budget(s): Vehicle and Driver Safety

2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact.

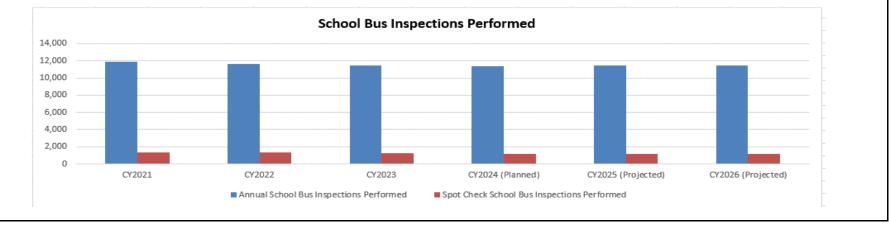
Trained MVI personnel perform salvage examinations on vehicles that have been rebuilt, restored, reconstructed, specially constructed, abandoned on property, or built from a kit and are seeking title and/or registration in Missouri. This examination is an extensive and complete inspection of the major vehicle components and includes a search of databases to check the VIN for stolen entries, among other things. This is a major consumer protection service to Missouri citizens and helps combat stolen auto criminal activity and prevent title fraud.



Section 307.350, RSMo., requires, with exceptions, motor vehicles that are beyond a ten-year period following the model year of manufacture, with an odometer reading of 150,000 miles or greater, be submitted to a biennial motor vehicle safety inspection at an official motor vehicle safety inspection station prior to motor vehicle registration renewal. Section 307.380, RSMo., requires used vehicles at the time of sale to be safety inspected as a consumer safety measure. Inspector/mechanics at safety inspection stations undergo written and practical examinations to determine they are qualified to perform motor vehicle safety inspections. 2023 records indicate that at least one defective component was identified during approximately 20% of motor vehicle safety inspections performed. The motor vehicle safety inspection program greatly reduces the number of defective motor vehicles operating on Missouri roadways.



The Patrol has consistently collaborated with Missouri pupil transportation professionals to build a team-focused school bus inspection program. MVI personnel serve on Department of Elementary and Secondary Education's School Bus Safety Task Force and Missouri Minimum Standards for School Buses Technical Advisory Committee. Personnel also actively participate in professional school bus safety organization activities including the Missouri Association for Pupil Transportation annual conference and trade show, Missouri School Bus Contractors' Association annual convention, Missouri's Best Inspector/Technician competition, Missouri School Bus Driver safety competition, and the National Association of Pupil Transportation conference and trade show. The positive working relationships built with Missouri's pupil transportation community aids the Patrol with scheduling and performing nearly 13,000 school bus inspections each year.



Department: Public Safety

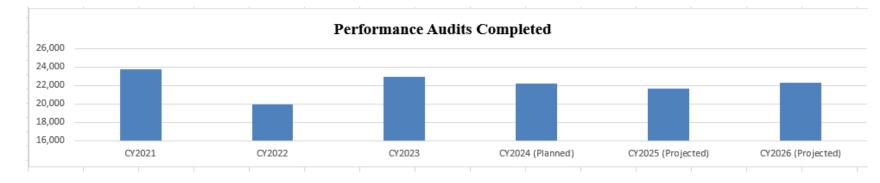
AB Section(s): 8.180

Program Name: Motor Vehicle Inspection Section

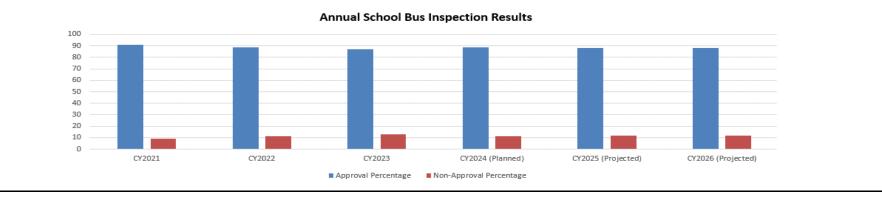
Program is found in the following core budget(s): Vehicle and Driver Safety

2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency.

The Patrol completes periodic audits of motor vehicle safety inspection stations (and emissions inspection stations) to verify compliance with Missouri statutes and regulations. These on-site audits involve a thorough review of required documents, supplies and procedures.



Results of the annual school bus inspection program are a matter of public record and may be requested through the Missouri State Highway Patrol's Custodian of Records. Individual school district annual school bus inspection results are published to the Motor Vehicle Inspection Section webpage in June of each year.



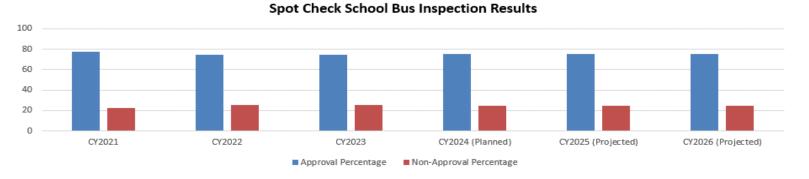
Department: Public Safety

AB Section(s): 8.180

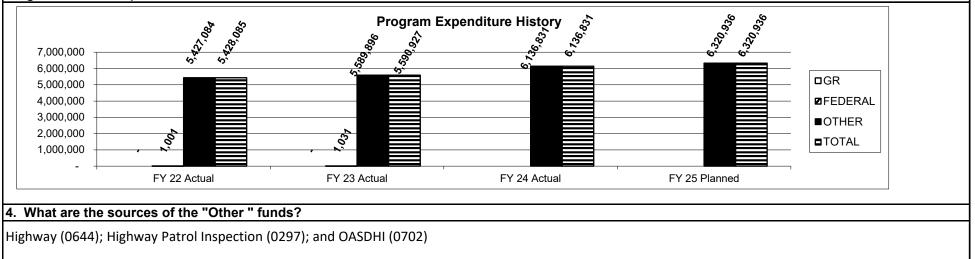
Program Name: Motor Vehicle Inspection Section

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Vehicle and Driver Safety

School bus inspection spot checks are performed in the fall of each calendar year. The Missouri State Highway Patrol requires a minimum of 10% of Missouri school buses to be spot checked each fall, with a general emphasis placed on those with historically poor performance results during annual school bus inspections, as well as districts for which the Patrol has received consumer complaints.



3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.)



Department: Public Safety

AB Section(s): 8.180

Program Name: Motor Vehicle Inspection Section

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Vehicle and Driver Safety

5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.)

Sections 307.350 to 307.390, RSMo., 2000, as amended; and Section 643.300 to 643.337, RSMo.

6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.

There are no federal matching requirements for any programs administered by the Motor Vehicle Inspection Section.

7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

The Gateway Vehicle Inspection Program is mandated by the National Ambient Air Quality Standards promulgated by the United States Environmental Protection Agency under the Federal Clean Air Act, 42 USC. 7401, as amended.

AB Section(s):

8.205

Department of Public Safety

Program Name: Administrative Disciplinary

Program is found in the following core budget(s): ATC Core Budget

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

Increase Industry Knowledge of Liquor Laws Increase Industry Participation in Administrative Rules Reviews and Statutes Improve the Quality, Efficiency and Economy of Service Provided

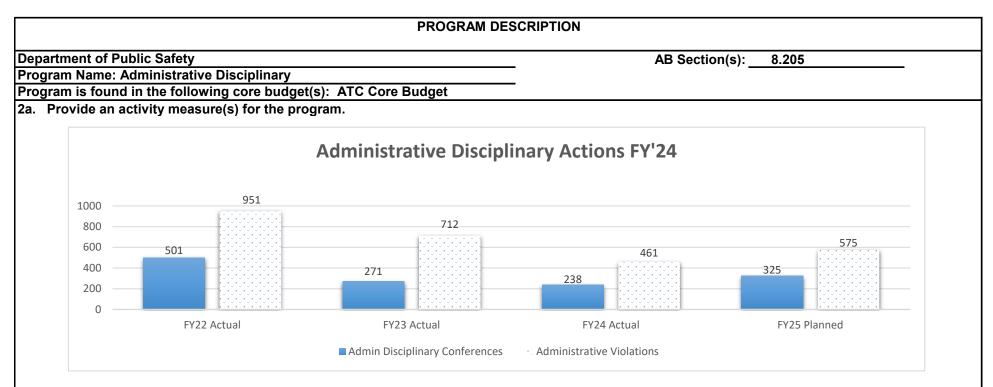
Increase the Safety of the State of Missouri by Reducing Alcohol Related Problems

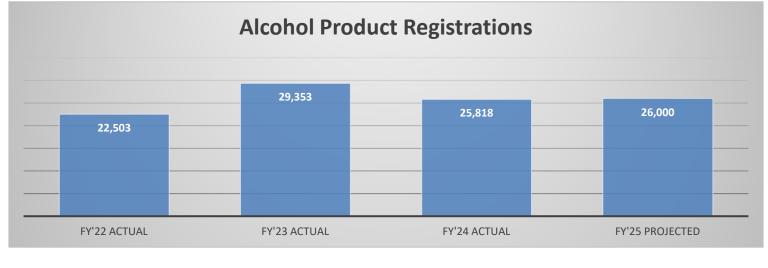
1b. What does this program do?

<u>Administrative Discipline</u> - The liquor control laws and the state's system of alcoholic beverage regulations are designed to ensure the public health and safety as affected by intoxicating liquor. The Division is authorized by statute to take disciplinary action against any licensee who violates any provision of Chapter 311, RSMo, or any regulation relating to intoxicating liquor. This chapter and the rules and regulations prohibit, for example, sales of alcohol to minors or to intoxicated persons or lewd activity on licensed premises, and sales or possession of controlled substances on a licensed premises. The statutory provisions allow for warnings, suspensions, revocations, probation or fines for violations of liquor statutes or regulations, thereby helping to ensure conduct of licensees in the liquor business in accordance with public safety requirements. In addition, the division is authorized by statute to inspect tobacco stores and outlets for compliance with all laws related to access to tobacco and alternative nicotine products to minors and to take disciplinary measures against those in violation.

<u>Product Registration</u> - Law requires licensed Missouri solicitors and manufacturers to register brands of intoxicating liquors with the Division of Alcohol and Tobacco Control prior to offering for sale. Product registration gives us assurances that all excise taxes due the State of Missouri are paid, and that the product goes through the proper safeguards to ensure product integrity. We also can verify if the licensee holds the proper license to sell the product, and we have the ability to remove tainted product from the market, if necessary.

<u>Support Organization</u> - Provides administrative, technical and managerial support to assist in the administrative and regulatory compliance of Missouri's liquor control laws and youth access to tobacco laws. Included in this area are education, budgeting, purchasing, financial, personnel/payroll support, fleet management and legislative duties.





Department of Public Safety

Program Name: Administrative Disciplinary

Program is found in the following core budget(s): ATC Core Budget

2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality.

The Administrative Disciplinary program provides a disciplinary process for violators of liquor laws and regulations. The program is designed to hold violators accountable and deter them from future violations. Those that have egregious violations and those that continually violate liquor laws and regulations are at risk of having their liquor license(s) revoked.

2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact.

Administrative Disciplinary Actions	FY'23	FY'24
	Actual	Actual
Total Number of Conferences Held	271	238
Total Number of Violations (Charges)	712	46
Number of Fines Issued	356	28
Amount of Fines Issued	\$ 174,550	\$ 138,650
Dismissals	38	1
Revocations	8	
Suspensions	194	9
Total Days of Suspension	2,126	72
Written Warnings	93	4
Unlawful Sale to Minor Charges	100	8
Smallest Fine Amount	\$ 50	\$ 100
Largest Fine Amount	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000
Shortest Period of Suspension	2 days	1 da
Longest Period of Suspension	255 days	60 day

The ATC Administrative Disciplinary process provides for an informal conference that allows licensees who have been charged with a violation of the liquor control laws to meet with the State Supervisor and provide them an opportunity to explain the details of the situation, and provide examples of what they have done to prevent another violation from occurring. The state supervisor will issue disciplinary action after the informal conference.

AB Section(s):

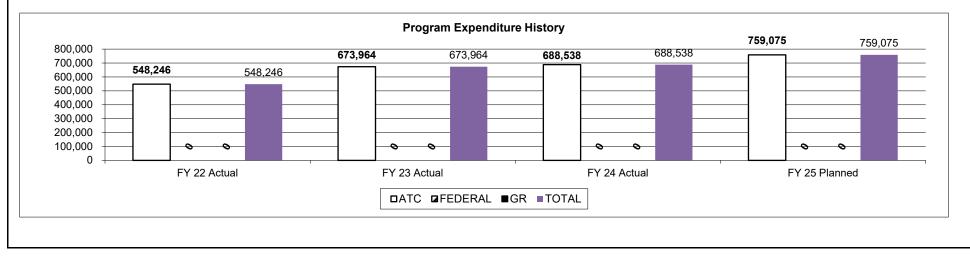
8.205

All fines go to the local school district where the violation occurred. This provides financial assistance to schools.

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	PROGRAM DESCRIPTION				
De	partment of Public Safety	AB Section(s): 8.205			
Program Name: Administrative Disciplinary					
Pro	ogram is found in the following core budget(s): ATC Core Budget				
2d.	. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency.				
	The Administrative Disciplinary program operates at minimal costs.				
	PS Spending - \$246,630, 3.5 (12% of total PS)				
	State Supervisor, Chief of Enforcement, Administrative Services Manager, two Admi portion of their time on administrative duties which makes up the above spending.	nistrative Support Assistants, Auditor, and Legal Counsel spend a			
	E&E Spending - \$33,687 (6.9% of total E&E) for supplies, postage, etc.				
	Total Admin Costs - \$280,317 or 8% of Budget consists of Administrative Costs.				
	Administrative services support the overall functions of the Division of Alcohol and Teffectiveness of all operations.	obacco Control operations and improves the efficiency and			

3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.)



AB Section(s): 8.205

Department of Public Safety

Program Name: Administrative Disciplinary

Program is found in the following core budget(s): ATC Core Budget

4. What are the sources of the "Other " funds?

The source of ATC's Other funds comes from the ATC Dedicated Fund as established by Section 311.735, RSMo.

5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.)

Administrative Disciplinary is Mandated by Sections 311.660, 311.680, 407.931 and 407.934, RSMo. Brand Registration laws are under Sections 311.275, 311.510, 311.540, RSMo, and 11 CSR 70-2.060.

6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.

No.

7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

No.

AB Section(s):

8.205

Department of Public Safety

Program Name: Regulatory Compliance

Program is found in the following core budget(s): ATC Core Budget

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

Increase Liquor and Tobacco Law Compliance to Create a Safer State, by Reducing Problems Related to Alcohol Consumption.

1b. What does this program do?

The regulatory compliance program regulates the Alcohol and Tobacco Control (ATC) Industry relating to the manufacture, distribution and sale of alcoholic beverages. Duties include investigative licensing, Server Training, Tobacco Merchant Training, and undercover investigations. The liquor industry operates under a three tier system that governs the distribution and sale of alcohol. This three tier system ensures that the three major components of tax collection, product integrity and market stability are constantly reinforced. ATC teaches the alcohol industry on liquor control and tobacco laws through constant interactions and training conducted in the industry. Investigations are conducted for any observed or reported violations to ensure compliance with liquor control and tobacco laws.

2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program.

STATEWIDE REGULATORY ACTIVITY

			FY'25
	FY'23 Actual	FY'24 Actual	Projected
Server Training Presentations	93	77	90
# of People Trained	1,408	990	1,200
Routine (Field) Inspection	2,383	2,444	2,500
Assist Outside Agency in Law Enforcement	1,148	736	1,000
Badges in Business	98	81	100
Routine Investigation	1,644	1,251	1,475
Special Investigation	205	148	190
Violation Report	644	435	480
Arrest Report	643	565	600
Administrative Violations	712	461	575

ATC had one District Supervisor and two Agent vacancies during FY'24. The Jefferson City Central Office operated one District Supervisor short for two months and one Agent short for ten months of FY'24. The Springfield District Office operated one Agent short for ten months in FY'24.

Department of Public Safety

Program Name: Regulatory Compliance

Program is found in the following core budget(s): ATC Core Budget

2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality.

Alcohol and Tobacco law enforcement officers (Agents, District Supervisors, Deputy Chief and Chief) are Class A POST certified.

The regulatory compliance program performed 3,924 inspections and investigations to ensure compliance with alcohol and tobacco laws and regulations. During those inspections and investigations 461 administrative violations were discovered, or 25% of inspections and investigations resulted in violation. As regulatory efforts increase the violation rate will decrease.

2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact.

A reduction in the ratio of number of violations as compared to investigations would show a positive result in increased compliance. As ATC continues to increase our presence, more licensees will be educated and the violation rate should reduce.

	FY'23 Actual	FY'24 Actual	FY'25 Projected
Violations/Arrest Reports	1,287	1,000	1,080
Investigations*	4,330	3,924	4,265
Ratio of Violations to Investigations	30%	25%	25%

* Investigations include routine inspections, badges in business, routine investigations and special (targeted) investigations.

AB Section(s):

8.205

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Department of Public Safety

Program Name: Regulatory Compliance

AB Section(s): 8.205

Program is found in the following core budget(s): ATC Core Budget

2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency.

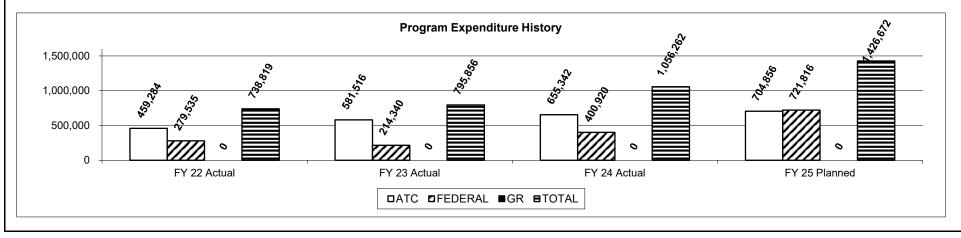
ATC oversees regulatory compliance for over 16,000 liquor licensees throughout the State of Missouri and across the United States. ATCs efforts affect all citizens in Missouri by providing a safer environment enhanced by licensee's adherence to laws.

Efficiency Measures Continued:

- Number of Badges in Business Investigations should reduce violations resulting in increased compliance.
- Increased Number of Server Training Events and Number of People Trained will decrease violations.
- Reduced Number of Violation Reports shows increase in compliance.
- Number of Alcohol and Tobacco Inspections should increase knowledge and result in increased compliance.
- Number of Alcohol and Tobacco Investigations should reduce violations and result in increased compliance.

By tracking the above measures, ATC will be able to gauge the efficiency of the agents and their efforts. Through active and efficient enforcement, ATC should begin to see an increase in compliance to liquor control and tobacco laws and correspondingly a reduction in violations.

3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.)



AB Section(s):

8.205

Department of Public Safety

Program Name: Regulatory Compliance

Program is found in the following core budget(s): ATC Core Budget

4. What are the sources of the "Other " funds?

The source of ATC's Other funds comes from the ATC Dedicated Fund as established by Section 311.735, RSMo.

5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.)

Chapter 311, RSMo, Rules and Regulations of the State Supervisor, and Sections 407.924 through 407.934, RSMo. Alcohol and Tobacco Control is charged by Section 311.670, RSMo, with keeping a fair and level playing field between the three tiers of alcohol beverage distribution.

6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.

No.

7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

No.

Department of Public Safety

Program Name: Revenue Collections and Licensing

AB Section(s):

8.205

Program is found in the following core budget(s): ATC Core Budget

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

Improve efficiency of collections and licensing through operational effectiveness and transitioning to an electronic license application system.

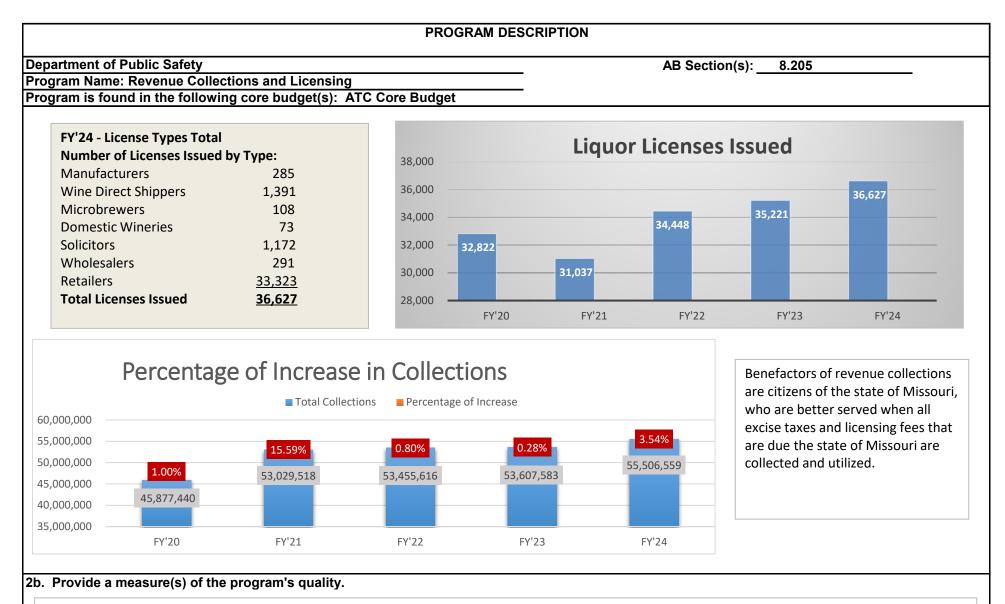
1b. What does this program do?

This program collects excise taxes on all alcoholic beverages sold in Missouri using an operationally effective electronic excise tax collection system. In addition, the program is in the process of providing an electronic licensing and case management system that will provide for online licensing and license fee collections.

- \$49.1 million annual excise tax collections on liquor, beer and wine.
- The excise taxes are verified annually by performing over 20,000 desk and field audits to ensure accurate reporting and proper payment of taxes.
- \$6.3 million annual license fee collections.
- 70% of license fee collections are credited to the Division of Alcohol and Tobacco Control Fund created in SB 373 (2015), and 30% is credited to the General Revenue Fund.
- Over 36,000 license applications and renewals were processed in FY'24.

2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program.

ATC provides licensing to almost 15,000 liquor licensees throughout the state of Missouri. In addition, licensing compliance affects all citizens in Missouri by providing a safer environment enhanced by licensees adherence to laws. A total of 36,627 licenses were issued in FY'24, of which some are secondary licenses, out of state licenses, and transportation licenses. There was a decrease in license issuance in FY'21 due to restrictions imposed because of Covid-19. License issuance has returned to and exceeds pre-pandemic levels.



ATC's excise tax process involves reconciliation between suppliers and wholesalers, which attributes to assurances that ATC is collecting all the excise taxes due to the state of Missouri on intoxicating liquor products. The online excise tax system allows licensees to enter the data, either manually or electronically, and the system generates the reconciliations. ATC will follow up on any discrepancies that weren't reconciled during the match up process.

AB Section(s):

8.205

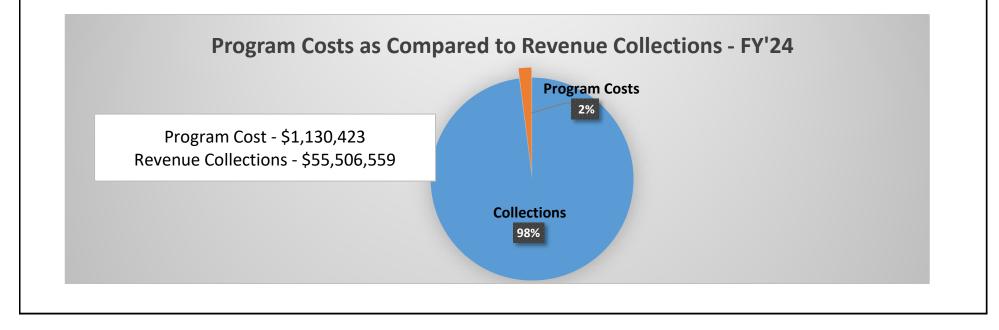
Department of Public Safety

Program Name: Revenue Collections and Licensing

Program is found in the following core budget(s): ATC Core Budget

2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact.

The Revenue Collection and Licensing program issues liquor licenses, primary and secondary, to over 16,000 businesses and collects over \$55 million in licensing fees and excise taxes with minimal costs. More importantly, the program helps to ensure the safety of our citizens by verifying that the proper individuals have the ability to sell alcohol in our state.



PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department of Public Safety AB Section(s): 8.205 Program Name: Revenue Collections and Licensing Program is found in the following core budget(s): ATC Core Budget 2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency. ATC is streamlining the licensing process by implementing an online licensing and case management system to improve applicants' experience. ATC is currently working with the vendor on development of this new system. The system is complex and complicated to implement, but will reduce license processing from 10-21 days to a projected 7-10 days. 3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.) **Program Expenditure History** 1,400,000 1,247,052 1,247,052 1.149.025 1,130,423 1.149.025 1,130,423 1,200,000 901,482 1,000,000 901,482 800.000 600.000 FY 22 Actual FY 23 Actual FY 24 Actual FY 25 Planned □ATC □FEDERAL ■GR ■TOTAL 4. What are the sources of the "Other " funds? The source of ATC's Other funds comes from the ATC Dedicated Fund as established by Section 311.735, RSMo. 5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.) Excise taxes on spirits and wine products are mandated by Sections 311.550 and 311.554, RSMo. The excise taxes on malt liquor are mandated by Section 6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain. No.

7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

No.

Department of Public Safety / Fire Safety Program Name: Amusement Ride Safety Program Program is found in the following core budget(s): Fire Safety Core

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

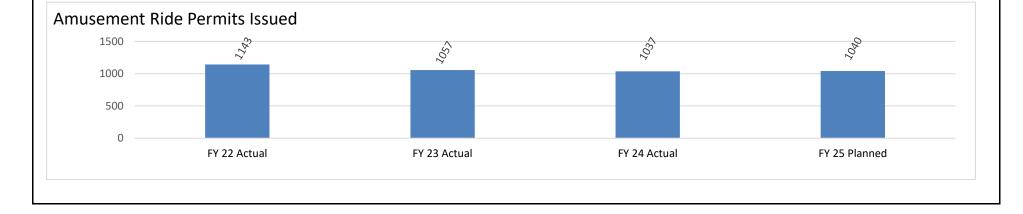
Public safety on amusement rides or while attending carnivals, fairs and amusement parks.

1b. What does this program do?

Legislation in 1997 created the Amusement Ride Safety Act with the Division of Fire Safety designated to administer the program. Before any amusement ride can operate in the State of Missouri, the ride shall be inspected by a state-approved ride inspector. With the exception of St. Louis County, there are no local inspection or enforcement programs of amusement rides in our State. Applications for the state permit and inspection reports are reviewed each year by Division staff prior to issuing a state operating permit. The staff perform quality control/spot inspections on rides which include climbing walls, zip lines, bungee jumps and dry slides. If life safety issues are noted during a spot safety inspection, the issues shall be corrected prior to ride operation. Additionally, any amusement ride accident meeting specific criteria is required to be investigated by a qualified inspector.

Because no FTE or E&E authority was appropriated for this program, the Division absorbed the duties by cross-training Elevator Safety Inspectors. Funds generated from the operating permit fees are deposited into the Elevator Safety Fund (0257) which supports both the Elevator Safety and Amusement Ride Safety programs. The Governor-appointed Amusement Ride Safety board advises Division staff.

2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program.



AB Section(s): 8.215

Department of Public Safety / Fire Safety Program Name: Amusement Ride Safety Program

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Fire Safety Core

AB Section(s): 8.215

2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality.

Five Division of Fire Safety Inspectors are trained and certified by the National Association of Amusement Ride Safety Operators (NAARSO). NAARSO and American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) standards are used for the inspection and permitting of rides in our State.

2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact.

In FY24, 1037 ride permits were issued, while 1 ride incident were reported and investigated.

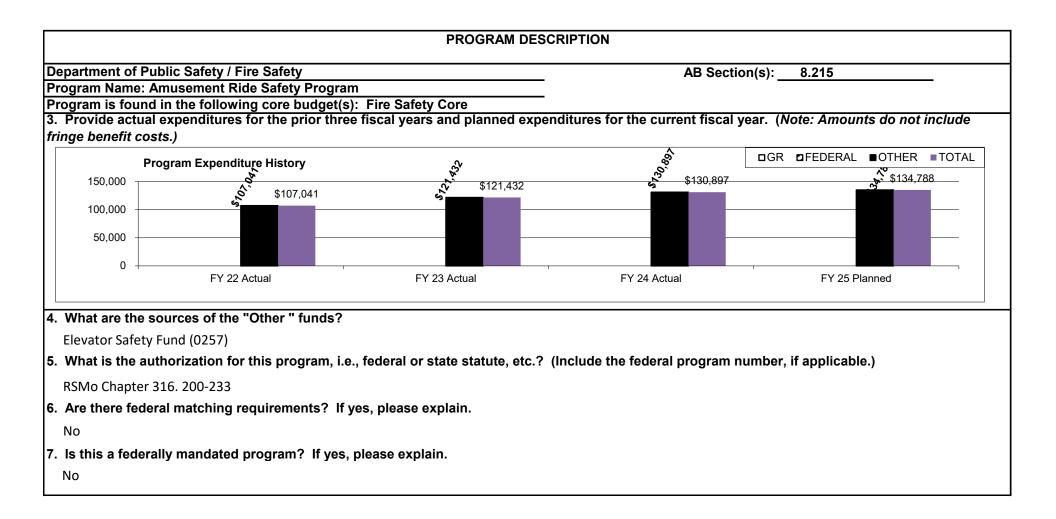
The Amusement Ride Safety program serves more than 155 amusement ride owners, but more importantly, the functions of this program help to ensure the safety of the citizens and visitors of our State when attending fairs, carnivals and amusement parks. In a typical year, the program oversees rides at all Missouri fixed park locations, as well as the Missouri State Fair, the Ozark Empire Fair, Boone and Cole county fairs, and multiple other county fairs and

2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency.

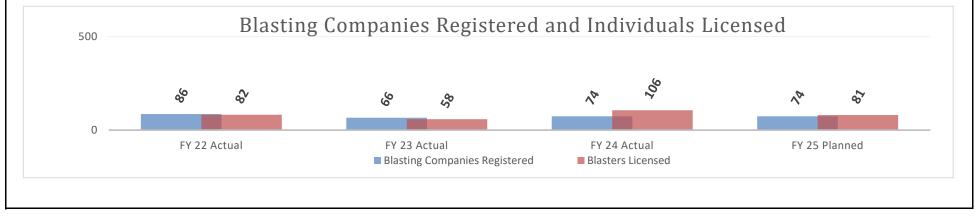
Because no FTE or E&E authority was appropriated for this program, the Division absorbed the duties by cross-training the Elevator Safety Inspectors to perform the duties of this program and has recently started a training program for Fire Inspectors to perform some of these duties.

Fees remain relatively low in comparison with neighboring states. An amusement ride permit in Missouri is \$30, while a permit in Arkansas is \$100, and Kansas is between \$75-\$100 depending on the type of ride.

The Division of Fire Safety is also charged with performing quality control checks of amusement rides operating, as well as the work performance of the 64 third-party amusement ride inspectors in our State.



PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department of Public Safety / Fire Safety AB Section(s): 8.215 Program Name: Blasting Safety & Explosives Enforcement Program Program is found in the following core budget(s): Fire Safety Core 1a. What strategic priority does this program address? Public safety from injury from explosives. 1b. What does this program do? In 2007, the Blasting Safety Act was implemented regulating the training, testing, and licensing of individuals who conduct blasting and setting regulations for how blasting is conducted in our State. The seven-member State Blasting Safety Board, appointed by the Governor, has the duty to advise the State Fire Marshal in the administration of the program. The Missouri Explosives Safety Act Administration Fund (0804) is appropriated to the Division and expended for the administration and enforcement of the program. Explosives users (companies) are to register with the Division of Fire Safety, and file an annual report of the number of tons of explosives purchased and used. Fees are based on the amount of tons of explosives used. Blasting companies began registering with the Division of Fire Safety in the fall of 2007, and began submitting reports and paying fees for explosives used in January of 2008. The economic downturn in 2009-2011 impacted the blasting industry, resulting in lower than anticipated program revenues. In the 2018 session, the General Assembly passed HB1286, allowing for an increase in fees and thereby securing the future of the program. Revised rules and corresponding fees became effective in 2020. 2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program.

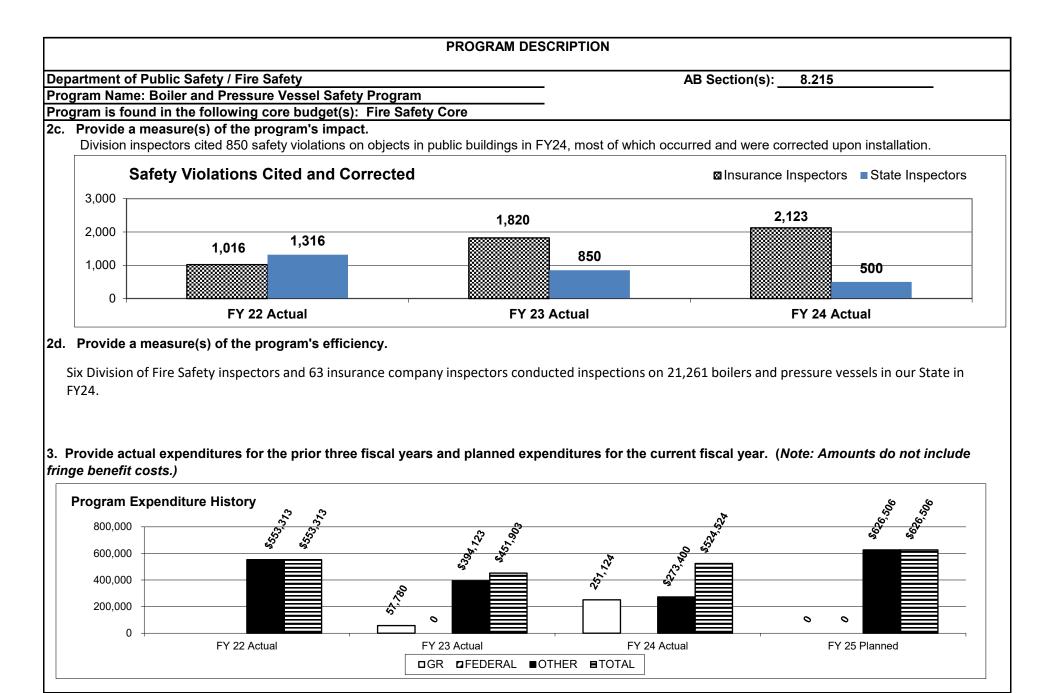


PROGRAM DESCRIPTION					
Program N	nt of Public Safety / Fire Safety Name: Blasting Safety & Explosives En s found in the following core budget(s)		AB Section	(s): <u>8.215</u>	_
	de a measure(s) of the program's quali				
The Bla	sting Safety and Explosives Enforcement	Program helps to ensure the	safety of the public living or working ne	ar blasting sites.	
The Blas	st Safety Investigators are trained to inve	stigate blasting complaints f	rom citizens.		
License	d Blasters must meet RSMo 319.303 of th	ne Missouri Blast Safety Act,	including rules adopted by the board, th	e code of federal regulations	s, and
blasting	; industry best practices. Blasters re-licen	ise every 3 years.			
Upon re	equest of Division staff, blasting companie	es must show verification that	at explosives used are within allowable I	imits.	
2c. Provi	de a measure(s) of the program's impa	ct.			
used sir the pro 2d. Provi	nsing of blasting companies and individuance this program was implemented in 200 gram. Division of Fire Safety staff work cl ide a measure(s) of the program's effici vision of Fire Safety staff registers 100% o	08. The staff has responded losely with the blasting indus iency.	to and investigated nearly 550 citizen co stry to ensure compliance with federal a	omplaints since the implement	
efficien 3. Provide	, the Division reclassified a clerical position of the division reclassified a clerical position of the sectual expenditures for the prior three of the costs.)	und the state in a more time	ly manner, the Division has also cross-tr	ained field Fire Investigators	
		Program Expe	nditure History		
\$130,000	\$125,536 \$125,536	0 1	,	\$117,517 \$117,517	
\$120,000		\$108,439 \$108,439	\$111,045 \$111,045		GR
\$110,000					■ FEDERAL
\$100,000 \$90,000					TOTAL
<i>\$50,000</i>	FY 22 Actual	FY 23 Actual	FY 24 Actual	FY 25 Planned	

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION		
Department of Public Safety / Fire Safety Program Name: Blasting Safety & Explosives Enforcement Program Program is found in the following core budget(s): Fire Safety Core	AB Section(s): 8.215	
 What are the sources of the "Other " funds? Missouri Explosives Safety Act Administration Fund (0804) What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Inc 	lude the federal program number, if applicable.)	
RSMo 319.300 6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain. No		
7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.No		

ercial businesses by pro ommissions 63 insurance spections on all newly in ure compliance of jurisdi	Fire Safety Core ess? d accidents. n Program strives to ensure th oviding oversight of the inspec e company inspectors who pro installed objects. Also, the Chie ictional requirements.	AB Section(s): he safety of the general public while in ction of boilers and pressure vessels. In ovide routine inspections for their insu ef Inspector conducts joint reviews on	office buildings, churches, schools, n addition to seven State inspectors, red in Missouri. Additionally, state welding repair companies of boilers
d pressure vessel related do? Vessel Safety Inspection percial businesses by pro ommissions 63 insurance spections on all newly in ure compliance of jurisdi	d accidents. n Program strives to ensure th oviding oversight of the inspec e company inspectors who pro nstalled objects. Also, the Chie ictional requirements.	ction of boilers and pressure vessels. In ovide routine inspections for their insu ef Inspector conducts joint reviews on	n addition to seven State inspectors, red in Missouri. Additionally, state welding repair companies of boilers
do? Vessel Safety Inspection percial businesses by pro ommissions 63 insurance spections on all newly in ure compliance of jurisdi	n Program strives to ensure th oviding oversight of the inspec e company inspectors who pro nstalled objects. Also, the Chie ictional requirements.	ction of boilers and pressure vessels. In ovide routine inspections for their insu ef Inspector conducts joint reviews on	n addition to seven State inspectors, red in Missouri. Additionally, state welding repair companies of boilers
Vessel Safety Inspection percial businesses by pro pmmissions 63 insurance spections on all newly in ure compliance of jurisdi	oviding oversight of the inspect e company inspectors who pro- nstalled objects. Also, the Chie ictional requirements.	ction of boilers and pressure vessels. In ovide routine inspections for their insu ef Inspector conducts joint reviews on	n addition to seven State inspectors, red in Missouri. Additionally, state welding repair companies of boilers
ercial businesses by pro ommissions 63 insurance spections on all newly in ure compliance of jurisdi	oviding oversight of the inspect e company inspectors who pro- nstalled objects. Also, the Chie ictional requirements.	ction of boilers and pressure vessels. In ovide routine inspections for their insu ef Inspector conducts joint reviews on	n addition to seven State inspectors, red in Missouri. Additionally, state welding repair companies of boilers
Pressure Vessel Safety F	und (0744).	essure Vessel Safety Board. Fees colle inspections due to staff turnover.) State In	spections
16,018	19,334	16,937	17,000
15	5.112		6,600
		4,324	
	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	FY 24 Actual	FY 25 Planned
5			5,112 4,324

State-employed and state-commissioned inspectors must meet state and national standards and have a minimum combined education and experience of five years in the boiler and pressure vessel industry. Annual continuing education courses are required of all inspectors in order to maintain the National Board Commission. Inspections are based on the National Board Inspection Code, ASME, along with State rules.



PROGRAM DESCRIPTION				
Department of Public Safety / Fire Safety Program Name: Boiler and Pressure Vessel Safety Program Program is found in the following core budget(s): Fire Safety Core	AB Section(s): 8.215			
4. What are the sources of the "Other " funds? Boiler and Pressure Vessel Safety Fund (0744)				
5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Ir RSMo Chapter 650. 200-290	nclude the federal program number, if applicable.)			
 6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain. No 7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain. 				
No				

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department of Public Safety / Fire Safety AB Section(s): 8.215 Program Name: Elevator Safety Program Program is found in the following core budget(s): Fire Safety Core 1a. What strategic priority does this program address? Public safety on elevator-related equipment. 1b. What does this program do? The Elevator Safety Program is responsible for enforcing nationally recognized safety standards for the maintenance, inspection, testing, and operation of all elevator equipment. New elevator equipment installations, as well as modifications/alterations to existing equipment, are required to comply with a plan review process based upon the adopted code/standard in Missouri and issue a permit before such work begins. This program also has regulatory authority over the issuance of state licenses to qualified elevator inspectors, mechanics and contractors within the State. The program is charged with enforcing safety rules and regulations, collecting prescribed fees, registering and permitting elevator equipment as well as reviewing requests for variances. Functions of this program are overseen by the Governor-appointed Elevator Safety Board. Fees collected are deposited into the Elevator Safety Fund (0257). 2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program. **Elevator Safety Program** Elevators Inspected Selevators Registered ^حۇرىخ 26,512 40,000 <>>000;< 22,056 ^{22,000}

20,966

FY 24 Actual

FY 25 Planned

2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality.

FY 22 Actual

Division Inspectors are responsible for all plan reviews of new installations and conduct acceptance inspections on new equipment prior to permitting. Division of Fire Safety Elevator Safety Inspectors are QEI (Qualified Elevator Inspectors) as certified by the American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME).

FY 23 Actual

Division staff also review work performance of and conduct required annual training for 80 state-licensed elevator inspectors, as well as license and regulate 958 elevator mechanics and 73 elevator contractors who must re-license every 2 years. ASME codes and standards are adhered to stringently in the inspection of all elevator-related equipment in order to ensure the safety of the public.

20,000

0

Department of Public Safety / Fire Safety Program Name: Elevator Safety Program

AB Section(s): 8.215

2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact.

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Fire Safety Core

The Elevator Safety program issues operating permits to nearly 25,000 elevators and related objects, but more importantly, the program helps to ensure the safety of our citizens and visitors when using elevators and related equipment in our State.

The Division of Fire Safety's program cited safety violations on 12,163 (58%) objects inspected in FY24 which were corrected to ensure the safety of the

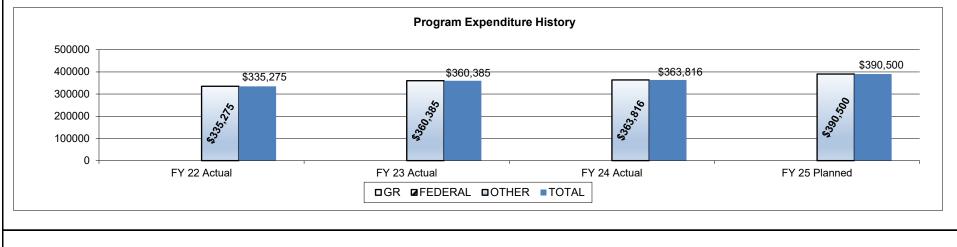
2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency.

Four Division of Fire Safety inspectors and 381 approved third-party inspectors conducted inspections on 20,966 elevators and related equipment in our State in FY24.

407 Inspector Audits were conducted by Division staff to ensure all licensed inspectors are performing thorough and adequate inspections per state law and regulations.

Inspection and certificate fees allow the Elevator Safety program to be self- supporting. Fees are set by rule, kept at a minimum and are below average of neighboring states. Certificate fees in Iowa are \$75; Arkansas fees are \$55; whereas Missouri certificate fees are \$25.

3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (*Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.*)



PROGRAM DESCRIPTION			
Department of Public Safety / Fire Safety	AB Section(s): 8.215		
Program Name: Elevator Safety Program			
Program is found in the following core budget(s): Fire Safety Core			
4. What are the sources of the "Other " funds?			
Elevator Safety Fund (0257)			
5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Ir	clude the federal program number, if applicable.)		
RSMo Chapter 701. 350-380			
6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.			
No			
7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.			
No			

Department of Public Safety / Fire Safety

AB Section(s): 8.215

Program Name: Fire Inspection Program is found in the following core budget(s): Fire Safety Core

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

Public safety of the most vulnerable Missouri citizens.

1b. What does this program do?

The Fire Safety Inspection Unit conducts fire safety inspections for facilities and locations which are licensed or certified by several state agencies. Agencies served include the Department of Health and Senior Services, Department of Mental Health, Department of Social Services, Senior Citizens Nutrition Centers, Department of Elementary and Secondary Education, and the Veteran's Administration. The Inspection Unit is comprised of a Deputy Chief Inspector, two Regional Chief Inspectors, and 15 Fire Safety Inspectors supported by one administrative support assistant.

Inspections conducted by this Unit are based on a variety of state statutes, promulgated rules, and nationally recognized codes and standards. These requirements are designed to reduce and/or eliminate fire safety hazards for more than 87,353 occupants of long term care, child care, mental health, youth-at-risk, and foster care homes and facilities located throughout the state. Fire safety inspections improve fire prevention measures and provide for a safer environment for all occupants.

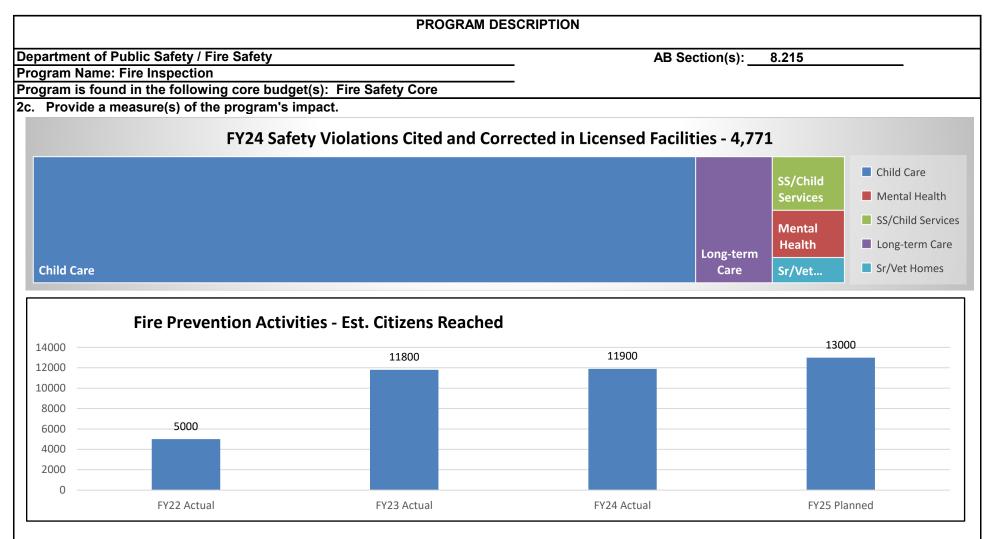


2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program.

2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality.

In FY24, the Fire Safety Inspection Program conducted 5,383 inspection activities with a re-inspection rate of 30% to ensure safety violations are corrected and ultimate compliance with rules, codes and standards. This improves the safety of occupants and residents.

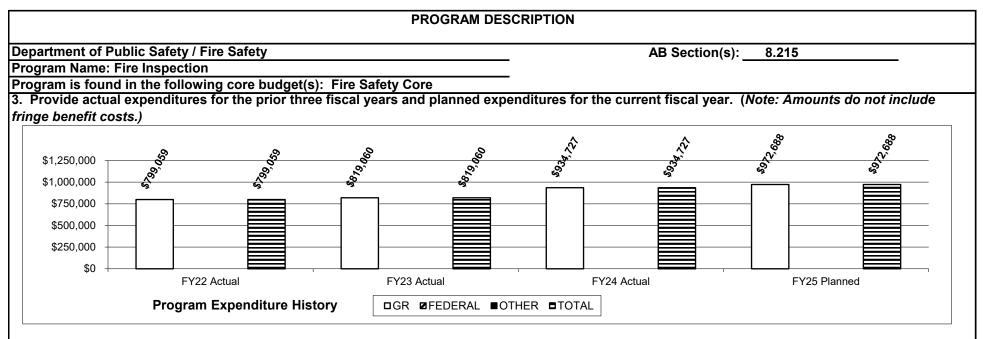
The Fire Safety Inspection Program utilizes nationally recognized codes such as National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) and the International Building and Fire Code to assist with interpretation of various rules and regulations. Division of Fire Safety Inspectors are certified to NFPA 1031, and have



2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency.

One FTE was reduced from this program in FY21. In order to maximize resources and provide the best coverage of all required facilities, 15 field Fire Inspectors are located throughout the State.

Division staff continues to inspect 100% of the state licensed facilities which mandate an annual fire inspection conducted by the State Fire Marshal's Office staff.



4. What are the sources of the "Other " funds?

Not Applicable

5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.)

RSMo 320.202 & 210.252

6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.

No

7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

No

Department of Public Safety / Fire Safety Program Name: Fire Investigation Program Program is found in the following core budget(s): Fire Safety Core

AB Section(s): 8.215

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

Public Safety through Fire and Arson Prevention.

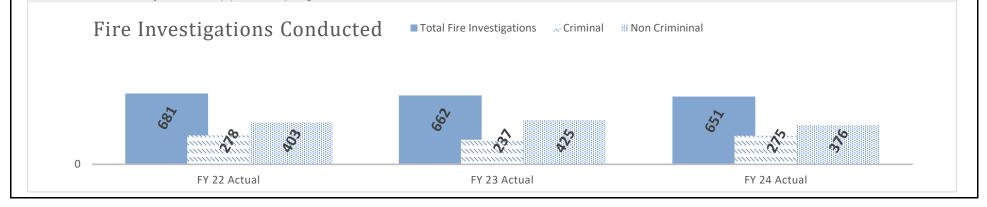
1b. What does this program do?

Under RSMo. 320.230, the State Fire Marshal and appointed investigators are responsible for investigating incidents involving the possibility of arson, explosion, or related offenses as requested by the fire service, law enforcement and prosecuting attorneys within the state. A Deputy Chief Investigations Manager supervises two Commissioned Investigator Supervisors and fourteen field Senior Commissioned Investigators, located strategically throughout the state and on call twenty-four hours a day, seven days a week.

Fire Investigators have the power of arrest for criminal offenses when investigating the cause, origin or circumstances of fires, explosions, or like occurrences involving the possibility of arson or related offenses. Investigators also have arrest powers when aiding and assisting a Sheriff or a Chief of Police or their designated representative at their request.

The Investigation Unit has three certified Computer Voice Stress Analysis (CVSA) operators who assist Federal, state, and local law enforcement agencies by conducting examinations. Additionally, Investigators are assigned special details when activated for Homeland Security or Statewide Mutual Aid occurrences. Commissioned Fire Investigators also serve as the enforcement arm of the Fireworks and Blasting Safety programs.

2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program.



Department of Public Safety / Fire Safety Program Name: Fire Investigation Program

AB Section(s): 8.215

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Fire Safety Core

2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality.

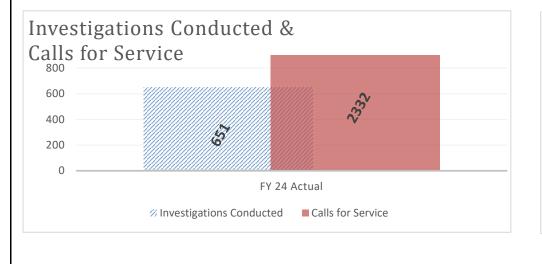
Fourteen Division of Fire Safety field Senior Commissioned Investigators respond statewide 24/7 to requests from fire and law enforcement agencies. Using national standards and proven scientific methods, their mandate is to determine origin and cause of all fires, to include uncovering criminal activity. These efforts are aimed at fire and arson prevention for our Missouri communities.

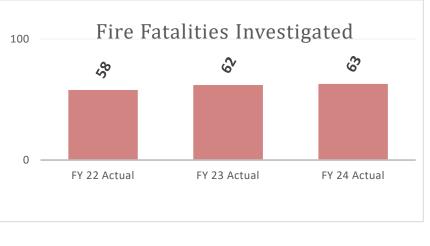
Investigators with the Division of Fire Safety have an excess of 750 hours of training including POST certification, Division of Fire Safety State Fire Investigator Certification, National Fire Academy training and various Federal Law Enforcement Academy training. Investigators are trained in several fields of expertise to include insurance fraud, explosive recognition, weapons of mass destruction, and post-blast investigations. Investigators also have

2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact.

Arson is one of the most difficult of all major crimes to prove due to the extensive destruction of evidence. In FY24, the Division Fire Investigators responded to 2,332 calls for service, including 275 criminal investigations resulting in multiple arrests.

Fire Investigators are routinely requested to scenes involving injuries and/or fatalities. In FY24, Fire Investigators responded to fires which involved 63 fatalities. Cause of fire and fire death is extremely important in these situations.





	PROGRAM DESC	RIPTION	
Department of Public Safety / Fire Safety		AB Section(s): 8.215
Program Name: Fire Investigation Program		-	
Program is found in the following core budget(s):			
2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficient	ency.		
This program has seen significant turnover in recen investigator, with an average response time to scer	ne of 58 minutes.		
This program provides services for over 1,113 fire, citizens of the State by determining fire cause there	• •	•	ltimately the program benefits all
		-	
2. Browide actual expanditures for the prior three	ficasi years and planned exper	ditures for the surrent field was	r (Noto: Amounto do not includo
3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fringe benefit costs.) Reduction in FY22 expendite		iditures for the current liscal year	r. (Note: Amounts do not include
Program Expenditure History	□GR □FEDERAL ■OT	HER TOTAL	
\$1,500,000		\$1.001.010	
\$1,250,000	\$1,053,077 \$1,053,077	\$1,204,640 \$1,204,640	\$1,141,758\$1,141,758
\$1,000,000 \$954,034 \$954,034			
\$750,000			
\$500,000			
\$250,000			
FY 22 Actual	FY 23 Actual	FY 24 Actual	FY 25 Planned
4. What are the sources of the "Other " funds?			
Not Applicable			
5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e.,	federal or state statute, etc.?	(Include the federal program num	ber, if applicable.)
RSMo 320.230			
6. Are there federal matching requirements? If ye	es, please explain.		
No	•		

7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

No

	PROGRAM		
epartment of Public Safety / Fire Safety		AB Sectio	on(s): 8.215
ogram Name: Statewide Fire Mutual Aid & ogram is found in the following core budg			
. What strategic priority does this program			
Deployment of emergency resources to age . What does this program do?	encies or citizens in need.		
The Fire Mutual Aid Program is a voluntary sy esources, the Division is responsible for coo personnel, as well as specialty resources inclu- pased emergency medical services.	rdinating responses to requests for	or fire service based resources. These	resources include fire suppression and
ne Statewide Fire Mutual Aid System has be ot deployed inter-regionally during local mu onduit between local, regional, state, and fe	utual aid events, the Division mair ederal stakeholders for the duration	ntains situational awareness on all maj on of the event. The Fire Mutual Aid (jor events, and serves as an information
he Coordinator also manages the K9 Mutua programs as well as serves as the State Prog	l Aid, the Fire Department Registr ram Manager for the National Fire	ation, Donated Equipment, and Radio	
The Coordinator also manages the K9 Mutua programs as well as serves as the State Prog nformation for data collection and preventio	l Aid, the Fire Department Registr ram Manager for the National Fire on purposes.	ation, Donated Equipment, and Radio	
The Coordinator also manages the K9 Mutua programs as well as serves as the State Prog information for data collection and prevention . Provide an activity measure(s) for the p FY24 Fire Mutual Aid Activities	l Aid, the Fire Department Registr ram Manager for the National Fire on purposes.	ation, Donated Equipment, and Radio	
The Coordinator also manages the K9 Mutual programs as well as serves as the State Prog information for data collection and prevention . Provide an activity measure(s) for the prevention FY24 Fire Mutual Aid Activities	l Aid, the Fire Department Registr ram Manager for the National Fire on purposes.	ation, Donated Equipment, and Radio	
The Coordinator also manages the K9 Mutua programs as well as serves as the State Prog information for data collection and prevention . Provide an activity measure(s) for the prevention FY24 Fire Mutual Aid Activities	l Aid, the Fire Department Registr ram Manager for the National Fire on purposes.	ration, Donated Equipment, and Radio e Incident Reporting System in which t	fire departments input response
14 12 10 8	l Aid, the Fire Department Registr ram Manager for the National Fire on purposes.	ration, Donated Equipment, and Radio e Incident Reporting System in which t	

Department of Public Safety / Fire Safety Program Name: Statewide Fire Mutual Aid & Incident Reporting Program

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Fire Safety Core

AB Section(s): 8.215

2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality.

Staff deployed to the State Emergency Operations Center (SEOC) must have Incident Command System 100, 200, 700, 800, 300, and 400 level training. Additionally, since multiple agencies respond to the SEOC, various exercises are practiced each year to include tornados, nuclear plant incidents, and earthquake scenarios to ensure all agencies are prepared to communicate and coordinate effectively with each other. Several staff at the Division of Fire Safety are trained to respond to the SEOC if activated or has issued an advisory, in addition to Regional Fire Mutual Aid Coordinators who volunteer from

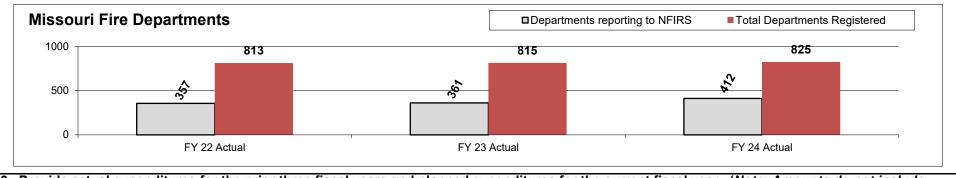
2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact.

Statewide Fire Mutual Aid is a component of an all-hazard system for allocation, mobilization, and deployment of fire suppression, search and rescue, and hazardous materials resources in response to local incidents that require more resources than those available under any existing inter-jurisdictional mutual aid agreement, especially in response to a major disaster where assistance is needed from one area or region of the State to another. Fire Mutual Aid is designed to augment the available resources during time of emergency or significant event. The Statewide Fire Mutual Aid Coordinator facilitates the coordination of fire suppression mutual aid resources in order to minimize human suffering, save lives and conserve property.

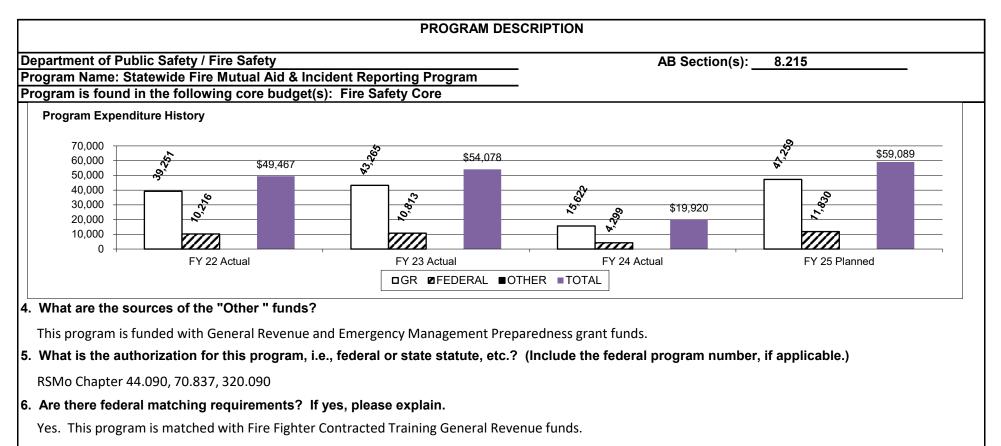
This program has a great impact on the Missouri communities in times of emergencies and disasters. Communication and forward preparedness is key in order to ensure a rapid and ready response.

2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency.

The Division works closely with local fire departments to coordinate resources and route them to areas of the State in greatest need. This is with minimal cost to the State. Fire department participation in this program continues, however reimbursement for the deployment of local resources is a concern.



3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.) DFS converted a Fire Inspector FTE to an FTE for this program to better meet the needs of the fire service.



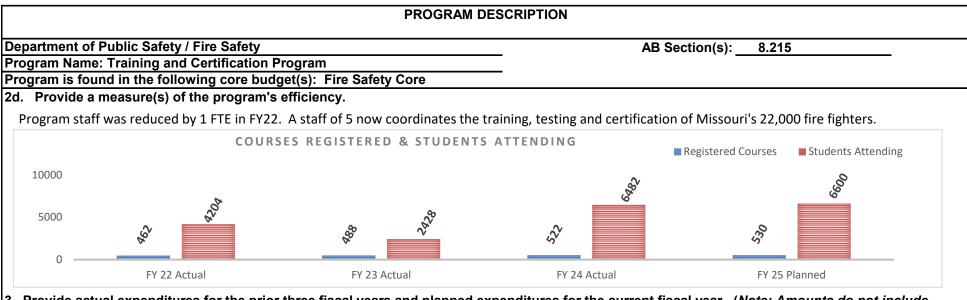
7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

No, however the program does meet the intent and goals of the National Response Framework and is NIMS compliant.

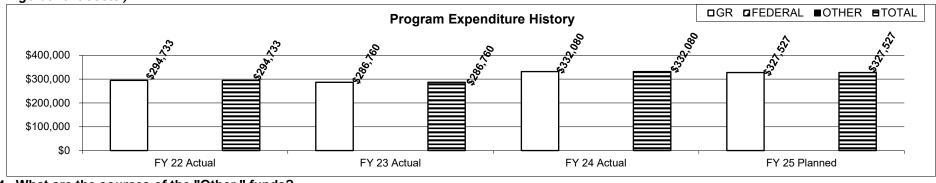
Department of Public Safety / Fire Safety AB Section(s): 8.215 Program Name: Training and Certification Program Program is found in the following core budget(s): Fire Safety Core 1a. What strategic priority does this program address? Well-trained, safe fire fighters and credentialed first responders. 1b. What does this program do? The Division of Fire Safety's Training and Certification Unit provides quality training and internationally accredited certification to Missouri's fire service and emergency response community. The Unit is accredited through the International Fire Service Accreditation Congress (IFSAC), and the National Board of Fire Service Professional Qualifications (Pro Board) which require certifying entities to follow strict guidelines and meet the most current professional gualification standards of the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA). Many fire departments around the state require certification prior to hiring and promoting individuals. The Division currently offers 26 levels of certification and numerous training programs and has issued over 125,000 certifications since the program's implementation in 1985. There are approximately 825 fire departments and 22,000 fire fighters serving Missouri citizens. Of those, it is estimated 80% volunteer their service and have limited, if any resources for life-saving training. The Division's Training and Certification Unit plays a vital role in providing these services. 2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program. Fire Fighters Tested & Certifications Issued -Exams Administered Firefighters certified Certifications Issued FY21 and FY22 certifications were combined due to an old Records Management system. 5800 8000 5669 . 333 436> 6000 4283 4250 4103 3375 2926 0067 4000 181 2000 0 FY 22 Actual FY 23 Actual FY 24 Actual FY 25 Planned

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department of Public Safety / Fire Safety AB Section(s): 8.215 Program Name: Training and Certification Program Program is found in the following core budget(s): Fire Safety Core 2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality. All training programs provided by the Division of Fire Safety are based on National Fire Protection Association standards in order to ensure credibility and consistency. Additionally, Division certification programs are verified and validated by the International Fire Service Accreditation Congress and the National Board of Professional Qualifications. This allows Missouri's fire service to be recognized for their training worldwide and ensures competency and consistency when fire fighters from multiple departments respond to an emergency incident. Similar programs exist in other states, including our neighboring states which also offer some accredited certification levels: Illinois: 38 lowa: 11 Nebraska: 10 Oklahoma: 14 Kentucky: 15 Arkansas: 37 Tennessee: 29 Accredited certification levels offered by the Missouri : 24 The DFS Training & Certification program implemented a new Records Management/Learning Management System in FY22. The online system provides Missouri's fire service with greater access to training and testing opportunities, as well as ownership of their own training and certification records. This service is provided at no cost to the fire fighters of our State. 2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact. Courses and programs continue to see an increase in requests and participation indicating overall satisfaction and need. Trained fire fighters are more capable of providing a safe and effective response to citizens in need. The Division sees approximately 800 new fire fighters annually attending entry level FY24 Total Fire Fighters Completing Certification Classes & Certified 30.000 Est. Firefighters in Mo. Total Firefighters Completeing Certification Classes Total Certifications Issued 20,000 22,000 1,81 10,000 4.103 Ο FY 24 Actual



3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.)



4. What are the sources of the "Other " funds?

N/A

5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.)

RSMo 320.202

- 6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.
 - No
- 7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.
 - No

Department of Public Safety / Fire Safety Program Name: Fireworks Licensing Program Program is found in the following core budget(s): Fire Safety Core

AB Section(s): 8.215

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

Public safety while enjoying fireworks.

1b. What does this program do?

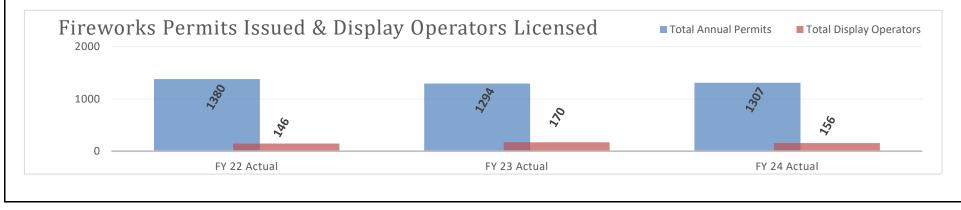
The Division of Fire Safety is charged with the investigation, permitting, and inspection of the fireworks industry in our State. Manufacturers, distributors, jobbers, wholesalers, seasonal retailers, and persons requesting special fireworks displays apply to the Division of Fire Safety for a permit to do business in Missouri. The scope of the program also entails indoor proximate fireworks shows such as those used in theatres, ballgames and concerts.

Fire Inspection and Fire Investigation staff conduct inspections of facilities selling, manufacturing, or distributing fireworks. Of the 1,307 permits issued in 2024, 1,154 were seasonal retailers. According to State law, seasonal retailers can only sell between the dates of June 20 through July 10, and December 20 through January 2. Division staff are trained in the proper procedures for the inspection of public fireworks displays and conduct inspections of these sites before a display is permitted. Division staff also investigate complaints involving the manufacture or sale of illegal fireworks.

This program generates approximately \$160,000 annually which is deposited to the credit of the Fire Education fund (0821) and used for training Missouri's fire service.

2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program.

The Division of Fire Safety works closely with local jurisdictions to ensure 100% of all public fireworks displays are inspected prior to the event to ensure the safety of all spectators. Operators relicense every 3 years.



Department of Public Safety / Fire Safety Program Name: Fireworks Licensing Program Program is found in the following core budget(s): Fire Safety Core

AB Section(s): 8.215

2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality.

Fire Inspectors and Fire Investigators attend pyrotechnic training specific to NFPA 1123 & 1126 regarding fireworks pyrotechnics, displays, and manufacturing to ensure safety standards are met. Display operators are tested to these NFPA standards prior to being licensed and must relicense every three years. Division Fire Inspectors review display sites to ensure safety requirements are met.

2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact.

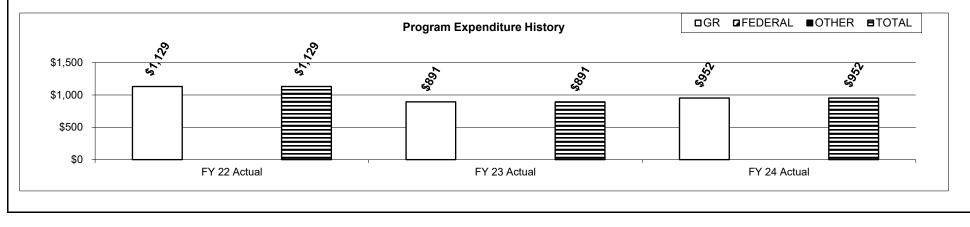
The Fireworks Licensing program issues permits to over 1,200 businesses annually and has licensed 156 indoor and outdoor fireworks display operators. More importantly, the program helps to ensure the safety of our citizens and visitors when enjoying fireworks with friends and family.

2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency.

Because the Division never received personnel or expense funding support to administer this program since the implementation in the1980's, the Division of Fire Safety cross-trained Fire Inspection and Fire Investigation staff to perform these mandated duties.

Division field Inspectors and Investigators make a concerted effort to inspect the 1,154 seasonal retail locations throughout the State during the 20-day Summer selling period for safety compliance. This is in addition to the public fireworks displays inspected and permitted by Division staff.

3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.)



PROGRAM DESCRIPTION			
Department of Public Safety / Fire Safety	AB Section(s): 8.215		
Program Name: Fireworks Licensing Program			
Program is found in the following core budget(s): Fire Safety Core			
4. What are the sources of the "Other " funds?			
N/A 5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute	e, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.)		
RSMo 320.106-320.161			
6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.			
No			
7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.			
No			

	PROGRAM DESC	RIPTION	
Department of Public Safety Program Name: Workers Compensation Grants f	or Vol Fire Protection Assn	AB Section(s):	8.215
Program is found in the following core budget(s)			
1a. What strategic priority does this program ad	dress?		
Financial assistance for volunteer fire protection	associations.		
1b. What does this program do?			
In 2016, Senate Bill 613 was passed to allow the of workers' compensation insurance premiums for		ants to volunteer fire protection associat	ions (VFPAs) to assist with the cost
Currently the Division has 825 fire departments re therefore meet the definition of the law. VFPAs will apply to the Division of Fire Safety and received workers' compensation benefits from cla	d grant funds will be disbursed base	d on the number of volunteer fire fighter	
2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the progr	am.		
Volunteer Fire Protecti	on Associations to Re	ceive Grants	
1000 809	815	825	830
500 /////// //		////////	
500 118	123	203	215
0			
FY22 Actual	FY 23 Actual	FY24 Actual	FY25 Planned
	Volunteer Fire Protection Assn's	Total Fire Departments	

2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality.

An appropriation to fund the grant program was initially included in the Fiscal Year 2018 state budget as a one-time and added as a budget line item in Fiscal Year 2023.

When funding is available, the grant schedule is as follows:

- •Associations with 0-5 claims shall be eligible for \$2,000;
- •Associations with 6-10 claims shall be eligible for \$1,500;
- •Associations with 11-15 claims shall be eligible for \$1,000; and
- •Associations with 16-20 claims shall be eligible for \$500.

Department of Public Safety AB Section(s): 8.215 Program Name: Workers Compensation Grants for Vol Fire Protection Assn Program is found in the following core budget(s): Fire Safety Core 8.215 2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact. Currently the Division of Fire Safety has 825 fire departments registered in the State of Missouri. Approximately 203 of those would meet the Volunteer Fire Protection Associations as stated in RSMo 320.300, and therefore qualify for grants under this law. These departments have very limited budgets. Dollars are stretched to provide essential equipment and training, leaving little to no funding for compensation insurance for fire fighters who selflessly volunteer their time and risk their lives to protect their communities. The grants will assist in off-setting the rising costs of workers compensation insurance for volunteer fire fighters affiliated with these associatio 2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency.	or workers
 Program is found in the following core budget(s): Fire Safety Core Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact. Currently the Division of Fire Safety has 825 fire departments registered in the State of Missouri. Approximately 203 of those would meet the Volunteer Fire Protection Associations as stated in RSMo 320.300, and therefore qualify for grants under this law. These departments have very limited budgets. Dollars are stretched to provide essential equipment and training, leaving little to no funding for compensation insurance for fire fighters who selflessly volunteer their time and risk their lives to protect their communities. The grants will assist in off-setting the rising costs of workers compensation insurance for volunteer fire fighters affiliated with these association 	or workers
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compensation insurance for fire fighters who selflessly volunteer their time and risk their lives to protect their communities.	
	ns.
2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency.	
The Division of Fire Safety will administer this program with existing administrative FTE.	
3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not a	include fringe
benefit costs.).	
Program Expenditure History	
600,000	
400,000	<u> </u>
	000-
0 FY 22 Actual FY 23 Actual FY 24 Actual FY 25 Planned	
□GR □FEDERAL ■OTHER □TOTAL	

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION				
Department of Public Safety Program Name: Workers Compensation Grants for Vol Fire Protection Assn Program is found in the following core budget(s): Fire Safety Core	AB Section(s): 8.215			
 4. What are the sources of the "Other " funds? N/A 5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Incl RSMo 287.245 6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain. No 7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain. No 	ude the federal program number, if applicable.)			

			SCRIPTION	
	blic Safety / Fire Safety		AB Sect	ion(s): 8.220
	ire Safe Cigarette Program	et(s): Fire Safe Cigarette Core	_	
-	c priority does this progra			
b. What does th	is program do?			
ire Safe Cigarette	Act was created and passed	arette related fires, as well as to dec d in 2010. This Act requires the Div nented within all 50 states, and prov	ision of Fire Safety to regulate the s	
rears; recertificatio nonitored testing p lelivery of fire prev	on if the cigarette has been al process; approval of cigarette	Itered in any way; notification of cert e markings; and management of the The Division has registered or rend	ifications to the Attorney General a Cigarette Fire Safety and Fire Figh	nter Protection Act Fund to be used for
rears; recertificatio nonitored testing p lelivery of fire prev Pa. Provide an a	n if the cigarette has been al process; approval of cigarette rention and safety programs. ctivity measure(s) for the p	Itered in any way; notification of cert e markings; and management of the The Division has registered or rend	ifications to the Attorney General a Cigarette Fire Safety and Fire Figh	nd the Department of Revenue; a nter Protection Act Fund to be used for t
rears; recertificatio nonitored testing p lelivery of fire prev Pa. Provide an a	n if the cigarette has been al process; approval of cigarette rention and safety programs. ctivity measure(s) for the p	Itered in any way; notification of cert e markings; and management of the The Division has registered or ren program.	ifications to the Attorney General a Cigarette Fire Safety and Fire Figh	nd the Department of Revenue; a nter Protection Act Fund to be used for t
ears; recertificatio nonitored testing p lelivery of fire prev a. Provide an ac CERTIFICATIO	n if the cigarette has been al process; approval of cigarette rention and safety programs. ctivity measure(s) for the p	Itered in any way; notification of cert e markings; and management of the The Division has registered or ren program.	ifications to the Attorney General a Cigarette Fire Safety and Fire Figh	nd the Department of Revenue; a nter Protection Act Fund to be used for t

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department of Public Safety / Fire Safety AB Section(s): 8.220 Program Name: Fire Safe Cigarette Program Program is found in the following core budget(s): Fire Safe Cigarette Core 2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact. The Fire Safe Cigarette program has now been implemented in all 50 States in order to regulate the sale of reduced propensity cigarettes with similar statistics and revenues. According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), only 15.5% of the adult population were current smokers in 2016, compared to 33.2% in 1980. Despite today's comparatively small percentage of smokers, smoking remained the leading cause of home fire deaths over the total five-year period of 2012-2016 according to the National Fire Protection Agency, Home Fires Started by Smoking report from January, 2019. The national report also states an estimated annual average of 18,100 (5%) reported home structure fires started by smoking materials killed an average of 590 (23%) people annually, injured 1,130 (10%) per year, and caused \$476 million in direct property damage (7%) per year. While Missouri-specific data is still being compiled, the program has been proven to reduce fire deaths nation-wide as similar programs were implemented. In addition to serving the tobacco companies, the program serves the public. In FY24, the Division Fire Inspectors conducted numerous fire prevention and safety programs utilizing the appropriation from the Cigarette Fire Safety and Fire Fighter Protection Act fund. These programs are aimed at reducing fire deaths and injuries. Reported home smoking material fires and deaths, by year B. Deaths A. Fires 2,500 80 70.8 1.820 2.000 70 60 In thousands 1,500 50 40 1,000 30 660 490 16.520 500 10 0 0 2016 2014 1982 1984 1986 1988 1990 1994 1992 1996 1998 2000 2002 2004 2006 2008 2010 2012 2014 2016 10,9/

Program Name: Fire Safe Cigarette Program Program is found in the following core budget(s): Fire Safe Cigarette Core 20. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency. No FTEs were appropriated to administer this program, therefore existing staff perform these functions. 100% of the cigarettes sold in Missouri are certified with the Division of Fire Safety as fire standard compliant. 3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.) Program Expenditure History Image benefit costs.) 9.0000 Image benefit costs. 9.0000 Image benefit costs.) 9.0000 Image benefit costs. 9.0000 Image benefit costs. <	PROGRAM DESCRIPTIO)N
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fringe benefit costs.) Program Expenditure History 50,000 40,000 30,000 20,000 0 FY 22 Actual FY 23 Actual GR @FEDERAL @OTHER @TOTAL 4. What are the sources of the "Other " funds? Cigarette Fire Safety and Fire Fighter Protection Act Fund (0937) 5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.) RSMo Chapter 320.350 6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain. No 7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.	100% of the cigarettes sold in Missouri are certified with the Division of Fire Safety as fire sta	andard compliant.
 40,000 40,000 30,000 20,000 0 FY 22 Actual FY 23 Actual FY 23 Actual FY 24 Actual FY 24 Actual FY 24 Actual FY 24 Actual FY 25 Planned 4. What are the sources of the "Other " funds? Cigarette Fire Safety and Fire Fighter Protection Act Fund (0937) 5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.) RSMo Chapter 320.350 6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain. No 7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain. 	3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditur <i>fringe benefit costs.)</i>	es for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include
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FY 22 Actual FY 23 Actual FY 24 Actual FY 25 Planned Image:		
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RSMo Chapter 320.350 6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain. No 7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.	Cigarette Fire Safety and Fire Fighter Protection Act Fund (0937)	
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No 7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.	RSMo Chapter 320.350	
7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.	6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.	
	No	
	7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.	
NO	No	

HB Section(s):

8.225

Department of Public Safety / Fire Safety

Program Name: Contracted Fire Fighter Training

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Fire Fighter Training Core

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

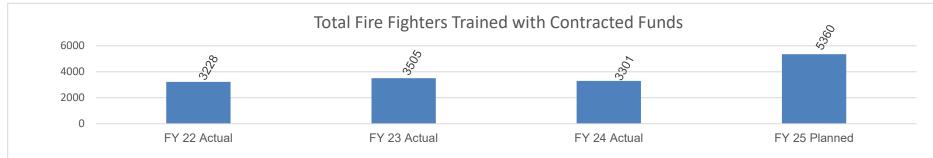
Provide consistent quality training to fire fighters statewide through direct delivery and various vendors.

1b. What does this program do?

Through multiple contracts with various training partners, this funding provides cost free training to Missouri's fire fighters, law enforcement, and other emergency response personnel. In an effort to reach all spectrums of those we serve, the training ranges from very basic to extremely complex. Courses are delivered in a regional format in an effort to reach all corners of our State. Training topics include fire fighting, fire service Instructor and Officer development, technical rescue, water rescue, driver training, hazardous materials recognition and response, fire safety inspections, fire investigations etc.

For many volunteer fire fighters, this funding is their only opportunity for training. It is estimated at least 80% of Missouri's 22,000 fire fighters volunteer their service and represent departments with little or no budget for training.

This appropriation also provides \$20,000 in funding for the Missouri Firefighters' Funeral Assistance Team.

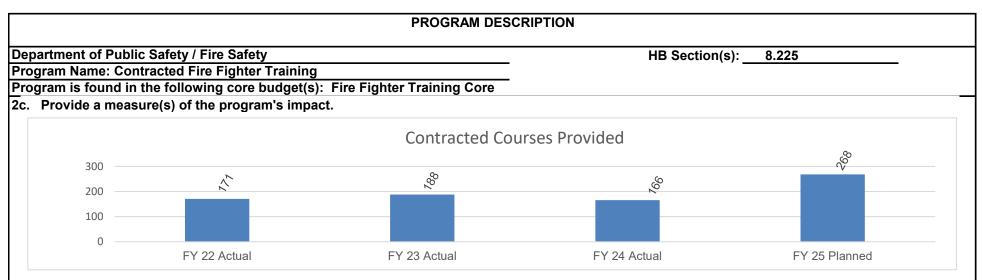


2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program.

2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality.

All contracted training courses are vetted by the Governor-appointed Fire Education Commission and must meet applicable NFPA standards. Courses must be delivered by Division of Fire Safety qualified and/or certified instructors, and proper safety equipment must be utilized during skill evolutions.

In order to maximize training dollars, course attendance minimums are established by the Commission. Evaluation forms are completed by students at the conclusion of each class indicating overall satisfaction with these programs.

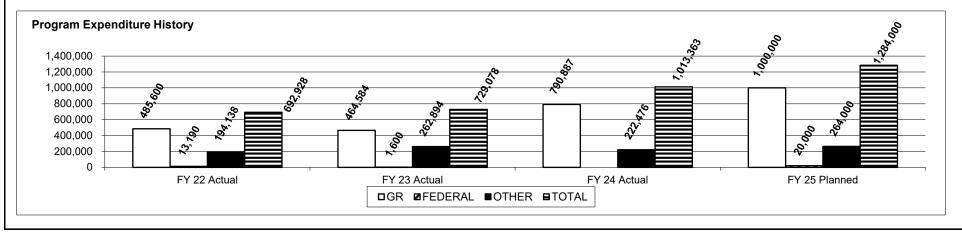


2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency.

The Division of Fire Safety is not appropriated an FTE to administer this program and therefore uses existing Training staff to provide oversight of these contracted courses.

In FY24, contracted training funds were passed on to seven different training partners to provide training programs to the first responders of our State at no cost to the participants.

3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (*Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.*)



PROGRAM DESCRIPTION				
Department of Public Safety / Fire Safety	HB Section(s): 8.225			
Program Name: Contracted Fire Fighter Training				
Program is found in the following core budget(s): Fire Fighter Training Core				
4. What are the sources of the "Other " funds?				
Chemical Emergency Preparedness Fund (0587) and Fire Education Fund (0821)				
5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Ir	clude the federal program number, if applicable.)			
RSMo Chapter 320.200-273; 292.604				
6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.				
No				
7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.				
No				

AB Section(s):

8.230

Department: Department of Public Safety

Program Name: Missouri Veterans Commission

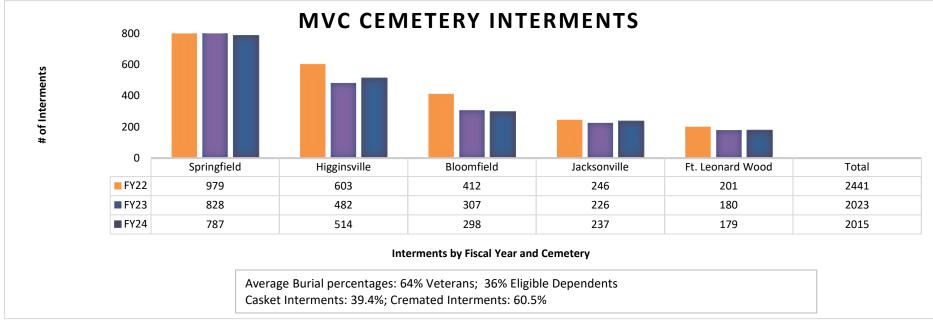
Program is found in the following core budget(s): Admin & Service to Veterans

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

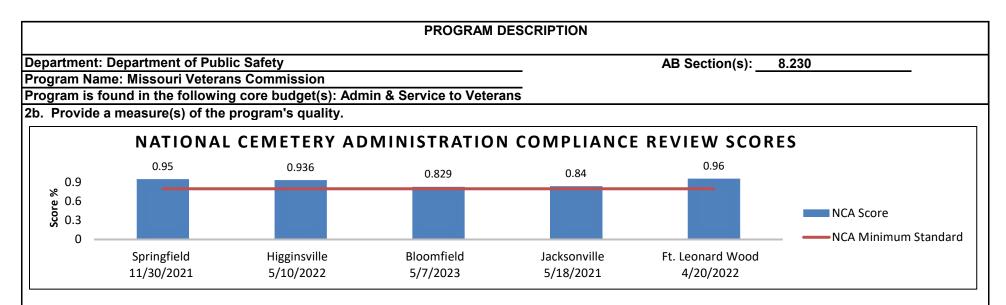
Inform and Educate/Stakeholder Support: Increase Veteran outreach and awareness of federal, state, and local benefits. Enhance MVC's service to Missouri's veteran community.

1b. What does this program do?

The Missouri Veterans Cemeteries provide interment services to Veterans, spouses, and eligible dependents in a dignified and compassionate manner without charge to the Veteran or family. Interment includes in-ground burial or inurnment in a columbarium wall. Benefits include; burial space, opening and closing of the grave, grave liner or urn, upright granite headstone, perpetual care, and military honors for the Veteran. Those who choose cremation have the option of in-ground burial or inurnment within the columbarium wall.



2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program.

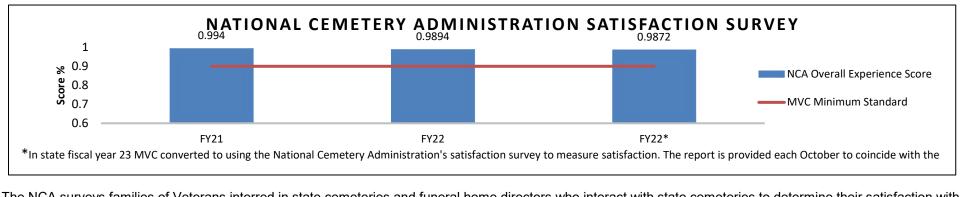


The National Cemetery Administration (NCA) conducts a periodic Compliance Review (approximately every 3 years) evaluating 95 standards in categories including safety, interment operations, grounds maintenance, equipment maintenance, customer satisfaction, and headstone, marker, and niche cover.

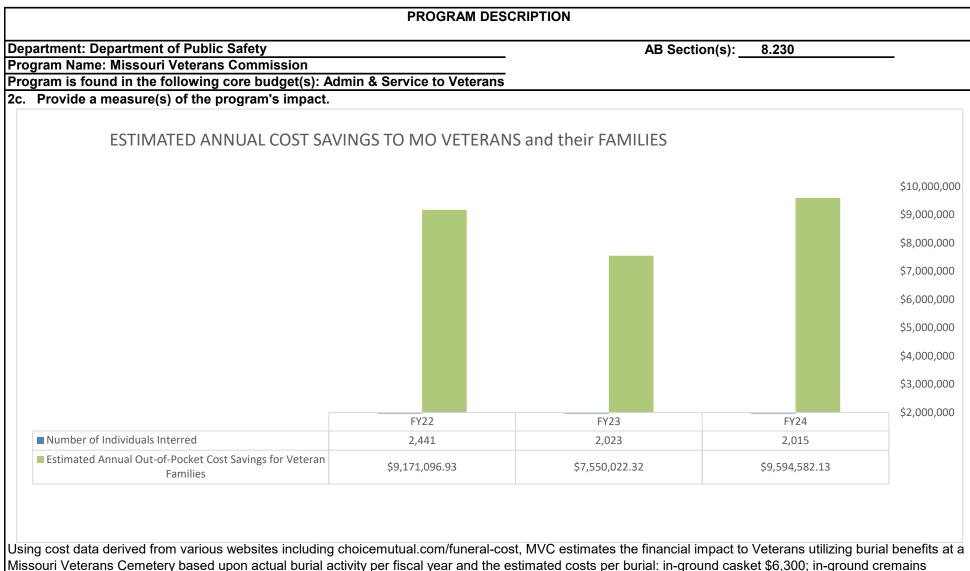
Upcoming NCA Compliance Reviews are scheduled for Springfield (April) and Jacksonville (May) in this fiscal year.

To be considered compliant with the NCA Standards and Measures a cemetery must receive a score of 80% or better.

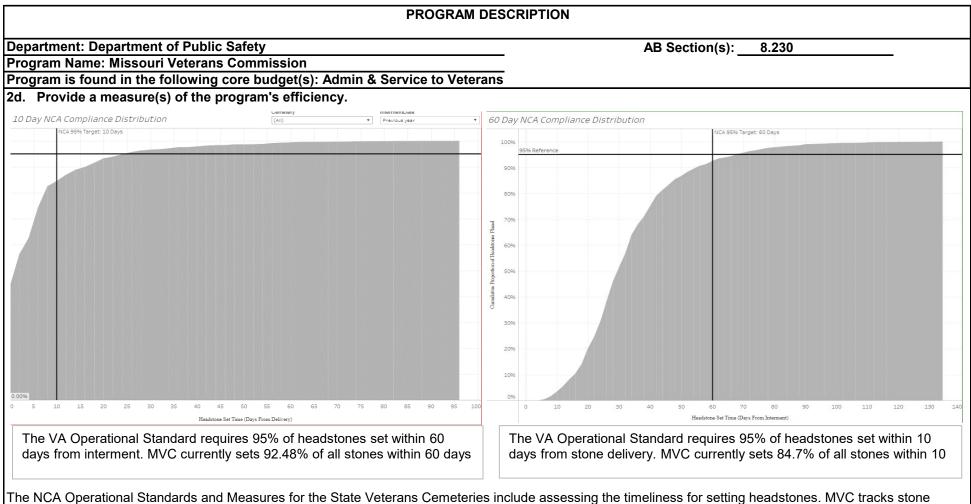
Operational Excellence Award was achieved at Springfield in FY22. The cemetery met 100% of critical priority standards and its appearance reflects an environment of beauty and awe-inspiring tribute.



The NCA surveys families of Veterans interred in state cemeteries and funeral home directors who interact with state cemeteries to determine their satisfaction with the cemetery grounds and appearance, headstones, burial sites, facilities, communication, quality of service, and cemetery staff. In FY23, MVC converted from using its own satisfaction survey to this independent, and thorough survey to measure satisfaction. MVC expects the NCA to release FY23 data in October, 2024.



\$5,300; columbarium wall \$3,040.



setting efficiency for each cemetery. There are two separate measures shown above, in aggregate, for all five cemeteries.

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Department of Public Safety 8.230 AB Section(s): Program Name: Missouri Veterans Commission Program is found in the following core budget(s): Admin & Service to Veterans 3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.) **Program Expenditure History** 6.000.000 ج مئ ^{رې} کې ¹,203 3 3

1,000,000	20°6, 33	50 ² 52	200 ²	
1,000,000	FY 22 Actual	FY 23 Actual	FY 24 Actual	FY 25 Planned
		□GR □FEDERAL ■OTH	ER TOTAL	

4. What are the sources of the "Other " funds?

Veterans Commission Capital Improvement Trust Fund (VCCITF) is sourced majorly by revenue from MO Gaming Commission. These gaming transfers have decreased from \$30,461,720 in FY13 to \$7,241,384 in FY24 (76% decrease).

Missouri Gaming Commission revenues are not forecasting a return to pre-pandemic levels. MVC continues to prioritize deferred equipment replacement and capital improvement needs in all cemeteries due to continued budget shortfalls. MVC requires a stable, dedicated funding source to continue operations. MVC does not charge Veterans, spouses or their eligible dependents for burial benefits.

MVC receives \$0 in General Revenue for the Cemetery Program.

5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.)

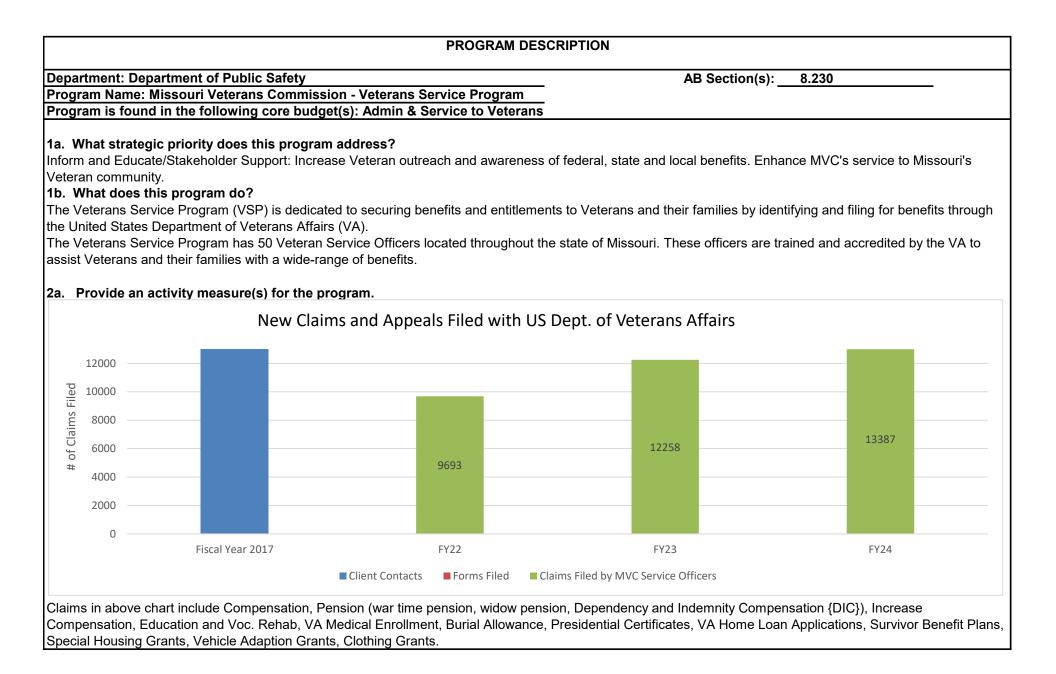
Chapter 42, RSMo. and 38 CFR Part 39

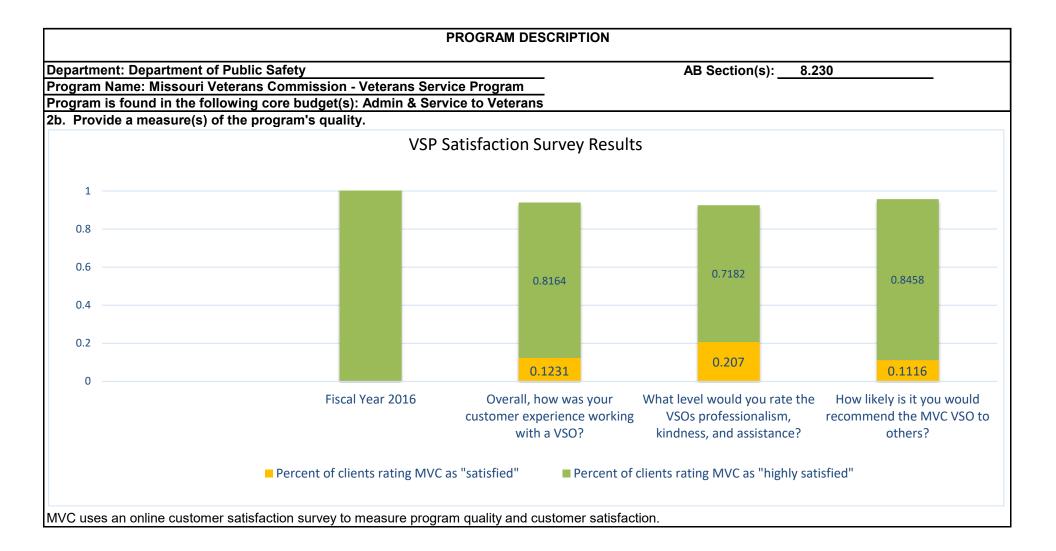
6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.

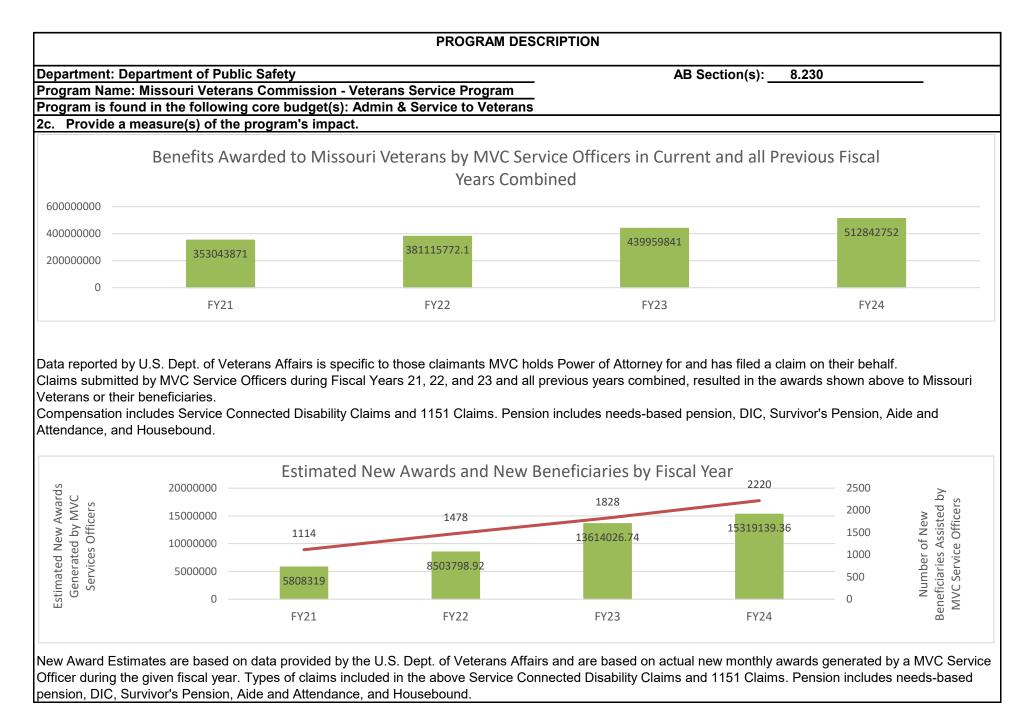
The United States Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) provides an Interment Allowance of \$948.00 for each eligible Veteran interred. Cemetery maintenance grants are available from the National Cemetery Administration (NCA), Cemetery Grants Program, to help in maintaining the cemeteries to NCA Operational Standards and Measures. The state must allocate the funding first and will be reimbursed up to 100% through the Cemetery Grants Program with payments made at intervals during the project until completion.

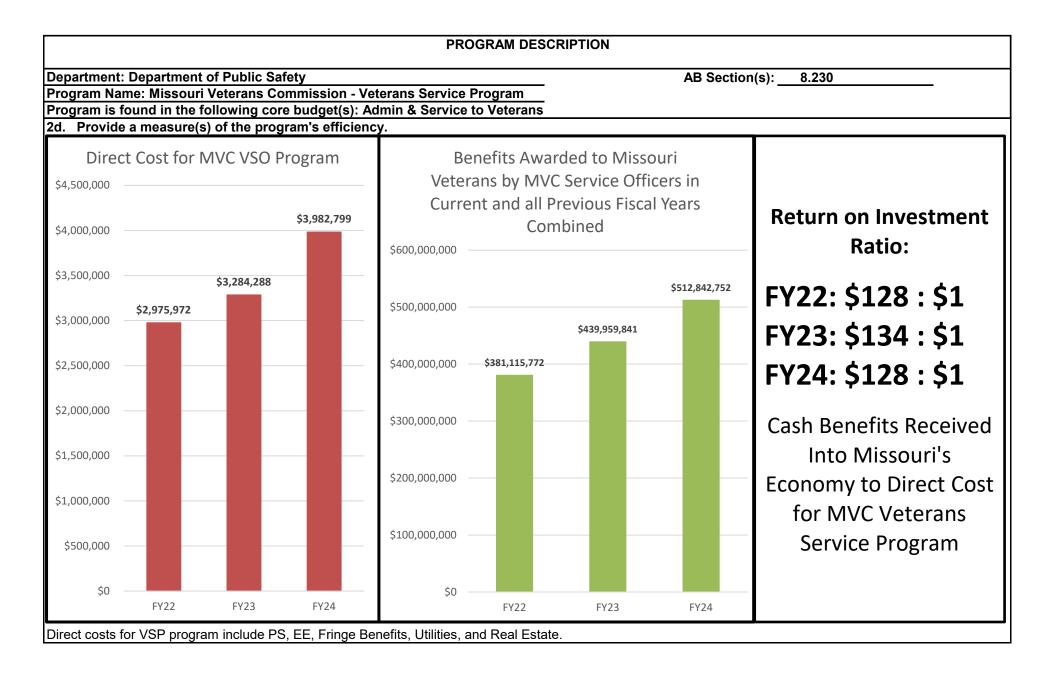
7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

No









		PROGRAM DESCRIP	TION	
Program Name: Mi	rtment of Public Safety ssouri Veterans Commission - n the following core budget(s):		AB Section(s)	: 8.230
	expenditures for the prior three	fiscal years and planned expenditu	res for the current fiscal year.	(Note: Amounts do not include
		Program Expenditure His	tory	
6,000,000	605 605 605 605	e.344.035 e.344.035	²⁶²² 6223 6223 6	500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500
1,000,000	FY 22 Actual	FY 23 Actual	FY 24 Actual	FY 25 Planned
		□GR □FEDERAL ■OTHER	■TOTAL	
Revenue from Misso Due to inflationary in 4. What are the so	ouri Gaming Commission decreas	s not and is not projected to return to p	78,240 in FY20 (71% decrease)	ontinued operations.). FY 23 transfers totaled \$11,030,749.
Chapter 42, RSMo. ⁻ "Cooperating with th veterans and their de	The Veteran Services Program is e United States Department of	federal or state statute, etc.? (Incl required to assist Veterans in seeking of Veterans' Affairs and all federal and Veteran Service Officers are charged	g various benefits under Section state offices legally concerned w	42.007.5. This requirement includes: vith and interested in the welfare of
6. Are there federa	I matching requirements? If ye	es, please explain.		

7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain. No

Department: Department of Public Safety

Program Name: Missouri Veterans Commission Program is found in the following core budget(s): Missouri Veterans Homes AB Section(s): 8.250

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

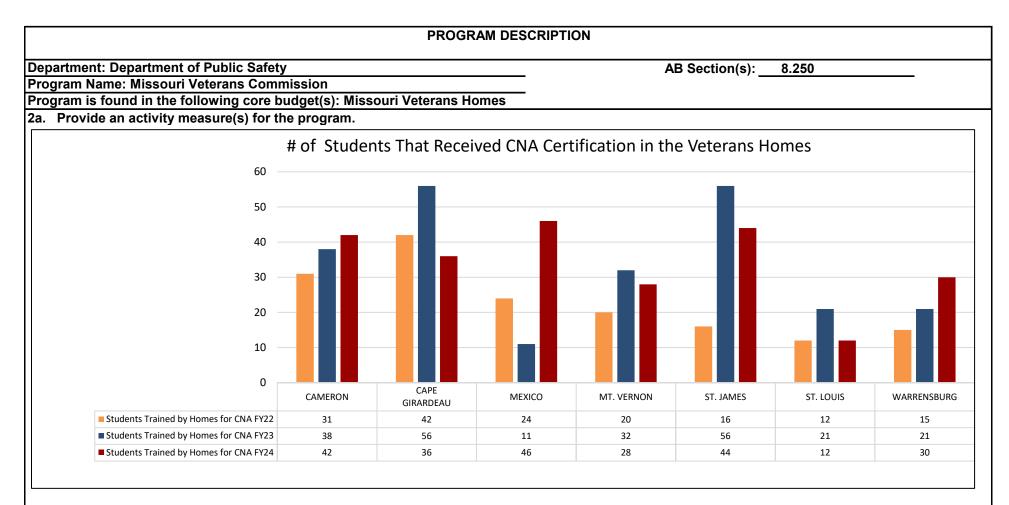
Collaborate to provide a proactive approach for the public safety of Missouri's Veterans.

1b. What does this program do?

The Missouri Veterans Homes program provides skilled nursing care for Veterans at seven (7) Homes throughout the State of Missouri. Veterans Homes are located in Cameron, Cape Girardeau, Mexico, Mt. Vernon, St. James, St. Louis and Warrensburg.

The Homes program operates with a combined capacity of 1,238 skilled nursing beds.

Each Home employs a workforce critical to the needs of the operation of the Veterans Homes for 24 hours a day, 365 days a year.



In addition to providing nursing care, our Veterans Homes also train employees to become Certified Nursing Assistants (CNA's) who provide direct personal care to Veterans including activities of daily living (ADLs), which includes; bathing, dressing, cleaning, grooming, toileting and transferring from bed to chair. The training and certification program involves providing 75 hours of classroom training and 100 hours of clinical training to each Nursing Assistant. MVC provides

training at no cost to the trainee and provides salaries during the training.

This career advancement opportunity serves to improve the individual and the quality of care in each Home.

This critical activity helps MVC create a nursing supply in the marketplace.

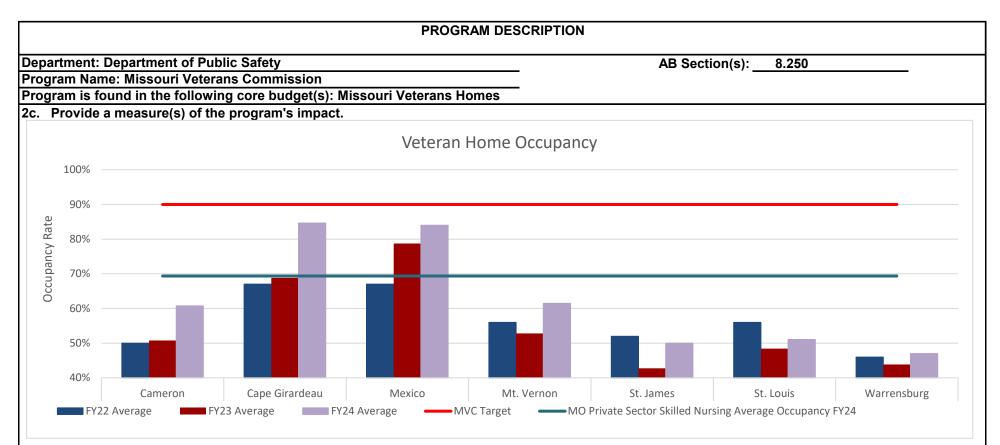
There is a nationwide nursing shortage that has been compounded by the COVID-19 pandemic and new nursing home staffing requirements. Building our own team members is one advantage MVC has in a steeply competitive nursing market.



MVC contracts with a third party that specializes in telephonic elder care satisfaction surveys. The independent view of the Veteran experience includes benchmark comparisons to national averages (based on 1,300 skilled nursing clients). Overall Satisfaction is scored on a five-point scale:

5 - Outstanding; 4 - Excellent; 3 - Satisfactory; 2 - Needs Improvement; 1 - Poor

% of Veterans who would recommend MVC Homes to others is a straight percent of the individuals who responded affirmatively to the question, "Would you recommend a Missouri Veterans Home to someone else?"

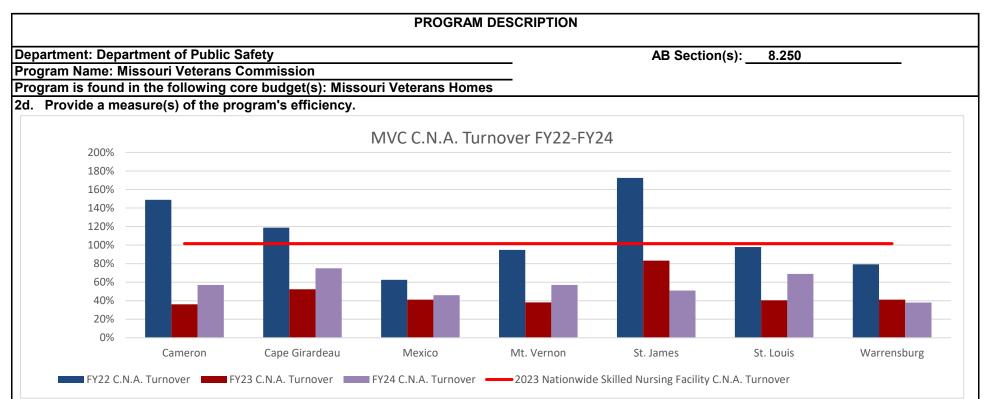


Historically, MVC strives to meet a 90% occupancy rate in order to admit Veterans as soon as our skilled services are needed. Due to COVID-19, MVC stopped admissions late in FY 20 and held admissions until April 2021, at which time some homes, based on the staffing levels began admitting Veterans. MVC intentionally reduced the census to ensure social distancing and proper infection control guidelines could be met and to ensure proper staff to Veteran ratio. Recruiting direct care staff continues to be problematic. Without proper staffing, MVC cannot admit Veterans. Patient safety, related to appropriate staffing levels continues to be the primary concern and focus of efforts during FY 24.

As of July 1, 2024 total census was 798.

As of July 1, 2024 there were 179 Veterans on the Waiting List who need 24-hour skilled nursing care.

As of July 1, 2024 admissions are being held at St. Louis due to a construction project.



Certified Nursing Assistants (CNAs) are the backbone of Missouri's Veteran Homes. The Missouri Healthcare Association (MHCA) reports CNA turnover in skilled nursing facilities across the U.S. was at 101.6% for 2023.

The challenge of staffing MVC Homes with a qualified, dedicated workforce has become increasingly difficult as wages across the healthcare sector and other sectors have increased, sign-on incentives are offered in the private sector, and other facilities do not require mandatory overtime. These recruiting factors coupled with the nationwide nursing shortage have caused a reduction in the number of Veterans MVC can serve in its Homes.

To address CNA shortages in FY24, MVC trained 238 CNAs, enhanced recruiting efforts through the use of a third-party recruiting campaign, close tracking of recruiting efforts, VA Recruitment and Retention grants, and work with state leaders to implement a direct care pay differential. MVC believes these initiatives, along with the recent COLA adjustments and increased night and weekend shift differentials provided by the Governor and General Assembly have helped with recruiting and retaining nursing staff.

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Department of Public Safety AB Section(s): 8.250 Program Name: Missouri Veterans Commission Program is found in the following core budget(s): Missouri Veterans Homes 3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.) 13,479 502 **Program Expenditure History** 595, 1/ 36 120,000,000 123.000 372 100.000.000 80,000,000 £055 60.000.000 40,000,000 20.000.000 0 FY 22 Actual FY 23 Actual FY 24 Actual FY 25 Planned □GR □FEDERAL ■OTHER ■TOTAL

4. What are the sources of the "Other " funds?

The "Other" funds are; Homes Fund, Veterans Commission Capital Improvement Trust Fund, Veterans Trust Fund. These funds are sourced by monthly charges of \$2,631 from Veterans residing in a Home that are under 70% service connected. Veterans with a 70% or higher service-connected disability rating are not charged a monthly rate, the cost of care is provided by the federal Veterans Administration (VA). Additionally, the VA reimburses a per diem for nursing home care provided to an eligible Veteran. The VA provides 100% prevailing rate for the care of Veterans who have 70% or higher service connected disabilities, this rate changes based on the Home's region. For the under 70% disabled Veterans, VA pays a daily per diem rate of \$138.29. These rates are adjusted annually in October.

MVC has received alternate funding support on an annual basis since FY 20 to support continued operations. This funding support includes Medical Marijuana, Budget Stabilization, Adult Use Marijuana, and General Revenue. Without this supplemental funding, Veterans Homes could not continue to operate.

Department: Department of Public Safety

AB Section(s): 8.250

Program Name: Missouri Veterans Commission

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Missouri Veterans Homes

5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.) Chapter 42, RSMo. Federal Veteran Health Administration (VHA) Directive 1601SH.01 under the direction of 38 USC Sections 1710, 1720(f), 1741-1745 and Title 38 CFR sections 17.46-47, 17.190--17.200, and parts 51-52

6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.

Section 42.127 RSMo. requires that Veterans' homes participate in the federal per diem program. Through this partnership, the federal VA reimburses a per diem rate to the Veterans Homes fund to aid in cash to support the program. Federal VA does not pay the entire cost of services to run a Veterans Home.

7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

No, MVC participates in the State Home Per Diem Program (SHPD Program). The SHPD Program is a grant program providing federal assistance to VA-recognized and certified State Veteran Home facilities.

Department: Public Safety

AB Section(s): 8.265-8.310

Program Name: Missouri Gaming Commission

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Missouri Gaming Commission Operating Core

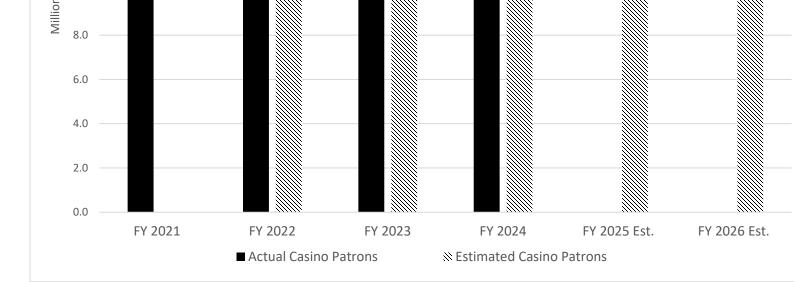
1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

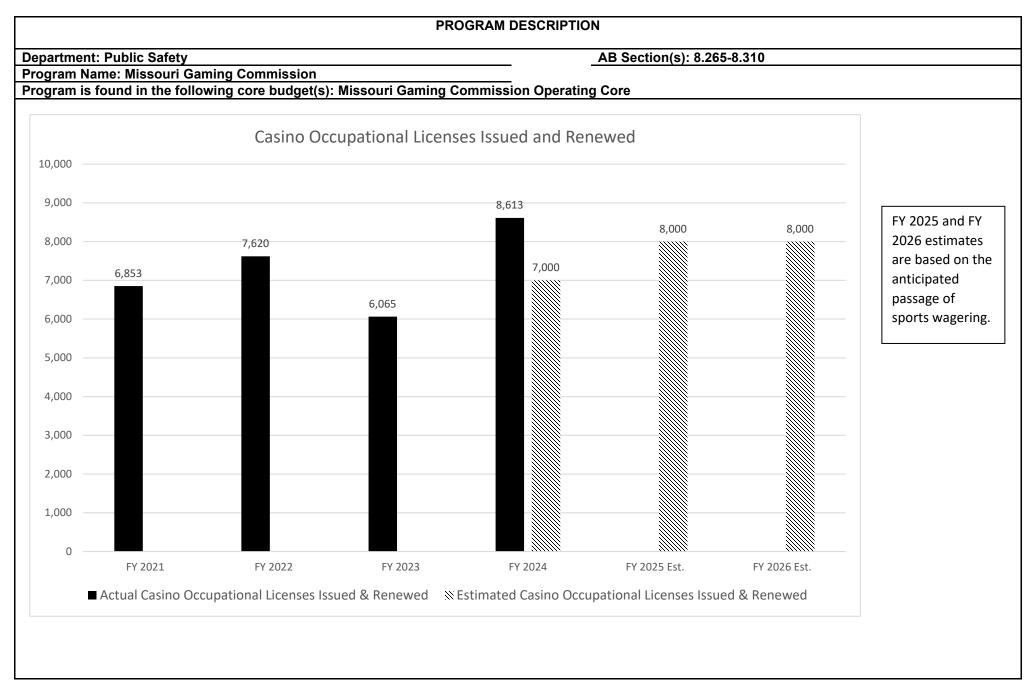
Regulating charitable and commercial gaming in Missouri, to ensure the integrity of the industry.

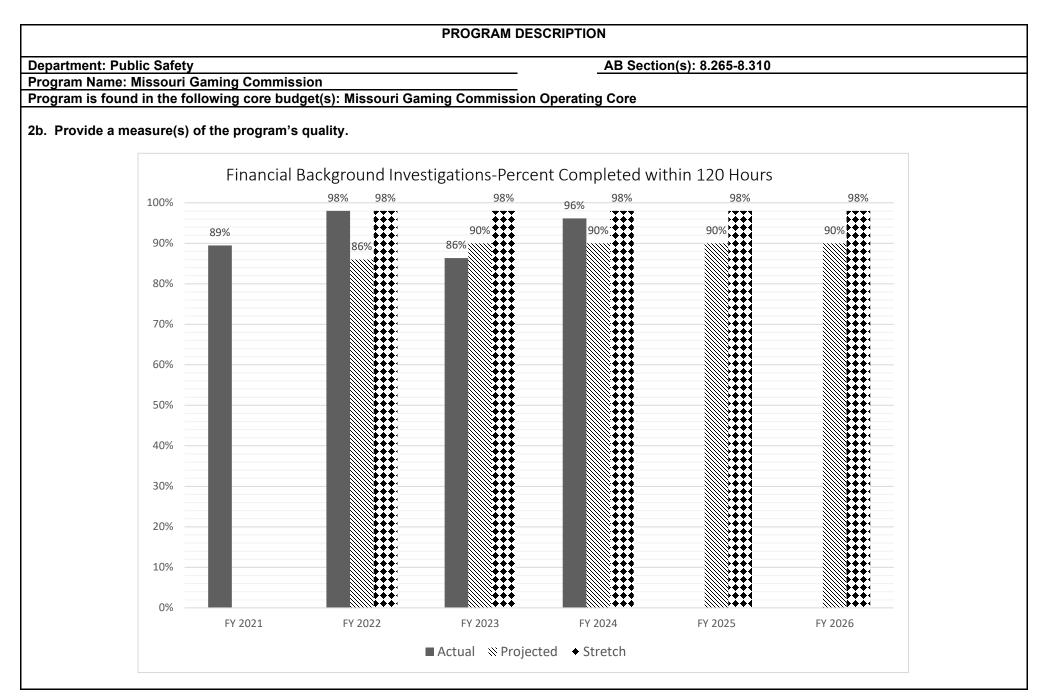
1b. What does this program do?

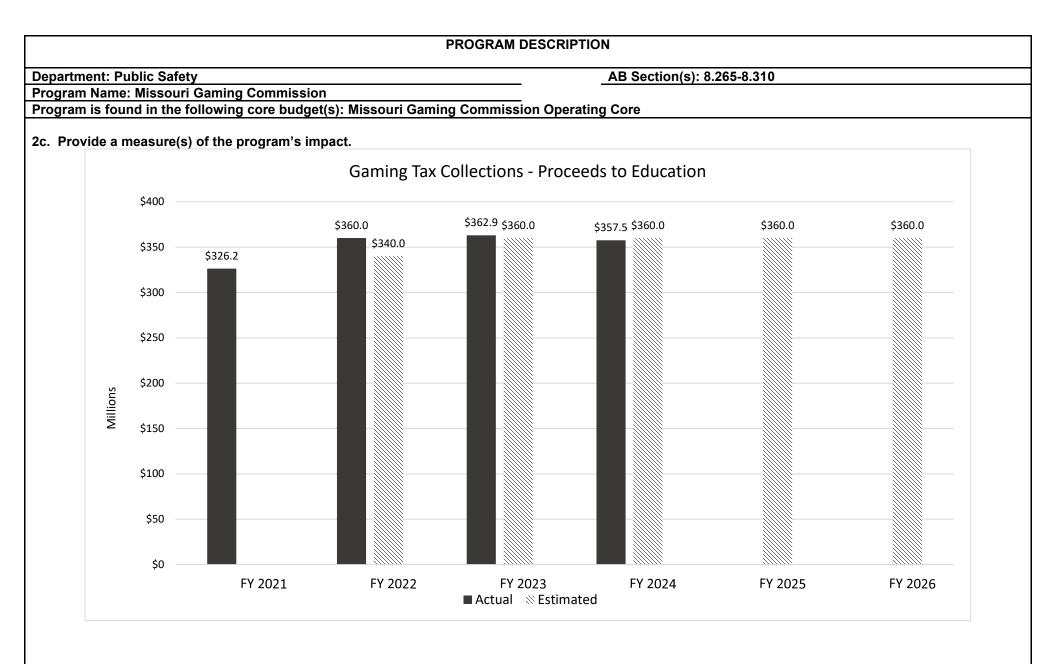
The Gaming Commission is responsible for ensuring the health, safety and welfare of Missourians by monitoring gaming related activities to ensure criminal elements do not infiltrate licensed charitable gaming, commercial riverboat gambling, and fantasy sports contests while continuing to optimize the social and economic impacts on the state. Key responsibilities include conducting background and financial investigations on all key persons of gaming operations, screening occupational licensees to ensure personnel operating casinos, charitable gaming operations and fantasy sports contests maintain the integrity of Missouri gaming; monitoring casino operations at all times to ensure gaming is conducted in accordance with the Missouri gaming statutes, rules and regulations of the commission and the licensees' own internal controls; and conducting financial and compliance audits of gaming operations. In addition, the Missouri-bred horse statute intends to encourage and award the owners and breeders of Missouri-bred horses that win horse races in this state. Racing entities are reimbursed for a winning purse for Missouri-bred horses from the Missouri Breeder's Fund.

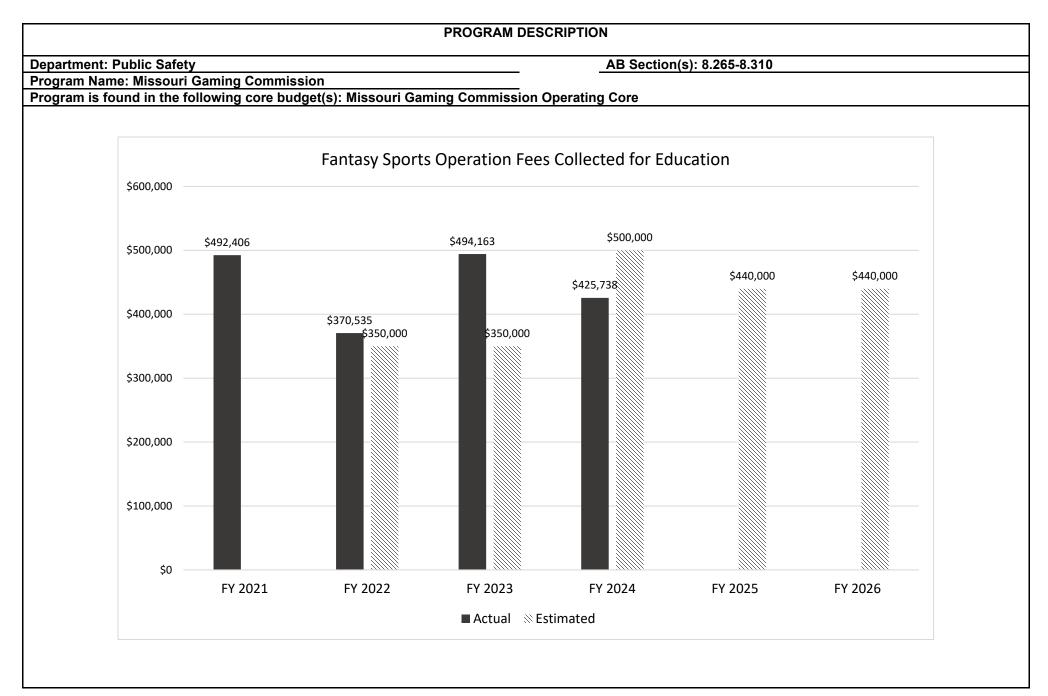
PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Public Safety AB Section(s): 8.265-8.310 Program Name: Missouri Gaming Commission Program is found in the following core budget(s): Missouri Gaming Commission Operating Core 2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program. Number of Casino Patrons Served 18.0 17 16.0 15.1 15 14.7 14.5 14.5 14.5 14.5 14.0 14.0 12.0 Millions 10.0 8.0

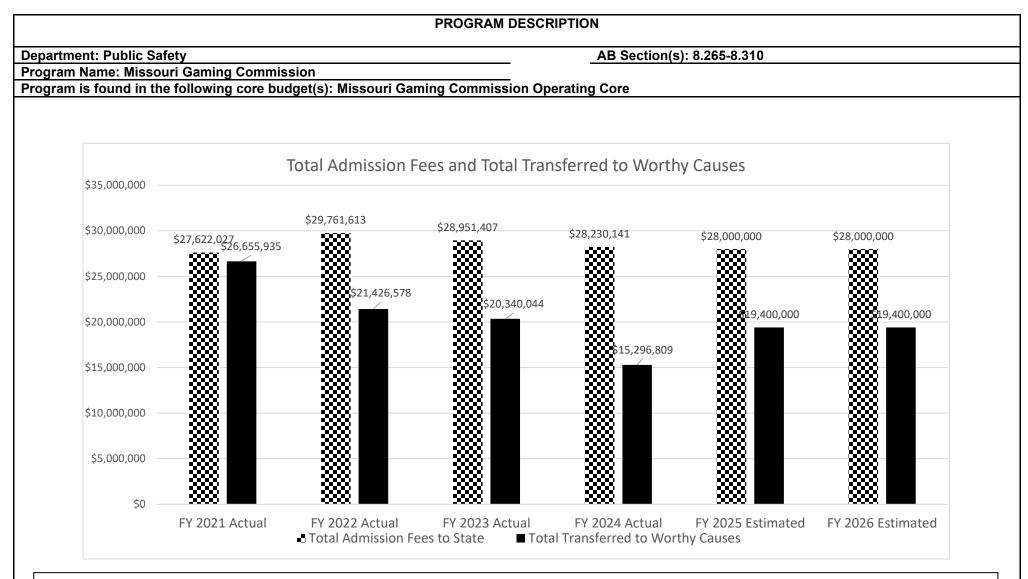




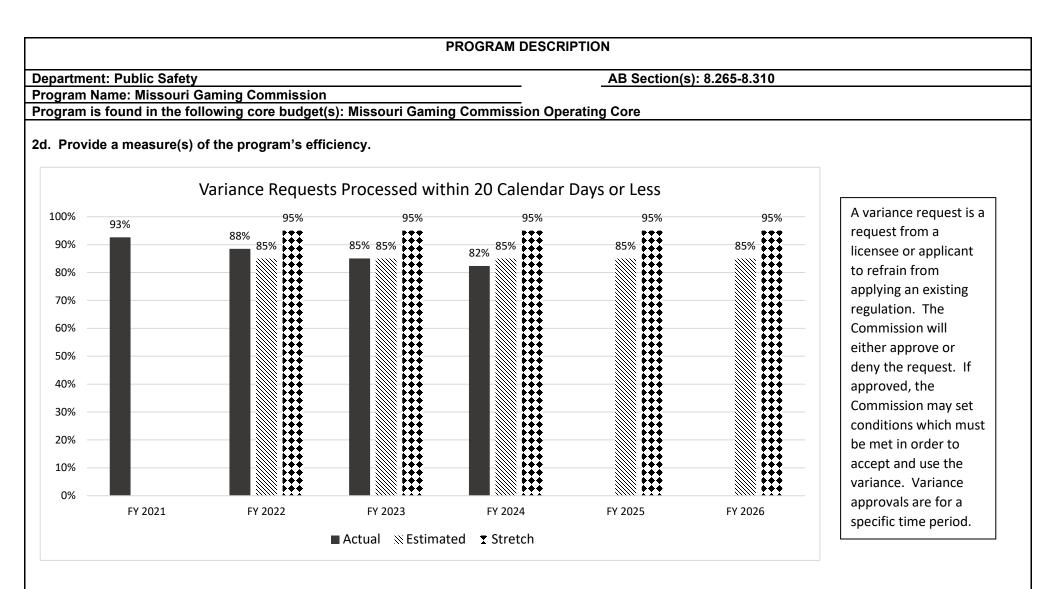


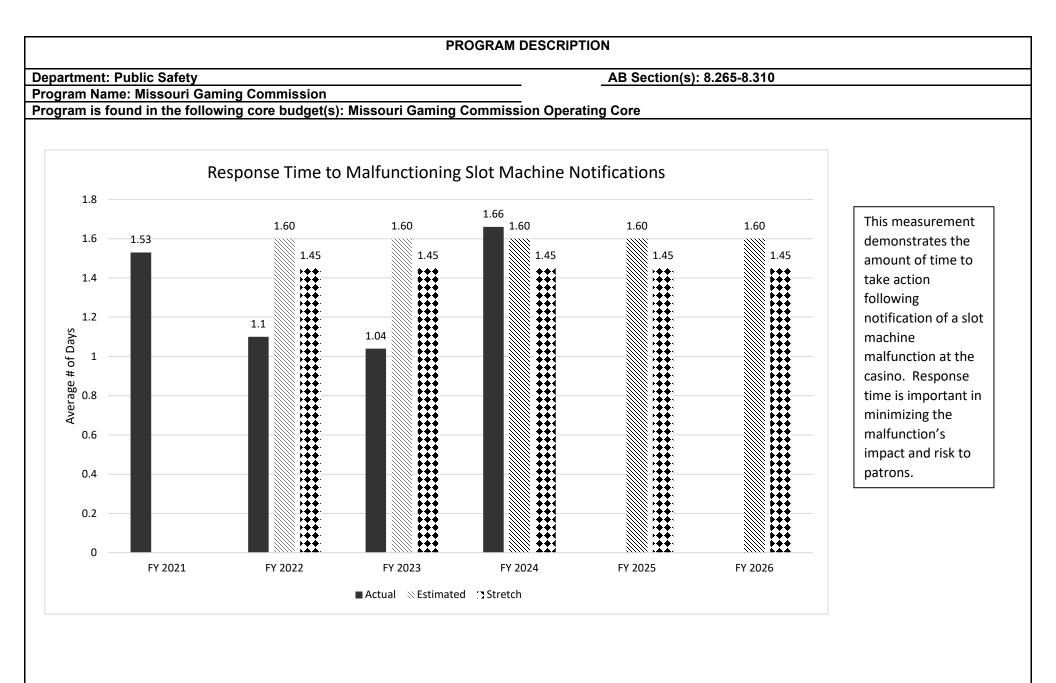


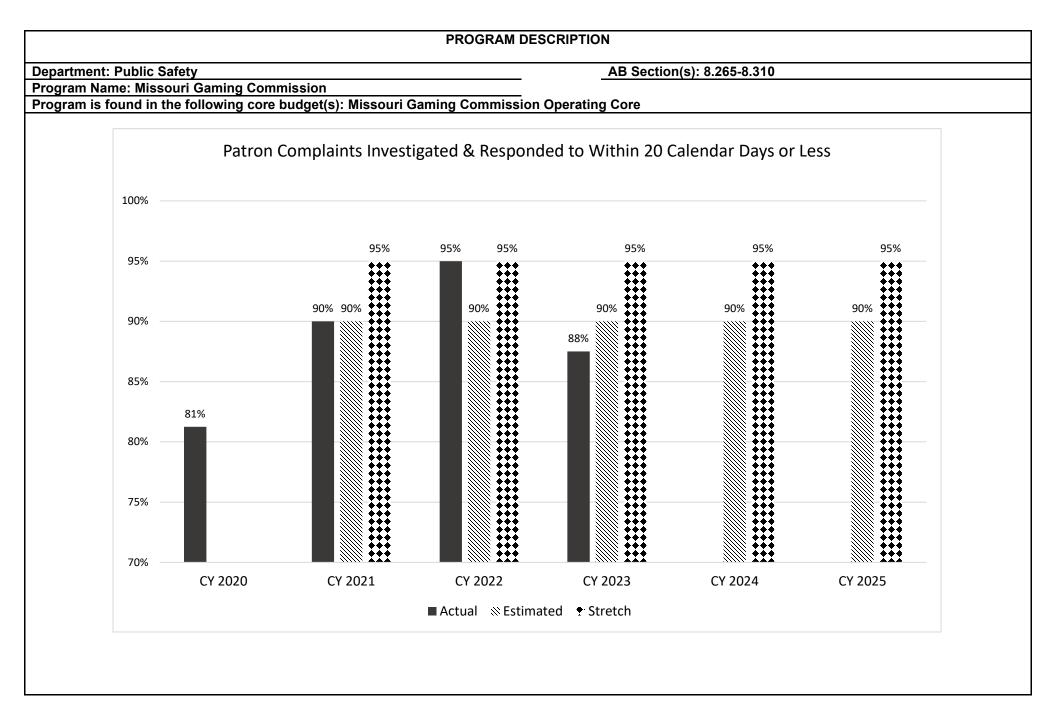


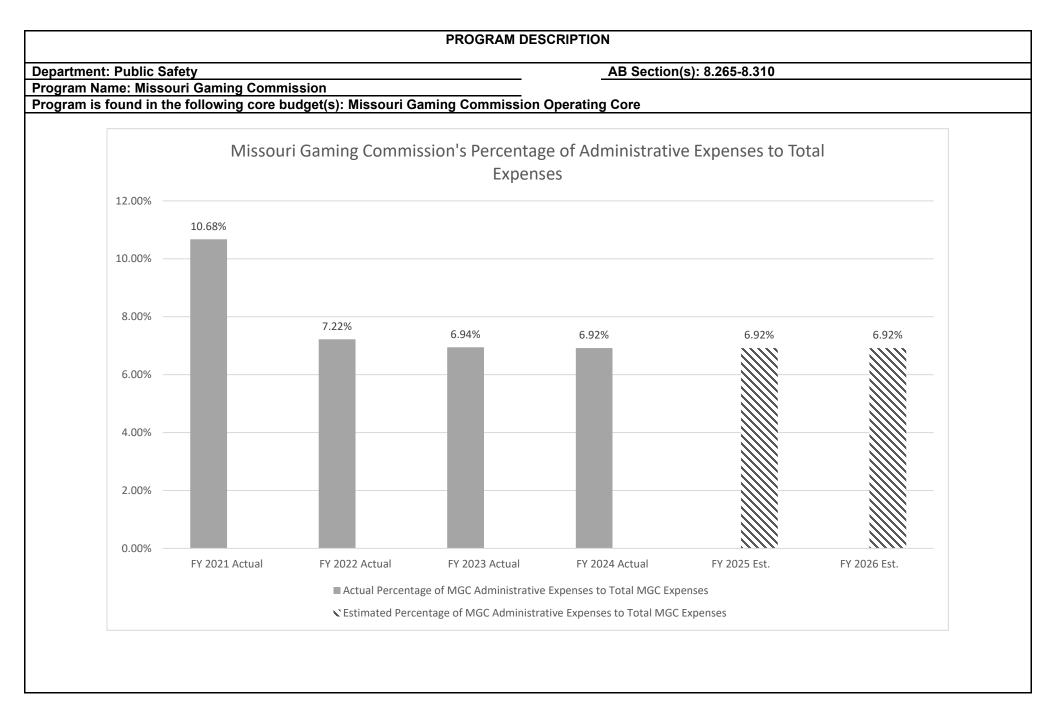


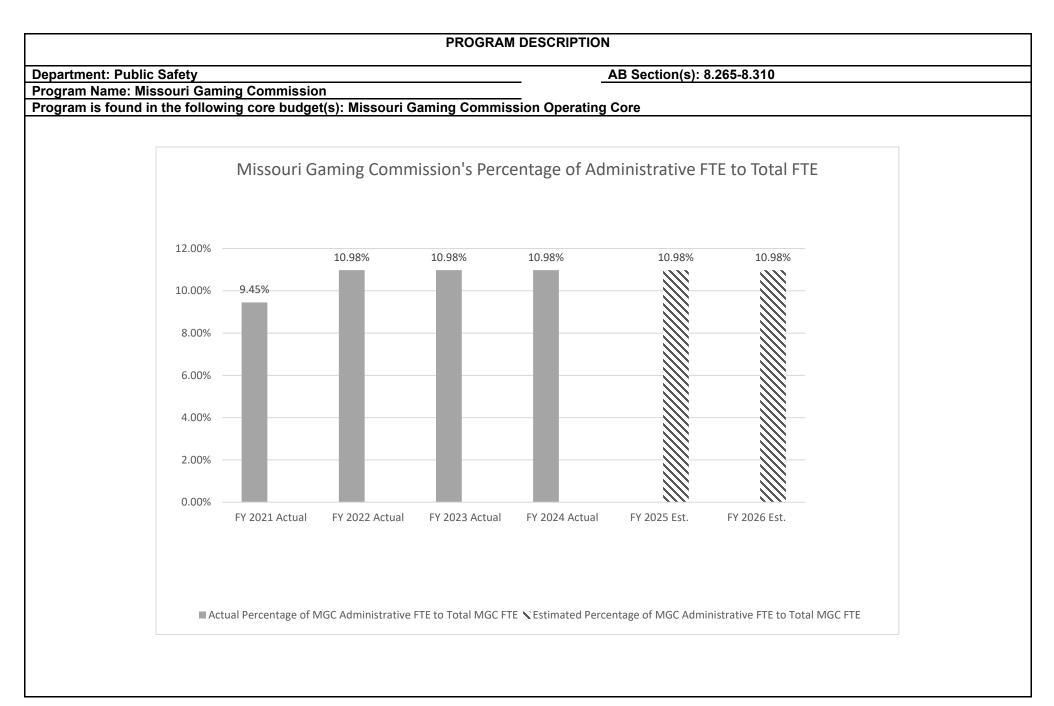
Note: In FY 2024, MGC changed its billing structure from pre-billing an estimate prior to each quarter to billing the actual expenses after each quarter. As such, the fourth quarter billings are not being received until the beginning of FY 2025. This results in the year-end totals for the Veterans Commission Capital Improvement Trust Fund being lower than normal for FY 2024 (thus reducing the Total Transferred to Worthy Causes). The fund should regain its normal distribution in FY 2025.











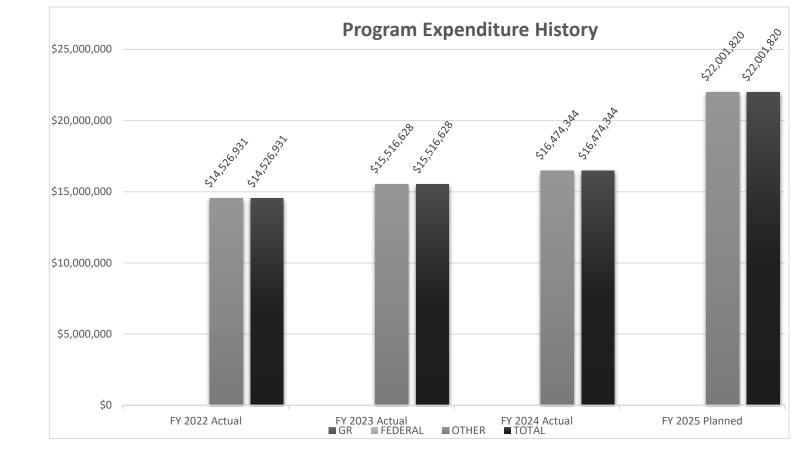
Department: Public Safety

AB Section(s): 8.265-8.310

Program Name: Missouri Gaming Commission

Program is found in the following core budget(s): Missouri Gaming Commission Operating Core

3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.)



FY25 planned program expenditures represent the Missouri Gaming Commission appropriation amounts.

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION				
Department: Public Safety	AB Section(s): 8.265-8.310			
Program Name: Missouri Gaming Commission				
Program is found in the following core budget(s): Missouri Gaming Commission Operat	ing Core			
4. What are the sources of the "Other" funde?				
4. What are the sources of the "Other" funds?				
Gaming Commission Fund (0286), Compulsive Gambler's Fund (0249), and the Missouri Bree	der's Fund (0605).			
5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include	the federal program number, if applicable.)			
Gaming - Sections 313.004 and 313.800-313.850, RSMo., Bingo - Sections 313.005-313.085, Sports Contests - Sections 313.900-313.1020, RSMo.	RSMo., Horse Racing - Sections 313.500-313.720, RSMo., and Fantasy			
6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.				
No				
7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.				
Νο				

Department: Public Safety - State Emergency Management Agency Program Name: Disaster Recovery

Program is found in the following core budget(s): SEMA Operations/Grant

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

Analyze the life cycle of obligated projects within declared disasters to increase awareness of observable trends and corrective realignment of strategies to reinforce expeditious pacing of project review and increase the efficacy of payment and the closeout process.

AB Section(s): 8.315 & 8.330

1b. What does this program do?

SEMA's Disaster Recovery Section, a branch of SEMA's Recovery Division, administers federal grants to eligible public entities for the repair and restoration of damaged public infrastructure and facilities in federally declared disaster areas through the Public Assistance Grant Program. These expenses are a direct result of the disaster and include:

- Category A: Debris Removal
- Category B: Emergency Protective Measures
- Category C: Roads and Bridges
- Category D: Water Control Facilities
- Category E: Public Buildings and Contents
- Category F: Public Utilities
- Category G: Parks, Recreational, and Other Facilities
- Category Z: Management Costs

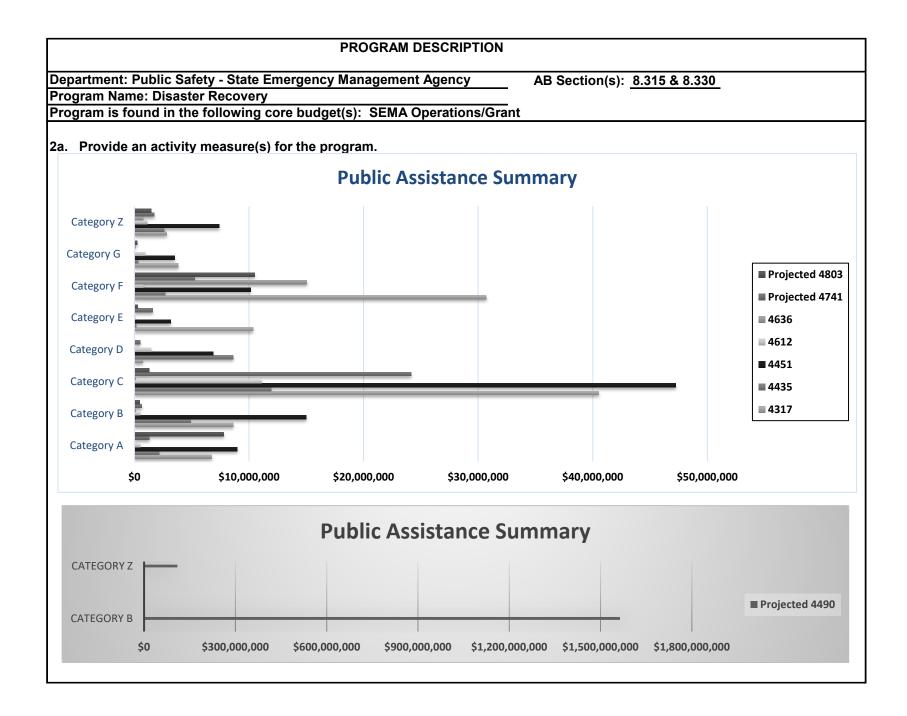
Disaster Recovery Programs provide:

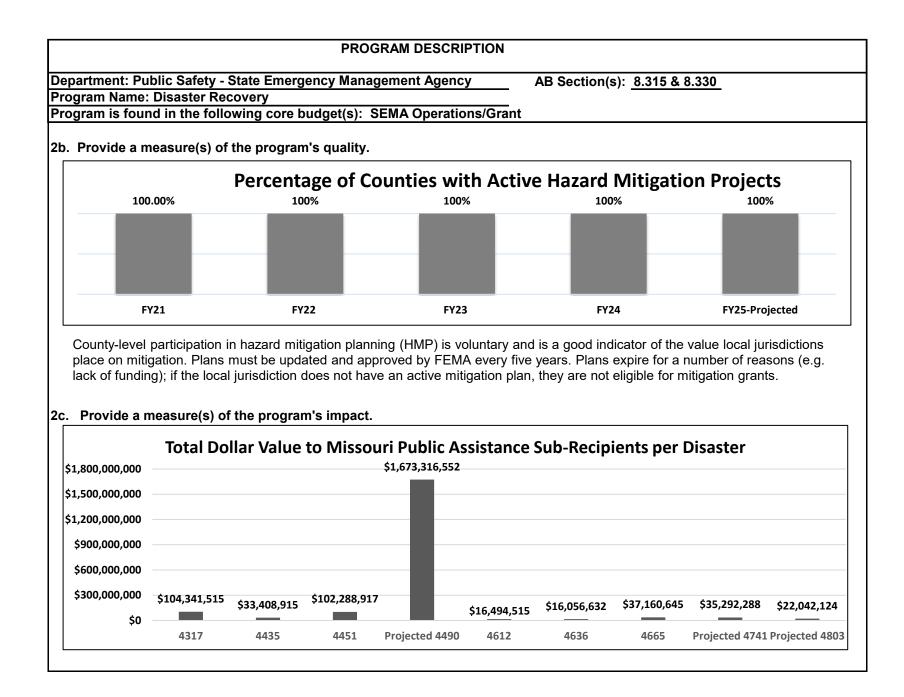
- Supplemental assistance to eligible public entities and individuals and households.
- Direct assistance (if necessary) through Direct Federal Assistance (DFA) under Federal Mission Assignments.

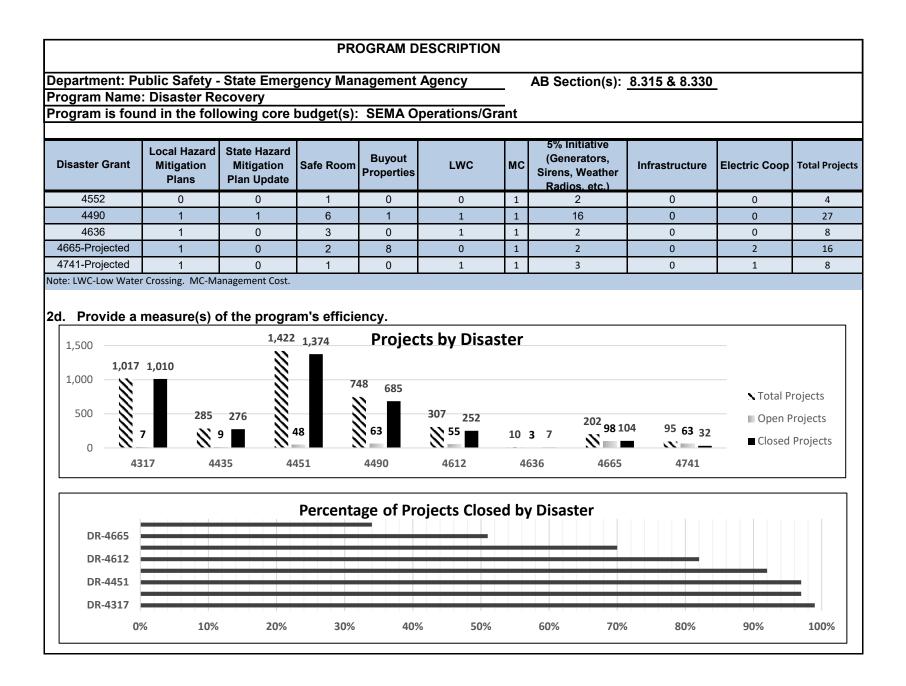
The Disaster Recovery Programs consist of:

- Public Assistance Program
- Individuals and Households Program
- Hazard Mitigation Program

All Recovery Programs occur in accordance with Public Law 93-288, as amended, under the authority of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act through a Major Presidential Declaration. The declaration is prepared by SEMA recovery staff and sent to the President of the United States on behalf of the Governor. The State Emergency Management Agency then becomes the grant recipient and the pass through entity for federal disaster relief funds. These funds are provided to recover from and mitigate against natural disasters and hazards and are available to eligible state and local governments, select private non-profit organizations, and individuals and households.



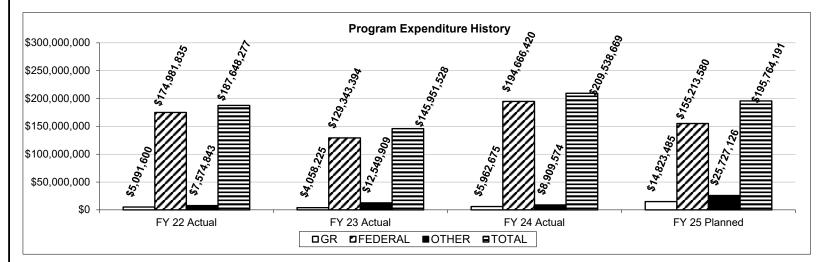




Department: Public Safety - State Emergency Management Agency AB Section(s): 8.315 & 8.330 Program Name: Disaster Recovery

Program is found in the following core budget(s): SEMA Operations/Grant

3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year.



4. What are the sources of the "Other " funds?

Local contribution of 15% match requirement for Public Assistance and 25% for Hazard Mitigation.

5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, i

Chapter 44RSMo; Public Law 93-288 (Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, as amended) and 106-390 (Disaster Mitigation Act of 2000); CFR 44.

6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.

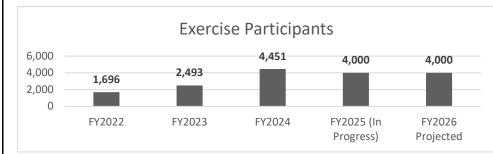
Yes, 25% general revenue for the Other Needs Assistance (ONA) portion of the Individual and Household Program (IHP); 15% local match and 10% general revenue for the Public Assistance Program.

7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

No.

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Public Safety- State Emergency Management Agency AB Section(s): 08.315 and 08.330 Program Name: Emergency Management Performance Grant Program is found in the following core budget(s):SEMA Operations & Grants 1a. What strategic priority does this program address? Enhance statewide emergency preparedness. 1b. What does this program do? • The Emergency Management Performance Grant (EMPG) aims to prepare the state through planning, organization, equipment, training, and exercise. • Funding provides salaries for State Emergency Management Agency personnel, and approximately 175 local emergency management personnel. • The grant funding is used to provide trainings and exercises to first responders and state agencies across Missouri. Funding is used to purchase equipment to enhance preparedness such as generators and shelters to be deployed to regions in times of disaster. • All EMPG subrecipients have their Local Emergency Management Plans reviewed every two years to ensure the plan is current. 2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program. **Training for Emergency Management Personnel and First Responders** 80 71 70 61 55 55 54 60 50 43 40 26 25 30 20 10 0 FY2022 FY2023 FY2024 FY2025 (In Progress) FY2026 Projected

Department: Public Safety- State Emergency Management Agency Program Name: Emergency Management Performance Grant Program is found in the following core budget(s):SEMA Operations & Grants

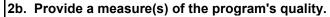


*FY2020 and FY2021 was severely impacted by COVID-19

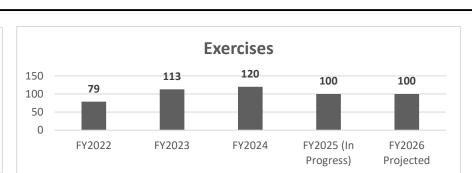
Types of Exercise Participants:

- State Employees
- Local Health Department
- EMA's
- Fire
- Law Enforcement
- National Guard

In years past, tracking of exercises were only included at the state level. From FY18







AB Section(s): 08.315 and 08.330

Scenarios of Exercises:

- Earthquake
- Repatriation
- Mass Fatality
- Nuclear Power plant
- Continuity of Operations
- Cyber Security

*FY20 COVID-19 resulted in over 6 months of exercises

Types of Exercises:

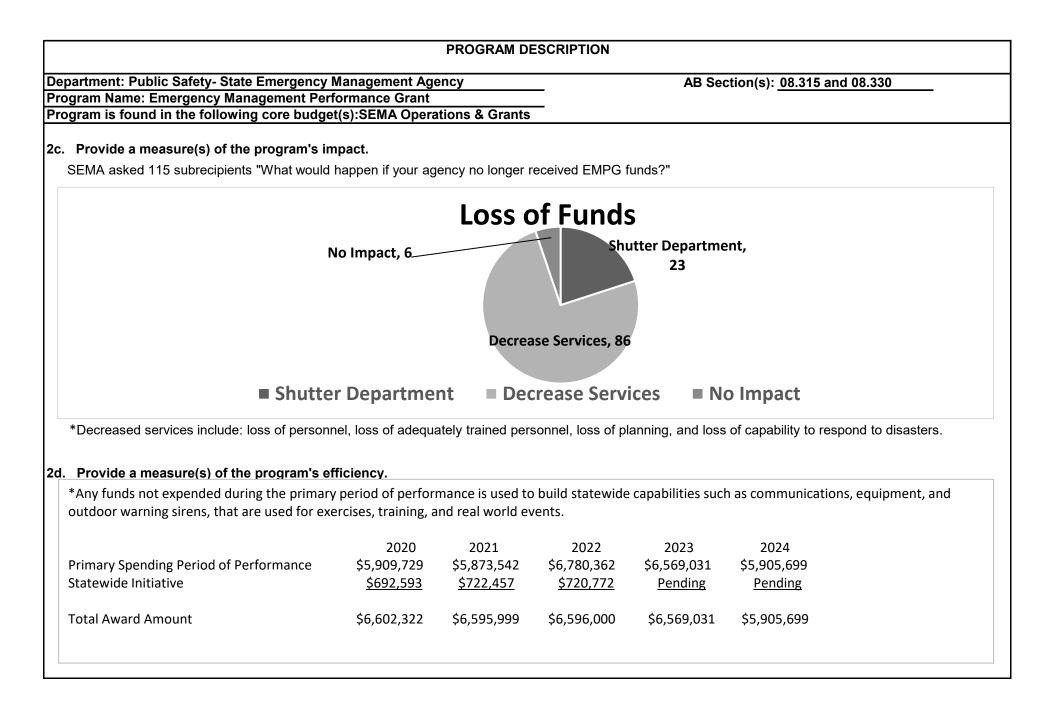
Seminars

Workshops

Tabletops

Full-Scale

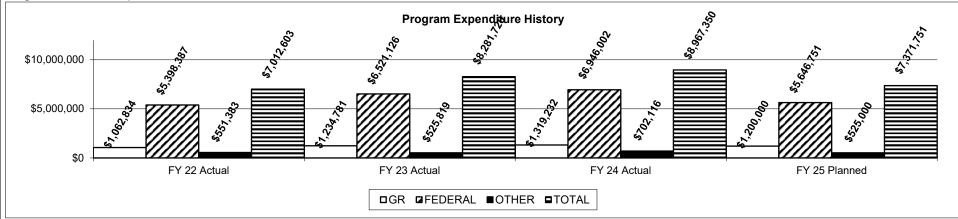
The grant requires all EMPG funded personnel be training compliant within 12 months from date of hire. If a position is not compliant, it is not funded the next grant year.



Department: Public Safety- State Emergency Management Agency Program Name: Emergency Management Performance Grant Program is found in the following core budget(s):SEMA Operations & Grants

AB Section(s): 08.315 and 08.330

3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.)



4. What are the sources of the "Other " funds?

N/A

5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.) Chapter 44 RSMo., CFR 44, Public Law 93-288, Executive Order 79-19 SEOC, and Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act Title VI Sections 611 and 613.

6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.

Yes, 50% match required. In order for SEMA to meet the 50% match requirement, soft-match is provided through volunteer time, and training courses held by the Division of Fire Safety. Local match (about 60% of the funds are passed through to local Emergency Management Agencies) is provided through local governments general revenue. The Missouri Information Analysis Center provided their general revenue as match to enhance their programs with 50% match federal.

7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

No.

Department: Public Safety - State Emergency Management Agency

Program Name: Floodplain Management

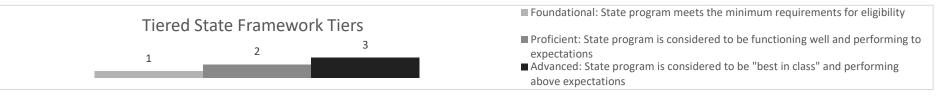
Program is found in the following core budget(s): SEMA Operations & Grants

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

Improve communications and engagements to strengthen communities.

1b. What does this program do?

The Floodplain Management Section works with communities throughout Missouri with concerns regarding new development in the Federal Emergency Management Agency mapped special flood hazard areas, providing technical assistance and National Flood Insurance Program training workshops to communities to promote sound floodplain management practices that are consistent with the program. The Federal Emergency Management Agency uses a tiered methodology (the Tiered State Framework) for funding the program. The three tiers are: 1) Foundational 2) Proficient and 3) Advanced, all based upon state performance. Missouri is the highest scoring state in the nation.



2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program.

The Tiered State Framework is the best way to measure state program accountability, performance management, and transparency. The three tiers to which states are assigned are based upon assessment of performance against a series of benchmarks every three years. 2022 was a new Tiered State Framework assessment year. States can improve their performance measures during the Off-Cycle Assessment years. FEMA uses characteristics and benchmarks across four categories to assess and assign states to a tier: 1) Capacity 2) Capability 3) Performance Measures and 4) Planning and Coordination.

THE FOUR CATEGORIES OF THE TIERED STATE FRAMEWORK

Planning and Coordinating: Demonstrated coordination across agencies

Performance Measures: Demonstrated history of performance



Capacity: The resources and the authority to complete work

Capability: The ability and expertise to support communities in implementing the NFIP

AB Section(s): 8.315 & 8.330

Department: Public Safety - State Emergency Management Agency

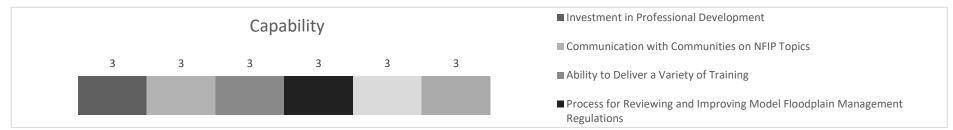
AB Section(s): 8.315 & 8.330

Program Name: Floodplain Management

Program is found in the following core budget(s): SEMA Operations & Grants

2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality.

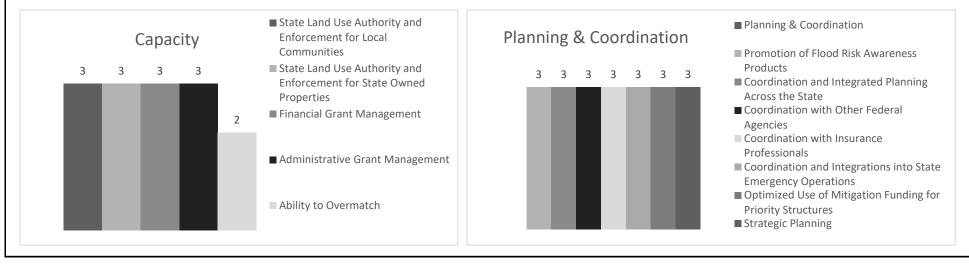
The capability category measures the Missouri Floodplain Management Section's ability and expertise to support communities in implementing the National Flood Insurance Program. State Tier: Proficient - Advanced.



2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact.

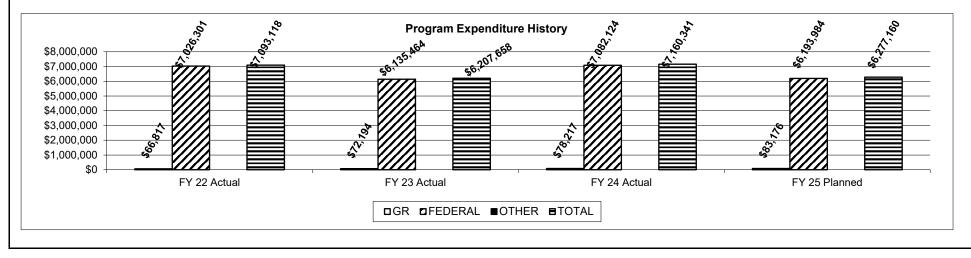
The Capacity category measures the Missouri Floodplain Management Section's resources and the authority to complete work. State Tier: Proficient - Near Advanced.

The Planning & Coordination category demonstrates the Missouri Floodplain Management Section's coordination across agencies to ensure that floodplain management and insurance are integrated into state priorities. State Tier: Advanced.



PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Public Safety - State Emergency Management Agency AB Section(s): 8.315 & 8.330 Program Name: Floodplain Management Program is found in the following core budget(s): SEMA Operations & Grants 2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency. The Performance Measures category measures the Missouri Floodplain Section's demonstrated history of performing at or above expectations with advancing the goals of the National Flood Insurance Program and in administering the requirements of the Community Assistance Program- State Support Services Element grant. State Tier: Proficient - Near Advanced. Performance Measures 3 3 3 Communities Engaged Higher Standards Adoption 1 Community compliance Improvement Map Adoption

3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.)



Department: Public Safety - State Emergency Management Agency

AB Section(s): 8.315 & 8.330

Program Name: Floodplain Management

Program is found in the following core budget(s): SEMA Operations & Grants

4. What are the sources of the "Other " funds?

N/A

5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.)

The National Flood Insurance Program is authorized by the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 (Pub. L. 90-448, 1968). Missouri Executive Order 98-03 established the State Emergency Agency as the National Flood Insurance Program Coordinating agency.

6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.

There is a 25% non-federal match required for all recipients of the Community Assistance Program-State Support Services Element funds with no restrictions on the types of costs allowed, i.e., in-kind contributions. For a cost match the recipient contributions are calculated based on the federal contributions as: Percent recipient contribution multiplied by the value of the federal contribution in US dollars.

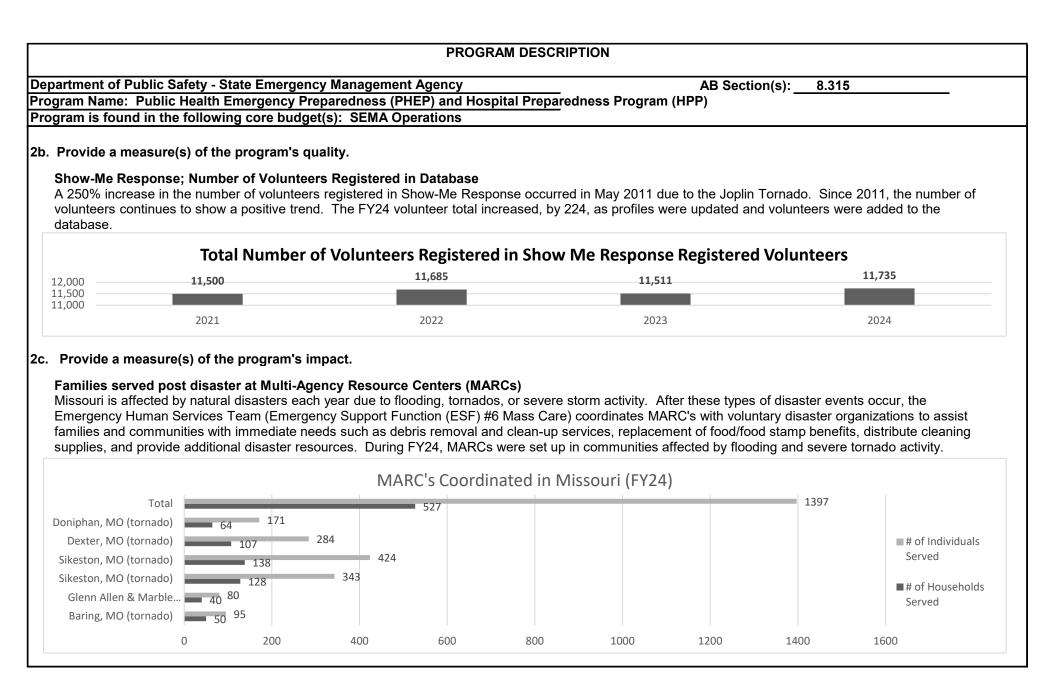
7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

The National Flood Insurance Program is a voluntary Federal program that the State of Missouri participates in so that Missourians may purchase flood insurance.

	PROGRAM DESCRIPTION
Pro	partment of Public Safety - State Emergency Management Agency AB Section(s): 8.315 Ogram Name: Public Health Emergency Preparedness (PHEP) and Hospital Preparedness Program (HPP) Ogram is found in the following core budget(s): SEMA Operations
1a.	What strategic priority does this program address? Preparedness and response to public health and medical systems.
1b.	. What does this program do? Conduct emergency preparedness by planning, providing technical assistance, and identifying resources to ensure both public health and medical systems are prepared to respond to all hazards.
	 The Public Health Emergency Preparedness Program (PHEP) includes: Missouri's Strategic National Stockpile (SNS) and CHEMPACK programs provide life saving pharmaceuticals and medical supplies for use in public health emergencies severe enough to cause local supplies to run out. The stockpile (state and federal) ensures the right medicines and supplies are available when and where they are needed to save lives. Planning for community preparedness, community recovery, emergency operations centers, public information, mass care, mass fatality, and volunteer management. Medical Reserve Corps (MRC) is a national network of volunteers organized primarily at the local level to improve the health and safety of local communities. The state program supports local health departments and organizations to recruit, train, and manage MRC units. The Missouri Disaster Mortuary Assistance Team (MO MORT-1) is staffed by 92 members and includes various medical professionals that deploy during disasters with fatalities.
	 The Hospital Preparedness Program (HPP) includes: Show-Me Response, i.e. Missouri's Emergency System for Advance Registration of Volunteer Health Professionals (ESAR-VHP) is a database/volunteer management system that verifies identification and credentials of health professionals so that volunteers can respond more quickly during disasters.

The Missouri Disaster Medical Assistance Team (MO DMAT-1) is staffed by 235 members and includes various medical professionals that deploy during disasters. MO DMAT-1 has been invited to participate in special event training opportunities throughout the state such as Fair St. Louis, St. Louis Mardi Gras, concerts and championship sports parades. These real world training opportunities provide command staff and team members with the experience of deploying and setting up ER facilities, rostering and deploying medical and logistic teams, as well as utilizing medical equipment and providing patient care. FY24 was year one of approved on-going general revenue to support these special events.

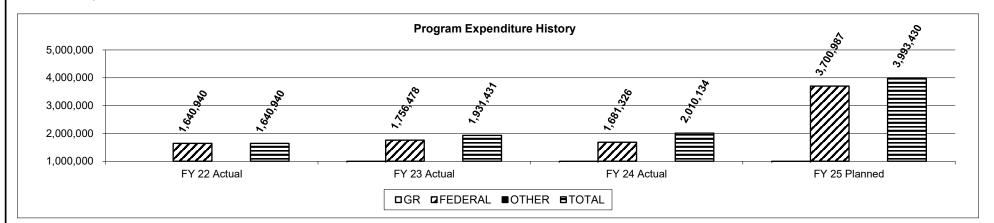
PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department of Public Safety - State Emergency Management Agency AB Section(s): 8.315 Program Name: Public Health Emergency Preparedness (PHEP) and Hospital Preparedness Program (HPP) Program is found in the following core budget(s): SEMA Operations 2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program. #2. Medical Countermeasures (MCM)/Strategic National Stockpile (SNS) Program #1. MO DMAT-1 and MO MORT-1, Membership Totals The MCM/SNS Program maintains volunteers needed to distribute medical materials and Recruiting during FY20 and FY21 resulted in hiring additional supplies to local communities and hospitals. The Emergency Response Center (ERC) at DMAT Reserve Team members to assist with COVID staffing, the Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services (DHSS) initiates a guarterly drill to testing, infusion, and logistic missions. Team members were reassessed in 2023 and 2024 with continued commitment and notify volunteers and request their availability to respond. FY24 data shows a dip in response rate for Q1, with increased trends for participation throughout the year. The State capability to serve on the team. FY24 membership total SNS Program is focusing on planning efforts to engage the team post COVID. represents current active and deployable team members. Quarterly Emergency Notification System (ENS) Test MO DMAT-1 and MO MORT-1 400 369 Strategic National Stockpile (SNS) Volunteers Membership Totals 350 60 80% 51 51 50 75% 295 49 49 70% 300 50 65% 62% 40 60% 59% 55% 40 235 33 250 50% 31 30 244% 29 27 30 40% 200 30% 29% 20 19 20% 10 150 10% 98 97 97 0 0% 92 100 Qtr. 4 Qtr. 1 Qtr. 2 Qtr. 3 Qtr. 4 Qtr. 1 Qtr. 2 Qtr. 3 (FY23) (FY23) (FY23) (FY23) (FY24) (FY24) (FY24) (FY24) 50 Quarterly Emergency Notification (ENS) Test for Strategic National Stockpile (SNS) 0 Volunteers Contacted 2021 2022 2023 2024 Quarterly Emergency Notification (ENS) Test for Strategic National Stockpile (SNS) Membership Membership Membership Membership Volunteers Responded Quarterly Emergency Notification (ENS) Test for Strategic National Stockpile (SNS) MO DMAT-1 MO MORT-1 Volunteers % Response Rate



				P	PROGRAM DE	SCRIPTION				
Progra	m Name: Public	Safety - State Em c Health Emerge ne following core	ncy Preparedn	ess (PHEP) an	nd Hospital Pro	eparedness P		Section(s):	8.315	
	rovido o mocou	re(s) of the progr	om's officiana							
De En EC the ho reç Re Pra	etermining Emer nergency credent cident and to ensu- cL 2: Clinically ac- e state they are re- ld a current licens gistered volunteel egistered Nurses actitioners, 89 Me	rgency Credentia tialing standards e ure that requesting egistered. ECL 4 se. This level may rs willing to respon (RN's), 377 Licens ental Health Pract	I Levels (ECLs establish commo g authorities rec o other than a ho or No ECL: The y include, but is nd to disaster ev sed Practical Nu itioners, 65 Soc	c) on personnel re ceive the person ospital and do r ese are individu a not limited to h vents in Missou urses (LPN's), cial Workers (Ba in the Show-Me	nnel needed. E not have hospit uals who have nealthcare stud uri. In FY24, a 190 Pharmacis achelors, Clinic	ECLs are as fo tal privileges. healthcare exp lents or retired total of 868 En sts, 356 Physici cal).	Ilows: ECL 1: V ECL 3: Meet perience or educa professions. Th nergency Medica ians, 45 Dentists	Vork according to the basic qualific ation in an area the Show-Me Resp al Technicians (B s, 370 Veterinaria	o their license in cation necessary hat would be us ponse System h Basic & Parameo ans, 99 Respirat	hospitals. y to practice in seful but do not houses dic), 3120 tory Care
	el and clinical e	experience neede	ed for the miss	sion.						
/ev 1400 1200 1000 800 600		experience need			al Level (EC	L) for Licen	sed Professio	onals		
1400 1200 1000 800 600 400 200					al Level (EC	L) for Licen	sed Professio	onals		
/ev 1400 1200 1000 800 600 400		Registered Nurses L (RN's, APN's)	Emergen		al Level (EC	L) for Licens	sed Professio	onals Respiratory Care Practitioner	Mental Health (Counselor, Psychologist)	Social Worker (Bachelors, Clinical)
1400 1200 1000 800 600 400 200	EMT's (Basic & Paramedic)	Registered Nurses L	Emergen icensed Practical Nurses	cy Credentia	Physicians	Dentist	Teterinarian	Respiratory Care	(Counselor, Psychologist)	(Bachelors,

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION		
Department of Public Safety - State Emergency Management Agency	AB Section(s):	8.315
Program Name: Public Health Emergency Preparedness (PHEP) and Hospital Preparedness Program (H	PP)	
Program is found in the following core budget(s): SEMA Operations		

3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.)



4. What are the sources of the "Other " funds?

No sources of other funds.

- 5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.) 2019-2024 Public Health Preparedness (PHEP) Cooperative Agreement, CDC-RFA-TP19-1901.
- 6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.

No match is required.

7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

No, not federally mandated.

Department Public Safety - State Emergency Management Agency Program Name: Missouri Task Force 1

AB Section(s): 8.320

Program is found in the following core budget(s): SEMA Grants

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

Provides a comprehensive search and rescue capability for the state of Missouri, including initial disaster situational assessment and reconnaissance using GIS and small unmanned aircraft systems (sUAS) technology, disaster wide area search, specialized helicopter search and rescue, structural collapse search and rescue, and swiftwater search and rescue.

1b. What does this program do?

This program funds the development and maintenance of four specialized search and rescue programs, including, urban search and rescue (US&R), swiftwater/flood search and rescue (SWRT), helicopter search and rescue (HSART), and disaster situational assessment and reconnaissance (DSAR), for state emergency and disaster response. Program funds are used to provide funding for training programs and exercises, and to buy, repair, replace, and/or maintain program equipment.

2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program.

US&R Operational Capability Measures - MO-TF1 will maintain a FEMA Type 1 compliant Urban Search and Rescue Task Force, ready for immediate deployment by MO SEMA to any emergency or disaster in the state of Missouri.

HSART Operational Capability Measures - MO-TF1 will maintain at least 10 fully trained Type 1 HSART technicians, ready for immediate deployment by MO SEMA to any emergency or disaster in the state of Missouri.

SWRT Operational Capability Measures - MO-TF1 will maintain two FEMA Type 1 Swiftwater Rescue Teams, ready for immediate deployment by MO SEMA to any emergency or disaster in the state of Missouri.

DSAR Operational Capability Measures - MO-TF1 will maintain a specialized DSAR Team comprised of GIS Specialists and FAA Part 107 soaps Pilots, ready for immediate deployment by MO SEMA to any emergency or disaster in the state of Missouri.

2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality.

Missouri Task Force 1 (MO-TF1) is one of only 28 FEMA certified Type 1 Urban Search and Rescue Task Force in the country. The MO-TF1 US&R program meets the rigorous standards set by FEMA and must self-evaluate every year and pass a comprehensive external review every 3 years. The MO-TF1 Swiftwater/Flood Search and Rescue Team meets the requirements of a FEMA NIMS Type 1 Swiftwater/Flood Search and Rescue Team is 1 of only 14 such teams in the nation and meets U. S. Department of Defense, U.S. Federal Aviation Administration, and FEMA NIMS Helicopter Search and Rescue Team standards.

2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact.

This program ensures that the citizens of Missouri have access to a highly specialized and comprehensive search and rescue program should it be necessary for a state emergency or disaster. For example, MO-TF1 was requested by SEMA to respond to the Jefferson City tornado to provide initial situational assessment using small unmanned aerial systems (sUAS or drones) and GIS technology. The team also participated in ground reconnaissance operations, search and rescue operations, and damage assessment.

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department Public Safety - State Emergency Management Agency AB Section(s): 8.320 Program Name: Missouri Task Force 1 Program is found in the following core budget(s): SEMA Grants 2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency. This program combines local, state, and federal funding to provide a highly specialized and comprehensive set of search and rescue programs for the state of Missouri that are both highly capable and very cost efficient. MO-TF1 coordinates and collaborates with other public safety agencies and the Missouri National Guard to provide for the efficient utilization of funding for training and exercises and the sharing of resources when possible. 3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.)

	Program Expenditure History								
	\$2,550,000		\$1,781,850						
	\$1,550,000				\$1,344,250				
	\$1,050,000 \$550,000	\$218,250		\$533,500					
	\$50,000 +	FY 22 Actual	FY 23 Actual	FY 24 Actual	FY 25 Planned				
			■ STATE						
4	4. What are the sources of the "Other " funds? N/A								
5	5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.) State and Federal Program FEMA Urban Search and Rescue 97.025								
6	. Are there federa	al matching requirements? If y	res, please explain.						
	No								
7	Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain. No								

Department: Public Safety - State Emergency Management

AB Section(s): 8.325 & 8.330

Program Name: Missouri Emergency Response Commission - Chemical Emergency Preparedness Fund (CEPF) & Hazardous Materials Emergency Preparedness (HMEP)

Program is found in the following core budget(s): SEMA Operations and MERC

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

Ensure that the citizens of Missouri are prepared to respond and recover from a Hazardous Materials Emergency.

1b. What does this program do?

- The Missouri Emergency Response Commission (MERC) is responsible for administering the State and Federal Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act (EPCRA). Industries and Agricultural facilities affected by the legislation are required to report to the MERC annually to comply with state and federal laws.
- Fees are collected annually according to established reporting procedures.
- Provides training for HAZMAT Responders on the response to and mitigation of chemical and hazardous materials emergencies and incidents.
- Provides guidance to Local Emergency Planning Commissions (LEPC's) and Local Emergency Planning Districts (LEPD's) activities.
- Assists LEPCs and LEPDs in the development, review, and updates, of Chemical and Hazardous Materials Emergency Plans.
- Investigates new, unreported, and reported facilities for not reporting and paying Tier II fees as required by Federal and State law.
- Administers federal Hazardous Materials Emergency Preparedness (HMEP) grant providing HAZMAT planning and training funds to LEPC's, LEPD's, and responders across the state.
- MERC is guided by a commission made up of state agencies representatives, members of the response community, and elected officials.

2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program.

Each county must submit a CEPF (Chemical Emergency Preparedness Fund) application and be in full compliance with state and federal EPCRA laws annually to receive funding. The LEPCs and LEPDs then use these funds to mitigate risks through planning and training first responders, healthcare providers, and their communities. During FY24 MERC staff continued to assist, guide, educate, and supervise LEPCs and LEPDs about compliance issues. MERC staff work with each of LEPCs and LEPDs to obtain their authorized funds.

		CEPF Pa	id to Local Jurisdiction	S	
\$600,000					
\$450,000					
\$300,000	\$483,402		\$607,515	\$457,012	\$598,495
\$150,000		\$227,662			
\$0					
	FY 21 Actual	FY 22 Actual	FY 23 Actual	FY 24 Actual	FY 25 Projected

Department: Public Safety - State Emergency Management AB Section(s): 8.325 & 8.330 Program Name: Missouri Emergency Response Commission - Chemical Emergency Preparedness Fund (CEPF) & Hazardous Materials Emergency

Program Name: Missouri Emergency Response Commission - Chemical Emergency Preparedness Fund (CEPF) & Hazardous Materials Emerge Preparedness (HMEP)

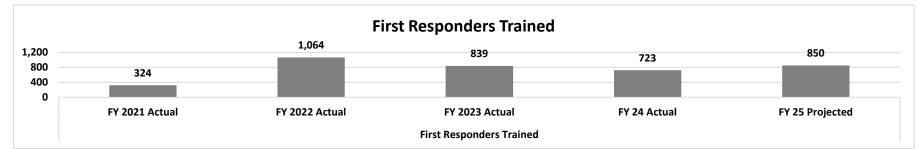
Program is found in the following core budget(s): SEMA Operations and MERC

2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality.

The MERC provides instruction to over 700 students. Each course has students evaluate the course on a one to five scale. A large portion of these MERC instructed courses get ratings of four and five on quality of the course, quality of instructor, relation of course to students needs, reasonability in length, and contributing to the needs of the student. The overall rating of the class offered by the MERC is 4.5.

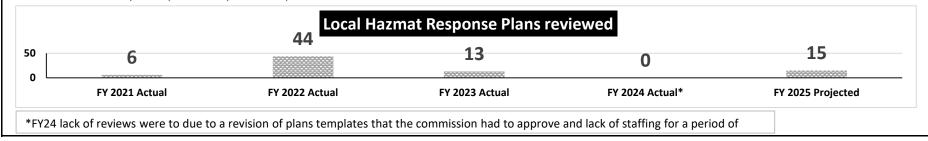
2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact.

The MERC utilizes federal grants to train first responders in chemical and hazardous materials emergency response. This is essential for local jurisdictions to plan and mitigate response to hazardous materials and chemical incidences. Class attendance is impacted by jurisdictional size, number of responders, location, and availability to attend the class. The MERC's impact is measured in our ability to assist local communities to improve the safety of their Chemical and Hazardous Materials First Responders and their citizens through the most up to date and effective training possible.



2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency.

Local Emergency Planning Committees and Local Emergency Planning Districts are required to review their Hazmat Response Plans annually and complete a full plan update every three years. MERC's Planner and Plans Coordinator assist in reviewing and updating these plans. Having up-to-date and effective Hazmat response plans, keeps first responders and citizens safe.



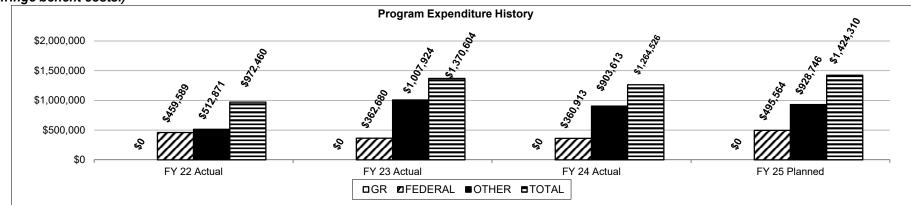
Department: Public Safety - State Emergency Management

AB Section(s): 8.325 & 8.330

Program Name: Missouri Emergency Response Commission - Chemical Emergency Preparedness Fund (CEPF) & Hazardous Materials Emergency Preparedness (HMEP)

Program is found in the following core budget(s): SEMA Operations and MERC

3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.)



4. What are the sources of the "Other " funds?

The MERC is completely funded by collecting Tier II fees per federal and state statutes. The MERC also receives federal grant funding from the Federal DOT and Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration (PHMSA).

5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Include the federal program number, if applicable.)

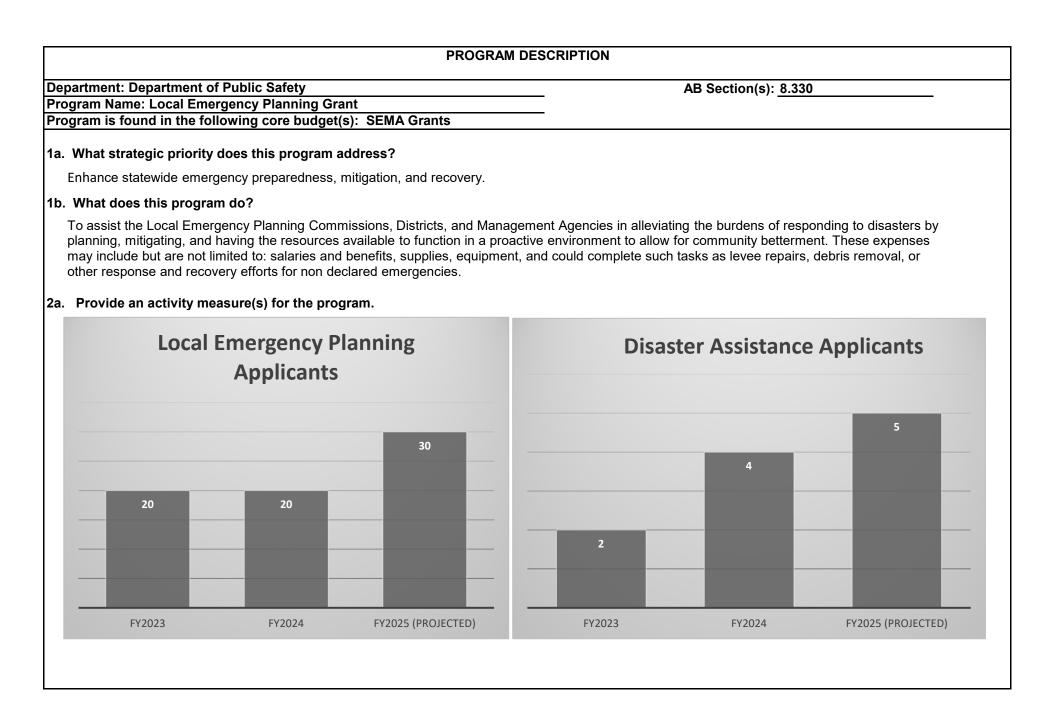
RSMo. Chapters 44 and 292.60 - 292.625 and the Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act Title 42 Chapter 116 Sub-Chapter 1. The Hazardous Materials Emergency Preparedness (HMEP) Grant was established in 1990 by the Hazardous Materials Transportation Uniform Safety act. In 1993, PHMSA began issuing grants to assist States, Territories and Tribes to "Develop, Improve and Carry Out Emergency Plans" within the National Response System and the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act (EPCRA) of 1986.

6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.

Yes. The Hazardous Materials Emergency Preparedness (HMEP) grant program requires a 20% match in funds. The match is met with salary paid by the tier II fees collected.

7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.

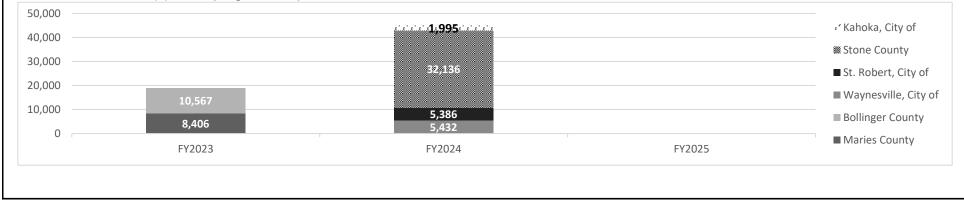
Yes. Under the Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act, Title 42 Chapter 116, Sub-Chapter 1, Section 1101. While the State Emergency Response Commission and Local Emergency Preparedness Committees are federally mandated under the Community Right to Know Act, the HMEP grant program is not federally mandated.



PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Department of Public Safety AB Section(s): 8.330 Program Name: Local Emergency Planning Grant Program is found in the following core budget(s): SEMA Grants 2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality. **LEPC/LEPD Grant Disaster Assistance Grant** \$1,200,000 \$200,000 \$139,⁵³⁹ \$139,⁵³⁹ \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 \$878,922 \$1,000,000 \$807,579 \$772,246 \$150,000 \$80,986 \$800,000 <u> 580,986</u> \$600,000 \$100,000 \$400,000 \$50.000 \$200,000 \$0 \$0 FY2023 FY2024 FY2025 (Projected) FY2023 FY2024 FY2025 (Projected) ■ Applied ■ Awarded ■ Applied ■ Awarded

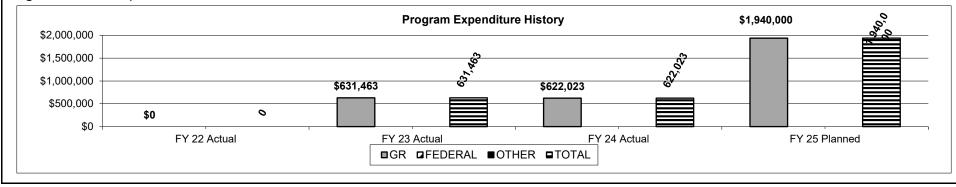
*FY25 is in progress of releasing and receiving applications to Local Emergency Planning Commissions/Local Emergency Planning Districts (LEPC/LEPDs). The Disaster Assistance Grant is dependent on severe weather in the state. While the LEPC/LEPD grant has a period of performance in alignment with the state fiscal year, the Missouri Disaster Assistance Grant could have severe weather at the end of one fiscal year that will not be paid until the following fiscal year.

2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact.



PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Department of Public Safety AB Section(s): 8.330 Program Name: Local Emergency Planning Grant Program is found in the following core budget(s): SEMA Grants 2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency. Local Emergency Planning by Expended Category \$400.000 \$300,000 \$200,000 \$100,000 \$0 Detection Thermal Lithium Office Gas Absorbant and Scene Imaging Training Flow Study Maintenance Physicals Battery Fire Supplies Detectors Booms/Pads Decontamina Camera/Mon Lighting Containment tion Supplies ocular FY2023 \$87,663.78 \$130,822.80 \$20,156.00 28,356 \$339,679.98 \$11,000.00 \$9,800.00 \$1,194.00 \$2,790.00 \$-\$-\$-\$21,225.00 FY2024 2,177 \$189,132.00 \$72,105.00 \$212,174.00 \$73,137.00 \$14,544.00 \$17,877.00 4,900.00 597.00 FY2025 (Projected) 15,266.66 264,405.99 79,884.39 171,498.40 42,068.50 17,350.00 1,395.00 10,612.50 8,938.50 FY2024 FY2023 ■ FY2025 (Projected)

3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefit costs.)



PROGRAM DESCRIPTION				
Department: Department of Public Safety	AB Section(s): <u>8.330</u>			
Program Name: Local Emergency Planning Grant				
Program is found in the following core budget(s): SEMA Grants				
 4. What are the sources of the "Other " funds? N/A 5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Inc.) 	clude the federal program number, if applicable.)			
N/A				
6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.				
N/A				
7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.				
No.				

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Department: Public Safety, State Emergency Management Agency AB Section(s): 08.330 Program Name: Radiological Emergency Preparedness Program is found in the following core budget(s): SEMA Grants

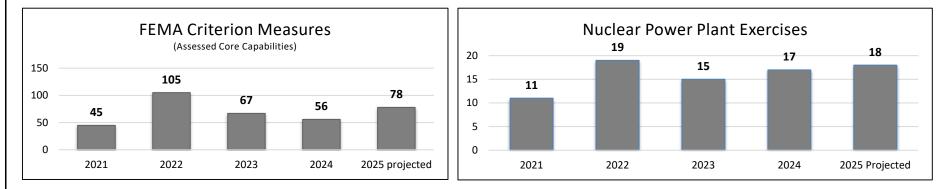
1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

To protect Missourians against radiological incidents that can occur at the two nuclear power plants impacting the State of Missouri.

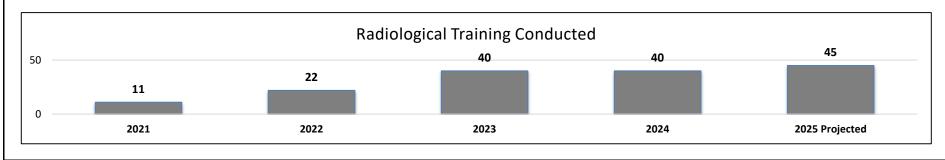
1b. What does this program do?

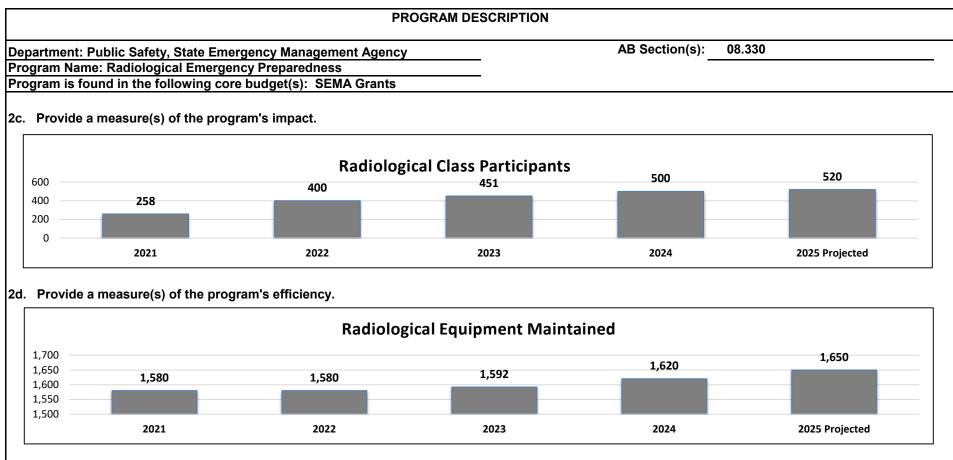
Ensure the state and the five counties in the Callaway Energy Center and Nebraska's Cooper Nuclear Station emergency planning zones, as well as other counties throughout the state, are prepared to effectively respond to adverse radiological events. In addition, calibrate and partner with local responders to ensure their radiological monitors are working properly, train first responders throughout the state in effective radiological response, conduct radiation safety trainings for MoDOT, and conduct federally required nuclear exercises that FEMA will evaluate our REP Program based on criteria as set forth in the FEMA REP Program manual. There are 116 criterion measures and only selected measures are reviewed each year.

2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program.

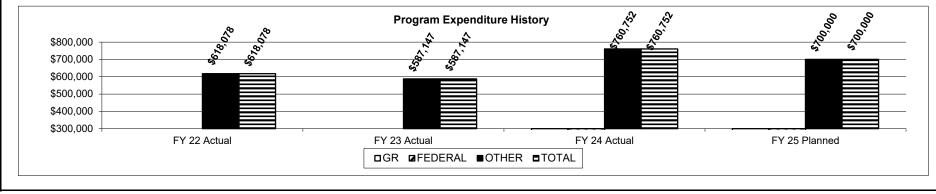


2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality.





3. Provide actual expenditures for the prior three fiscal years and planned expenditures for the current fiscal year. (Note: Amounts do not include



PROGRAM DESCRIPTION						
Department: Public Safety, State Emergency Management Agency Program Name: Radiological Emergency Preparedness Program is found in the following core budget(s): SEMA Grants	AB Section(s): 08.330					
. What are the sources of the "Other " funds?						
All funds are "Other." Primary funding, 94%, is provided by the two utilities with nuclear p Gauge Safety, Audit and Training Programs.	power plants affecting Missouri; 6% is provided by MoDot for Nuclear					
5. What is the authorization for this program, i.e., federal or state statute, etc.? (Inclu	ude the federal program number, if applicable.)					
Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NUREG) 0654 and Environmental Protection Agency	(EPA) 400-R-001, 10 CFR Parts 37, 71 and 73.					
6. Are there federal matching requirements? If yes, please explain.						
No.						
7. Is this a federally mandated program? If yes, please explain.						
Yes, in order for nuclear power plants to operate, emergency planning for "Offsite Response Regulatory Commission. Missouri State Emergency Management Agency's (SEMA) Re conducting and coordinating emergency planning for the local and state OROs.						

Department: Department of Public Safety

Program Name: Agriculture Disaster Resiliency

Program is found in the following core budget(s): SEMA Grants

1a. What strategic priority does this program address?

Preparedness and recovery for agricultural resiliency.

1b. What does this program do?

To assist State agencies in responding to agricultural needs that come from disasters such as drought impacts.

Examples of allowable activities include levee/dam repair, water conservation efforts, digging of wells, cleaning ponds and reservoirs, and building or expansion of ponds or embankments.

2a. Provide an activity measure(s) for the program.

Examples of allowable activities include levee/dam repair, water conservation efforts, digging of wells, cleaning ponds and reservoirs, and building or expansion of ponds or embankments. Requested assistance, type of requested, and dollar amounts will be measured.

2b. Provide a measure(s) of the program's quality.

Approved projects and length of projects from request to completion will be measured.

2c. Provide a measure(s) of the program's impact.

Number of farms, livestock, and acreage assisted with funding.

2d. Provide a measure(s) of the program's efficiency.

Efficiency measures will include cost by category of projects.

AB Section(s): 8.335

			PROGRAM DESCRIPT	ΓΙΟΝ		
Prog	ram Name: Agric	nent of Public Safety culture Disaster Resiliency the following core budget(s)	: SEMA Grants	AB Section(s): <u>8.335</u>	
	rovide actual exp le benefit costs.)		e fiscal years and planned expenditu	res for the current fiscal yea	r. (Note: Amounts do not include	
	A 4 000 000		Program Expenditure His	story		
	\$4,000,000					
	\$2,000,000					
	\$1,000,000				\$0	
	\$0	FY 22 Actual	FY 23 Actual ■GR ■FEDERAL ■OTI	FY 24 Actual	FY 25 Planned	
	/hat are the sour	ces of the "Other " funds?				
	/hat is the autho r I/A	rization for this program, i.e	., federal or state statute, etc.? (Inclu	ude the federal program num	nber, if applicable.)	
	re there federal n	natching requirements? If y	ves, please explain.			
7. Is	this a federally i	mandated program? If yes,	please explain.			
N	lo.		-			